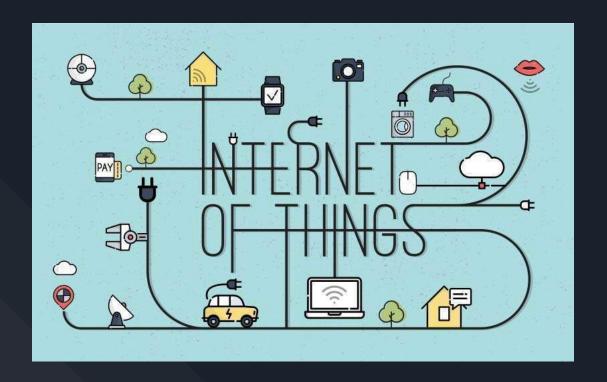
# Internet of Things (IoT)



### What is IoT?



The internet of things is a system or network of wirelessly connected devices

"A thing" could be any device that can transfer data without human interaction.

- Smart Watch
  - Can send fitness / health data to phones
- Rotimatic
  - o Communicates through app with phones to let owner know if it's low on any ingredients
- Smart Fridge
  - Lets user know if there is no milk



### How does IoT work?

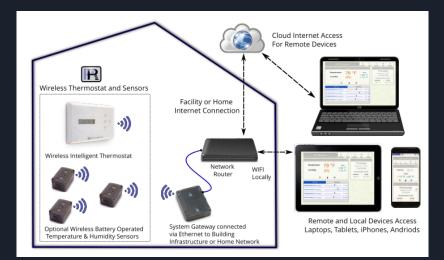
Devices collect data through sensors and pass that information onwards remotely.

- Data can be sent to other devices
- Data can be sent to the cloud
- Data can be used for analysis

The data can then be passed on further or used by the device

#### RCS (Remote Comfort Sensing)

- Multiple temperature sensors across the house send temperature information to the central thermostat
- Allows for temperature control in specific zones





# Importance and Benefits of IoT

- Automates many process which cuts costs and reduce waste
- Helps automate homes
  - Smart appliances
- Makes life easier overall
  - Transfer of data faster
  - Easier to make predictions about the future
  - Save costs and resources
  - Help make better business decisions
- Saving lives
  - o Monitoring devices can detect abnormalities in people and immediately notify medics
  - Smart smoke detectors can alert firemen about a fire
- Reduce Waste
  - o If no one is at home, a thermostat should turn off and not keep running



## IoT in the real world

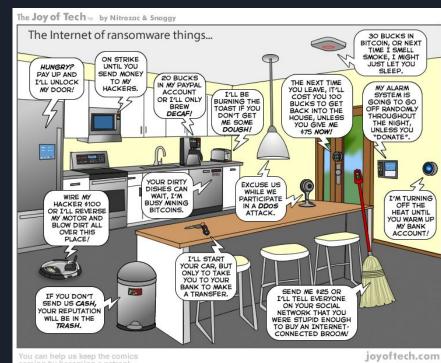
- Amazon Web Services (AWS) IoT for business
  - o <u>AWS IoT Video</u>
- Google Brillo & Weave for residential
  - Open Source Protocol
  - Allows for communication between Nest devices through many different connectivity methods
- IoT Frameworks
  - LiteOS
    - Used in wireless sensor networks and development
  - LoRaWAN(Long Range Wide Area Network)
    - Used for connection of millions of devices in city-like settings



### Drawbacks

### Safety and Security concerns

- Hackers can disrupt data and lead to disastrous consequences.
  - IoT connected devices can be the target of ransomware attacks
- Streams of data are going to be huge and harder to manage and store
- Malfunctions can be hard to pinpoint and even harder to fix
  - When there are millions of devices connected to each other, one bug in one device can affect all the rest of them
- Newer concept / idea
  - Laws / Regulations are not formal yet



### The Future of IoT

- So far, different devices have different IoT protocols
  - Doesn't allow for mixing ecosystem (ie. Google & Apple devices without WiFi in homes)
- New protocol
  - Matter
    - Allows for communication between devices from multiple brands
    - Companies that have joined in so far: Apple, Google, Comcast, Huawei, etc.

