# What makes a bunch of scripts a package? From personal to going public!

Ellert van der Velden

ADACS Astro Hack Week 2020

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- Got everything? Great! Then you can make it publicly available...



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  - Other things I have forgotten about...?

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- So, your code probably relies on a few (or more) third-party packages.

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This is wrong as you cannot guarantee these assumptions.

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- Two common mistakes:
  - Not specifying all requirements;
  - Not specifying minimum required versions.
- Both are annoying and tedious to deal with as a user, especially the latter.

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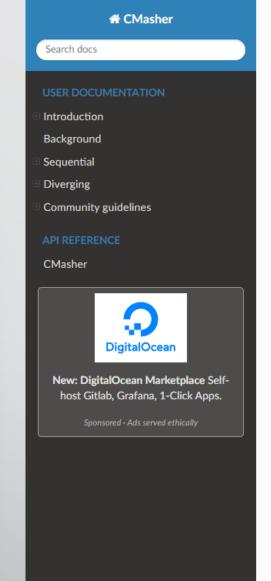
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#### Online API documentation



Read the Docs

Docs » CMasher: Scientific colormaps for making accessible, informative and cmashing plots

C Edit on GitHub



#### CMasher. Scientific colormaps for making accessible, informative and cmashing plots

This is the documentation for the *CMasher* package, a collection of scientific colormaps for making accessible, informative and *cmashing* plots. It is written in pure Python 2/3 and publicly available on GitHub.

The documentation of *CMasher* is spread out over several sections:

- User Documentation
- API Reference

#### **User Documentation**

- Introduction
  - Description
  - Colormap overview
  - How to install
  - Example use
  - Using custom colormaps
- Background
- Sequential
  - Amber
  - Apple
  - Arctic
  - · / ii ctic
  - Chroma
  - Dusk

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- Eclipse
- Ember
- Elamingo



Search docs

Introduction

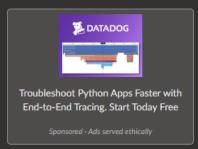
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Sequential

Diverging

Community guidelines

**CMasher** 



Read the Docs

v: latest 🕶

Docs » CMasher



C Edit on GitHub

#### **CMasher**

Scientific colormaps for making accessible, informative and *cmashing* plots.

cmasher.create\_cmap\_overview(cmaps=None, savefig=None, use\_types=True, sort='alphabetical')

Creates an overview plot containing all colormaps defined in the provided cmaps.

#### Other Parameters:

- cmaps (list of {str; colormap objects}, dict of lists or None. Default: None) A list of all colormaps that must be included in the overview plot. If dict of lists, the keys define categories for the colormaps. If None, all colormaps defined in CMasher are used instead.
- · savefig (str or None. Default: None) If not None, the path where the overview plot must be saved to. Else, the plot will simply be shown.
- · use\_types (bool. Default: True) Whether all colormaps in cmaps should be categorized into their colormap types (sequential; diverging; cyclic; qualitative; misc). If cmaps is a dict, this value is ignored.
- sort ({'alphabetical'/'name'; 'lightness'}, Default: 'alphabetical') String indicating how the colormaps should be sorted in the overview. If 'alphabetical', the colormaps are sorted alphabetically on their name. If 'lightness', the colormaps are sorted on their starting lightness and their lightness range.

#### Note

The colormaps in cmaps can either be provided as their registered name in MPL, or their corresponding colormap object. Any provided reversed colormaps (colormaps that end their name with '\_r') are ignored.

cmasher.import\_cmaps(cmap\_path) [source]

Reads in custom colormans from a provided file or directory cman, nath: transforms them into

- Dusk
- Eclipse
- Ember

accessible, informative and cmashing plots

C Edit on GitHub



ge, a collection of scientific colormaps for making ritten in pure Python 2/3 and publicly available on

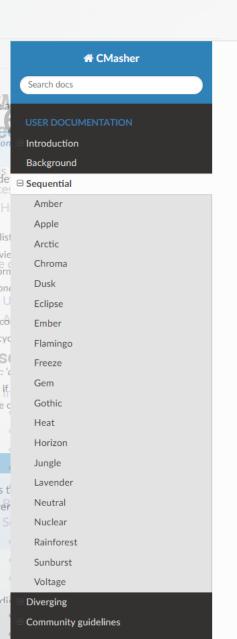
er several sections:



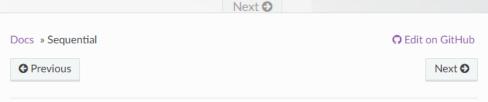
Read the Docs



Docs » CMasher



v: latest 🕶



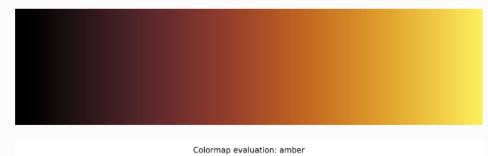
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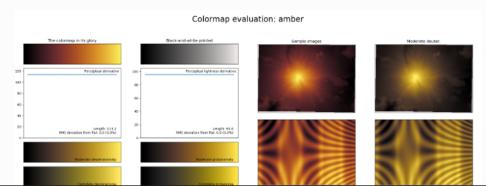
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Docs » CMasher: Scientific & Hith Physical Handing accessible, informative and cmashing plots

Sequential colormaps (that are perceptually uniform of course) are basic colormaps that start at a reasonably low lightness value and uniformly increase to a higher value. They are commonly used to represent information that is ordered. The *matplotlib* package already has a few great sequential colormaps readily available for the user, mainly the colormaps named *viridis*; *plasma*; *inferno*; *magma*; and *cividis*. However, three of these colormaps use the color red as their main color and none of them uses the full lightness range. As it might sometimes be desirable to use a different main color or maximize the lightness range of the colormap, *CMasher* provides a few sequential colormaps that do exactly that. These colormaps are shown below.

#### **Amber**





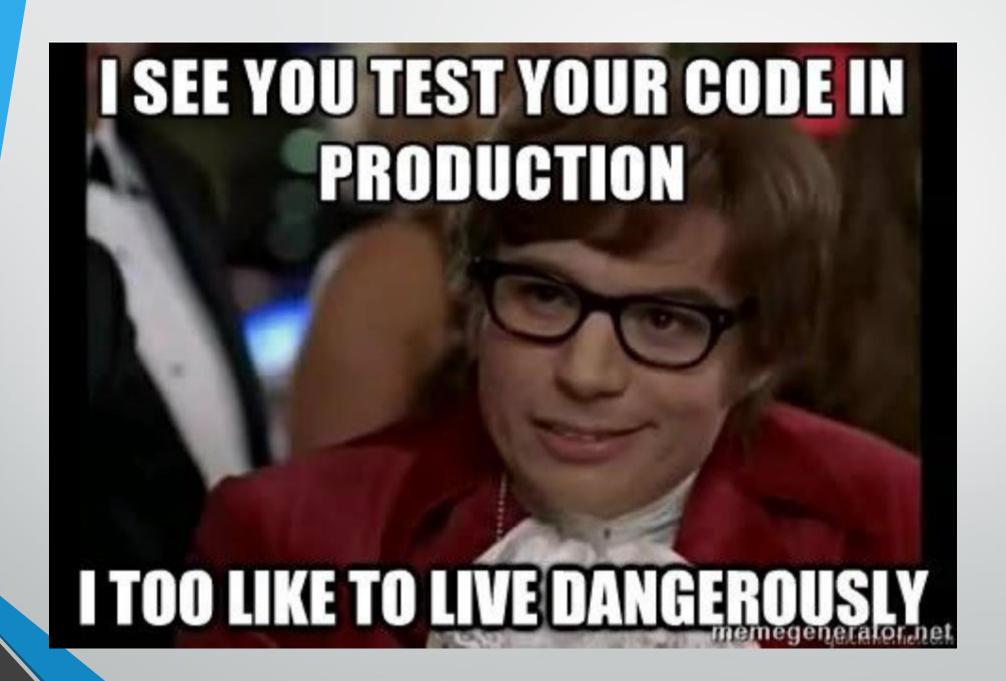
Testing: Why should I do it?

# Testing: Why should I do it?

You can convince yourself that the code you just wrote works properly.

# Testing: Tests are like scientific experiments

Experiment	Tests
Setup your experiment (environment, apparatus, etc)	Put your system under test in a known state
Run the experiment	Execute the test on your system
Analyse the results  ■ Did you get what was expected?	Validate that your result is what you expected
Repeat experiment, perhaps with different parameters	Repeat, perhaps with different states



## Automated testing: What are they?

• "Repeatable experiments (tests) that have been codified such that they can be executed on or by a computer.".

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- Future you is a different person, so this includes you as well.

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- Automated tests can be run anytime and anywhere (e.g., during a morning break).

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- Profit!

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  - Usability;
  - Readability;
  - Reliability;
  - And all the other Python 'abilities'.

Coming up: How to be even more lazy!