# ADBMS LAB LAB CYCLE-1

SUBMITTED BY:

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ROLL NO:228

MCA S2

#### **PROGRAM NO 1:**

# Consider the database movie

#### Movies

title	director	myear	rating
Fargo	Coen	1996	8.2
Raising Arizona	Coen	1987	7.6
Spiderman	Raimi	2002	7.4
Wonder Boys	Hanson	2000	7.6

#### Actors

actor	ayear	
Cage	1964	
Hanks	1956	
Maguire	1975	
McDormand	1957	

#### Acts

actor	title	
Cage	Raising Arizona	
Maguire	Spiderman	
Maguire	Wonder Boys	
McDormand	Fargo	
McDormand	Raising Arizona	
McDormand	Wonder Boys	

#### Directors

director	dyear	
Coen	1954	
Hanson	1945	
Raimi	1959	

Write following relational algebra queries for a given set of relations.

- 1. Find movies made after 1997
- 2. Find movies made by Hanson after 1997
- 3. Find all movies and their ratings
- 4. Find all actors and directors
- 5. Find Coen's movies with McDormannd

# **CODE:**

use movies;

create table movie(title varchar(20) not null primary key,director varchar(20) not null,myear int not null,rating float4 not null);

#### **INSERT INTO**

movie(title,director,myear,rating)VALUES('fargo','coen',1996,8.2);

INSERT INTO movie(title,director,myear,rating)VALUES('Raising Arizona','coen',1987,7.6);

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INSERT INTO
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movie(title,director,myear,rating)VALUES('Spiderman','Raimi',2002,7.4);

INSERT INTO movie(title,director,myear,rating)VALUES('Wonder Boys','Hanson',2000,7.6);

show databases;

use movies;

create table actors(actor varchar(20) not null primary key, ayear int not null);

INSERT INTO actors(actor, ayear) values ('cage', 1964);

INSERT INTO actors(actor, ayear) values ('hanks', 1956);

INSERT INTO actors(actor, ayear) values ('maguire', 1975);

INSERT INTO actors(actor, ayear) values ('mcdormand', 1957);

use movies;

create table directors(director varchar(20) not null primary key, dyear int not null);

INSERT INTO directors(director, dyear) values ('coen', 1954);

INSERT INTO directors(director, dyear) values ('Hanson', 1945);

INSERT INTO directors(director, dyear) values ('Raimi', 1959);

use movies;

create table acts(actor varchar(20) not null, title varchar(20) not null, foreign key(title) references movie(title), foreign key(actor) references actors(actor));

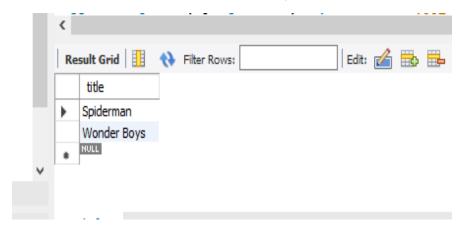
INSERT INTO acts(actor,title)values('cage','Raising Arizona');

INSERT INTO acts(actor,title)values('maguire','Spiderman');

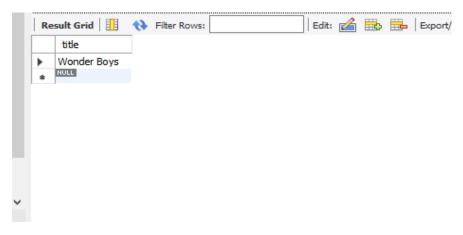
INSERT INTO acts(actor,title)values('maguire','Wonder Boys');
INSERT INTO acts(actor,title)values('mcdormand','fargo');
INSERT INTO acts(actor,title)values('mcdormand','Raising Arizona');
INSERT INTO acts(actor,title)values('mcdormand','Wonder Boys');

# **QUERY:**

select title from movie where myear>=1997;



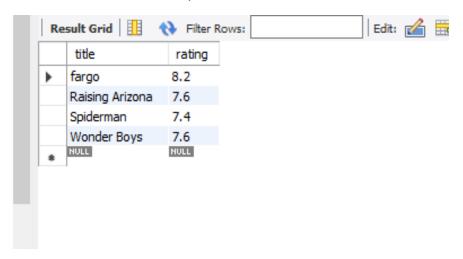
select title from movie where myear>=1997 and director='Hanson';



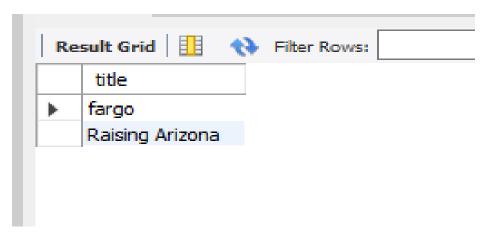
select title, rating from movie;



select movie.director,acts.actor from movie inner join acts on movie.title=acts.title;



select movie.title from movie left outer join acts on movie.title=acts.title where director='coen' and actor='mcdormand';



**RESULT:** Output obtained successfully.

#### **PROGRAM NO 2:**

#### Consider Dept table

<u>DEPTNO</u>	DNAME	LOC

#### Perform the following:

- 1. Rename the table dept as department
- 2. Add a new column PINCODE with not null constraints to the existing table DEPT
- All constraints and views that reference the column are dropped automatically, along with the column.
- 4. Rename the column DNAME to DEPT\_NAME in dept table
- 5. Change the data type of column loc as CHAR with size 10
- 6. Delete table

## **CODE:**

create database q2;

use q2;

create table Dept(DEPTNO INT NOT NULL primary KEY,DNAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,LOC VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL);

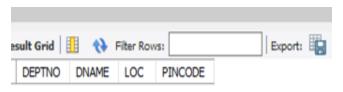
rename table Dept to department;

select \* from department;

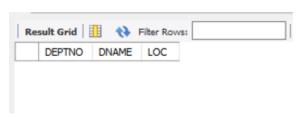


# USE q2;

alter table department add column(PINCODE INT NOT NULL);

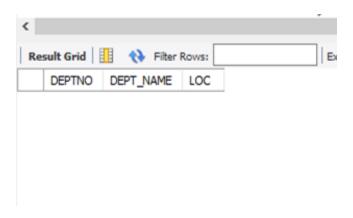


## ALTER TABLE DEPT DROP COLUMN PINCODE;



USE q2;

select \* from department; alter table department change dname dept\_name varchar(20);



# ALTER TABLE DEPARTMENT MODIFY LOCATION CHAR(10);



# DROP TABLE DEPARTMENT;

**RESULT:** Output obtained successfully.

#### PROGRAM NO 3

# Consider Employee table:

<b>EMPNO</b>	EMP_NAME	DEPT	SALARY	DOJ	BRANCH
E101	Amit	oduction	45000	12-Mar-00	Bangalore
E102	Amit	HR	70000	03-Jul-02	Bangalore
E103	sunita	anagemer	120000	11-Jan-01	mysore
E105	sunita	IT	67000	01-Aug-01	mysore
E106	mahesh	Civil	145000	20-Sep-03	Mumbai

#### Perform the following:

- 1. Display all the fields of employee table
- 2. Retrieve employee number and their salary
- 3. Retrieve average salary of all employee
- 4. Retrieve number of employee
- 5. Retrieve distinct number of employee
- 6. Retrieve total salary of employee group by employee name and count similar names
- 7. Retrieve total salary of employee which is greater than >120000
- 8. Display name of employee in descending order
- 9. Display details of employee whose name is AMIT and salary greater than 50000

## **CODE:**

CREATE DATABASE EMP;

USE EMP;

CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE(EMPNO CHAR(4),EMP\_NAME VARCHAR(20),DEPT VARCHAR(20),SALARY INT,DOJ DATE NOT NULL ,BRANCH VARCHAR(20) );

**INSERT INTO** 

EMPLOYEE(EMPNO,EMP\_NAME,DEPT,SALARY,DOJ,BRANCH)V ALUES('E101','DON','PRODUCTION',45000,'2000-03-12','BANGLORE');

**INSERT INTO** 

EMPLOYEE(EMPNO,EMP\_NAME,DEPT,SALARY,DOJ,BRANCH)V ALUES('E102','DON','HR',70000,'2002-03-07','BANGLORE');

**INSERT INTO** 

EMPLOYEE(EMPNO,EMP\_NAME,DEPT,SALARY,DOJ,BRANCH)V ALUES('E103','MANYA','MANAGER',120000,'2001-11-01','MYSORE');

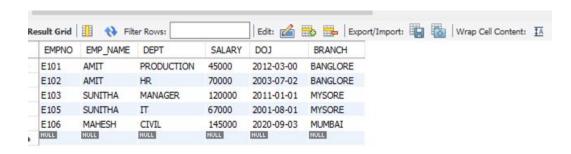
#### **INSERT INTO**

EMPLOYEE(EMPNO,EMP\_NAME,DEPT,SALARY,DOJ,BRANCH)V ALUES('E105','MANYA','IT',67000,'2002-01-08','MYSORE'); INSERT INTO

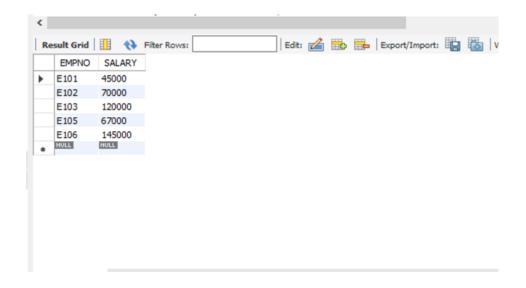
EMPLOYEE(EMPNO,EMP\_NAME,DEPT,SALARY,DOJ,BRANCH)V ALUES('E106','BINOY','CIVIL',145000,'2002-09-20','MUMBAI');

# **QUERY:**

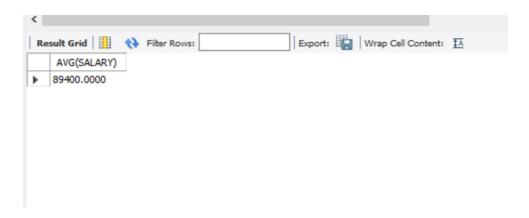
#### SELECT \* FROM EMPLOYEE;



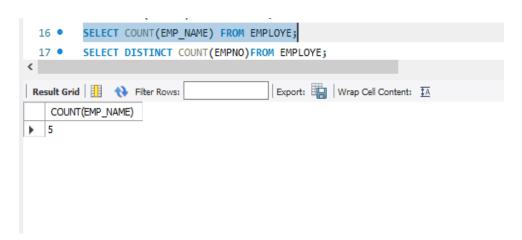
# SELECT EMPNO, SALARY FROM EMPLOYEE;



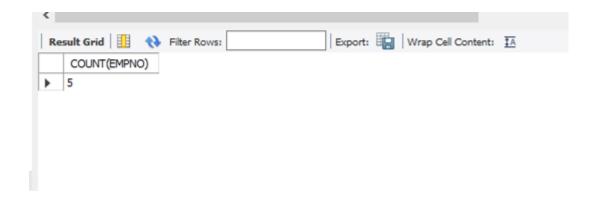
# SELECT AVG(SALARY) FROM EMPLOYEE;



# SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM EMPLOYEE;



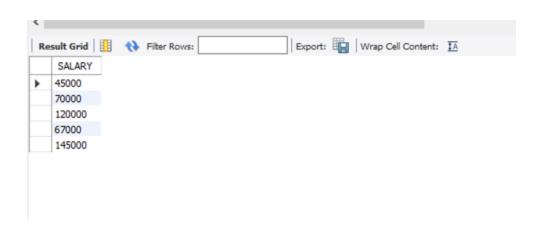
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT EMP\_NAME) FROM EMPLOYEE;



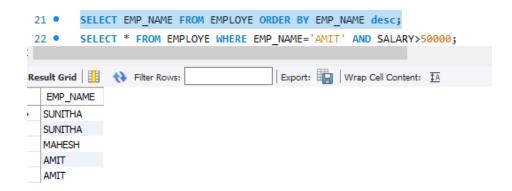
# SELECT SUM(SALARY)FROM EMPLOYEE GROUP BY EMP\_NAME;



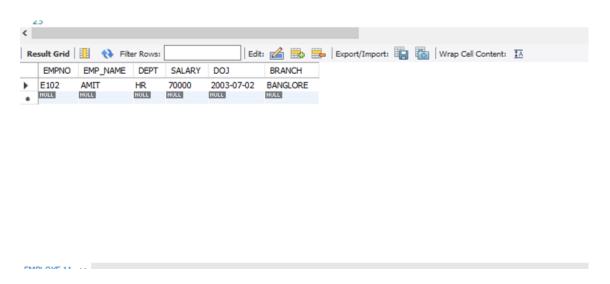
# SELECT \* FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE SALARY>120000;



# SELECT \* FROM EMPLOYEE ORDER BY EMP\_NAME DESC;



# SELECT \* FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE EMP\_NAME='DON' AND SALARY>50000;



**RESULT:** Output obtained successfully.