LAB ASSIGNMENT DATABASE

TKM COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

PROGRAM NO 1:

1. Consider the MOVIE DATABASE

Movies

title	director	myear	rating
Fargo	Coen	1996	8.2
Raising Arizona	Coen	1987	7.6
Spiderman	Raimi	2002	7.4
Wonder Boys	Hanson	2000	7.6

Actors

actor	ayear
Cage	1964
Hanks	1956
Maguire	1975
McDormand	1957

Acts

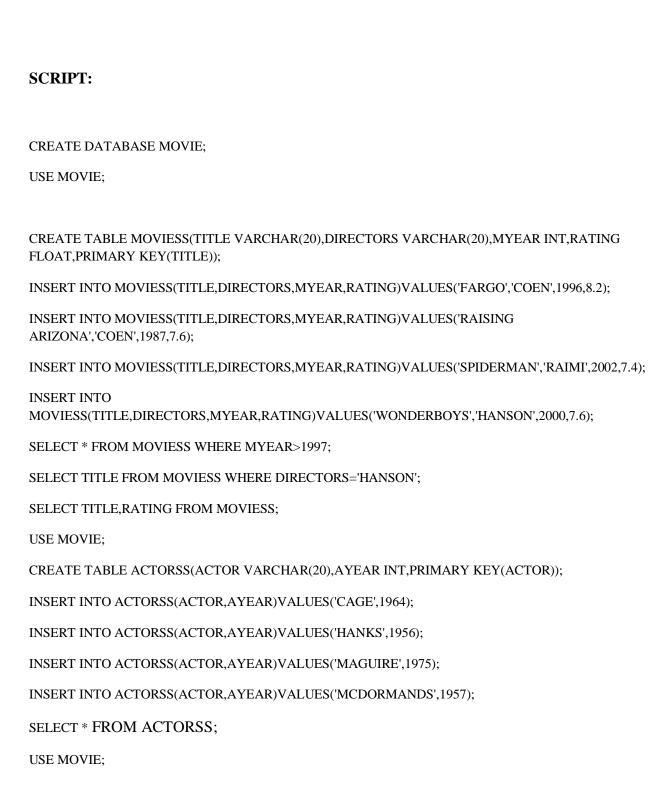
actor	title
Cage	Raising Arizona
Maguire	Spiderman
Maguire	Wonder Boys
McDormand	Fargo
McDormand	Raising Arizona
McDormand	Wonder Boys

Directors

$\operatorname{director}$	dyear
Coen	1954
Hanson	1945
Raimi	1959

Write following relational algebra queries for a given set of relations.

- 1. Find movies made after 1997
- 2. Find movies made by Hanson after 1997
- 3. Find all movies and their ratings
- 4. Find all actors and directors
- 5. Find Coen's movies with McDormand



CREATE TABLE DIRECTORSS(DIRECTORS VARCHAR(20), DYEAR INT);

INSERT INTO DIRECTORSS(DIRECTORS, DYEAR) VALUES ('COEN', 1954);

INSERT INTO DIRECTORSS(DIRECTORS, DYEAR) VALUES ('HANSON', 1945);

INSERT INTO DIRECTORSS(DIRECTORS, DYEAR) VALUES ('RAIMI', 1959);

SELECT * FROM DIRECTORSS;

USE MOVIE;

CREATE TABLE ACT(ACTOR VARCHAR(20), TITLE VARCHAR(20), FOREIGN KEY(TITLE) REFERENCES MOVIESS(TITLE));

INSERT INTO ACT(ACTOR, TITLE) VALUES ('CAGE', 'RAISING ARIZONA');

INSERT INTO ACT(ACTOR, TITLE) VALUES ('MAGUIRE', 'SPIDERMAN');

INSERT INTO ACT(ACTOR, TITLE) VALUES ('MAGUIRE', 'WONDERBOYS');

INSERT INTO ACT(ACTOR,TITLE)VALUES('MCDORMAND','FARGO');

INSERT INTO ACT(ACTOR, TITLE) VALUES ('MCDORMAND', 'RAISING ARIZONA');

INSERT INTO ACT(ACTOR,TITLE)VALUES('MCDORMAND','WONDERBOYS');

SELECT * FROM ACT;

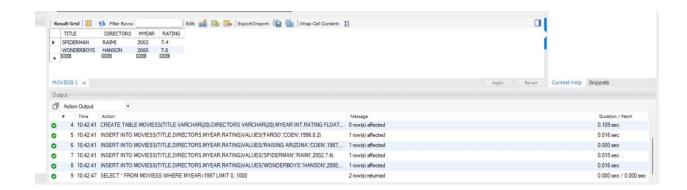
SELECT MOVIESS.DIRECTORS,ACT.ACTOR FROM MOVIESS INNER JOIN ACT ON MOVIESS.TITLE=ACT.TITLE:

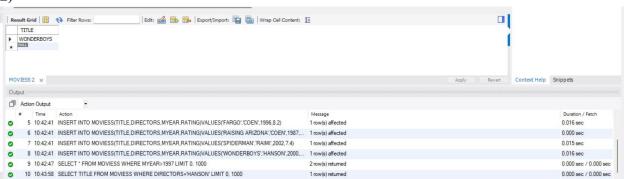
SELECT MOVIESS.TITLE FROM MOVIESS INNER JOIN ACT ON MOVIESS.TITLE=ACT.TITLE WHERE DIRECTORS='COEN' AND ACTOR='MCDORMAND';

- 1) SELECT * FROM MOVIESS WHERE MYEAR>1997;
- 2) SELECT TITLE FROM MOVIESS WHERE DIRECTORS='HANSON';
- **3)** SELECT TITLE, RATING FROM MOVIESS;
- **4**) SELECT MOVIESS.DIRECTORS,ACT.ACTOR FROM MOVIESS INNER JOIN ACT ON MOVIESS.TITLE=ACT.TITLE;
- 5) SELECT MOVIESS.TITLE FROM MOVIESS INNER JOIN ACT ON MOVIESS.TITLE=ACT.TITLE WHERE DIRECTORS='COEN' AND ACTOR='MCDORMAND';

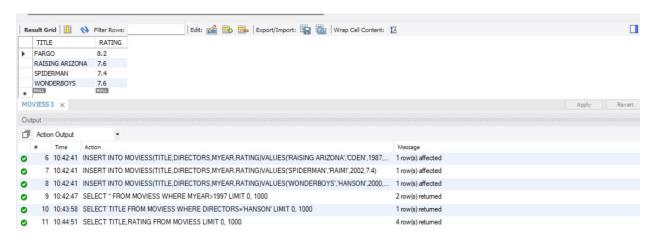
Output:

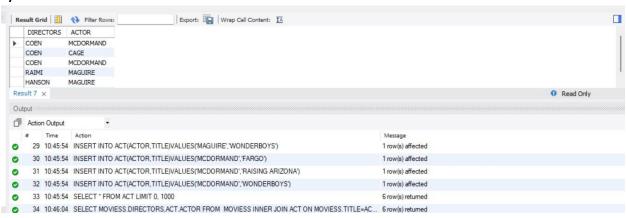
1)

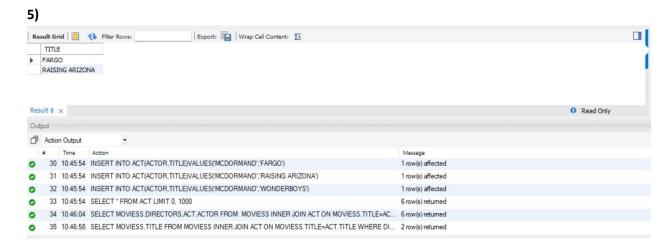




3)







RESULT: Output obtained successfully.

PROGRAM NO 2:

Consider Dept table

DEPTNO	DNAME	LOC

Perform the following:

- 1. Rename the table dept as department
- 2. Add a new column PINCODE with not null constraints to the existing table DEPT
- All constraints and views that reference the column are dropped automatically, along with the column.
- 4. Rename the column DNAME to DEPT_NAME in dept table
- 5. Change the data type of column loc as CHAR with size 10
- Delete table

SCRIPT:

CREATE DATABASE DEPARTMENTS;

USE DEPARTMENTS;

CREATE TABLE DEPT(DEPTNO VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,

DNAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,

LOC VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL);

SELECT * FROM DEPT;

SELECT * FROM DEPARTMENT;

RENAME TABLE DEPT TO DEPARTMENT;

ALTER TABLE DEPT ADD COLUMN PINCODE VARCHAR(2) NOT NULL;

ALTER TABLE DEPARTMENT DROP COLUMN PINCODE;

SELECT * FROM DEPARTMENT;

ALTER TABLE DEPARTMENT CHANGE DNAME DEPT_NAME varchar(30);

ALTER TABLE DEPARTMENT MODIFY COLUMN LOC char(10);

SELECT * FROM DEPARTMENT;

USE DATABASENAME;

SHOW TABLES:

DROP TABLE department;

USE DATABASENAME;

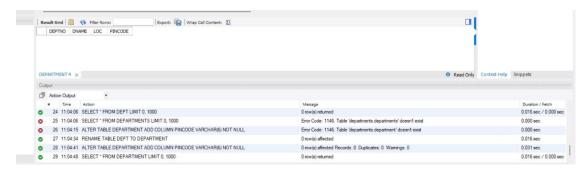
SHOW TABLES;

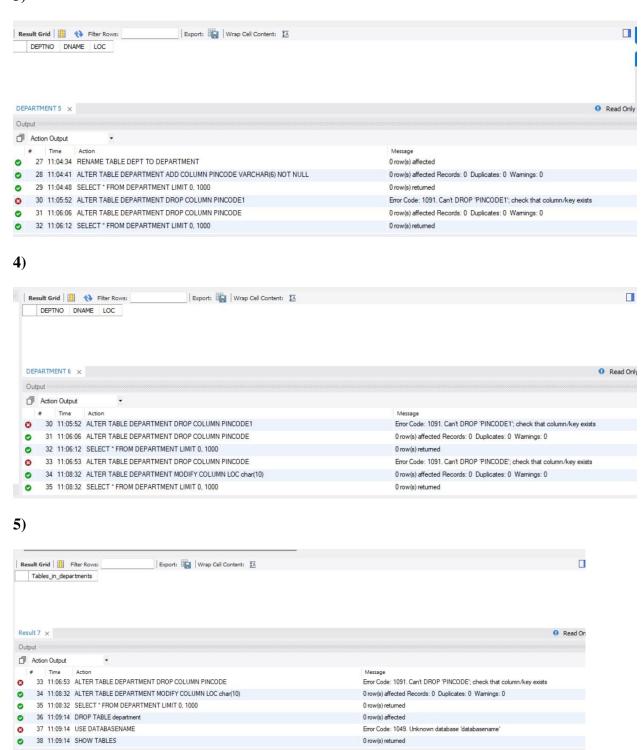
- 1) RENAME TABLE DEPT TO DEPARTMENT
- 2) ALTER TABLE DEPT ADD COLUMN PINCODE VARCHAR(2) NOT NULL;
- 3) ALTER TABLE DEPT ADD COLUMN PINCODE VARCHAR(2) NOT NULL;
- 4) ALTER TABLE DEPARTMENT CHANGE DNAME DEPT_NAME varchar(30);
- 5) ALTER TABLE DEPARTMENT MODIFY COLUMN LOC char(10);
- **6)** DROP TABLE department;

Output:

1)

71 A	Action Output		•		
*	Time	Action		Message	Duration / Fetch
	13 11:02:1	7 CREAT	E DATABASE DEPARTMENTS	1 row(s) affected	0.015 sec
	14 11:02:1	7 USE DE	PARTMENTS	0 row(s) affected	0.000 sec
	15 11:02:2	CREAT	E TABLE DEPT(DEPTNO VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL, DNAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL, LOC VAR	. 0 row(s) affected	0.062 sec
	16 11:02:2	SELECT	F*FROM DEPT LIMIT 0, 1000	0 row(s) returned	0.000 sec / 0.000 se
	17 11:02:2	SELEC"	T * FROM DEPARTMENTS LIMIT 0, 1000	Error Code: 1146. Table 'departments departments' doesn't exist	0.000 sec
	18 11:02:3	RENAM	E TABLE DEPT TO DEPARTMENT	0 row(s) affected	0.016 sec





RESULT: Output obtained successfully.

PROGRAM NO 3:

Consider Employee table

EMPNO	EMP_NAME	DEPT	SALARY	DOJ	BRANCH
E101	Amit	oduction	45000	12-Mar-00	Bangalore
E102	Amit	HR	70000	03-Jul-02	Bangalore
E103	sunita	anagemer	120000	11-Jan-01	mysore
E105	sunita	IT	67000	01-Aug-01	mysore
E106	mahesh	Civil	145000	20-Sep-03	Mumbai

Perform the following

- 1. Display all the fields of employee table
- 2. Retrieve employee number and their salary
- 3. Retrieve average salary of all employee
- 4. Retrieve number of employee
- 5. Retrieve distinct number of employee
- 6. Retrieve total salary of employee group by employee name and count similar names
- 7. Retrieve total salary of employee which is greater than >120000
- 8. Display name of employee in descending order
- 9. Display details of employee whose name is AMIT and salary greater than 50000

SCRIPT:

CREATE DATABASE EMPLOYEES; USE EMPLOYEES;

CREATE table EMPLOYEE(
Empno varchar(5) not null,
Emp_name varchar(20) not null,
dept varchar(30) not null,
salary int not null,
dob date not null,
branch varchar(30) not null
);

insert into

EMPLOYEE(Empno,Emp_name,dept,salary,dob,branch)values("E101","Amit","production",45000,"2000-03-12","Banglore");

insert into

EMPLOYEE(Empno,Emp_name,dept,salary,dob,branch)values("E102","Amit","HR",70000,"2002-07-03","Banglore");

insert into

 $EMPLOYEE (Empno, Emp_name, dept, salary, dob, branch) values ("E103", "Sunita", "Manager", 120000, "2001-01-11", "Mysore");$

insert into

EMPLOYEE(Empno,Emp_name,dept,salary,dob,branch)values("E105","Sunita","IT",67000,"2001-08-01","Mysore");

insert into

EMPLOYEE(Empno,Emp_name,dept,salary,dob,branch)values("E106","Mahesh","Civil",145000,"2003-09-20","Mumbai");

SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE;

SELECT EMPNO, SALARY FROM EMPLOYEE;

SELECT AVG(SALARY) FROM EMPLOYEE;

SELECT COUNT(*)FROM EMPLOYEE;

select COUNT(DISTINCT Emp_name) from employee;

SELECT SUM(SALARY), EMP_NAME,count(*) AS occurrence from employee group by Emp_name;

SELECT SALARY FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE SALARY>120000;

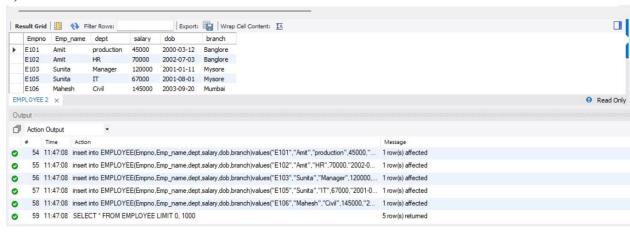
SELECT DISTINCT EMP_NAME FROM EMPLOYEE ORDER BY EMP_NAME DESC;

select * from employee where Emp_name="Amit" and salary>50000;

- 1) SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE;
- 2) SELECT EMPNO, SALARY FROM EMPLOYEE;
- 3) SELECT AVG(SALARY) FROM EMPLOYEE;
- 4) SELECT COUNT(*)FROM EMPLOYEE;
- 5) select COUNT(DISTINCT Emp_name) from employee;
- 6) SELECT SUM(SALARY), EMP NAME, count(*) AS occurrence from employee group by Emp name;
- 7) SELECT SALARY FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE SALARY>120000;
- 8) SELECT DISTINCT EMP_NAME FROM EMPLOYEE ORDER BY EMP_NAME DESC;
- 9) select * from employee where Emp_name="Amit" and salary>50000;

Output:

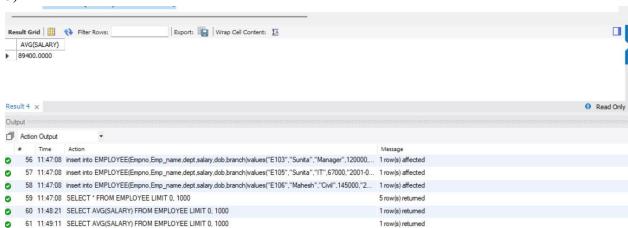
1)



2)



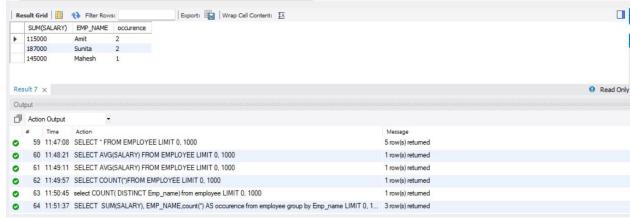


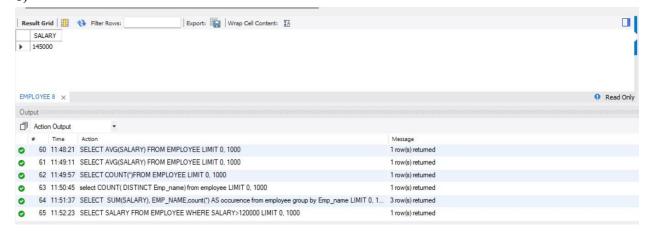


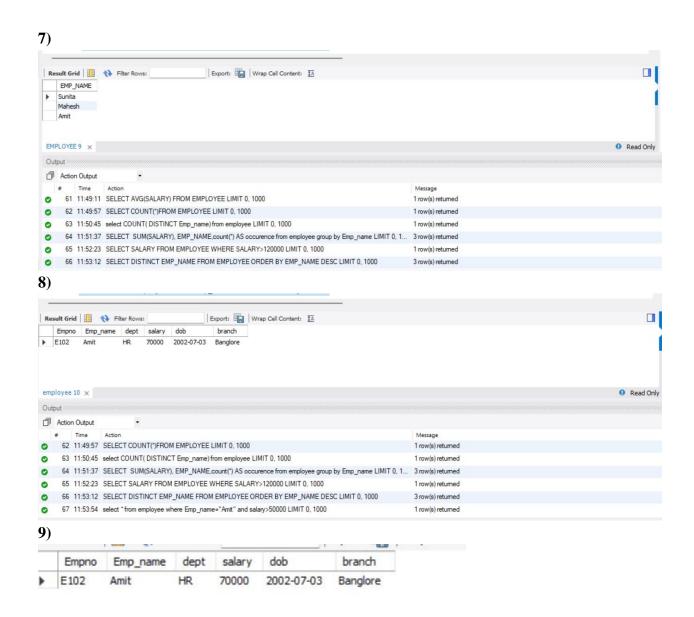




5)







RESULT: Output obtained successfully.

TCL &DCL commands

TCL CODE:

Script:

create database tcl;

 $create\ table\ dept(deptno\ varchar(20)\ not\ null,dname\ varchar(20)\ not\ null,loc\ varchar(20)\ not\ null,primary\ key(deptno));$

insert into dept values("d001", "finance", "kollam");

insert into dept values("d002","it","ernakulam");

insert into dept values("d003", "management", "thrissur");

set autocommit=0;

insert into dept values("d004","it","kozhikode");

savepoint b;

rollback;

select *from dept;

insert into dept values("d005", "finance", "kozhikode");

savepoint c;

insert into dept values("d006", "finance", "malappuram");

savepoint d;

rollback to c;

commit;

OUTPUT:

	deptno	dname	loc
•	d001	finance	kollam
	d002	it	ernakulam
	d003	management	thrissur
	d005	finance	kozhikode
	NULL	NULL	NULL
dan	+3 ~		

DCL CODE:

CREATE DATABASE employee; USE employee; START transaction; CREATE table employee(empno VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,emp name VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,dept VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL, salary INT NOT NULL, dob DATE NOT NULL, branch VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL); DESCRIBE employee; INSERT INTO employee (empno,emp_name,dept,salary,dob,branch) VALUES ('E101', 'Amit', 'Production', 45000, '2000-03-12', 'Bangalore'); INSERT INTO employee (empno,emp_name,dept,salary,dob,branch) VALUES ('E102', 'Amit', 'HR', 70000, '2002-07-03', 'Bangalore'); INSERT INTO employee (empno,emp_name,dept,salary,dob,branch) VALUES ('E103', 'sunita', 'Manager', 120000, '2001-01-11', 'Mysore'); INSERT INTO employee (empno,emp_name,dept,salary,dob,branch) VALUES ('E104', 'sunita', 'IT', 67000, '2001-08-01', 'Mysore'); INSERT INTO employee (empno,emp_name,dept,salary,dob,branch) VALUES ('E105', 'mahesh', 'Civil', 145000, '2003-09-20', 'Mumbai'); SELECT * FROM employee; delete from employee where empno="E101";

use employee;

GRANT DELETE ON employee TO 'heylo'@'localhost';

REVOKE DELETE ON employee FROM 'heylo'@'localhost';

REVOKE DELETE ON *.* FROM 'heylo'@'localhost';

SHOW GRANTS FOR 'heylo'@'localhost';

OUTPUT:

	empno	emp_name	dept	salary	dob	branch
•	E102	Amit	HR	70000	2002-07-03	Bangalore
	E103	sunita	Manager	120000	2001-01-11	Mysore
	E104	sunita	IT	67000	2001-08-01	Mysore
	E105	mahesh	Civil	145000	2003-09-20	Mumbai
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

	Grants for heylo@localhost	
•	GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO `heylo`@`localhost`	