

UM0401 RTL872xCS Datasheet



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This document is intended for the software engineer's reference and provides detailed programming information.

Though every effort has been made to ensure that this document is current and accurate, more information may have become available subsequent to the production of this guide.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package	Status
TBD		



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1 Product Overview

1.1 General Description

RTL872xCS is a highly integrated single-chip low power single bands (2.4GHz) Wireless LAN (WLAN) and Bluetooth Low Energy communication controller. It consists of a high-performance MCU (ARM v8m, Cortex-M4F instruction compatible) named KM4, a low power MCU (ARM v8m, Cortex-M0 instruction compatible) named KM0, WLAN (802.11 b/g/n) MAC, an 1T1R capable WLAN baseband, RF, Bluetooth and peripherals.

High speed connectivity interfaces, SDIO and USB, are provided. There are also audio codec, Key-Scan and touch keys integrated into this IC. Besides, flexible design configures GPIO to different functions according to applications.

RTL872xCS also integrates memories (ROM/SRAM/PSRAM) for IoT (Interret of Things) Wi-Fi protocol functions and applications. The user-friendly development kits (SDK and HDK) are supported to custome is for developing IoT applications.

The KM4 MCU is a 32-bit core that offers system enhancements such as low power consumption, enhanced debug features, floating point computation, DSP instructions and a high level of support block integration. The KM4 MCU incorporates a 3-stage pipeline.

The KMO coprocessor is an energy-efficient and easy-to-use 32-bit core which is code- and tool-compatible with the KM4 core. The KMO coprocessor offers up to 20MHz performance with a simple instruction set and reduced code size.

1.2 System Architecture

The system architecture of RTL872xCS is shown in Fig 1-1.

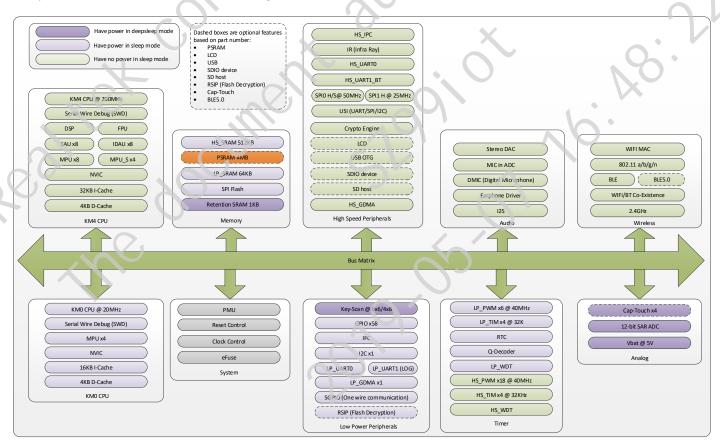


Fig 1-1 System architecture



In RTL872xCS, the main system consists of 32-bit multilayer AXI bus matrix that interconnects all the masters and the slaves. The bus matrix provides access from a master to a slave, enabling concurrent access and efficient operation even when several high-speed peripherals work simultaneously.

A multilayer AXI bus matrix connects the CPU buses and other bus masters to peripherals in a flexible manner that optimizes performance by allowing peripherals on different slave ports of the matrix to be accessed simultaneously by different bus masters.

APB peripherals are connected to the AXI bus matrix via APB buses using separate slave ports from the multilayer AXI bus matrix. This allows for better performance by reducing collisions between the CPU and the DMA controller, and also for peripherals on the asynchronous bridge to have a fixed clock that does not track the system clock.

1.3 Features

1.3.1 System and Memory

The system and memory features of RTL872xCS are listed in Table 1-1.

Table 1-1 System and memory features

Items	Description
processor	Dual processor core
	KM4: ARM latest v8M architecture with Cortex-M4F instruction compatible
	KM0: ARM latest v8M architecture with Cortex-M0 instruction compatible
	 Equal access to address space including SRAM, peripherals and registers.
KM4 CPU	Cortex-M4F instruction compatible with FPU, DSP and TrustZone-M
	Running at a frequency of up to 200MHz (configurable).
	Floating Point Unit (FPU) and Memory Protection Unit (MPU).
	Built-in Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC).
	Non-maskable Interrupt (NMI) with a selection of sources.
1	• Serial Wire Debug (SWD) with 8 break points and 4 watch points (without Serial Wire Output (SWO)
	for enhanced debug capabilities).
	System tick timer.
V V	32KB I-Cache and 4KB D-Cache.
KM0 CPU	Cortex-IMO instruction compatible
	Running at a frequency of up to 20 MHz.
	Built-in Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC).
~ ()·	Non-maskable Interrupt (NMI) with a selection of sources.
	Serial Wire Debug (SWD) with 4 break points and 2 watch points.
	System tick timer.
	16KB I-Cache and 4KB D-Cache
KM4 CPU On-Chip memory	Up to 512KB contiguous main SRAM @200MHz
	Optional 4MB PSRAM for specific parts @ 50MHz, 8bit DDR
KM0 CPU On-Chip memory	Up to 64KB contiguous main SRAM.
	Up to 1KB retention SRAM for keeping data at power saving modes.
GDMA	KM4 and KM0 both have a GDMA controller.
	HS-GDMA0 supports six channels with TrustZone-M
	LP-GDMA0 supports six channels without TrustZone-M.
Flash	SPI/QSPI/QPI flash controller with cache
	Flash In-Circuit Programming (ICP) are supported
General-Purpose I/O (GPIO)	• Up to 64 General-Purpose I/O (GPIO) pins. All GPIOs have configurable pull-up/pull-down resistors.
	GPIO interrupt trigger could be configured with rising, falling or both input edges.
IPC	Inter-Processor communication

1.3.2 Wireless

The wireless features of RTL872xCS are listed in Table 1-2.



Table 1-2 Wireless features

Items	Description
Wi-Fi	 802.11 b/g/n 1x1, 2.4GHz Support 20MHz/40MHz up to MCS7 Low power architecture Support low power Tx/Rx for short range application Low power beacon listen mode Low power Rx mode Very low power suspends mode (DLPS) External PA is supported
BT BLE	 Support BLE Support both central and peripheral modes High power mode (10dbm, share the same PA with Wi-Fi) Internal co-existence mechanism between Wi-Fi and Bluetooth to share the same antenna.
BT BLE5.0	Support BLE5.0

1.3.3 Secure

The secure features of RTL872xCS are listed in Table 1-3.

Table 1-3 Secure features

Items	Description	
Hardware engine	AES/DES/SHA hardware engine	
TrustZone	TrustZone-M supported	
Secure boot	Secure boot supported	
SWD protection	Debug port access protection and prohibition modes	
eFuse protection	Security eFuse	
RSIP	Flash Decryption on-the-fly	

1.3.4 Communication Interface

The communication interface features of RTL872xCS are listed in Table 1-4.

Table 1-4 Communication interface features

Items	Description
SD/SDIO	Support SD card host
	Support SDIO 2.0 SDR25
	Realtek SPI provides high efficiency SPI interface with interrupt and full duplex mode
	Support high performance Ethernet to Wi-Fi transformation
	Clock rate variable up to 50MHz
1 a K	Internal DMA support
	 SDIO device time consuming from power on to initialization complete: 64.14635ms
USB	Support USB 2.0
	Support HS/FS/LS mode
	 Internal DMA support, DMA works based on register settings
	1.5KByte bulk-in buffer and 1.5KByte bulk-out buffer
SPI	Support Motorola SPI Serial interface operation
	Support master or slave operation mode
	Provide two SPI ports:
	SPIO (High speed): configured as master or slave with Max. Baud rate: 50MHz.
	■ SPI1 (Normal speed): configured as master with Max. Baud rate: 25MHz.
	Support DMA interface for DMA transfer
	Independent masking of interrupts
	• FIFO depth – The transmit and receive FIFO buffers 64 words deep. The FIFO width is fixed at 16 bits.



	Hardware/software slave-select – Dedicated hardware slave-select lines can be used or software control can
	be used to target the serial-slave device
	Programmable features:
	■ Clock bit-rate – Dynamic control of the serial bit rate of the data transfer; used in only serial-master
	mode of operation.
	■ Data item size (4 to 16 bits) – Item size of each data transfer under the control of the programmer.
	■ Configurable clock polarity and phase
	Programmable delay on the sample time of the received serial data bit (rxd), when configured in
	Master Mode; enables programmable control of routing delays resulting in higher serial data-bit rates.
UART	Support UART format: 1 start bit, 7/8 data bits, 0/1 parity bit and 1/2 stop bit
OAIII	Support a very wide range of baud rate
	Support a very wide range of badd rate Support auto flow control
	Support InDA
	Support IrDA Support Isophaeli made for test
	Support loopback mode for test
	Differentiate clock for Tx path and Rx path
	Fractional baud rate generator for Tx path
	Low power mode for Rx path
	Monitor and eliminate Rx baud rate error and own frequency drift automatically for new Rx path
	Support DMA mode
	Option for UART Rx to be DMA flow controller
IR (Infra Ray)	Support carrier frequency from 25KHz to 500KHz
	Support Duty from 1/2 to 1/5
	Support IR diode input
	Support IR receiver module input
	• 32*4 bytes Tx FIFO
	• 32*4 bytes Rx FIFO
	Tx carrier frequency can be configured
	Tx carrier duty cycle can be configured
O(CCDIO)	
One wire (SGPIO)	One wire communication interface for security element
	• Timer Mode:
	Rx and Multiple Timer are 16-bit timer with a 16-bit prescaler.
(71)	Rx and Multiple Timer can stop, reset, and interrupt by match events.
X	Rx and multiple timer/counter can stop and reset to each other.
	Capture Mode:
	Rx timer can be captured by capture events.
	 Capture events can be Rx trigger events or the multiple match events.
	■ The capture value can be transferred to '0' or '1' by comparing the value.
	Counter Mode:
	Multiple Counter can count Rx trigger events.
	External Output Mode:
	External output can set high, low or toggle on the match event.
	Get the serial input:
	Shift the input value to a 32-bit FIFO by match events.
	Send the serial output:
	Send the '0' or '1' waveform by shifting the output value of a 32-bit FIFO. This output value decides that
	the external match uses the match value of group 0 or group 1.
	Change the output value by using the multiple FIFO data to update the multiple match value.
	Monitor Mode:
	■ Monitor the receiving value to make the interrupt in the power saving mode.
I ² C	• Two-wire I ² C serial interface – consists of a serial data line (SDA) and a serial clock (SCL)
	Support one I ² C port
	Two Speed mode:
	Standard (up to 100Kbps)
	■ Fast (up to 400Kbps)
	Master or Slave I ² C operation
	/- or 10-bit addressing
	 7- or 10-bit addressing Transmit and receive buffers with depth of 16



	 Tx and Rx DMA support Multi-master ability including bus arbitration scheme Slave mode address match wakeup for power save (up to 100Kbps) Clock stretch in master/slave mode 7- or 10-bit combined format transfers General Call Component parameters for configurable software driver support (programmable SDA hold time, slave address, etc.) Filter to eliminate the glitches on signal of SDA and SCL. Programmable digital noise Filter. Status flags (Bus busy flag, activity flag, FIFO status flag, etc.) and Error flags (arbitration lost, acknowledge failure, etc.)
USI (Universal Serial interface)	Configured as SPI, UART or I ² C USI I ² C can support High Speed Mode

1.3.5 Audio

The secure features of RTL872xCS are listed in Table 1-5.

Table 1-5 Audio features

Items	Description
Audio DAC and earphone driver	• Sampling Frequency: 8/16/32/44.1/48/88.2/96KHz
•	Integrates earphone driver
	40mW on 16Ω load
	20mW on 32Ω load
	Gain Control in DAC Path
	■ Gain Step: 0.375dB/step
	Gain Range: -64.5dB ~ 0dB
	Audio output mode:
	■ Line-Out Cap-less mode (QFN88)
A 1	■ Line-Out Differential mode (QFN88)
	■ Line-Out Single-end mode
Audio ADC	Sampling Frequency: 8/16/32/44.1/48/88.2/96KHz
Addio ADC	Sampling Frequency, 8/10/52/44.1/48/88.2/96KHZ ADC input gain range:
	Gain Step: 0.375dB/step
	Gain Range: -17.625dB ~ 30dB (digital)
	MIC input boost gain stage: 0/20/30/40dB (analog)
7.0	Audio Input mode:
	Line-In
130	Analog MICx2 or Digital MIC x2
1 ² S	• Sample rate:
	■ 8/12/16/24/32/48/64/96/192/384/7.35/11.025/14.7/22.05/29.4/44.1/58.8/88.2/176.4KHz
	• I ² S channel number: mono, stereo, 5.1 channel
	Sample bit for mono: 16-bit, 32-bit
	• Sample bit for stereo & 5.1 channel: 16-bit, 24-bit, 32-bit
	Integrated DMA engine to minimize the software efforts
~	Support mono and stereo Tx or Rx or Tx & Rx mode
	Support 5.1 Tx mode (DAC), not support Rx mode (ADC)
	Not support PCM mode

1.3.6 Timer

The timer features of RTL872xCS are listed in Table 1-6.

Table 1-6 Timer features

Items	Description
Basic Timers	Channels: x1



(HS_TIM0 ~ HS_TIM3)	Clock source: 32KHz
(LP_TIMO~LP_TIM3)	Resolution: 32-bit
(El _lilvio El _lilvio)	Counter mode: up
	Interrupt generation
	Sleep mode wakeup
DIAMATINA AND ALICE TIMATE OF IDETIMATE	
PWM Timers (HS_TIM5 & LP_TIM5)	• Channels: HS_TIM5 x18, LP_TIM5 x6
	Clock source: XTAL
	Resolution: 16-bit
	Prescaler: 8-bit
	Counter mode: up
	Statistics pulse width
	Statistics pulse counter
	● Input capture pin: x2
	Interrupt generation
	LP_TIM5 can work at sleep mode
Pulse Timers (HS_TIM4 & LP_TIM4)	● Channels: HS_TIM5 x18, LP_TIM5 x6
	Clock source: XTAL
	Resolution: 16-bit
	Prescaler: 8-bit
	Counter mode: up
	One pulse mode
	PWM mode with polarity selection
	• Input capture pin: x2
	• Interrupt generation
Real-Time clock (RTC)	Independent BCD timer/counter
	Time with seconds, minutes, hours, days (12- or 24-hour format)
	Daylight saving compensation programmable by software
	One programmable alarm with interrupt function. The alarm can be triggered by any
	combination of the time fields.
	Maskable interrupts/events
A 1	Alarm
	Digital calibration circuit
	Register write protection

1.3.7 Human-computer Interaction

The human-computer interaction features of RTL872xCS are listed in Table 1-7.

Table 1-7 Human-computer interaction features

Items	Description
Key-matrix	Up to 8 *8 (64) Keypad Array with use of 16 GPIOs
	Configurable Rows and Columns of Keypad Array
.101	 Hardware debounce with configurable time at each scan
	Configurable Scan Clock, Scan Interval and Release Time
	Support interrupts, provide interrupts mask, interrupts clear, interrupts status
	Multi-keys detect
	 Provide FIFO with width of 12 bits and depth of 16 to store Key Press and Release Events
	Support low power mode. Key press event can wakeup CPU from sleep.
Cap-Touch	Support 4 capacitive sensor channels
	• Automatic channel scan: hardware scan each enabled channel automatically in sequence
	Programmable scan period: sample number and scan interval
	Difference or Absolute threshold judgement mode (with ETC function enable)
	 Automatic environment sensor capacitance tracking and calibration (ETC)
	 Hardware baseline initial automatically
	Automatic baseline and threshold update for different noise environment
	Programmable button debounce function
	Programmable interrupt enabled for each interrupt source



	• 4*12 bits FIFO
	Low power consumption
LCD	Supports Thin Film Transistor (TFT) color display
	LCD refresh rate 30Hz (Max data rate = 4.6MB/s)
	Support 8-/16-bit MCU I8080 parallel interface
	■ Support resolution of 8-/16-bit mode can be (1024x1024) for still picture display
	■ Support resolution of 8-bit mode can be (645x645) for animate display when refresh rate is 30F/S
	■ Support resolution of 16-bit mode can be (912x912) for animate display when refresh rate is 30F/S
	Support 6-/16-bit RGB parallel interface
	■ Support resolution of 6-bit mode is less than (527x527) for animate display when refresh rate is 60F/S
	■ Support resolution of 16-bit mode is less than (912x912) for animate display when refresh rate is 60F/S
	Support RGB565 data format for input & output
	Programmable timings for different display panels
	 Programmable polarity for HSYNC, VSYNC and Data Enable
	Support DMA frame buffer for RGB/MCU I/F
	Support I/O mode for MCU I/F
	Support LED dot matrix display interface like 04/08/12/75 and so on

1.3.8 Analog

The analog features of RTL872xCS are listed in Table 1-8.

Table 1-8 Analog features

Items	Description
Data capture ADC and voltage comparator	Resolution: 12-bit SAR
	Available channel number
	■ 7x external 3.3V channel and 1x 5V channel
	■ 3x internal channel
	Configurable input
	■ Single-end
	Differential with predefined channel pair
	Contain 64 FIFO entries which is 16-bit width
X	Multi-Channel DMA support
	Multi sampling trigger sources
	■ Software
	■ Timer
~ O	1 low power voltage comparator for battery voltage measurement
	Conversion item control or another FIFO level to trigger wakeup circuit

1.4 Peripherals

The peripherals of RTL872xCS under different packages are shown in Table 1-9.

Table 1-9 Peripherals under different packages

Item	Peripherals	Comment	QFN48	QFN68	QFN88
			RTL8720CS-VA1 RTL8720CSM-VA1	RTL8721CSM-VA1	RTL8722CSM-VA1
UART	HS_UART0		N	Υ	Υ
	HS_UART1	Internal for Bluetooth	N	N	N
	HS_USI_UART		Υ	N	Υ
	LP_UART1	Low power mode wakeup	Υ	Υ	Υ
	LP_UART0	LP_UARTO is LOGUART/low power mode wakeup	Υ	Υ	Υ
SPI	HS_SPI0	Maximum 50MHz/Master/Slave	N	Υ	Υ
	HS_SPI1	Maximum 25MHz/Master	Υ	Υ	Υ



	HS USI SPI	Maximum 25MHz/Master/Slave	Υ	Υ	Υ
RTC_OUT	RTC_OUT		Υ	Υ	Υ
EXT_32K	_		Υ	Υ	Υ
LP_TIM4_TRIG	LP TIM4 TRIG	Timer capture	N	Υ	Υ
LP_TIM5_TRIG	LP TIM5 TRIG	Timer capture	N	Y	Υ
IR	IR		Υ	Y	Υ
I ² C	LP_I ² C	Standard (up to 100Kbps) and fast (up to 400Kbps)	Y	Y	Υ
	HS_USI_I2C	Standard/fast/high speed mode (up to 3.33Mbps)	Y	N	Y
SDIO	SDIO 2.0 Device	Maximum 50MHz	N	N	Υ
	SD HOST	Maximum 50MHz	N	N	Υ
HS_PWM	HS_PWM0 ~ 17		8	11	17
LP_PWM	LP_PWM0 ~ 5	Support low power mode	4	6	6
I ² S	I ² S		N	Y	Υ
DMIC	DMIC		Υ	Υ	Υ
LCD	LCD	8-bit/16-bit/RGB mode/MCU mode/LED mode	N	N	Υ
Q-Decoder	Q-Decoder	X	N	Υ	Υ
SPGIO	SPGIO		Υ	Υ	Υ
Key-Scan	Key-Scan		4x2/3x3	7x3/5x5	4x8/6x6
Wake Pin	Wake Pin	Wake up deepsleep	6	10	12
HS_TIM4_TRIG	HS_TIM4_TRIG	Timer capture	Υ	Υ	Υ
HS_TIM5_TRIG	HS_TIM5_TRIG	Timer capture	Y	Υ	Υ
Analog Pin	USB	USB host (support USB mass storage class) and device	Y	Υ	Y
	ADC	0~3.3V	х3	x7	x7
	VBAT_MEAS	0~5V	N	Υ	Υ
	Cap-Touch		N	x4	x 4
×	Audio Output	Analog audio codec output	N	x2 (Single-End)	x2 (Differential)/x2 (Single-End) x2 (AUXIN)
	Audio Input	Analog audio codec input	N	x2 (Single-End)	x1 (Differential)/x2 (Single-End) x2 (AUXIN)



2 Package

2.1 Package Type

There are three package types named QFN48, QFN68 and QFN88 in RTL872xCS, the details are shown in Table 2-1.

Table 2-1 Package types

Port Name	QFN48	QFN68	QFN88	Trap
	RTL8720CS-VA1 RTL8720CSM-VA1	RTL8721CSM-VA1	RTL8722CSM-VA1	
PA[0]		٧	٧	
PA[1]			٧	
PA[2]		V	٧	
PA[3]		Y	70	
PA[4]		Λ.	V	
PA[5]			٧	
PA[6]			٧	
PA[7]	٧	٧	٧	UART_DOWNLOAD
PA[8]	٧	V	V	
PA[9]			٧	
PA[10]			٧	
PA[11]			٧	
PA[12]		٧	٧	ICFG0
PA[13]	V	V	√ √	ICFG1
PA[14]		V	V	ICFG2
PA[15]	V	V	V	ICFG3
PA[16]	V	V	V	ici d3
PA[10] PA[17]		V	V	
PA[17]		V	V	
PA[18]		V	V	
PA[19] PA[20]		V	V	
PA[20]		701	V V	
PA[21] PA[22]			V V	
PA[23]			V V	
PA[24]			V	
PA[24]	V	٧		
PA[26]	V	V √	V	
PA[20] PA[27]	V V	V √	V	NORMAL_MODE_SEL
PA[27]		V √	V	NORIVIAL_IVIODE_SEL
PA[28] PA[29]	V	V	V	
PA[29] PA[30]	٧	٧	٧	SPS_SEL
	V	V	V	3F3_3EL
PA[31]			V V	
PB[0]	-1	-10		
PB[1]	V √	V V	√ √	
PB[2]				
PB[3]	٧	V	٧	
PB[4]		V	٧	
PB[5]		V	٧	
PB[6]		V	٧	
PB[7]		V	٧	
PB[8]				
PB[9]				
PB[10]				



PB[11]				
PB[12]			٧	
PB[13]	٧	٧	٧	
PB[14]	٧	٧	٧	
PB[15]				
PB[16]	٧	٧		
PB[17]	٧	٧	٧	
PB[18]			V	
PB[19]			٧	
PB[20]	٧		٧	
PB[21]	٧		٧	
PB[22]		٧	٧	
PB[23]		٧	٧	
PB[24]				
PB[25]				
PB[26]		٧	70	
PB[27]				
PB[28]			٧	
PB[29]		٧	V	
PB[30]			V	
PB[31]		٧	V	

2.1.1 QFN48

The QFN48 pin assignments for RTL8720CS-VA1/RTL8720CSM-VA1 are shown in Fig 2-1.



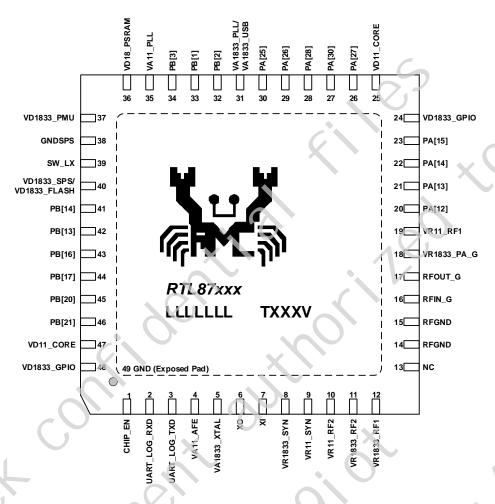


Fig 2-1 QFN48 pin assignments for RTL8720CS-VA1/RTL8720CSM-VA1

2.1.2 QFN68

The QFN68 pin assignments for RTL8721CSM-VA1 are shown in Fig 2-2.



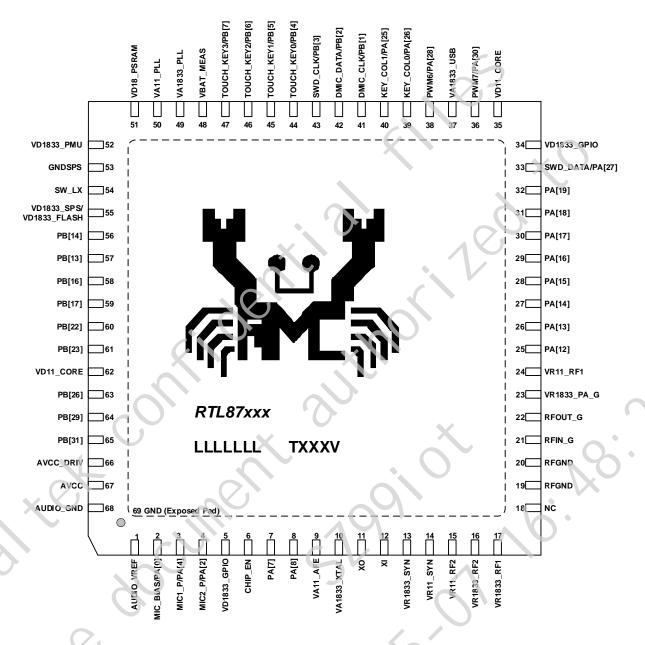


Fig 2-2 QFN68 pin assignments for RTL8721CSM-VA1

2.1.3 QFN88

The QFN88 pin assignments for RTL8722CSM-VA1 are shown in Fig 2-3.



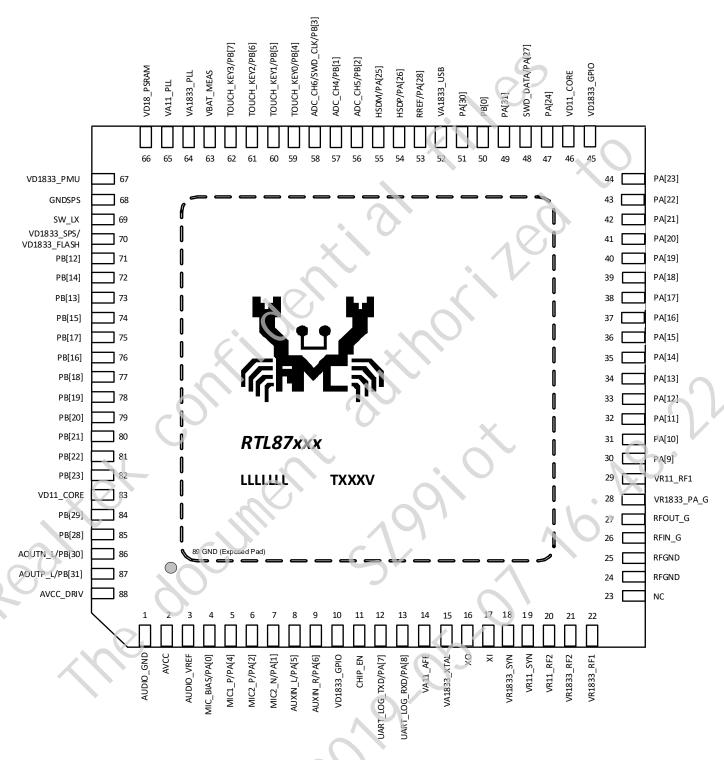


Fig 2-3 QFN88 pin assignments for RTL8722CSM-VA1

2.2 Low Power Pins

These pins can work and wakeup MCU under deepsleep mode, as Table 2-2 shows. All these pins are located at Key-Scan pins.



Table 2-2 Low power pins

Pin Name	FUNC_ID28	FUNC_ID29	FUNC_ID30	FUNC_ID31
GPIO	Ext32K	Key-Scan row	Key-Scan column	Wakeup
PA[12]		KEY_ROW0	6	LGPIO[0]
PA[13]		KEY_ROW1		LGPIO[1]
PA[14]	RTC_OUT	KEY_ROW2		LGPIO[2]
PA[15]	RTC EXT_32K	KEY_ROW3	KEY_COL6	LGPIO[3]
PA[16]		KEY_ROW4	KEY_COL5	LGPIO[0]
PA[17]		KEY_ROW6	KEY_COL3	LGPIO[1]
PA[18]	RTC_OUT	KEY_ROW5	KEY_COL4	LGPIO[2]
PA[19]			KEY_COL2	LGPIO[3]
PA[20]			KEY_COL7	LGPIO[0]
PA[21]		KEY_ROW7		LGPIO[1]
PA[25]			KEY_COL1	LGPIO[2]
PA[26]			KEY_COL0	LGPIO[3]

2.3 Pin Default Configuration

All pins are configured as GPIO without pull resistors except some special function like SWD or LOGUART. The pin default configuration is listed in Table 2-3.

Table 2-3 Pin default configuration

Pin Name	Default Function	Default PU/PD
PA[7]	LOGUART	Internal UP
PA[8]	LOGUART	Internal UP
PA[13]	PA[13]	eFuse Pull Control 0
PA[15]	PA[15]	eFuse Pull Control 1
PA[25]	PA[25]	eFuse Pull Control 2
PA[27]	SWD_DATA when eFuse is enabled	Internal UP
PA[28]	PA[28]	eFuse Pull Control 3
PA[30]	PA[30]	External UP
PB[1]	PB[1]	eFuse Pull Control 4
PB[3]	SWD_CLK when eFuse is enabled	No pull
PB[7]	PB[7]	eFuse Pull Control 5
PB[18]	SWD_CLK when eFuse is enabled, or SD_D2 when eFuse enables SDIO	No pull
PB[19]	SWD_DATA when eFuse is enabled, or SD_D3 when eFuse enables SDIO eFuse Pull Control 6	
PB[20]	SD_CMD when eFuse enables SDIO No pull	
PB[21]	SD_CLK when eFuse enables SDIO No pull	
PB[22]	SD_D0 when eFuse enables SDIO eFuse Pull Control 7	
PB[23]	SD_D1 when eFuse enables SDIO No pull	

2.4 Trap Pins

The trap pins are listed in Table 2-4.

Table 2-4 Trap pins

Pin Name	Trap Function	Description	
PA[7]	UART_DOWNLOAD	Trigger ISP ROM code flash download, low active.	
PA[12]	ICFG0	Realtek test mode	
PA[13]	ICFG1	Realtek test mode	
PA[14]	ICFG2	Realtek test mode	
PA[15]	ICFG3	Realtek test mode	
PA[27]	NORMAL_MODE_SEL	It is not allowed to pull down when power on, otherwise:	



		 Realtek test mode will be selected. Boot will fail. When this pin is not pull-down, the state of PA[12] ~ PA[15] can be ignored.
PA[30]	SPS_SEL	High: SWR mode
		Low: LDO mode

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Datasheet



3 Analog Pin Descriptions

The signal type used in RTL872xCS are shown in Table 3-1.

Table 3-1 Pin type description

Symbol	Туре	Symbol	Туре
1	Input pin	0	Output pin
Р	Power pin	AH	Analog and digital hybrid programmable pin
PI	Power input pin	PO	Power Output pin

3.1 Power on Trap Pins

The power on trap pins in RTL872xCS are shown in Table 3-2.

Table 3-2 Power on trap pins

	Table 3 2 Tower on trap pins							
Symbol	Туре	QFN48	QFN68	QFN88	Description			
NORMAL_MODE_SEL	1	26	33	48	Shared with PA[27]			
					1: Normal operation mode			
		6			0: Enter into test/debug mode			
UART_DOWNLOAD	1	3	7	12	Shared with PA[7]			
					1: Boot from flash			
					0: Download image from UART			
SPS_SEL	1	27	36	51	Shared with PA[30]			
				0	1: Internal 1.1V regulator works at SPS mode			
					0: Internal 1.1V regulator works at LDO mode			

3.2 RF Pins

The RF pins in RTL872xCS are shown in Table 3-3

Table 3-3 RF pins

Symbol	Туре	QFN48	QFN68	QFN88	Description
REGND	P	14, 15	19, 20	24, 25	RF ground
RFIN_G	1	16	21	26	WL/Bluetooth 2.4GHz RF input signal
RFOUT_G	0	17	22	27	WL/Bluetooth 2.4GHz RF output signal

3.3 Chip Enable Pin

The chip enable pin in RTL872xCS is shown in Table 3-4.

Table 3-4 Chip enable pin

Symbol	Туре	QFN48	QFN68	QFN88	Description
CHIP_EN	I	1	6	11	Enable chip ■ 1: Enable chip
				0	C: Shut down chip

3.4 Power Pins

The power pins in RTL872xCS are shown in Table 3-5.



Table 3-5 Power pins

Symbol	Туре	QFN48	QFN68	QFN88	Description	
VA1833_XTAL	Р	5	10	15	1.8V/3.3V power for Crystal Oscillator	
VA11_AFE	Р	4	9	14	1.1V power for WL/Bluetooth Analog Front End	
VR1833_SYN	Р	8	13	18	1.8V/3.3V power for RF Synthesizer	
VR11_SYN	Р	9	14	19	1.1V power for RF Synthesizer	
VR1833_RF1	Р	12	17	22	1.8V/3.3V power for RF1	
VR1833_RF2	Р	11	16	21	1.8V/3.3V power for RF2	
VR11_RF2	Р	10	15	2 0	1.1V power for RF2 path	
VR1833_PA_G	Р	18	23	28	1.8V/3.3V power for RF Power amplifier	
VR11_RF1	Р	19	24	29	1.1V power for RF1 path	
VD11_CORE	Р	47, 25	62, 35	83, 46	1.1V power for digital core power	
VD1833_SPS/VD1833_FLASH	Р	40	55	70	1.8V/3.3V power for Flash I/O power and internal regulator input	
				,	from 1.8V/3.3V to 1.1V	
SW_LX	Р	39	54	69	1.1V power output from Switching/Linear Regulator	
GNDSPS	Р	38	53	68	Ground for Switching/Linear Regulator	
VA1833_USB	Р	31	37	52	3.3V power for USB analog	
VA1833_PLL	Р	31	49	64	1.8V/3.3V power for PLL	
VA11_PLL	Р	35	50	65	1.1V power for PLL	
VD18_PSRAM	Р	36	51	66	1.8V power output from internal Linear regulator for PSRAM	
VD1833_PMU	Р	37	52	67	1.8V/3.3V power for Power Management Unit	
AVCC_DRIV	Р		66	88	1.8V/3 3V power supply for internal audio codec LDO.	
AVCC	Р		67	2	AVCC output from internal audio codec LDO, add a 1uF cap as	
					close as possible.	
AUDIO_VREF	P	-	1	3	Codec bandgap reference output, add a 4.7nF cap as close as	
					possible.	
MIC_BIAS	Р	-	2	4	Microphone bias output	
VD1833_GPIO	Р	24, 48	5, 34	10, 45	1.8V/3.3V power for digital GPIO	
AUDIO_GND	Р	-	68	1	Audio ground	

3.5 XTAL Pins

The XTAL pins in RTL872xCS are shown in Table 3-6.

Table 3-6 XTAL pins

Symbol	Туре	QFN48	QFN68	QFN88	Description
XI	1	1	12	17	Input of 40MHz Crystal Clock Reference
XO	0	6	11	16	Output of 40MHz Crystal Clock Reference

3.6 ADC and Cap-Touch Pins

The ADC and Cap-Touch pins in RTL872xCS are shown in Table 3-7.

Table 3-7 ADC and Cap-Touch pins

Symbol	Туре	QFN48	QFN68	QFN88	Description
ADC_0/TOUCH_KEY0	I	-	44	59	ADC or Cap-Touch input pin, 3.3V tolerance
ADC_1/TOUCH_KEY1	I	-	45	60	ADC or Cap-Touch input pin, 3.3V tolerance
ADC_2/TOUCH_KEY2	I	-	46	61	ADC or Cap-Touch input pin, 3.3V tolerance
ADC_3/TOUCH_KEY3	I	-	47	62	ADC or Cap-Touch input pin, 3.3V tolerance
ADC_4	I	33	41	57	ADC input pin, 3.3V tolerance
ADC_5	I	32	42	56	ADC input pin, 3.3V tolerance
ADC_6	I	34	43	58	ADC input pin, 3.3V tolerance
VBAT_MEAS	I	-	48	63	ADC input pin, 5V tolerance



3.7 USB Pins

The USB pins in RTL872xCS are shown in Table 3-8.

Table 3-8 USB pins

Symbol	Туре	QFN48	QFN68	QFN88	Description
HSDP	1/0	29	39	54	USB differential bus
HSDM	1/0	30	40	55	USB differential bus
RREF	Ι	28	38	53	External reference resistor for USB analog, 1% accuracy

3.8 Audio Codec Pins

The audio codec pins in RTL872xCS are shown in Table 3-9.

Table 3-9 Audio codec pins

Symbol	Type	QFN48	QFN68	QFN88	Description			
MIC1_P	АН	-	3	5	MIC1 input positive pad. Used as main MiC in dual MIC application.			
NAICO NI	A 1 1			7	Programmable digital I/O, refer to pinmux table (UM0402 RTL872xCS pinmux table).			
MIC2_N	AH	-	-	7	MIC2 input negative pad. Used as 2 nd MIC in dual MIC application.			
14162 B				6	Programmable digital I/O, refer to pinmux table.			
MIC2_P	AH	-	4	6	MIC2 input positive pad. Used as 2 nd MIC in dual MIC application.			
					Programmable digital I/O, refer to pinmux table.			
AOUTN_R	AH	-	-	85	Right channel analog output negative pad.			
					Programmable digital I/O, refer to pinmux table.			
AOUTP_R	AH	-	64	84	Right channel analog output positive pad.			
)		Programmable digital I/O, refer to pinmux table.			
AOUTN_L	AH	-	/-	86	Left channel analog output negative pad.			
	4 1				Programmable digital I/O, refer to pinmux table.			
AOUTP_L	AH		65	87	Left channel analog output positive pad.			
_					Programmable digital I/O, refer to pinmux table.			
AUXIN_R	AH	-	-	9	AUX input right channel pad.			
	,				Programmable digital I/O, refer to pinmux table.			
AUXIN L	AH	-	-	8	AUX input left channel pad.			
					Programmable digital I/O, refer to pinmux table.			
AVCC_DRIV	PI	-	66	88	1.8V/3.3V power supply for internal audio codec LDO.			
MIC_BIAS	РО	-	2	4	Microphone bias output			
AUDIO_VREF	РО	-	1	3	Codec bandgap reference output, add a 4.7nF cap as close as possible.			
AVCC	РО	-	67	2	AVCC output from internal audio codec LDO, add a 1uF cap as close as possible.			
AUDIO_GND	РО	-	68	1	Audio ground			



4 Memory Organization

4.1 Introduction

The RTL872xCS incorporates several distinct memory regions. Program memory, data memory, registers and I/O ports are organized within the same linear 4-Gbyte address space. The bytes are coded in memory in Little Endian format.

The addressable memory space is divided into multiple main blocks, as shown in Table 4-1. All the memory areas that are not allocated to onchip memories and peripherals are considered "RSVD" (reserved). For the detailed mapping of available memory and register areas, refer to the the following sections.

Base Address Top Address Size **Function** Description 0x0000 0000 0x0001 FFFF 128KB KM0 ITCM ROM (actually 96KB) 32MB: KM0 Memory Address 0x0002 0000 0x0002_7FFF **32KB** KM0 DTCM ROM (actually 16KB) 0x0002 8000 0x0007 FFFF 352KB **RSVD** KM0 SRAM 0x0008 0000 0x0008_FFFF 64KB 0x0009_0000 0x000B_FFFF 192KB **RSVD** Retention SRAM (1KB) (the same port 0x000C_0000 0x000C_3FFF **16KB** with KM0 SRAM) 0x000C 4000 0x000F FFFF 240KB **RSVD** 0x0010 0000 0x01FF_FFFF 31MB **RSVD** 0x0200 0000 0x07FF FFFF 96MB External PSRAM 224MB: External Memory Address 0x0800 0000 0x0FFF_FFFF 128MB External FLASH KM4 SRAM 0x1000 0000 0x1007 FFFF 256MB: KM4 Memory Address 512KB 0x1008 0000 0x100D FFFF 384KB **RSVD** 0x100E 0000 0x100E FFFF 64KB Extension SRAMO from Bluetooth 0x100F 0000 0x100F FFFF 64KB Extension SRAM1 from Wi-Fi KM4 ITCM ROM 0x1010 0000 0x1013 FFFF 256KB 0x101C_0000 0x101D 7FFF 96KB KM4 DTCM ROM 0x101C_0000 0x101F_FFFF 256KB **RSVD** 0x1020 0000 0x1FFF FFFF 254MB **RSVD** 0x2000_0000 0x3FFF_FFFF 512MB **RSVD** Reserved 0x4000 0000 0x47FF FFFF KM4 Peripherals 128MB: KM4 Peripherals Address 128MB 0x4800 0000 0x4FFF FFFF 128MB **KM0** Peripherals 128MB: KM0 Peripherals Address 128MB: KM4 Peripherals Secure Address 0x5000 0000 0x57FF FFFF 128MB KM4 Peripherals Secure 0x5800 0000 OxFFFF FFFF 2816MB Reserved

Table 4-1 Address space main blocks

4.2 KM4 Memory Map and Register Boundary Addresses

Table 4-2 gives the boundary addresses of the peripherals available in the KM4 devices

Table 4-2 KM4 register boundary addresses

	Table 1 E Mil 1 Colored 2 Jan 1 and							
Port Name	Security	Base Address	Top Address	Size				
KM4_SRAM1	IDAU	0x1000_0000	0x1003_FFFF	256KB				
KM4_SRAM2	IDAU	0x1004_0000	0x1007_FFFF	256KB				
Extension SRAM	IDAU	0x100 E_0000	0x100F_FFFF	128KB				
PSRAM Memory	IDAU	0x0200_0000	0x07FF_FFFF	96MB				
HS_SYSON	Non-Secure	0x4000_0000	0x4000_0FFF	4KB				
	Secure	0x5000_0000	0x5000_0FFF	4KB				
HS_TIM0 ~ 3/4/5	Non-Secure	0x4000_2000	0x4000_2FFF	4KB				
HS UARTO	Non-Secure	0x4000 4000	0x4000 4FFF	4KB				



HS_IPC	Non-Secure	0x4000_6000	0x4000_6FFF	4KB
HS_USI	Non-Secure	0x4000_8000	0x4000_83FF	1KB
HS_UART1 (Bluetooth)	Non-Secure	0x4000_A000	0x4000_AFFF	4KB
RXI300_KM4	Non-Secure	0x4000_C000	0x4000_CFFF	4KB
	Secure	0x5000_C000	0x5000_CFFF	4KB
HS_SPI1	Non-Secure	0x4000_E000	0x4000_E7FF	2KB
Audio Codec	Non-Secure	0x4001_0000	0x4001_0FFF	4KB
HS_IR	Non-Secure	0x4001_2000	0x4001_2FFF	4KB
PSRAM Controller	Non-Secure	0x4001_4000	0x4001_4FFF	4KB
I ² S	Non-Secure	0x4002_0000	0x4002_03FF	1KB
Secure Engine	Non-Secure	0x4002_2000	0x4002_5FFF	16KB
	S Secure	0x5002_2000	0x5002_5FFF	16KB
SDIO Host	Non-Secure	0x4002_6000	0x4002_9FFF	16KB
HS_GDMA0	Non-Secure	0x4002_A000	0x4002_BFFF	8KB
	S Secure	0x5002_A000	0x5002_BFFF	8KB
SDIO Device	Non-Secure	0x4002_C000	0x4002_FFFF	16KB
USB	Non-Secure	0x4003_0000	0x4006_FFFF	256KB
LCD Controller	Non-Secure	0x4007_0000	0x4007_4FFF	20KB
HS_SPI0	Non-Secure	0x4007_8000	0x4007_87FF	2KB
Wi-Fi	Non-Secure	0x4008_0000	0x400A_FFFF	192KB
KM0 BRG	Non-Secure	0x0008_0000	0x0008_FFFF	64KB
		0x000C_0000	0x000C_3FFF	16KB
	X	0x4800_0000	0x4803_FFFF	256KB
Flash Controller	Non-Secure	0x4808_0000	0x4808_0FFF	4KB
Flash Memory	IDAU	0x0800_0000	0x0FFF_FFFF	128MB

4.3 KM0 Memory Map and Register Boundary Addresses

Table 4-3 gives the boundary addresses of the peripherals available in the KMO devices.

Table 4-3 KM0 register boundary addresses

Port Name	Base Address	Top Address	Size
KM0_SRAM	0x0008_0000	0x0008_FFFF	64KB
1KB Retention SRAM	0x000C_0000	0x000C_3FFF	16KB
KM4 BRG	0x1000_0000	0x1007_FFFF	512KB
	0.4000_0000	0x4007_FFFF	512KB
Wi-Fi FW	0x4008_0000	0x400A_FFFF	192KB
LP_SYSON	0x4800_0000	0x4800_0FFF	4KB
LP_TIM0 ~ 3/4/5	0x4800_2000	0x4800_2FFF	4KB
LP_RTC	0x4800_4000	0x4800_43FF	1KB
LP_IPC	0x4800_6000	0x4800_63FF	1KB
Key-Scan	0x4800_A000	0x4800_A3FF	1KB
I ² CO	0x4800_C000	0x4800_C3FF	1KB
UART3	0x4800_E000	0x4800_E3FF	1KB
LP_GDMA0	0x4801_0000	0x4301_07FF	2KB
UART2 (LOGUART)	0x4801_2000	0x4801_23FF	1KB
GPIOA/B	0x4801_4000	0x4801_47FF	2KB
RXI300_KM0	0x4801_8000	0x4801_8FFF	4KB
SGPIO	0x4801_A000	0x4801_AFFF	4KB
Cap-Touch/ADC/Comparator	0x4801_C000	0x4801_CFFF	4KB
Q-Decoder	0x4801_E000	0x4801_EFFF	4KB
Flash Controller	0x4808_0000	0x4808_0FFF	4KB
Flash Memory	0x0800_0000	0x0FFF_FFFF	128MB



4.4 KM4 Embedded SRAM

The KM4 contains up to a total 512KB of contiguous, on-chip static RAM memory. This embedded SRAM can be accessed as bytes (8 bits), half-words (16 bits) or full words (32 bits). It is divided into the following two blocks which can be accessed by both KM4 and KM0.

- KM4 SRAM1 (up to 256KB)
- KM4 SRAM2 (up to 256KB)

Dividing SRAM into two slave ports allows user's program to potentially obtain better performance. For example, simultaneous access to SRAM1 by the CPU and by the system DMA controller does not result in any bus stalls for either master.

Generally speaking, the CPU reads or writes all peripheral data at some point, even when all such data is read from or sent to a peripheral by DMA. So, minimizing stalls is likely to involve putting data to/from different peripherals in RAM on each port.

Alternatively, sequences of data from the same peripheral can be alternated between RAM on each port. This could be helpful if DMA fills or empties a RAM buffer, and signals the CPU before proceeding on to a second buffer. The CPU then tends to access the data while the DMA is using the other RAM.

In power domains, the entire SRAM is also divided into three blocks:

- SRAM_PD1 (up to 256KB)
- SRAM_PD2 (up to 128KB)
- SRAM PD3 (up to 128KB)

Each block can be disabled or enabled individually in the Power Management Unit (PMU) block to save power, and the entire SRAM can also keep power for quickly resuming from sleep mode when system enters sleep mode.

4.5 KM0 Embedded SRAM

The KMO features 64KB of system SRAM. The embedded SRAM can be accessed as bytes (8 bits), half-words (16 bits) or full words (32 bits).

This SRAM can be accessed by both KM4 and KM0.

4.6 KM4 Extension SRAM

When Bluetooth is disabled, more 64KB SPAM will be extended. This SRAM can also be accessed by both KM4 and KM0, up to 50MHz*32 bits.

4.7 Retention SRAM

The RTL872xCS features 1KB of Retention SRAM in order to allow saving data with minimal power usage during deepsleep mode.

This SRAM can be accessed by both KM4 and KM0.

4.8 SPI Flash Memory

The SPI Flash Controller (SPIC) manages CPU I-Code and D-Code accesses to the Flash memory. It implements the erase and program Flash memory operations, and the read/write protection mechanisms. It accelerates code execution with a system of instruction prefetch and cache lines.

4.9 PSRAM

4MB 8IO DDR PSRAM is included in RTL872xCS, up to 50MHz DDR.



5 Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)

5.1 Features

All interrupts including the core exceptions are managed by the NVIC. The nested vector interrupt controller NVIC includes the following features:

- Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller that is an integral part of each CPU.
- Tightly coupled interrupt controller provides low interrupt latency.
- Controls system exceptions and peripheral interrupts.
- The NVIC of the KM4 supports:
 - 58 vectored interrupts.
 - 8 programmable interrupt priority levels with hardware priority level masking.
 - Vector table offset register VTOR.
- The NVIC of the KM0 supports:
 - 32 vectored interrupts.
 - 4 programmable interrupt priority levels with hardware priority level masking.
 - Vector table offset register VTOR.
- Support for NMI from any interrupt.

The NVIC and the processor core interface are closely coupled, which enables low latency interrupt processing and efficient processing of late arriving interrupts.

5.2 NVIC Diagram

The diagram of NVIC is shown in Fig 5-1.

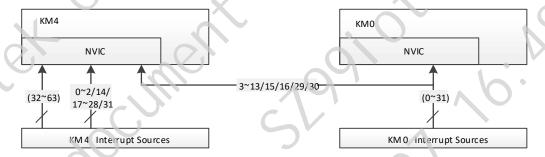


Fig 5-1 NVIC diagram

Most of KM0 interrupt signals are linked to KM4 NVIC at the same interrupt number like LOGUART, and other KM0 interrupt signals are not linked to KM4 NVIC like WDG/RXI300/IPC.

This mechanism let KM4 use KM0's peripheral like it is KM4's peripheral. But if an interrupt signal is shared by KM0 and KM4, just only one CPU can open this interrupt, if not, software will hang.

5.3 NVIC Table

Table 5-1 lists the interrupt sources for each peripheral function. Each peripheral device may have one or more interrupt lines to the Vectored Interrupt Controller. Each line may represent more than one interrupt source. The interrupt number does not imply any interrupt priority.

Note: The macro "configLIBRARY_MAX_SYSCALL_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY", which is used to define the highest interrupt priority controlled by FreeRTOS, is very important to interrupt. If the interrupt safe FreeRTOS API functions are called by the interrupt service routine, the priority of it must not be higher than this macro. Do not call RTOS_ISR functions from any interrupt that has a higher priority than this macro.



Table 5-1 NVIC table

IRQ	KM4 Name	KM0 Name	Description
	Reset	Reset	Reset
	NMI	NMI	Non-maskable interrupts (external NMI input). The WDG is linked to the NMI vector
	Hard Fault	Hard Fault	All fault conditions if the corresponding fault handler is not enabled
	MemManager Fault	MemManager Fault	Memory management fault; Memory Protection Unit (MPU) violation or access to
	iviemivianagei rauit	Weiliwanager rauit	illegal locations
	Bus Fault	Bus Fault	Bus error; occurs when Advanced High-Performance Bus (AHB) interface receives
			an error response from a bus slave (also called pre-fetch abort if it is an instruction
			fetch or data abort if it is a data access)
	Usage Fault	Usage Fault	Exceptions resulting from program error or trying to access coprocessor (the
			Cortex-M4 does not support a coprocessor)
	RSVD	RSVD	Reserved
	SVC	SVC	Supervisor Call
	Debug Monitor	Debug Monitor	Debug monitor (breakpoints, watch-points, or external debug requests)
	RSVD	RSVD	Reserved
	PendSV	PendSV	Pendable Service Call
	SYSTICK	SYSTICK	System Tick Timer
0	KM4_System_ISR	KM0_System_ISR	 KM4: System ISR include wakeup event, like HS Bluetooth/USB-dev/SDIO-
			dev/UARTO
			KM0: LS peripheral wakeup event, like GPIO/LUART/I2CO, etc.
1	WDG_ISR_H	WDG_ISR_L	KM4 & KM0 watchdog warning interrupt
2	RXI300_IRQ_H	RXI300_IRQ_L	KM4 RXI300 platform interrupt
_			KM0 RXI300 platform interrupt
3	UART log	UART log	KM4 & KM0 LP_ UARTO (LOGUART) interrupt
4	GPIOA	GPIOA	KM4 & KM0 GPIO PortA Interrupt (GPIO IPO PORTA)
5	RTC	RTC	KM4 & KM0 RTC interrupt
6	12C0	12C0	KM4 & KM0 I2C0 interrupt
7	SPI_FLASH	SPI_FLASH	KM4 & KM0 SPI FLASH interrupt
8	GPIOB	GPIOB	KM4 & KM0 GPIO PortB Interrupt (GPIO P1 PORTA)
9	LUART	LUART	KM4 & KM0 LP_UART1 interrupt
10	Key-Scan	Key-Scan	KM4 & KM0 Key-Scan interrupt
11	Cap-Touch	Cap-Touch	KM4 & KM0 Cap-Touch interrupt
12	BOR2	BOR2	KM4 & KM0 BOR Interrupt
13	SGPIO	SGPIO	KM4 & KM0 SGPIO interrupt
14	IPC_KM0	IPC_KM4	IPC interrupt:
1			KM0 IPC interrupt KM4
45	ADC	ADC	KM4 IPC interrupt KM0 KM4 IPC interrupt KM0
15	ADC	ADC	KM4 & KM0 ADC interrupt
16	Q-Decoder	Q-Decoder	KM4 & KM0 Q-Decoder interrupt
17	HTimer0	LTimer0	KM4 HTimer0 interrupt KM0 LTimer0 interrupt
10	UTimort	LTimer1	KM0 LTimer0 interrupt KM4 HTimer1 interrupt
18	HTimer1	rimeri	 KM4 HTimer1 interrupt KM0 LTimer1 interrupt
19	HTimer2	LTimer2	KM4 HTimer2 interrupt
19	HTIIIIetz	Lillieiz	KM0 LTimer2 interrupt
20	HTimer3	LTimer3	KM4 HTimer3 interrupt
20	1111111613	FILLICIS	KM4 Firmers interrupt KM0 LTimer3 interrupt
21	HTimer4	LTimer4	KM4 HTimer4 interrupt
	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	Limera	KM0 LTimer4 interrupt
22	HTimer5	LTimer5	KIV4 HTimer5 interrupt
		2.1111013	KIMO LTimer5 interrupt
23	LCDC	LGDMA0_Channel0	KM4 LCDC interrupt
			KM0 LGDMA0_Channel0 interrupt
24	USB	LGDMA0_Channel1	KM4 USB interrupt
			KM0 LGDMA0_Channel1 interrupt
		1	The state of the s



25	SDIO_DEV	LGDMA0_Channel2	KM4 SDIO_DEV interrupt
			KM0 LGDMA0_Channel2 interrupt
26	SD_HOST	Wi-Fi FISR (0x134) +	KM4 SD_HOST interrupt
		FESR (0x124)	KM0 Wi-Fi FISR + FESR interrupt
27	IPSEC	Wi-Fi FTSR (0x13C)	KM4 SD_HOST interrupt
		+ mailbox	KM0 Wi-Fi FTSR + mailbox interrupt
28	12S0	LGDMA0_Channel3	KM4 I2S0 interrupt
			KM0 LGDMA0_Channel3 interrupt
29	PWR_DOWN	PWR_DOWN	KM4 & KM0 PWR_DOWN interrupt, this interrupt will be triggered when power
			down pin push under power down interrupt mode
30	ADC_COMP	ADC_COMP	KM4 & KM0 ADC comparator interrupt
31	WL_DMA	KM4_WAKE_ISR	KM4 WL_DMA interrupt
			KM0: KM4 peripherals wake interrupt, the same as KM4_System_ISR
32	WL_PROTOCOL (0xB4)	-	KM4 WL_PROTOCOL interrupt
33	PSRAMC	-	KM4 PSRAMC interrupt
34	UARTO	-	KM4 HS_UARTO interrupt
35	UART1_BT	-	KM4 HS_UART1_BT interrupt
36	SPI0	-	KM4 HS_SPIO interrupt
37	SPI1	-	KM4 HS_SPI1 interrupt
38	HUSI0	-	KM4 HS_USI0 interrupt
39	IR	-	KM4 IR interrupt
40	BT_SCORE_BOARD		KM4 BT_SCORE_BOARD interrupt
41	GDMA0_Channel0	-	KM4 HS_GDMA0_Channel0 interrupt
42	GDMA0_Channel1	-	KM4 HS_GDMA0_Channel1 interrupt
43	GDMA0_Channel2	-	KM4 HS_GDMA0_Channel2 interrupt
44	GDMA0_Channel3	-	KM4 HS_GDMA0_Channel3 interrupt
45	GDMA0_Channel4		KM4 HS_GDMA0_Channel4 interrupt
46	GDMA0_Channel5	-)	KM4 HS_GDMA0_Channel5 interrupt
47	RSVD	-	Reserved
48	RSVD	-	Reserved
49	RSVD	-	Reserved
50	IPSEC_S	- aV	KM4 HS_IPSEC TrustZone interrupt
51	RXI300_IRQ_S		KM4 HS_RXI300 TrustZone interrupt
52	GDMA0_Channel0_S		KM4 HS_GDMA0_Channel0 TrustZone interrupt
53	GDMA0_Channel1_S	- 6	KM4 HS_GDMA0_Channel1 TrustZone interrupt
54	GDMA0_Channel2_S	- ()	KM4 HS_GDMA0_Channel2 TrustZone interrupt
55	GDMA0_Channel3_S	-	KM4 HS_GDMA0_Channel3 TrustZone interrupt
56	GDMA0_Channel4_S	-	KM4 HS_GDMA0_Channel4 TrustZone interrupt
57	GDMA0 Channel5 S		KM4 HS_GDMA0_Channel5 TrustZone interrupt



6 Wi-Fi Radio Characteristics

6.1 Wi-Fi RF Block Diagram

The Wi-Fi RF block diagram of RTL872xCS is given in Fig 6-1.

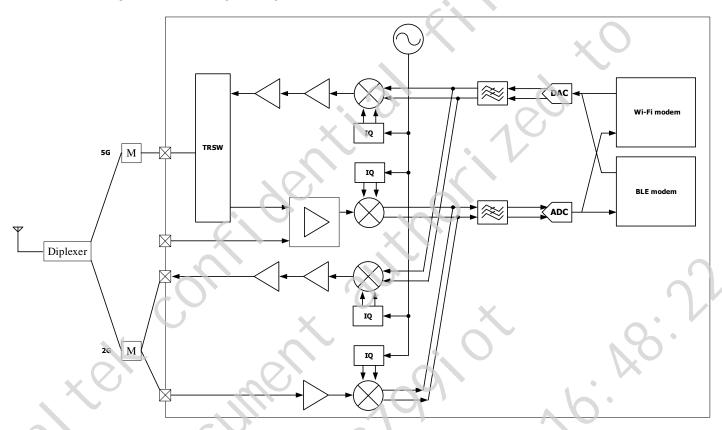


Fig 6-1 Wi-Fi RF block diagram

The radio frequency (RF) specifications of Wi-Fi are described in the tables below. These values are measured on the QFN68 board.

6.2 Wi-Fi 2.4GHz Band RF Receiver Specifications

Parameter	Description	Performa	nce (1.8V)		Performa	nce (3.3V)		Unit
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
Frequency Range	Center channel frequency	2412	- /	2484	2412	-	2484	MHz
Rx Sensitivity	1Mbps CCK	-99.5	-98.7	-98	-99.1	-98.6	-97.5	dBm
	2Mbps CCK	-96	-96	-95.5	-97	-95.9	-95.5	
	5.5Mbps CCK	-94.5	-94.4	-93.5	-94.5	-94.2	-93.5	
	11Mbps CCK	-91.5	-91.0	-90	-91.5	-91.1	-90.6	
Rx Sensitivity	BPSK rate 1/2, 6Mbps OFDM	-96	-95.7	-94.5	-96	-95.4	-94.3	dBm
	BPSK rate 3/4, 9Mbps OFDM	-94.5	-94.4	-93	-94.5	-94.3	-93.9	
	QPSK rate 1/2, 12Mbps OFDM	-93	-92.9	-92	-93	-92.9	-92.5	
	QPSK rate 3/4, 18Mbps OFDM	-90.5	-90.3	-89	-91	-90.4	-90	
	16QAM rate 1/2, 24Mbps OFDM	-87	-86.9	-86	-87	-86.8	-86.4	
	16QAM rate 3/4, 36Mbps OFDM	-84	-83.8	-82.5	-84	-83.8	-83.4	



	64QAM rate 1/2, 48Mbps OFDM	-79.5	-79.3	-78.5	-79.5	-79.2	-78.9	
	64QAM rate 3/4, 54Mbps OFDM	-78	-77.9	-76.5	-78.1	-77.8	-77	
Rx Sensitivity	MCS 0, BPSK rate 1/2	-95.5	-95.3	-94.5	-95.5	-95.1	-94.1	dBm
BW = 20MHz	MCS 1, QPSK rate 1/2	-92	-92	-91.5	-92.2	-92	-91.7	
Mixed Mode	MCS 2, QPSK rate 3/4	-90	-89.4	-88.5	-90	-89.4	-89	
800ns Guard Interval	MCS 3, 16QAM rate 1/2	-86.5	-86.2	-85.5	-86.5	-85.8	-84	
Non-STBC	MCS 4, 16QAM rate 3/4	-83.5	-82.9	-82	-83.2	-82.9	-82.5	
	MCS 5, 64QAM rate 2/3	-78.5	-78.4	-77.5	-78.5	-78.4	-78	
	MCS 6, 64QAM rate 3/4	-77	-76.8	-76	-77	-76.7	-76.4	
	MCS 7, 64QAM rate 5/6	-76	-75.4	-74	-75.7	-75.4	-75	
Rx Sensitivity	MCS 0, BPSK rate 1/2	-93	-92.5	-92.5	-93	-92.5	-92.2	dBm
BW = 40MHz	MCS 1, QPSK rate 1/2	-89.5	-89.1	-89	-89.5	-88.7	-87	
Mixed Mode	MCS 2, QPSK rate 3/4	-86.5	-86.5	-86	-87	-86.5	-86.4	
800ns Guard Interval	MCS 3, 16QAM rate 1/2	-83.5	-83.4	-83	-83.5	-83.3	-83	
Non-STBC	MCS 4, 16QAM rate 3/4	-80	-80	-79.5	-80	-79.9	-79	
	MCS 5, 64QAM rate 2/3	-75.5	-75.3	-73.5	-75.5	-75.4	-75	
	MCS 6, 64QAM rate 3/4	-74.5	-74	-73	-74.5	-74	-73.9	
	MCS 7, 64QAM rate 5/6	-73	-72.5	-72	-73	-72.5	-72.3	
Maximum Receive	6Mbps OFDM	-	0	-	-	0	-	dBm
Level	54Mbps OFDM	-	0	- 1	-	0	-	
	MCS 0	-	0)	-	0	-	
	MCS 7	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Receive Adjacent	1Mbps CCK	40	43	44	42	43	44	dBm
Channel Rejection	11Mbps CCK	39	40	41	39	41	42	
	BPSK rate 1/2, 6Mbps OFDM	39	40	41	39	40	41	
	64QAM rate 3/4, 54Mbps OFDM	20	22	23	20	22	24	
	HT20, MCS 0, BPSK rate 1/2	39	39	40	39	39	40	
	HT20, MCS 7, 64QAM rate 5/6	19	20	21	19	20	21	
. 1	HT40, MCS 0, BPSK rate 1/2	29	30	32	27	29	32	•
	HT40, MCS 7, 64QAM rate 5/6	10	11	13	9	10	11	

6.3 Wi-Fi 2.4GHz Band RF Transmitter Specifications

Parameter	Description	Performa	nce (1.8V)	Perforn	nance (3.3	V)	Unit
50		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
Frequency range	Center channel frequency	2412	-	2484	2412	-	2484	MHz
Output power with	utput power with 1Mbps CCK		14	-	-	21	-	dBm
spectral mask and EVM	11Mbps CCK	-	14	-	-	21	-	dBm
compliance ¹	BPSK rate 1/2, 6Mbps OFDM	-	13	-/	-	19	-	dBm
	64QAM rate 3/4, 54Mbps OFDM	-	12	-	1	18	-	dBm
	HT20-MCS 0, BPSK rate 1/2	-	12)-	-	18	-	dBm
	HT20-MCS 7, 64QAM rate 5/6	-	11	-	-	17.5	-	dBm
	HT40-MCS 0, BPSK rate 1/2	-(12	-	-	18	-	dBm
	HT40-MCS 7, 64QAM rate 5/6		11	-	-	17.5	-	dBm
Tx EVM	BPSK rate 1/2, 6Mbps OFDM	-	-	-5	1	-	-5	dB
	64QAM rate 3/4, 54Mbps OFDM	-	-	-25	ı	-	-25	dB
	HT20-MCS 0, BPSK rate 1/2	-	-	-5	-	-	-5	dB
	HT20-MCS 7, 64QAM rate 5/6	-	-	-28	1	-	-28	dB
	HT40-MCS 0, BPSK rate 1/2	-	-	-5	1	-	-5	dB
	HT40-MCS 7, 64QAM rate 5/6	-	-	-28	-	-	-28	dB
Output power variation ²	After do power trim at FT	-1.5	-	1.5	-1.5	-	1.5	dBm
Carrier suppression		-	-	-30	1	-	-30	dBm
	2nd harmonic	-	-36	-34	1	-23	-21.9	dBm



Harmonic output power	3rd harmonic	_	-26	-24	_	_15	-1/	dBm
Harmonic output power	Sid Haiffioliic	_	-20	-24	_	-13	-14	ubili
(IC port)								

- 1. Power level is tested after DPK on.
- 2. VDD18 voltage is within ±5% of typical value.



7 Electrical Characteristics

7.1 Temperature Limit Ratings

The temperature limit ratings of RTL872xCS are listed in Table 7-1.

Table 7-1 Temperature limit ratings

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
Storage Temperature	-55	+125	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature	-20	+85	°C
Junction Temperature	0	+125	°C

7.2 DC Characteristics

The direct current (DC) characteristics of power supply and digital I/O pin are illustrated in the following sections.

7.2.1 Power Supply

The power supply DC characteristics of RTLS72xCS are shown in Table 7-2.

Table 7-2 Power supply DC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
VA1833_XTAL, VR1833_SYN, VR1833_RF2,	1.85V or 3.3V Supply Voltage	1.76	1.85, 3.3	3.6	٧
VR1833_RF1, VR1833_PA_G, VA1333_USB,		X			
VA1833_PLL, VD1833_PMU,					
VD1833_SPS/VD1833_FLASH, AVCC_DRIV					
VD1833_GPIO	Digital I/O Supply Voltage	0.99	1.8 ~ 3.3	3.6	V
VA11_AFE, VA11_SYN, VA11_RF1,	1.1 / Core Supply Voltage	1.08	1.1	1.21	V
VA11_RF2, VD11_CORE, VA11_PLL					
IDD33	3.3V Rating Current (with internal regulator	-	1	450	mA
	and integrated CMOS PA)				
IDD_IO	I/O Rating Current (including VDD_IO)	-	-	200	mA
IDD_IO_33	3.3V I/O Rating Current	- ^	-	50	mA

7.2.2 Digital I/O Pin

The digital I/O pin DC characteristics of RTL872xCS are shown in Table 7-3 and Table 7-4, which illustrate 1.8V and 3.3V respectively.

Table 7-3 Digital I/O pin DC parameters (3.3V)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
V _{IH}	Input-High Voltage	LVTTL	2.0	-	-	V
V _{IL}	Input-Low Voltage	LVTTL	-	-	0.8	V
V _{OH}	Output-High Voltage	LVTTL	2.4	-	-	V
V _{OL}	Output-Low Voltage	LVTTL	=	-	0.4	V
I _{T+}	Schmitt-trigger High Level	-00	1.78	1.87	1.97	V
I _{T-}	Schmitt-trigger Low Level	- /	1.36	1.45	1.56	V
I _{IL}	Input-Leakage Current	V _{IN} = 3.3V or 0	-10	±1	10	μΑ

Table 7-4 Digital I/O pin DC parameters (1.8V)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
V_{IH}	Input-High Voltage	CMOS	0.65 * Vcc	-	-	٧



V_{IL}	Input-Low Voltage	CMOS	-	-	0.35 * Vcc	V
V _{OH}	Output-High Voltage	CMOS	Vcc-0.45	-	-	V
V _{OL}	Output-Low Voltage	CMOS	-	-	0.45	V
I _{T+}	Schmitt-trigger High Level	-	1.02	1.09	1.14	V
I _T .	Schmitt-trigger Low Level	-	0.67	0.73	0.87	V
I _{IL}	Input-Leakage Current	V _{IN} = 1.8V or 0	-10	±1	10	μΑ

7.3 Power State and Power Sequence

The timing specification of power sequence is listed in Table 7-5.

Table 7-5 Timing specification of power sequence

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
T_{PRDY}	VDDx ready time	0.6	0.6	1	ms
T _{CLK}	Internal ring clock stable time after VD1833 ready	1	- 10	-	ms
T _{core}	LP core power ready time	1.5	1.5	-	ms
T _{boot}	HS MCU boot time	200	200	-	ms
V_{RST}	Shutdown occurs after CHIP_EN lower than this voltage	0	0	0.5 * VDDx	V
T _{RST}	The required time that CHIP_EN lower than V _{RST}	1	1	-	ms

Note: VDDx is the supply power of VD1833.

7.3.1 Power On or Resuming from Deepsleep Sequence

The timing sequence of power on or resuming from deepsleep is given in Fig 7-1.

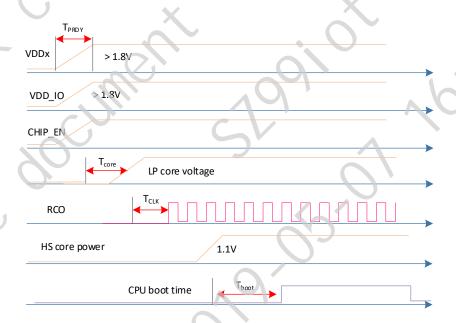


Fig 7-1 Timing sequence of power on or resuming from deepsleep

7.3.2 Shutdown Sequence

The timing sequence of shutdown is illustrated in Fig 7-2.



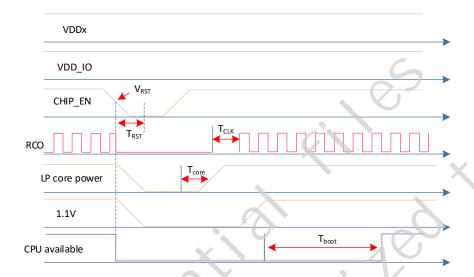


Fig 7-2 Timing sequence of shutdown

7.4 GPIO Pull Low Restriction

When one of the GPIOs listed below needs to be pulled low by a resistor on PCB, the pull low resistor value must > 1K Ohm.

Port Name	Resistor Value		Schematic
PA[7]	R > 1K Ohm		CDIO
PA[8]	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		GPIO
PA[9]	×		
PA[10]			9.
PA[11]			
PA[12]			R Restriction: R > 1K Ohm
PA[13]			
PA[14]		$_{\Lambda}$ \bigcirc	
PA[15]			
PA[16]		$C_{-}V$	=
PA[17]			GND
PA[18])		
PA[19]			
PA[20]			
PA[21]			
PA[22]			
PA[23]			
PA[24]			,
PA[25] PA[26]			
PA[20]		, U	
PA[27]			
PA[29]			
PA[30]	\cap	\mathcal{I}	
PA[31]			
PB[0]			
PB[1]			
PB[2]			
PB[3]			



PB[8]	
PB[9]	
PB[10]	
PB[11]	6
PB[12]	
PB[13]	
PB[14]	
PB[15]	
PB[16]	
PB[17]	
PB[26]	
PB[27]	

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8 Package Specifications

8.1 QFN48

The QFN48 package specification of RTL872xCS is shown in Fig 8-1 and Table 8-1.

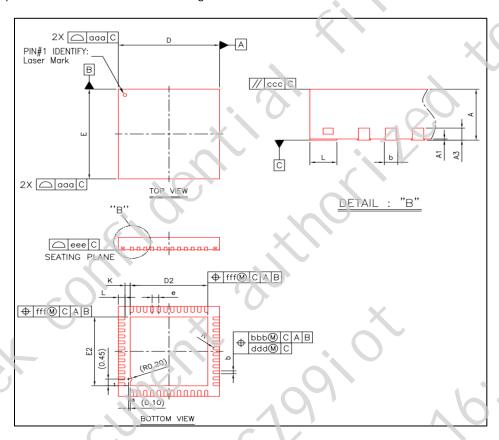


Fig 8-1 QFN48 package specification

Table 8-1 QFN48 package specification

Symbol	Dimension (mm)			Dimension (inch)		
	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum
Α	0.8	0.85	0.9	0.031	0.033	0.035
A ₁	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.000	0.001	0.002
A ₃	0.20 REF			0.008 REF		
b	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.006	0.008	0.010
D	6.00BSC			0.236BSC		
E	6.00BSC			0.236BSC		
D2/E2	4.50	4.60	4.70	0.177	0.181	0.185
е	0.40BSC			0.016BSC		
L	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.012	0.016	0.020
K	0.20	-	-	0.008	=	-
R	0.075	-	0.125	0.003	-	0.005
aaa	0.10			0.004		
bbb	0.07	·	·	0.003	·	·
ССС	0.10		•	0.004		
ddd	0.05	•		0.002	•	



eee	0.08	0.003
fff	0.10	0.004

Note:

- Controlling dimension: millimeter (mm).
- Reference document: JEDEC MO-220.

8.2 QFN68

QFN68 package specification of RTL872xCS is shown in Fig 8-2 and Table 8-2.

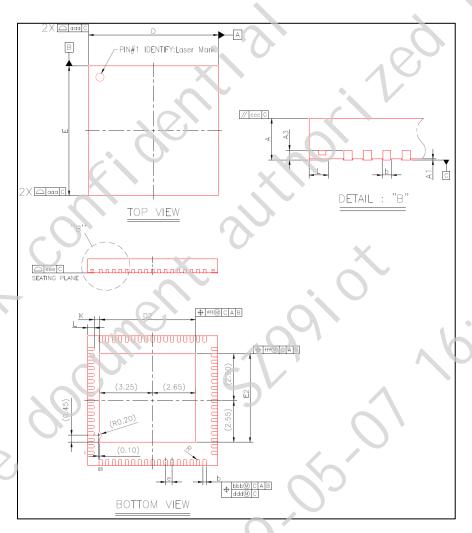


Fig 8-2 QFN68 package specification

Table 8-2 QFN68 package specification

Table 6.2 QT 100 package specification						
Symbol	Dimension (mm)			Dimension (inch)		
	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum
Α	0.80	0.85	0.90	0.031	0.033	0.035
A ₁	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.000	0.001	0.002
A ₃	0.2 REF 0.008 REF		0.2 REF			
b	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.006	0.008	0.010
D	7.90	8.00	8.10	0.311	0.315	0.319

Datasheet



E	7.90	8.00	8.10	0.311	0.315	0.319	
D ₂	5.80	5.90	6.00	0.205	0.209	0.213	
E ₂	5.35	5.45	5.55	0.217	0.220	0.224	
е	0.40 BSC	0.40 BSC			0.016 BSC		
L	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.012	0.016	0.020	
K	0.20	-	-	0.008	(-)	=	
R	0.075	-	0.125	0.003	-	0.005	
aaa	0.10	0.10			0.004		
bbb	0.07	0.07			0.003		
ССС	0.10	0.10			0.004		
ddd	0.05	0.05			0.002		
eee	0.08	0.08			0.003		
fff	0.10	0.10				_	

Note:

- Controlling dimension: millimeter (mm).
- Reference document: JEDEC MO-220.

8.3 QFN88

QFN88 package specification of RTL872xCS is shown in Fig 8-3 and Table 8-3.

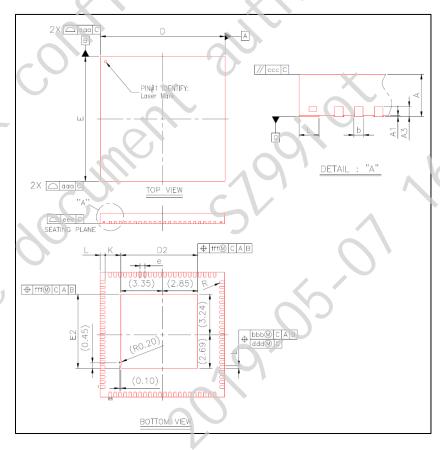


Fig 8-3 QFN88 package specification

Table 8-3 QFN88 package specification

	rable of a control particular.					
Symbol	Dimension (mm)	Dimension (inch)				

Datasheet



	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	
Α	0.80	0.85	0.90	0.031	0.033	0.035	
A ₁	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.000	0.001	0.002	
A ₃	0.20 REF			0.008 REF	6		
b	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.006	0.008	0.010	
D	9.90	10.00	10.10	0.390	0.394	0.398	
E	9.90	10.00	10.10	0.390	0.394	0.398	
D ₂	6.10	6.20	6.30	0.240	0.244	0.248	
E ₂	5.83	5.93	6.03	0.230	0.233	0.237	
е	0.40 BSC			0.016 BSC			
L	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.012	0.016	0.020	
K	0.20	-	-	0.008	-	-	
R	0.075	-	0.125	0.003	-	0.005	
aaa	0.10			0.004			
bbb	0.07			0.003			
ссс	0.10	0.10			0.004		
ddd	0.05	0.05			0.002		
eee	0.08	0.08			0.003		
fff	0.10	0.10					

Note:

- Controlling dimension: millimeter (mm).
- Reference document: JEDEC MO-220.



Revision History

Date	Version	Description
2410		· ·
2019-04-10	v1.7	Add the chapter: Wi-Fi Radio Characteristics
		Update the table: Timing specification of power sequence
		Update the table: Power supply DC characteristics
		Add the note of interrupt priority
		Add the section: GPIO Pull Low Restriction
2019-02-21	v1.6	Add the section: Power State and Power Sequence
		Re-organize the section: DC Characteristics
2019-02-12	v1.5	Modify the pin name (pin49) of QFN88 package
		Update the memory address
2018-12-29	v1.4	Update the package specification of QFN68
2018-12-20	v1.3	Update the peripherals under different packages
		Revise the incorrect pin number
2018-12-17	v1.2	Update the description of power pins
2018-12-03	v1.1	Re-organize the structure of document
		 Update package types of RTL872xD and QFN68/QFN88 pin assignments
		Fix the operating temperature limit
2018-10-18	v1.0	Add the description about AUDIO_GND
2018-10-09	v0.9	Add description about SDIO device time consuming
		Unify and normalize the technical items and expression
2018-07-04	v0.8	Add pin default configuration when boot
2018-07-04	v0.7	Change audio & Secure
2018-07-04	v0.6	Change system architecture
2018-07-03	v0.5	Update system architecture
2018-06-29	v0.4	Update power architecture
2018-06-28	v0.3	Add Peripherals
2018-06-27	v0.2	Add all features
2018-06-24	v0.1	Draft version