

## Week 2 Quiz

## TOTAL POINTS 6

Twice a week. not dependent on employee behavior.  ② You want to change an undestrable behavior.  ③ You are happy with your employees.  2. One danger of negative feedback is:  □ It can make employees disrespect you.  ③ It can be punishing or hurtful.  □ It can fall eastly if you are too gentile with it.  3. People tend to:  □ Weigh positive information more heavily than negative information.  ④ Weigh positive information more heavily than positive information.  ④ Weigh positive information more heavily than positive information.  ④ Weigh positive information more heavily than positive information.  ♦ Weigh positive information more heavily than positive information.  ♦ Weigh positive information more heavily than positive information.  ♦ Weigh positive information more heavily than positive information.  ♦ Weigh positive information for the negative information in some.  ♦ Not weigh positive or negative information.  4. What is one explanation for the negatively bias?  □ Our ancestors were war-like, and therefore predisposed to see the worst in others.  ● People are inherently negative, and enjoy seeing negative characteristics in other people.  ④ Our ancestors were war-like, and therefore sensitive to negative stimulation in order to survive.  ● People are inherently good, and therefore sensitive to negative characteristics of others.  5. How many compliments should you give per criticism in a marriage, according to Dr. Gottman?  □ 3  □ 1  ○ 7  ⑥ 5  6. The impact of negative events lasts:  ● Longer than the effects of positive events.  As long as it needs to.	1.	Negative feedback is used when:	1 point
<ul> <li>You want to charge an undestrable behavior.</li> <li>You are happy with your employee's performance and want it to continue.</li> <li>You are happy with your employees.</li> <li>One danger of negative feedback is:         <ul> <li>It can make employees disrespect you.</li> <li>It can be punishing or hurtful.</li> <li>It can fail easily if you are too gentle with it.</li> </ul> </li> <li>People tend to:         <ul> <li>Weigh positive information more heavily than negative information.</li> <li>Weigh negative information more heavily than positive information.</li> <li>Weigh negative information more heavily than positive information.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Weigh positive and negative information to same.         <ul> <li>Not weigh positive or negative information.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Weigh positive or negative information.</li> </ul> <li>Wethat is one explanation for the negativity bias?         <ul> <li>I pain</li> <li>Our ancestors were war-like, and enjoy seeing negative characteristics in other people.</li> <li>Our ancestors needed to pay more attention to negative stimulation in order to survive.</li> <li>People are inherently good, and therefore sensitive to negative characteristics of others.</li> </ul> </li> <li>How many compliments should you give per criticism in a marriage, according to Dr. Gottman?         <ul> <li>1 point</li> <li>7</li> <li>5</li> <li>Compart than the effects of positive everts.</li> <li>As long as it needs to.</li> </ul> </li>			
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As long as it needs to.			FEST
As long as it needs to.		Longer than the effects of positive events.	

Shorter than the effect of positive events.		
The same amount of time as positive events.		
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