

## Autodesk Maya Python API Training

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## Homework Review:

### Agenda

DG / DAG Operations

Maya Callback System

Software Shader

Custom Translator

### **DG/ DAG Operations**



### **MDGModifier**

Used to create remove, and edit nodes in the DG.

This class automatically provides undo and redo for all it's operations, opposed to implementing all the undo your self.

When each of the functions for editing the DG is called, a record of it is stored from this class.

Important functions in this class:

- dolt()
- undolt()

## DG/DAG Operations

#### MDGModifier / MDagModifier:

- Facilitate the creation or deletion of nodes and connections
- Provides undo/redo support
- MDagModifier: dag node creation/parenting
- Holds a list of operations. Operations are queued as they are called.
- Does not perform these operations until MDGModifier::dolt() call is issued.

### MDGModifier code structure

```
import maya.OpenMaya as OpenMaya
dgMod = OpenMaya.MDGModifier()
dgMod.createNode ( "transform")
dgMod.commandToExecute("sphere -n sphere1 -r 1;")
dgMod.connect(.....)
.....
dgMod.dolt()
```

All these operations won't get executed until dgMod.dolt()

To undo all these operations, dgMod.undolt()

### Maya Callback System

Maya callbacks allow the user to register functions against specific Maya events.

#### Maya callback classes:

MMessage: base class, remove callback, query callbacks

MDGMessage - node added, removed, connected

MNodeMessage - attribute callbacks

MSceneMessage - before/after: file open, import, export, etc.

MUiMessage - UI objects

MEventMessage - idle, timeChanged, undo, redo, etc.

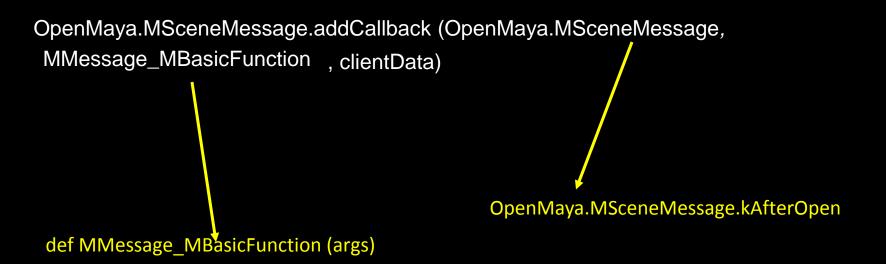
MConditionMessage - specific conditions

MModelMessage - model related messages

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### MMessage and Callback Functions



OpenMaya.MSceneMessage.addCallback (OpenMaya.MSceneMessage.kAfterOpen, afterFileOpenCallback)

### MMessage and Callback Functions

OpenMaya.MSceneMessage.addCallback (OpenMaya.MSceneMessage, Mmessage\_MBasicFunction, clientData)

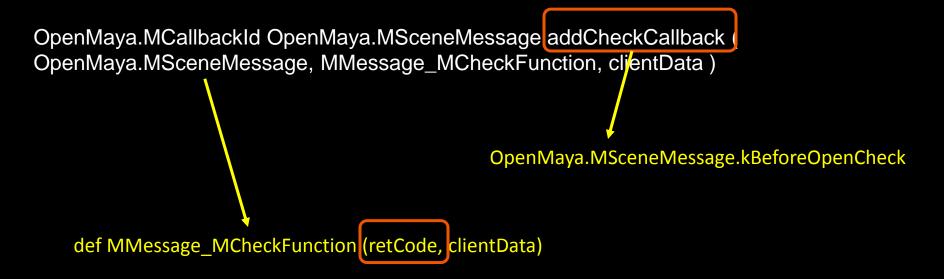
```
Id = OpenMaya.MCallbackId()

def afterFileOpenCallback(clientData):
    print "Come to this afterFileOpenCallback function\n"

def MyCmd_addCallback():
    id = OpenMaya.MSceneMessage.addCallback(OpenMaya.MSceneMessage.kAfterOpen, afterFileOpenCallback)
```

```
def MyCmd_removeCallback():
    OpenMaya.MMessage.removeCallback( id )
```

## Abort operations



retCode: Result of the function. Provide programmer with options to abort current operations by return false through this variable.

In Python use OpenMaya.MScriptUtil.setBool(retCode, True) since python can't handle pointer or reference.

### **Abort Operations**

```
def beforeOpenCheckCallback(retCode, clientData):
```

#Do custom operations, for example, check file versions...

print "Error: file version is not correct, abort opening operations\n"

OpenMaya.MScriptUtil.setBool(retCode, False)

#### def MyCmd\_addCallback():

Open Maya. MScene Message. add Check Callback (Open Maya. MScene Message. kBefore Open Check, before Open Check Callback)

## Shading Network and Software Shader

- Different types of software shaders
- Shading group
- Custom Software Shader

### Software Shading Node

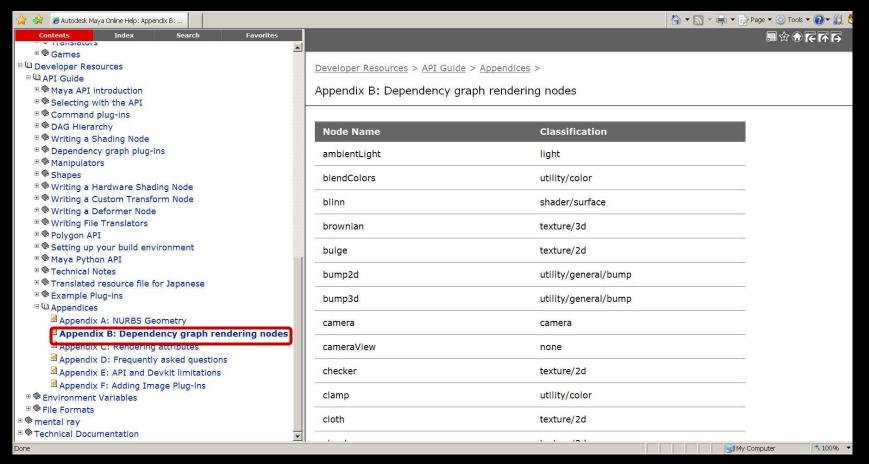
DG Nodes to form Shading Networks

#### Different Types of Software Shading Nodes:

Туре	Frame
Textures	2D Textures, 3D Textures Environment Textures
Materials	Surface Materials, Volumetric Materials Displacement Materials
Lights	Lights
Utilities	General Utilities Color Utilities Particle Utilities Image Planes Glow

### Shading Nodes List

Developer Resources -- API Guide -- Appendices -- Appendix B: Dependency Graph rendering Nodes



### **Shading Group**

- An Object Set
  - A logical grouping of an arbitrary collection of objects, attributes or component of objects
  - Membership is defined by connections:

```
whole object is in set:
```

node.instObjGroups → objectSet.dagSetMembers

A part of components are in set:

node.objectGroups → objectSet.dagSetMembers

MEL command for "objectSet" node

```
sets -e -add blinn1SG pCubeShape2;
sets -q -size blinn1SG;
```

## Shading Group (Renderable Sets)

Only renderable elements can be added into Shading Group

```
sets –q –renderable blinn1SG; //always return true
```

Every shader has to be connected with a shading group

```
shadingNode -asShader blinn;

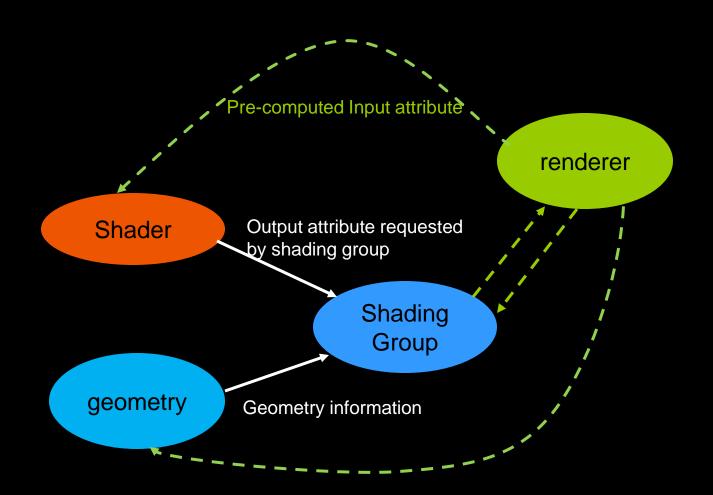
// Result: blinn1 //
sets -renderable true -noSurfaceShader true -empty -name blinn1SG;

// Result: blinn1SG //
connectAttr -f blinn1.outColor blinn1SG.surfaceShader;

// Result: Connected blinn1.outColor to blinn1SG.surfaceShader. //
```

Connection point between geometry and shader

## Rendering Network



## Custom Shading Node

#### Registration:

MFnPlugin::registerNode (const MString & typeName, const MTypeId & typeId, MCreatorFunction creatorFunction, MInitializeFunction initFunction, MPxNode::Type type = MPxNode::kDependNode, const MString \* classification

Туре	Frame	Classification String
Textures	2D Textures, 3D Textures Environment Textures	"texture/2d" "texture/3d" "texture/environment"
Materials	Surface Materials, Volumetric Materials Displacement Materials	"shader/surface"  "shader/volume"  "shader/displacement"
Lights	Lights	"light"
Utilities	General Utilities Color Utilities Particle Utilities Image Planes Glow	"utility/general"  "utility/color"  "utility/particle"  "imageplane"  "postprocess/opticalFX"

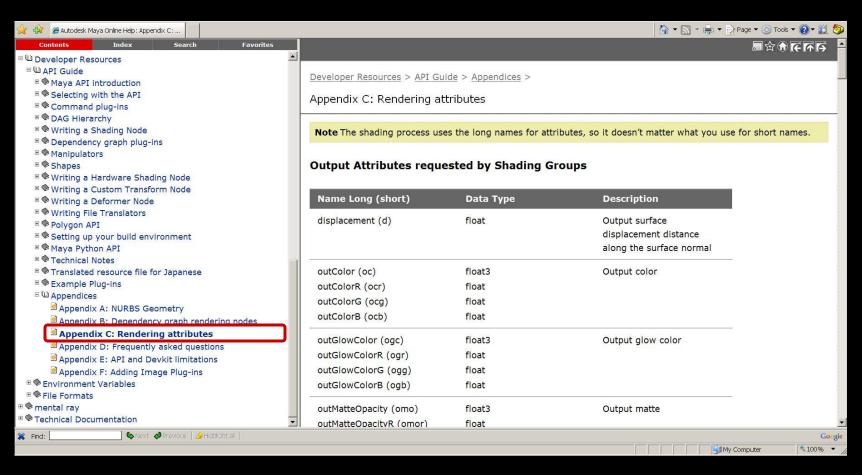
### Custom Shading Node

#### Code Structure:

```
myShaderId = OpenMaya.MTypeId(0x00001)
class myShader (OpenMayaMPx::MPxNode):
 def init (self):
    OpenMayaMPx.MPxNode. init (self)
 def compute(self,plug,data):
    # code ...
def myShader creator():
 return OpenMayaMPx.asMPxPtr( myShader() )
def myShader initialize():
   #Input attributes
   Output attributes
```

## Software Shading Node

#### Rendering Attributes



## Shading node icons for Hypershade

XPM format: 32x32

Icon name: preface "render\_".

lambertShader.mll: render\_lambertShader.xpm

XBMLANGPATH: Put the icons in one of the directories specified in your XBMLANGPATH.

### Custom Translator

Transmitting data in your production pipeline

Define custom file format

Decide what contents you want to export

Plug-in vs. Standalone Application

### Custom Translator Plug-in

#### Derived from MPxFileTranslator:

- Maya consistent UI (File->Export, File->Import)
- register your extension with Maya
- implement a reader and writer in the same plug-in

## Register MSceneMessage callbacks to execute operations before/after import/export

- MSceneMessage::kBeforeExport
- MSceneMesage::kAfterExport
- MSceneMessage::kBeforeImport
- MSceneMessage::kAfterImport

## Devkit Example: lepTranslator (C++)

Adds the new file format "Lep" to the file manipulation dialogs

An "Lep" file is an ASCII file with a first line of "<LEP>". The remainder of the file contains MEL commands that create one of the primitives: nurbsSphere, nurbsCone and nurbsCylinder, as well as move commands to position them.

### **MPxFileTranslator**

Custom file format:

```
static MString myfileExt("lep");
```

MString MPxFileTranslator::defaultExtension() return custom file format

MPxFileTranslator::identifyFile()

determine whether it is the type supported by the translator

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### MPxFileTranslator: read & write

MPxFileTranslator::canBeOpened()

decide whether it is an importer or exporter

bool MPxFileTranslator::haveReadMethod()

MStatus MPxFileTranslator::reader ( const MFileObject & file, const MString & optionsString, MPxFileTranslator::FileAccessMode mode )

Mode: the method used to read the file – open or import

bool MPxFileTranslator::haveWriteMethod()

MStatus MPxFileTranslator::writer (const MFileObject & file, const MString & optionsString, MPxFileTranslator::FileAccessMode mode )

Mode: the method used to write the file - save, export, or export active

### Example: lepTranslator

```
magic =MString ("")
class LepTranslator (OpenMayaMPx.MPxFileTranslator):
            def init (self):
              OpenMayaMPx.MPxFileTranslator. init (self)
            def reader (mfileobject, optionsString, fileAccessMode):
              #code ...
            def writer ( mfileobject, optionsString, fileAccessMode):
              #code ...
            def haveReadMethod ():
              return True
            def haveWriteMethod ():
              return True
            def defaultExtension ():
            def canBeOpened():
            def identifyFile (fileName, buffer, size):
            def getPosition(transform, tx, ty, tz ):
```

### MPxFileTranslator

#### Register custom file translator:

### UI for MPxFileTranslator

Export Options: a text string with format: varName1=value1;varName2=value2;...

```
lepTranslatorOpts.mel
global proc int lepTranslatorOpts ( )
{
    ......
}
```

In lepTranslator example, the option string is "showPositions = 1" or "showPositions = 0"

### **Workshop Session**



### Example: setUpTransCircle

transCircle node

setUpTransCircle: In this example, we create a custom command, and simulate the same functionality of the MEL operations we used in "transCircleNode" project, which set up the transCircle node.

Here are the commands you need to simluate:

```
createNode transCircle -n circleNode1;
sphere -n sphere1 -r 1;
sphere -n sphere2 -r 2;
connectAttr sphere2.translate circleNode1.inputTranslate;
connectAttr circleNode1.outputTranslate sphere1.translate;
connectAttr time1.outTime circleNode1.input;
```

## Example: sceneMsgCmd

sceneMsgCmd: this example register several callbacks for scene messages such as MSceneMessage::kBeforeOpen and MSceneMessage::kAfterNew, it also shows how to abort the operation by setting retCode.