

Chapter 5: Working with Feature Service, Part I

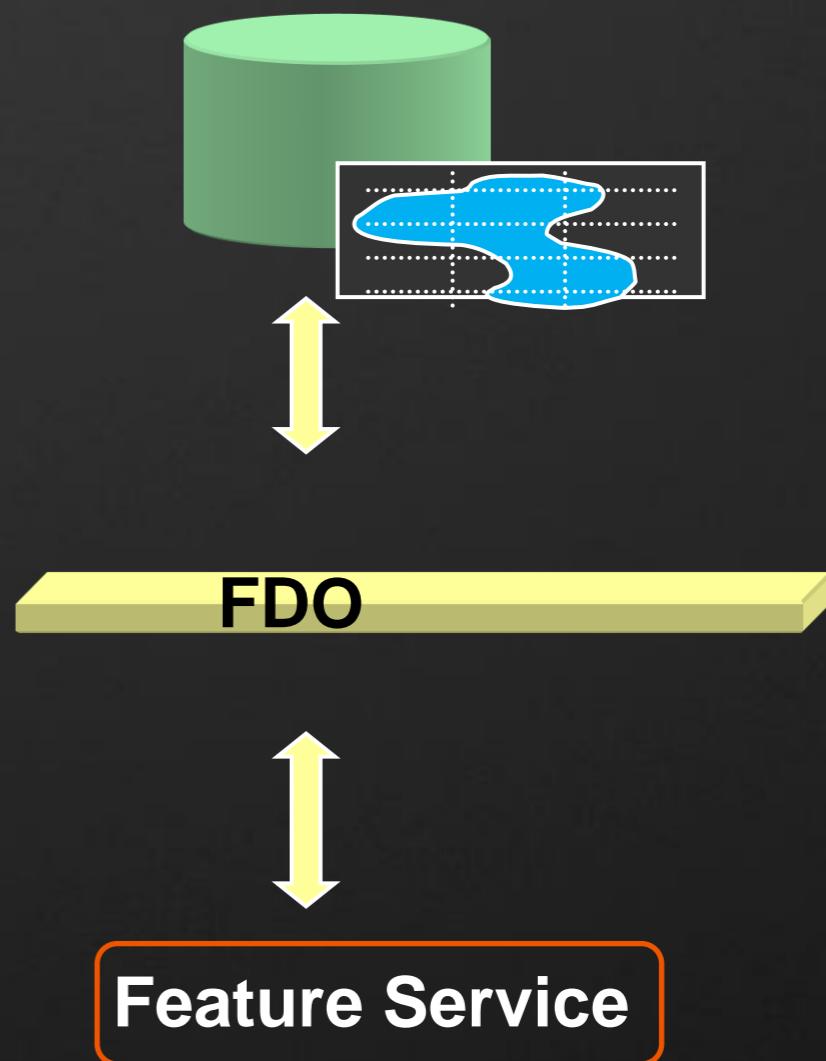
FDO Providers, Feature Query, and Feature Selection

Chapter Overview

- Introduction to feature service
- FDO providers and their capabilities
- Feature source and schema
- Feature query
 - Tabular query
 - Spatial query
- Feature spatial operations
- Feature selection
 - Client side
 - Server side

Feature Service Overview

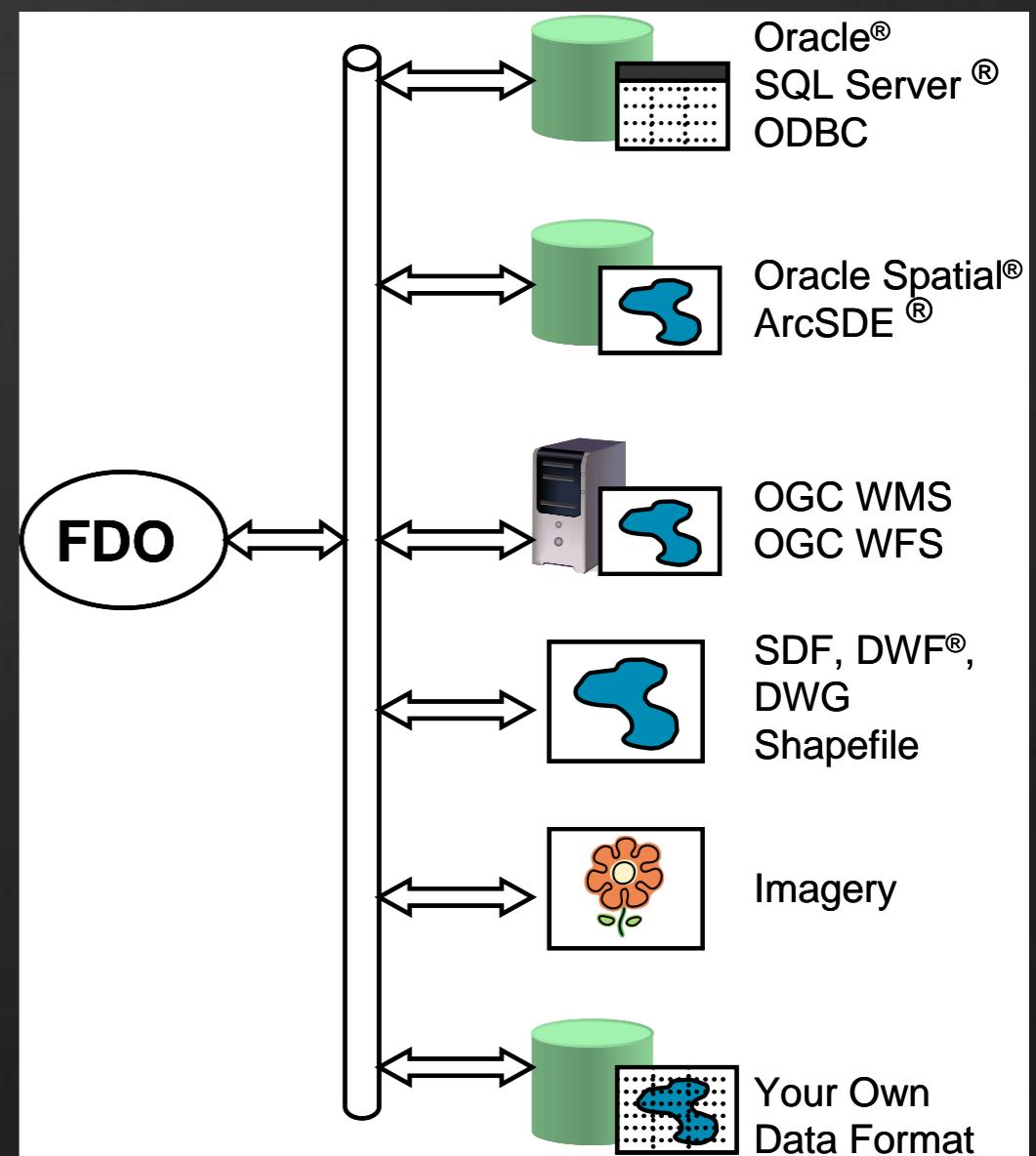
- Feature service provides APIs to store and retrieve features.
- Independent of the data storage technology by creating an abstraction layer.
- FDO (Feature Data Object) is used to construct this abstraction layer.
- Key concepts
 - Feature
 - Feature source
 - Feature class



FDO Providers

FDO (Feature Data Objects)

- a set of API for manipulating, defining, and analyzing geographic data.
- Provides consistent access to different data storage with a common general purpose abstraction layer.
- You can implement your own custom FDO provider with FDO SDK



Get Feature Service

- Feature service can be created from MgSiteConnection object.
- It can restore the previous MapGuide session state because the MgSiteConnection object was created with session ID.

```
MgUserInformation userInfo = new MgUserInformation(sessionID);
siteConnection = new MgSiteConnection();
siteConnection.Open(userInfo);

MgFeatureService featureService =
(MgFeatureService)siteConnection.CreateService(
    MgServiceType.FeatureService);
```

FDO Registry

- FDO providers are registered on MapGuide Enterprise server.
- Physically under this directory -
C:\Program Files\Autodesk\MapGuideEnterprise2011\Server\Bin\FDO
- Programmatically get the registry and list the providers with this code snippet.

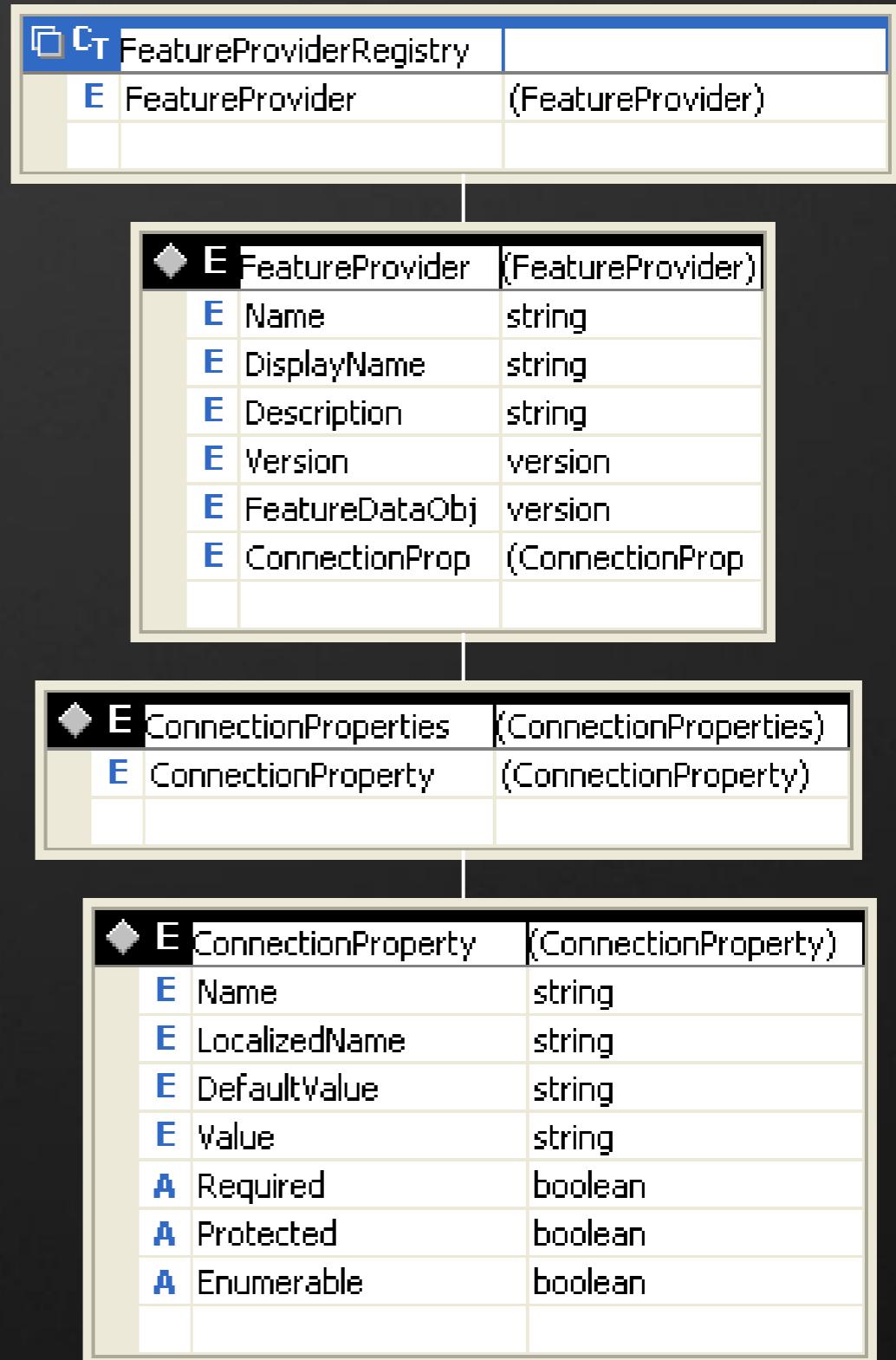
```
MgByteReader reader =  
featureService.GetFeatureProviders();  
String providers = reader.ToString();
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no" ?>  
- <FeatureProviderRegistry>  
- <FeatureProvider>  
  <Name>OSGeo.SDF.3.4</Name>  
  <DisplayName>OSGeo FDO Provider for SDF</DisplayName>  
  <Description>Read/write access to Autodesk's spatial database format, a file-based  
  <Version>3.4.0.0</Version>  
  <FeatureDataObjectsVersion>3.4.0.0</FeatureDataObjectsVersion>  
- <ConnectionProperties>  
  - <ConnectionProperty Enumerable="false" Protected="false" Required="true">  
    <Name>File</Name>  
    <LocalizedName>File</LocalizedName>  
    <DefaultValue />  
  </ConnectionProperty>  
  - <ConnectionProperty Enumerable="true" Protected="false" Required="false">  
    <Name>ReadOnly</Name>  
    <LocalizedName>ReadOnly</LocalizedName>  
    <DefaultValue>TRUE</DefaultValue>  
    <Value>FALSE</Value>  
    <Value>TRUE</Value>  
  </ConnectionProperty>  
  - <ConnectionProperty Enumerable="false" Protected="false" Required="false">  
    <Name>MaxCacheSize</Name>  
    <LocalizedName>MaxCacheSize</LocalizedName>  
    <DefaultValue />  
  </ConnectionProperty>  
</ConnectionProperties>  
</FeatureProvider>  
- <FeatureProvider>  
  <Name>OSGeo.SHP.3.4</Name>  
  <DisplayName>OSGeo FDO Provider for SHP</DisplayName>  
  <Description>Read/write access to spatial and attribute data in an ESRI SHP file.  
  <Version>3.4.0.0</Version>  
  <FeatureDataObjectsVersion>3.4.0.0</FeatureDataObjectsVersion>  
</FeatureProvider>
```

Understand FDO Registry

- FDO registry lists all the FDO providers available to MapGuide Enterprise server.
- It also shows the connections properties on how to establish such a connection.
- For example
 - OSGeo.SDF.3.4
 - File
 - ReadOnly
 - Autodesk.Oracle.3.4
 - Username
 - Password
 - Service
 - Datastore

FDO Registry Schema



FDO Provider Capabilities

- Different FDO provider has different capabilities.
- For example
 - SHP and SDF don't support topology.
 - Oracle and SQL Server support database transaction.
 - Oracle has much more spatial operations than SDF.
- Get a provider's capability programmatically.

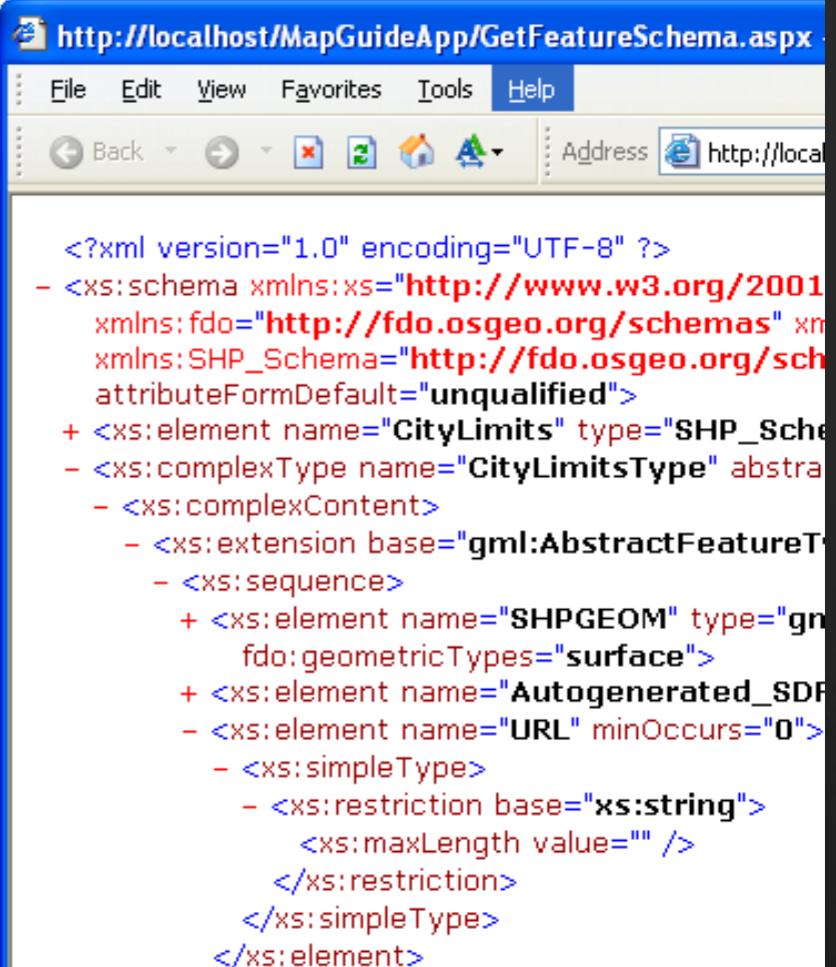
FDO Provider Capabilities

FdoProviderCapabilities		
E	Provider	(Provider)
E	Connection	(Connection)
E	Schema	(Schema)
E	Command	(Command)
E	Filter	(Filter)
E	Expression	(Expression)
E	Raster	(Raster)
E	Topology	(Topology)
E	Geometry	(Geometry)

```
featureService.GetCapabilities(fullProviderName);
```

Understand Feature Schema

- Feature schema Defines the structure of data contained in a feature source.
- A feature class contains a set of properties.
- Each property has a set of attributes correspondent to the type of data it contains.
- Think feature class as a table and property as a column.
- Get the schema programmatically.



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <http://localhost/MapGuideApp/GetFeatureSchema.aspx>. The page displays an XML schema document. The schema defines a complex type 'CityLimitsType' with a base type 'gml:AbstractFeatureType'. It includes elements for 'SHPGEOM' (with a restriction on fdo:geometricTypes="surface") and 'Autogenerated_SDP'. There is also a simple type 'URL' with a string restriction. The XML code is color-coded with blue for tags and red for namespaces and attributes.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
- <xss:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:fdo="http://fdo.osgeo.org/schemas"
  xmlns:SHP_Schema="http://fdo.osgeo.org/schemas"
  attributeFormDefault="unqualified">
+ <xss:element name="CityLimits" type="SHP_Schema:CityLimitsType" abstract="true">
- <xss:complexType name="CityLimitsType" abstract="true">
- <xss:complexContent>
- <xss:extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
- <xss:sequence>
+ <xss:element name="SHPGEOM" type="gml:GeometryType"
  fdo:geometricTypes="surface">
+ <xss:element name="Autogenerated_SDP" type="xs:string" />
- <xss:element name="URL" minOccurs="0">
- <xss:simpleType>
- <xss:restriction base="xs:string">
<xs:maxLength value="" />
</xs:restriction>
</xss:simpleType>
</xss:element>
```

```
featureService.DescribeSchemaAsXml(resourceIdentifier, "");
```

Get Features from Source

- Feature service provides methods to retrieve features form a source.
- Retrieved features are stored in MgFeatureReader.
- Enumerate through the MgFeatureReader object to get individual feature.
- Get the property values based on the types defined in the feature schema.

```
MgFeatureReader featureReader = featureService.SelectFeatures(resId,  
"VotingDistricts", null) ;  
  
while (featureReader.ReadNext()) {  
    int key = featureReader.GetInt32("Autogenerated_SDF_ID") ;  
    MgByteReader byteReader = featureReader.GetGeometry("Data") ;  
  
    MgGeometry geometry = geometryReaderWriter.Read(byteReader) ;  
    MgPoint point = geometry.GetCentroid() ;  
    double x = point.GetCoordinate().GetX() ;  
    double y = point.GetCoordinate().GetY() ;  
}
```

Query with Filter

- You can select a set of features from a source according to the criteria set in MgFeatureQueryOptions.
- Selection can be performed on both feature attributes and feature geometries.

```
MgFeatureQueryOptions query = new MgFeatureQueryOptions();
query.SetFilter("Year >= 1990");
query.SetSpatialFilter("SHPGEOM", geometry,
    MgFeatureSpatialOperations.Inside);
MgFeatureReader featureReader =
    featureService.SelectFeatures(resId, "feature_class_name", query);
```

Basic Filter

Basic Filter

- Mainly used to perform queries on the attribute table.
- Conditions
 - Comparison
 >, <, <>, >=, <=
 - Like
 - In
- Expression functions
 - Avg
 - Sum
 - Count
 - Min, Max
 - Ceil, Floor
 - ...

Filter String Examples

```
YEAR > 1990 and Year < 2000
NAME like "Richmond%"
RVALUE in (500000, 1000000)
DATE > '1995-3-15'
ADDRESS NULL
Ceil(PRICE1*1.2) < PRICE2*0.8
```

Geometry Spatial Relationship

Spatial Relationship Predicates

- Defined by the definition of boundary, interior, and exterior of two geometries.

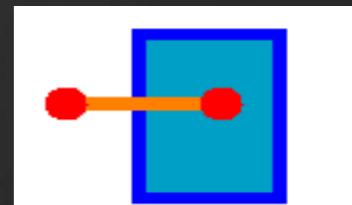
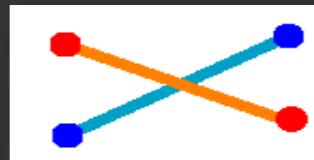
OGC Common Predicates

- Contains
- Crosses
- Disjoint
- Equals
- Intersects
- Overlaps
- Touches
- Within

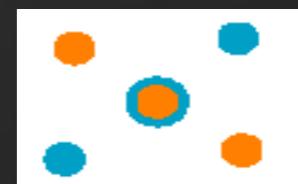
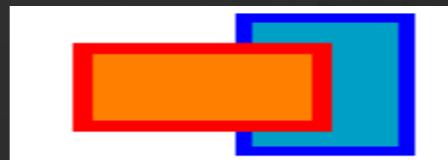
Note: please refer to the provider's capabilities for the actual predicts.

Spatial Relationship Predicate Samples

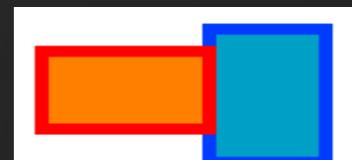
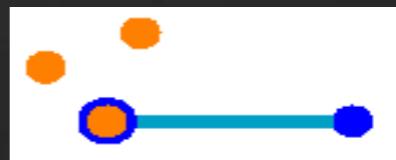
Crosses



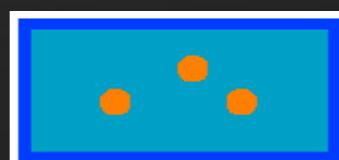
Intersects



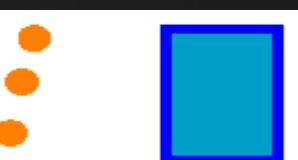
Touches



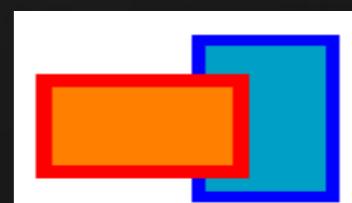
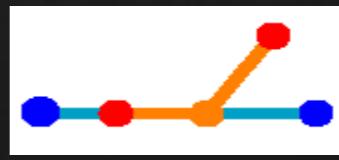
Within



Disjoint



Overlaps



Spatial Filter

Spatial filters

- Operate queries on the relationship of two geometries.
- Based on spatial relationships
- Two ways to set spatial filters on MgFeatureQueryOptions -
 - SetSpatialFilter
 - SetFilter

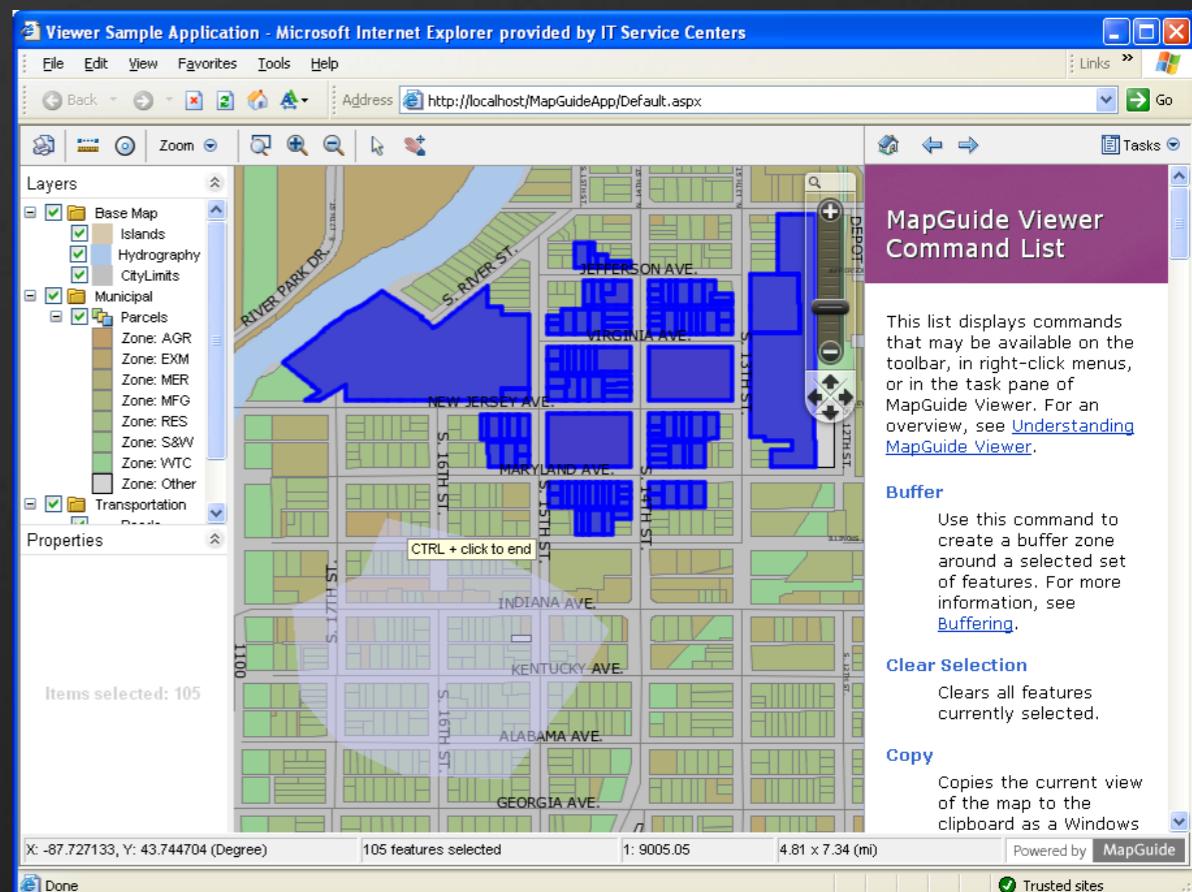
```
MgFeatureQueryOptions query = new MgFeatureQueryOptions();
String areaWkt = "POLYGON ((0 0, 2 0, 2 2, 0 2, 0 0))";
query.SetFilter("SHPGEOM inside GEOMFROMTEXT(" + areaWkt + ")");

query.SetSpatialFilter("SHPGEOM", aGeometryObject,
MgFeatureSpatialOperations.Inside);
```

Work with Selections

- Selection is the operation to pick up features according to user's interests.
- Selection has two parts:
 - On the client side, user specify the area of interests with the viewer tool.
 - On the server side, the map display is updated accordingly to highlight the features within the area of interest.
- The communication between client and server is via XML.

Selections on viewer



Select on Client Side (AJAX/Fusion)

- Select on the client side with AJAX or Fusion viewer and get results on the server side
- Selection results can be accessed with server APIs.

```
MgMap map = new MgMap();
map.Open(resourceService, "map_name");
MgSelection selection = new MgSelection(map);
selection.Open(resourceService, "map_name");
String filter = selection.GenerateFilter(mgLayer,
    "feature_class_name");
MgFeatureQueryOptions option = new MgFeatureQueryOptions();
option.SetFilter(filter);
featureService.SelectFeatures(resId, "feature_class_name",
    option);
```

Select on Server Side

- Selection can also be made on the server side programmatically
- Selection results can be sent to the viewer to update the map display and highlight selected features.

```
featureReader = featureService.SelectFeatures(resourceID, "Parcel",
    option);
MgSelection newSelection = new MgSelection(map);
newSelection.AddFeatures(mgLayer, featureReader, 0);
String selectionXml = newSelection.ToXml();
```

```
<script language="javascript">
    function onPageLoad() {
        var selectionXML = '<%= selectionXML %>';
        parent.parent.SetSelectionXML(selectionXML);
    }
</script>
```

Questions

Questions ?

Exercise

- Highlight selection
- List selection
- Solution 4