Assignment 7, Part A

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1

Independent

2

Write a RISC-V assembly function to search a specified integer in an integer array. The function should take the base address of the array, the number of elements in the array, and the specified integer as function arguments. The function should return the index number of the first array entry that holds the specified value. If no array element is the specified value, it should return the value -1.

```
is is the base of the array.
       is the number of elements in the array.
    a2 is the number that the function searches for.
4
    The function returns the index in a0 (if found), otherwise
5
6
  find_int:
7
           addi t0, x0, 1 # t0 is 1.
           if:
9
               blt a1, t0, return_1 # If size < 1 return -1
10
           add t0, a0, x0 # t0 is a pointer to a0.
           slli t3, a1, 2 # t3 is the size of the array in bytes.
12
           add t1 a0, t3 # t1 is a pointer to the last element of
13
14
           loop:
15
               blt t1, t0, return_1 # t1 < t0
16
               1w \ t2, 0(t0) \ # \ t2 = *t0
17
               if_equal:
18
                        beq t2, a2, return_found # If t2 == a2
19
                           return the index.
               addi t0, t0, 4 # t0++
20
               jal x0, loop
22
           return_found:
23
                        sub a0, t0, a0 # Calculate the index.
24
                        srai a0, a0, 2
25
                        jalr x0, x1, 0
26
           return_1:
27
                   addi a0, x0, -1 # Return -1.
28
                   jalr x0, x1, 0
29
```

3

Consider a RISC-V assembly function func1. func1 has three passing arguments stored in registers a0, a1 and a2, uses temporary registers t0-t3 and saved registers s4-s10. func1 needs to call func2 and other functions may call func1 also. func2 has two passing arguments stored in registers a0 and a1, respectively. In func1, after the program returns to func1 from func2, the code needs the original values stored in registers t1 and a0 before it calls func2.

- a. Ten words need to be stored in the stack.
- **b.** Funct1 needs to store the values inside a0, t1, s4-s10, ra in the stack.

4

Implement the C code snippet in RISC-V assembly language. Use s0-s2 to hold the variables i, j, and $\min_i dxinthefucntionselectionSort.Besuretohanglethestackpointerappropriatly.Thearrayisstore a)$

```
selectionSort takes a0 (base address) and a1
                                                         (number of
     elements).
            selectionSort:
2
                              # s0 is i
3
                                s1 is min_idx
4
                                 s2 is a0 or arr[]
                                 s3
                                    is a1 or n
6
                                 s4
                              # Save the s and ra registers into the
9
                                  stack:
                              addi sp, sp,
                                              -24
10
                              sw s0, 0(sp)
11
                              sw s1, 4(sp)
12
                                 <mark>s2</mark>, 8(sp)
13
                                    3, 12(sp)
14
                                   <mark>4</mark>, 16(sp)
15
                              sw x1, 20(sp)
16
17
                              # Store a0 and a1:
18
                              add s2, a0, x0
19
                              add s3, a1, x0
20
21
22
                              addi s4, a1, -1 # pass n -1
23
                              add s0, x0, x0 # i = 0
24
                              for:
25
                                   bge s0, s4, end_loop # i >= n - 1
26
                                      goto end_loop
27
                                   # Call findMinimum function:
28
29
                                   add a0, s2, t0 # pass &array[i] to
30
                                      a0
                                   sub a1, s3, s0 # pass n - i
31
                                   jal x1, findMinimum
32
33
                                   # Set min_idx to the value in a0:
34
                                   add s1, a0, x0
35
```

```
if_swap:
37
                                          beq s1, x0, continue # min_idx
38
                                             == 0 goto continue
39
                                          # Call the swap function:
40
41
                                          slli t0, t0, 2 # (min_idx + i)
42
43
                                             &array[min_idx + i]
44
45
                                          jal x1, swap # Call swap
46
47
                                     continue:
48
                                     # Increment i:
50
                                     addi s0, s0, 1
52
                                     # Jump to Loop:
53
                                     jal x0, for
54
55
                                end_loop:
56
57
                                # Restore the s registers:
58
                                lw s0, 0(sp)
59
                                1 \text{w} \text{ s1}, 4(\text{sp})
60
                                lw s2, 8(sp)
61
                                lw <mark>s3</mark>, 12(sp)
62
                                lw s4, 16(sp)
63
                                1w x1, 20(sp)
64
65
                                # Empty the stack:
66
                                addi sp, sp, 24
67
68
                                # Return:
69
                                jalr x0, x1, 0
70
71
            # findMinimum takes a0 (base address) and a1 (number
72
               of elements).
            findMinimum:
73
                           # t0 is min_idx
74
                           # t1 is min_E
```

```
# Initialize min_idx and min_E:
77
                         add t0, x0, x0 # min_idx = 0
78
79
                         add t2, a0, t3 # (a0 + min_idx * 4)
                         lw t1, O(t2) # t1 = array[a0 + min_idx * 4]
81
82
                         # Loop through the array:
83
84
                         # t3 is i
85
                         addi t3, x0, 1
86
87
                         for_loop_2:
88
                              # Condition:
89
                              bge t3, a1, end_loop_2 # i >= a0 goto
90
                                end_loop_2
91
92
                              add t4, a0, t4 # t4 = &array[i]
93
94
                              # t5 = arr[i]
95
                              lw t5, 0(t4)
96
97
                              if_2:
                                  bge t5, t1, continue_2 # array[i]
99
                                     >= min_E goto continue_2
                                  add t0, t3, x0 # min_idx = i
100
                                  add t6, a0,
                                  lw t1, 0(t6) # t1 == array[i]
104
                              continue_2:
106
                              # Increment i:
108
109
                              # Jump to Loop:
                              jal x0, for_loop_2
112
                         end_loop_2:
113
                         # Return min_idx:
114
                         add a0, t0, x0
                         # Return:
116
                         jalr x0, x1, 0
117
118
```

```
# swap takes a0 (address of first element) and a1
119
            swap:
120
                    # t0 is temp
121
                    \# t1 is temp_2
122
123
                    # Interchange the values:
124
                    lw t0, 0(a0) # temp = *a0
125
                    lw t1, 0(a1) # temp_2 = *a1
126
                    sw t1, 0(a0) # *a0 = temp_2
127
                    sw t0, 0(a1) # *a1 = temp
128
129
                    # Return:
130
                    jalr x0, x1, 0
131
```

b)

Assume that the selectionSort is the function called. Draw the status of the stack before calling selectionSort and during each function call. Indicate stack addresses and names of registers and variables stored on the stack; mark the location of sp; and clearly mark each stack frame. Assume the sp starts at 0x8000.

Addresses	Registers	Variables	$Stack_Pointer$
0x8000	s0	i	
0x7FFC	s1	min_idx	
0x7FF8	s2	arr	
0x7FF4	s3	n	
0x7FF0	s4	n-1	
$0\bar{x}7\bar{F}\bar{E}\bar{C}$	x_1	ra	$ sp ^{}$