Quiz 3

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1 Problem 1

1. Find the general solution to the differential equation

$$y'' + 6y' + 9y = x^2 + \cos(x) - xe^{-3x}$$
 (1)

 $Homogeneous\ Equation:$

$$y'' + 6y' + 9y = 0$$

 $Characteristic\ Equation:$

$$r^{2} + 6r + 9 = 0$$
$$(r+3)(r+3) = 0$$
$$r = -3$$

 $Homogeneous\ Solution:$

$$y_h = \frac{(A + Bx)}{e^{3x}}$$

 $Particular\ Solution\ 1:$

$$y'' + 6y' + 9y = \cos x$$

$$m=0,\alpha=0,k=0,s=0,\beta=1,C=1$$

$$y_{p1} = A\cos x + B\sin x$$

$$\begin{cases} [9] & y_{p1} = A\cos x + B\sin x \\ [6] & y'_{p1} = -A\sin x + B\cos x \\ [1] & y''_{p1} = -A\cos x - B\sin x \end{cases}$$

$$\cos x: \quad 9A + 6B - A = 1$$

$$8A + 6B = 1$$

$$A = \frac{1 - 6B}{8}$$

$$\sin x: \quad 9B - A6 - B = 0$$

$$8B - 6A = 0$$

$$8B - 6\left(\frac{1 - 6B}{8}\right) = 0$$

$$100B = 6$$

$$B = \frac{6}{100} = \frac{3}{50}$$

$$A = \frac{2}{25}$$

$$y_{p1} = \frac{2}{25}\cos x + \frac{3}{50}\sin x$$

 $Particular\ Solution\ 2:$

$$y'' + 6y' + 9y = x^2$$

 $m = 2, \alpha = 0, s = 0, C = 1$
 $y_{p2} = Ax^2 + Bx + C$

$$\begin{cases} [9] & y_{p2} = Ax^2 + Bx + C \\ [6] & y'_{p2} = 2Ax + B \\ [1] & y''_{p2} = 2A \end{cases}$$

$$x^{2}: 9A = 1$$

$$A = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$x: 9B + 12A = 0$$

$$9B = -12A$$

$$9B = -\frac{12}{9}$$

$$9B = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$B = -\frac{4}{27}$$

$$1: 9C + 6B + 2A = 0$$

$$9C + 6\left(-\frac{4}{27}\right) + 9\left(\frac{1}{9}\right) = 0$$

$$9C - \frac{8}{9} + \frac{2}{9} = 0$$

$$9C - \frac{8}{9} = -\frac{2}{9}$$

$$9C = \frac{6}{9}$$

$$C = \frac{2}{27}$$

$$y_{p2} = \frac{1}{9}x^2 - \frac{4}{27}x + \frac{2}{27}$$

 $Particular\ Solution\ 3:$

$$m = 0, \alpha = 0, k = 0, s = 0, \beta = 1, C = 1$$

$$y_{p3} = \frac{(Ax^3 + Bx^2)}{e^{3x}}$$

 $y'' + 6y' + 9y = xe^{-3x}$

$$\begin{cases} [9] \quad y_{p3} = \frac{(Ax^3 + Bx^2)}{e^{3x}} \\ [6] \quad y'_{p3} = \frac{(3Ax^2 + 2Bx - 3Ax^3 - 3Bx^2)}{e^{3x}} \\ [1] \quad y''_{p3} = \frac{(6Ax + 2B - 9Ax^2 - 6Bx - 9Ax^2 - 6Bx + 9Ax^3 + 9Bx^2)}{e^{3x}} \end{cases}$$

$$x^{3}: 9A - 18A + 9A = 0$$

$$x^{2}: 9B - 18B + 9B - 9A + 18A - 9A = 0$$

$$x: 12B + 6A - 12B = -1$$

$$6A = -1$$

$$A = -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$B = 0$$

$$y_{p3} = \frac{(-\frac{1}{6})x^3}{e^{3x}}$$

$$y = y_h + y_{p1} + y_{p2} + y_{p3}$$

2 Problem 2

2. Find the general solution to the differential equation

$$y'' - 2y' + 5y = xe^x + xe^x \sin(2x)$$
 (2)

 $Homogeneous\ Equation:$

$$y'' - 2y' + 5y = 0$$

$$r = x^{2} - 2x + 5$$

$$r = \frac{2 \pm i4}{2}$$

$$\alpha = 1, \beta = 2$$

 $Homogeneous\ Solution:$

$$y_h = e^x (A\cos(2x) + B\sin(2x))$$

 $Particular\ Solution\ 1:$

$$y'' - 2y' + 5y = xe^x$$

$$m = 1, \alpha = 1, s = 0, C = 1$$

$$y_{p1} = (Ax + B)e^x$$

$$\begin{cases} [5] \quad y_{p1} = (Ax+B)e^x \\ [-2] \quad y'_{p1} = (Ax+B+A)e^x \\ [1] \quad y''_{p1} = (Ax+B+2A)e^x \end{cases}$$

$$x: \quad 5A - 2A + A = 1$$

$$A = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$B = 0$$

$$y_{p1} = \frac{1}{4}xe^x$$

 $Particular\ Solution\ 2:$

$$y'' - 2y' + 5y = xe^{x} \sin 2x$$

$$m = 1, \alpha = 1, s = 0, C = 1, \beta = 2$$

$$y_{p1} = xe^{x}((Ax + B)\cos 2x + (Cx + D)\sin (2x))$$

$$\begin{cases} [5] & y_{p2} = xe^x((Ax+B)\cos 2x + (Cx+D)\sin (2x)) \\ [-2] & y'_{p2} = e^x((C-2A)x^2 + (D+2C-3B)x + D)\sin 2x + e^x((2C+A)x^2 + (2D+B+2A)x + B)\cos 2x \\ [1] & y''_{p2} = ((-3C-4A)x^2 + (-3D+4C-4B-8A)x + 2D+2C-4B)e^x\sin 2x + ((4C-3A)x^2 + (4D+8C-3B+4A)x + 4D+2B+2A)e^x\cos 2x \end{cases}$$

$$x^{2}:5A+5C-2C+4A-4A-2C+-2A-3C-4A+4C-3A=0$$

$$x:5B+5D+-2D-4C+6B-4D-2B-4A-3D+4C-4B-8A+4D+8C-3B+4A=1$$

$$A=-\frac{1}{8}$$

$$B=0$$

$$C=0$$

$$D=\frac{1}{16}$$

$$y_{p2} = xe^x \left(\frac{\sin(2x)}{16} - \frac{x\cos(2x)}{8} \right)$$

$$y = y_h + y_{p1} + y_{p2}$$