#### CS50 Section. Week 7. 10/20/15.

Tuesdays 7:00-8:30pm, Science Center 309A <a href="https://github.com/hathix/cs50-section">https://github.com/hathix/cs50-section</a>

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Get these handouts at https://github.com/hathix/cs50-section/tree/master/handouts.

### pset5

**USE HASHTABLES, NOT TRIES!** I tried using a trie last year (pun intended) and it was really painful. Hashtables are way easier and tend to run faster.

#### Choosing a good hash function

You'll need a hash function for load and check -- something to assign words to buckets in your hashtable. Some specifications:

- It must have a header like this: unsigned int hash(char\* word)
- It must return an index that's less than the number of buckets, BUCKETS (mod % by BUCKETS to ensure this)

Don't try writing your own hash function... just adapt one off the internet. Some places you can look:

- My compilation of hash functions from around the internet: <a href="https://github.com/hathix/cs50-section/blob/master/code/7/sample-hash-functions">https://github.com/hathix/cs50-section/blob/master/code/7/sample-hash-functions</a>
- Random Stack Overflow questions like <a href="http://stackoverflow.com/q/7666509">http://stackoverflow.com/q/7666509</a> (search for "string hash functions for c")

# Random advice gathered from past TFs (might be a little advanced)

- Use #define BUCKETS for the number of buckets in your hashtable
- Check for NULL when you're using functions that might fail (e.g. fopen, malloc)
- Always fclose your files
- Run valgrind with <a href="show-reachable=yes">show-reachable=yes</a>
- Use mmap and calloc when allocating memory (better than plain of malloc)
- Avoid using strlen when possible because it's slow; if you're using a loop try to just compare each character

to \0

• Eliminate function calls when possible because they take up lots of time

## More coming soon!