CS50 Section. Week 11. Quiz 1 Review. Last section :(. 11/17/15.

Tuesdays 7:00-8:30pm, Science Center 309A. https://github.com/hathix/cs50-section.

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Get these handouts at https://github.com/hathix/cs50-section/tree/master/handouts.

Quiz 1

Wed 11/18, 1-2p. Quiz info: http://cdn.cs50.net/2015/fall/quizzes/1/harvard.html

Topics covered

- Week 6. TCP/IP. HTTP.
- Week 7. HTML. CSS. PHP.
- Week 8. MVC. SQL.
- Week 9. JavaScript. Ajax.
- Week 10. Security. Artificial intelligence.

Stuff to keep in mind: - Huffman coding might pop up on the exam: https://study.cs50.net/huffman - Looks like you should review the Al guest lectures. - Security will likely be on the exam.

Resources

- My section handouts (I recommend doing some of the practice problems again): https://github.com/hathix/cs50-section/tree/master/handouts
- Review session slides: http://cdn.cs50.net/2015/fall/quizzes/1/review1.pdf
- Video about MVC: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vqcQD-HmLl8

Challenges

Form validation (2014 fall #15-16)

Solutions: http://cdn.cs50.net/2014/fall/quizzes/1/key1.pdf

Consider the HTML below.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
 <script src="http://code.jquery.com/jquery-latest.min.js"></script>
 <script src="/scripts.js"></script>
 <title>Frosh IMs</title>
</head>
<body>
 <form action="/register.php" id="registration" method="get">
   <input id="name" name="name" placeholder="Name" type="text" />
   <br />
    <select id="dorm" name="dorm" size="1">
     <option value="">
       Dorm
     </option>
     <option value="Matthews Hall">Matthews Hall</option>
     <option value="Other">Other</option>
    </select>
    <br/>
   <input type="submit" value="Register" />
 </form>
</body>
</html>
```

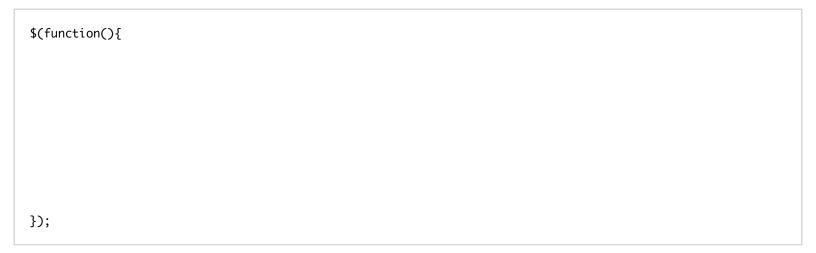
Request line

Suppose that David from Matthews Hall submits this form. Complete the request line below of the HTTP request that the form's submission will generate.

GET

jQuery

Complete the implementation of scripts.js below in such a way that it prevents the form's submission if a user fails to input a name or select a dorm.



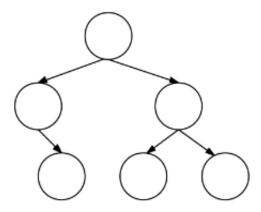
Binary search trees (2013 fall #32-34)

Solutions: http://cdn.cs50.net/2013/fall/quizzes/1/key1.pdf

Recall that a binary search tree (BST) is a binary tree (each of whose nodes has 0, 1, or 2 children), the value of whose root is: greater than its left child, if any, and any descendants theref; and less than that of its right child, if any, and any descendants thereof. Moreover, each child is the root of a BST.

BST

Consider the binary search tree whose nodes do not yet have values.



Insert the six integers below into that tree, as by writing one integer in each circle, in such a way that the tree is a BST.

34, 59, 20, 106, 36, 52

Node

Complete the definition of node below in such a way that it represents a node in a BST, the value of which is of type int. You may name its fields however you'd like.

```
typedef struct node {
}
node;
```

Traverse

Complete the implementation of traverse below in such a way that, given the root of a BST, the function performs an "inorder traversal," printing each of the tree's integers with printf from smallest to largest, one per line. Assume that node is defined per your own implementation one problem ago. Do not assume that root will be non-NULL.

```
void traverse(node* root)
{
```

SQL (2013 fall #26-29)

Solutions: http://cdn.cs50.net/2013/fall/quizzes/1/key1.pdf

Suppose that a bank relies on an SQL table called accounts to store customers' accounts, wherein number (the table's PRIMARY key) represents a user's 12-digit account number, and balance represents how much money the customer has in his or her account, per the (incomplete) schema below. As per the default value of 100.00 for balance, the bank gives customers \$100 anytime they open an account.

Name	Туре	Null	Default
number		No	None
balance		No	100.00

Schema

Complete the schema for accounts above by specifying next to number and balance on the schema itself, an appropriate SQL type for each.

Maintenance

Suppose that the bank imposes a \$20 "monthly maintenance fee" on all accounts. With what SQL query could the bank deduct \$20 from every account (even if it resuls in some negative balances?)

Richest

With what SQL query could the bank retrieve the account numbers of its richest customers, those with balances greater than \$1000?

Close

With what SQL query could the bank close (i.e. delete) every account that has a balance of \$0?

Stuff for your cheat sheet

Algorithms

Name	What it does	Worst-case	Best-case
Linear search	Finds an element in a list by searching left-to-right	O(n)	Ω(1)
Binary search	Finds an element in a sorted list using divide-and-conquer	O(log n)	Ω(1)
Bubble sort	Sorts a list by bubbling biggest elements to end	O(n^2)	Ω(n)
Selection sort	Sorts a list by moving smallest elements to front	O(n^2)	Ω(n^2)
Insertion sort	Sorts a list by moving elements to properly sorted place	O(n^2)	Ω(n)
Merge sort	Recursively sorts a list by partitioning and merging	O(n log n)	Ω(n log n)

More at http://www.bigocheatsheet.com/.

Data structures

Operation	Worst-case	Best-case
Insertion into hash table w/ separate chaining	O(1)	Ω(1)
Search through hash table with k buckets	O(n/k)	Ω(1)
Insertion into trie	O(1)	Ω(1)
Insertion into unsorted linked list	O(1)	Ω(1)
Insertion into sorted linked list	O(n)	Ω(1)
Search through linked list (sorted or not)	O(n)	Ω(1)
Deletion from linked list (sorted or not)	O(n)	Ω(1)

Data types

The below are for a 64-bit machine (so named because pointers are 64 bits) like the CS50 IDE.

Туре	char	int	float	double	long long	int*
Size (bytes)	1	4	4	8	8	8

- Unsigned types are the same size as the normal types (e.g. unsigned int, like int, is 4 bytes)
- All pointers are the same size (e.g. double*, like int*, is 8 bytes)
- A struct's size is the sum of the sizes of its components.

Common errors

Error	Why it happened
undefined reference to 'function'	You forgot to call the linker with, e.g., -1cs50
implicitly declaring library function	You forgot to #include the .h file
implicit declaration of function 'function' is invalid	You forgot to #include the .h file
more '%' conversions than data arguments	You called, e.g., printf("%i and %i \n", 5) (you passed 1 number but should have given 2)
definitely lost: # bytes in # blocks	You forgot to free memory you allocated with malloc
invalid write of size #	You tried changing a value beyond the end of an array
use of undeclared identifier	You forgot to declare the variable, or it's out of scope

File permissions

To successfully GET a file, the file must be world-readable, and all of its ancestor directories must be world-executable.

Recommended permissions:

File/directory type	Permission	Representation
Public directories	711	drwxxx
Non-public directories	700	drwx
PHP files	600	-rw
Non-PHP files	644	-rw-rr

HTTP status codes

Code	HTTP Status	Description/Cause
200	OK	Server successfully handled and responded to request
302	Found	Redirects client to another URL
400	Bad Request	Malformed query
403	Forbidden	File exists, but cannot be accessed (permissions problem)
404	Not Found	File doesn't exist
405	Method Not Allowed	Server can't handle that method (GET, POST, etc.)
413	Request Entity Too Large	Entire request string longer than server can handle
414	Request-URI Too Long	Too much data in GET
500	Internal Server Error	Server's fault: MySQL failed, error parsing PHP, bad config files, etc.
501	Not Implemented	Server doesn't know how to handle that mimetype
505	HTTP Version Not Supported	Request used wrong HTTP version (HTTP/1.1 needed)

SQL

```
# select: get rows
SELECT name FROM movies
SELECT * FROM movies WHERE year = 2008 AND stars = 4
SELECT name, stars FROM movies WHERE id = 5

# insert: add rows
INSERT INTO movies (name, year, stars) VALUES ("Finding Nemo", 2003, 5)

# update: change rows
UPDATE movies SET stars = 3 WHERE id = 9
UPDATE movies SET stars = stars + 1 WHERE id = 3

# delete: remove rows
DELETE FROM movies WHERE stars = 0
```

jQuery

```
// click handlers
$("#my-button").click(function(){
    // do something
});

// changing html
$("#my-element").html("<strong>Cool new HTML</strong>");

// getting values from input fields
var input = $("#my-text-input").val();

// form validation
$("#my-form").submit(function(){
    if (/* something wrong in form */) {
        return false;
    }
    return true;
});
```