# HOW TO AVOID SECURITY VULNERABILITIES OF AEM

Andrey Pinchuk Certified Senior AEM Developer at Axamit



# Speaker



# **Andrey Pinchuk**

## **Professional Experience:**

- Back-end development;
- 5 years IT-engineering;
- Senior AEM Developer.

#### **Key Solutions:**

- Adobe Analytics
- Adobe Campaign
- Dynamic Media

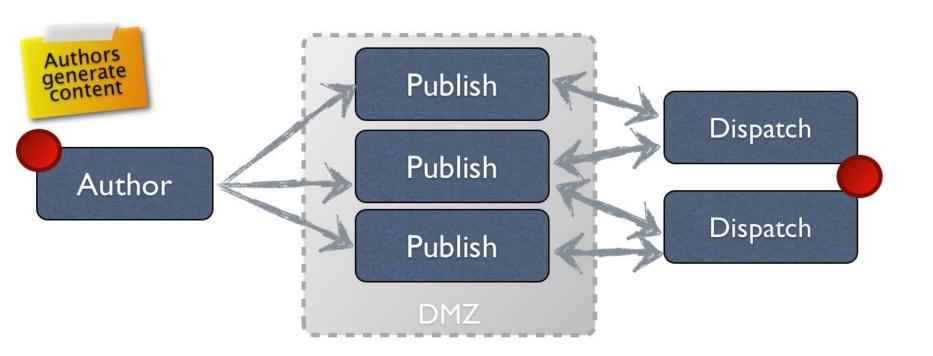


# **Agenda**

- 1. AEM Author Security
- 2. AEM Publish Security
- 3. Dispatcher security
- 4. CSRF Protection Framework
- 5. Denial of Service (DoS) Attacks



## **General overview**





# **General Tips**



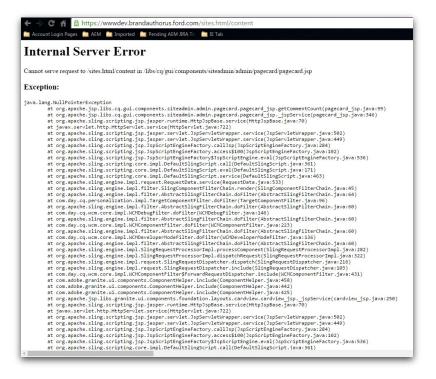




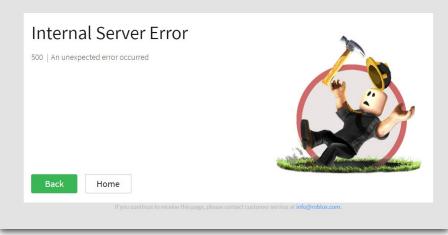




#### **General Tips**

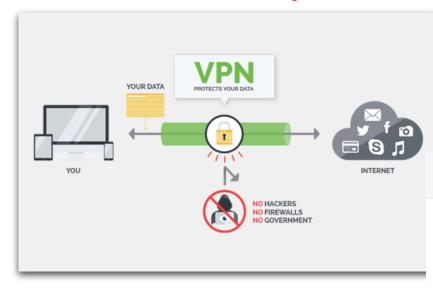








## **AEM Author Security**



Google

#### Q Everything

- Images
- Videos
- News
   News
- Shopping

More

#### Suffern, NY 10901 Change location

Suffern, NY 10901 Change location

More

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#### site:www.seroundtable.com

About 7,450 results (0.12 seconds)

#### Try Google Webmaster Tools

www.google.com/webmasters/ Do you own www.seroundtable.com? Ge

#### ls Google Mixing Paid Results With Free Results? 🖅 🔍

www.seroundtable.com > Google News - Cached 10 posts - 9 authors - Last post: Feb 22, 2010

A few weeks back, Google started testing enhanced Google Maps results. Watcher noticed it and said that Google was doing ...

#### Should Website Content Be Updated or Augmented? 🖅 🦠

www.seroundtable.com > SEO Copywriting > SEO Copywriting - Cached 2 posts - 1 author - Last post: Sep 13, 2010

Search Engines like to include web pages in their query results that provide content, either directly or through ...

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Should Website Content Be Updated or Augmented? And www.seroundtable.com > SEO Copywriting > SEO Copywriting - Cached

watcher noticed it and said that Google was doing ...



## **AEM Author Security**

- 4. Create a separate replication user to use in replication agent configuration.
- Admin should not be used for replicating anywhere.
- 5. Limit the number of users in admin groups.
- 6. CRXDE in prod author should be limited to certain users.





## **AEM Publish Security**

- 1. Publish instances should not be accessible to an outside of the intranet.
- 2. Anonymous permissions should be checked & make sure not every directory accessible.
- **3. Apache Sling Referrer Filter** must be configured to handle unwanted publish requests.
- 4. The cross-site forgery framework should be enabled to filter requests.
- 5. All default tools (CRXDE) etc should be disabled.
- 6. Not all users should be able to install packages directly.



# **AEM Publish Security - Apache Sling Referrer Filter**





# **Dispatcher security**

1. Check rules & filters in dispatcher.any configuration file

```
/filter
   # Deny everything first and then allow specific entries
   /0001 { /type "deny" /glob "*" }
   # Open consoles
  /0011 { /type "allow" /url "/admin/*" } # allow servlet engine admin
   /0012 { /type "allow" /url "/crx/*" } # allow content repository
   /0013 { /type "allow" /url "/system/*" } # allow OSGi console
   # Allow non-public content directories
   /0021 { /type "allow" /url "/apps/*" } # allow apps access
   /0022 { /type "allow" /url "/bin/*" }
   /0023 { /type "allow" /url "/content*" } # disable this rule to allow mapped content only
   /0024 { /type "allow" /url "/libs/*" }
   /0025 { /type "deny" /url "/libs/shindig/proxy*" } # if you enable /libs close access to proxy
   /0026 { /type "allow" /url "/home/*" }
   /0027 { /type "allow" /url "/tmp/*" }
   /0028 { /type "allow" /url "/var/*" }
   # Enable extensions in non-public content directories, using a regular expression
   /0041
     /type "allow"
     /extension '(css|gif|ico|js|png|swf|jpe?g)'
```

```
/0001 { /type "allow" /glob "* /index.html *" }
```



## **Dispatcher security**

2. Limit the request headers information.

Request headers are passed in every request to AEM publish based on dispatcher configuration.

#### **Apache Module mod headers**

Availal

**Description:** Customization of HTTP request and response headers

Status: Extension

Module Identifier: headers\_module

Source File: mod\_headers.c

#### **Summary**

This module provides directives to control and modify HTTP request and response headers. Headers can be merged, replaced or removed.

#### Order of Processing

The directives provided by mod headers can occur almost anywhere within the server configuration, and can be limited in scope by enclosing them in configuration sections.

Order of processing is important and is affected both by the order in the configuration file and by placement in configuration sections. These two directives have a different effect if reversed:

```
RequestHeader append MirrorID "mirror 12" RequestHeader unset MirrorID
```

This way round, the MirrorID header is not set. If reversed, the MirrorID header is set to "mirror 12".



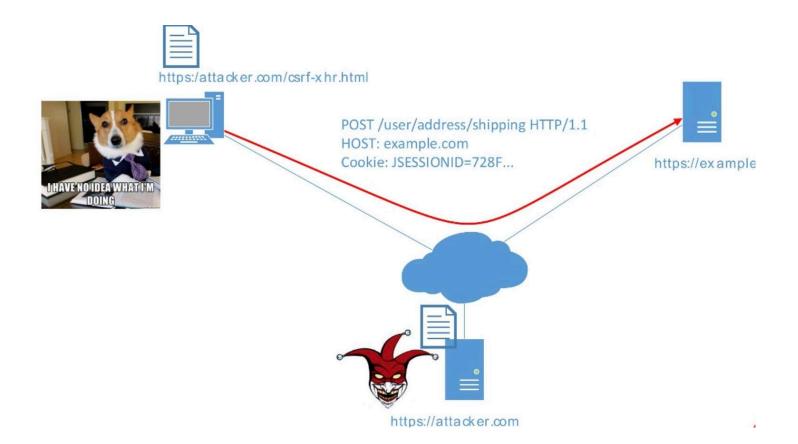
## **Dispatcher security**

- 3. Do not allow cross-origin requests. Set the SAME origin header at the web server level.
- 4. Proper input validation should be done in POST Requests & dispatcher filter should allow only certain POST requests
- 5. Caching of selectors & URL extensions should be defined.

!Not every selector or extension should be cacheable. DOS or DDOS attacks are very easy to do in AEM application.



# **Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF)**





## **Protect against Cross-Site Request Forgery**

AEM 6.1 ships with a mechanism that helps protect against Cross-Site Request Forgery attacks, called the CSRF Protection Framework.

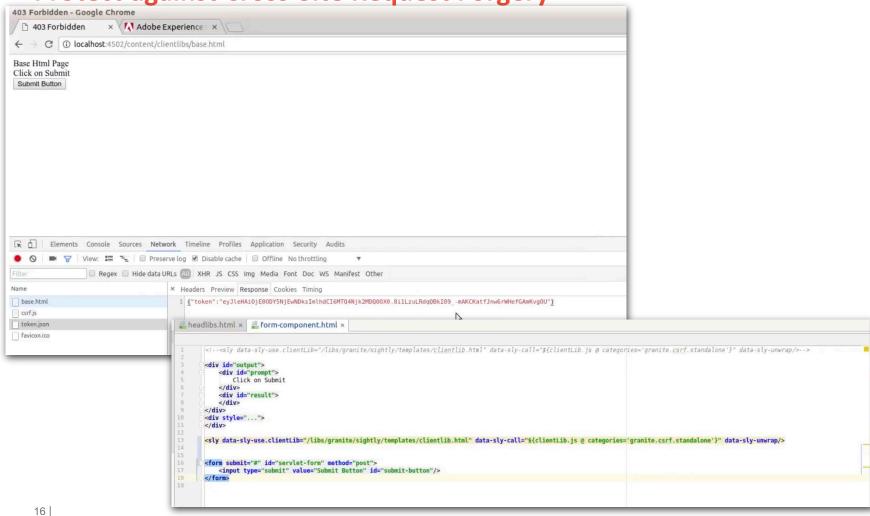
#### The Sling Referrer Filter

The referrer filter service is an OSGi service that allows you to configure:

- which http methods should be filtered;
- whether an empty referrer header is allowed
- a white list of servers to be allowed in addition to the server host.



**Protect against Cross-Site Request Forgery** 



## **Protect against Cross-Site Request Forgery**

The framework makes use of tokens to guarantee that the client request is legitimate

#### **Dependencies**

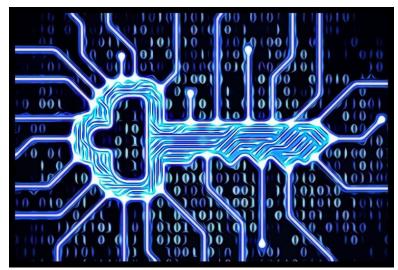
Any component that relies on the **granite.jquery** dependency will benefit from the CSRF Protection Framework automatically. If this is not the case for any of your components,

you must declare a dependency to granite.csrf.standalone before you can use the

framework.

#### **Replicating the Crypto Key**

In order to make use of the tokens, you need to replicate the **/etc/keys/hmac** binary to all of the instances in your deployment.





## **Generating the CSRF token**

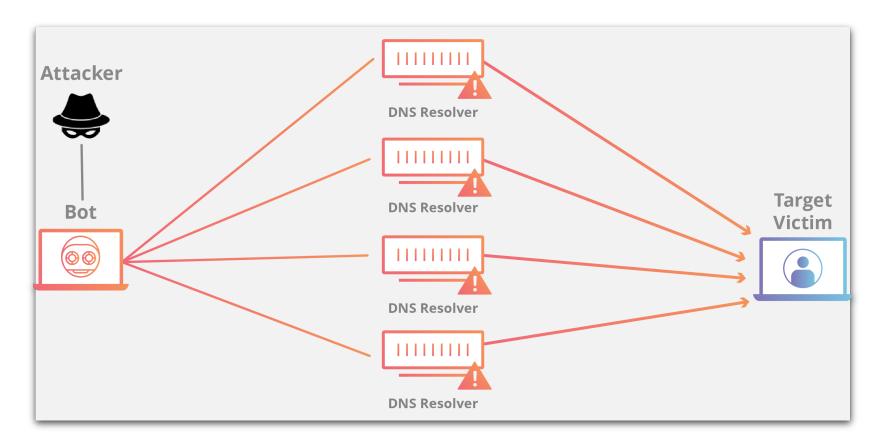
- 1. An authenticated user can only generate the CSRF token. It implies unauthenticated access to the system is prevented.
- 2. Accessing /libs/granite/csrf/token.json will generate the token as {"token":"ey....U0"}.
- 3. This token will consists of two values. {"exp":,"iat":}.

**Injection:** The generated token has to be sent as a header to the post request like CSRF-TOKEN:.

**NOTE:** The dispatcher configuration need to allow the url /libs/granite/csrf/token.json and CSRF-TOKEN header.



# **Denial of Service (DoS/DDos) Attacks**





#### What can we do?

- Control the selectors in your application, so that you only serve the explicit selectors needed and return 404 for all others.
- Prevent the output of an unlimited number of content nodes.
   In particular the JSON renderer which can transverse the tree structure over multiple levels.
- <a href="http://localhost:4502/.json">http://localhost:4502/.json</a> could dump the whole repository in a JSON representation.
- This would cause significant server problems. For this reason **Sling** sets a limit on the number of maximum results.

To limit the depth of the JSON rendering you can set the value for: JSON Max results (**json.maximumresults**). Use a firewall to filter access to your instance.



# **Questions & Answers**

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