

intermagnet_temporal_analysis

January 19, 2023

```
[ ]: from os import getcwd
      from os.path import dirname, join

      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import numpy as np
      import pandas as pd
      from scipy import interpolate

      import MAMMAL.Diurnal as Diurnal
      from MAMMAL.Parse import parseIM as pi
      from MAMMAL.Utills import ProcessingUtils as pu

      %matplotlib inline
      plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (15, 10) # (w, h)

      SRC_DIR      = getcwd()
      ANALYSIS_DIR = join(SRC_DIR, 'analysis_data')
      TEST_DIR     = join(SRC_DIR, 'test_data')
```

1 Load INTERMAGNET Data

```
[ ]: df_dict = pi.loadInterMagData(ANALYSIS_DIR)

      from_name = 'BOU'
      to_name    = 'FRD'

      from_df = df_dict[from_name]
      to_df   = df_dict[to_name]

      to_df = pu.reject_outliers(to_df,
                                window_size=250,
                                std_lim=3)

      to_IGRF_f = np.array(to_df.IGRF_F)[0]
      from_IGRF_f = np.array(from_df.IGRF_F)[0]
```

```

to_f    = np.array(to_df.F)
from_f  = np.array(from_df.F)

to_f_no_core    = np.array(to_df.F) - to_IGRF_f
from_f_no_core  = np.array(from_df.F) - from_IGRF_f

to_t    = np.array(to_df.epoch_sec)
from_t  = np.array(from_df.epoch_sec)

plt.figure()
plt.title('Boulder (BOU) and Fredericksburg (FRD)\n2 Day Comparison')
plt.xlabel('Date and Time (UTC)')
plt.ylabel('Normalized Magnetic Scalar Readings (nT)')
plt.plot(to_df.datetime, to_f_no_core, label=to_name)
plt.plot(from_df.datetime, from_f_no_core, label=from_name)
plt.legend()
plt.grid()

plt.figure()
plt.title('Boulder (BOU) and Fredericksburg (FRD)\n2 Day Comparison')
plt.xlabel('Date and Time (UTC)')
plt.ylabel('Normalized Magnetic Scalar Readings (nT)')
plt.plot(to_df.datetime, to_f_no_core - to_f_no_core[0], label=to_name)
plt.plot(from_df.datetime, from_f_no_core - from_f_no_core[0], label=from_name)
plt.legend()
plt.grid()

print('RMSE:', pu.rmse(to_f_no_core, from_f_no_core[:len(to_f)])) # Extra
    ↪ slicing needed because dimensions don't match as a result of rejecting
    ↪ outliers
print('RMSE:', pu.rmse(to_f_no_core - to_f_no_core[0], from_f_no_core[:
    ↪ len(to_f)] - from_f_no_core[0])) # Extra slicing needed because dimensions
    ↪ don't match as a result of rejecting outliers

```

Loaded bou20190911psec.sec

Loaded bou20190912psec.sec

Loaded frd20190911psec.sec

Loaded frd20190912psec.sec

```

0%|          | 0/692 [00:00<?, ?it/s]C:\Users\ltber\Anaconda3\Lib\site-
packages\pandas\core\dtypes\cast.py:2221: RuntimeWarning: invalid value
encountered in cast

```

```

    casted = element.astype(dtype)

```

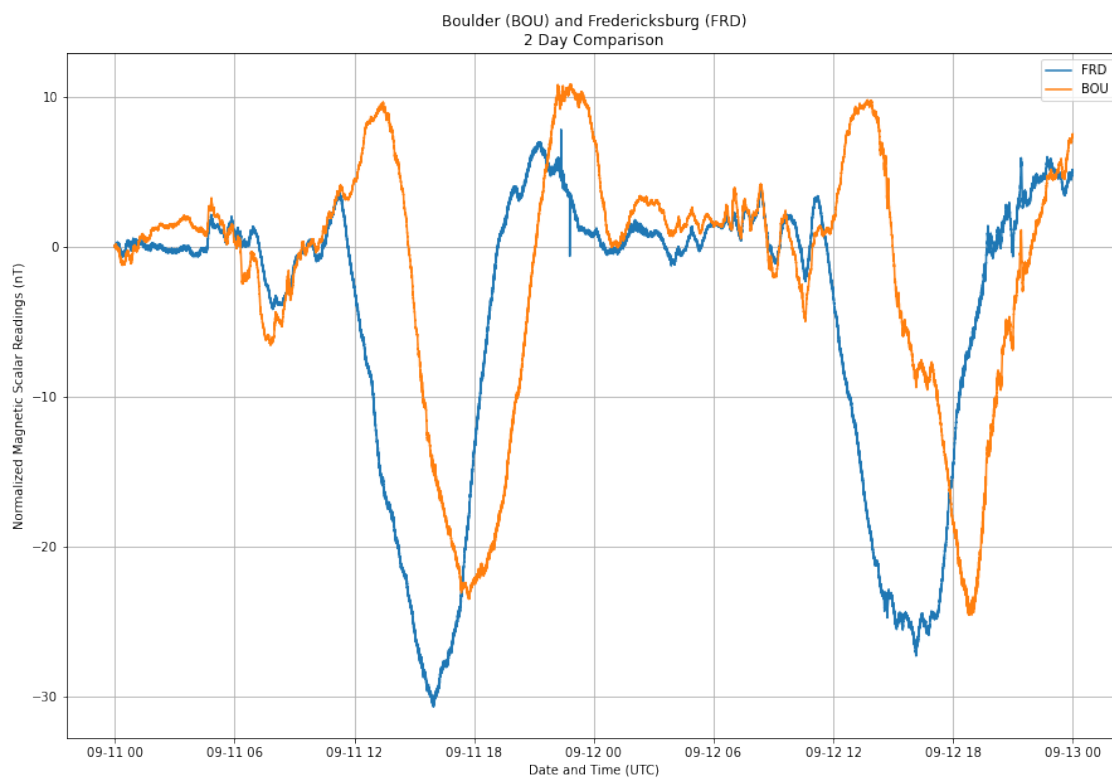
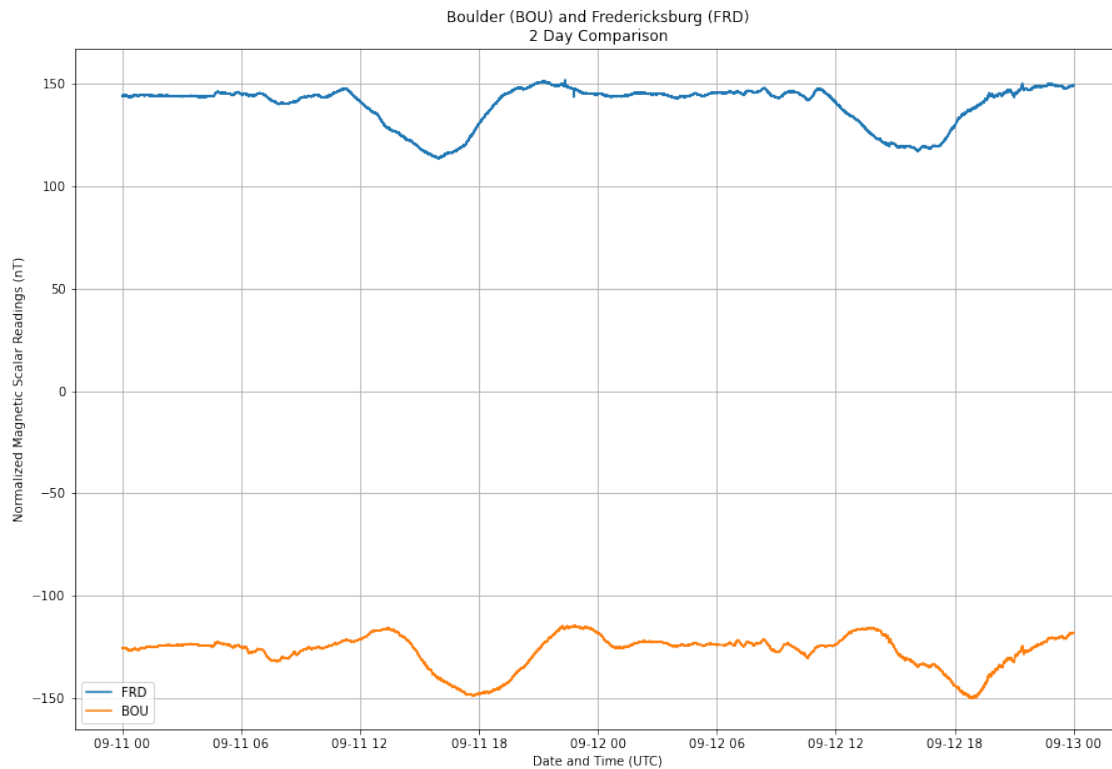
```

100%|         | 692/692 [00:01<00:00, 584.82it/s]

```

RMSE: 267.3244711396219

RMSE: 10.869259973212195



2 Simple Longitude Normalization

```
[ ]: lon_diff      = from_df.LONG.mean() - to_df.LONG.mean()
lon_t_offset = pd.Timedelta(seconds=lon_diff / Diurnal.E_ROT_DEG_S)
bou_shift_t  = from_df.epoch_sec + lon_t_offset.total_seconds()

plt.figure()
plt.title('Simplified Longitude Normalization\nFrom Boulder (BOU) to_\n↳Fredericksburg (FRD)')
plt.xlabel('Date and Time (UTC)')
plt.ylabel('Normalized Magnetic Scalar Readings (nT)')
plt.plot(to_df.datetime, to_f_no_core, label=to_name)
plt.plot(from_df.datetime + lon_t_offset, from_f_no_core, label='{ } - Lon_\n↳Norm\nd'.format(from_name))
plt.legend()
plt.grid()

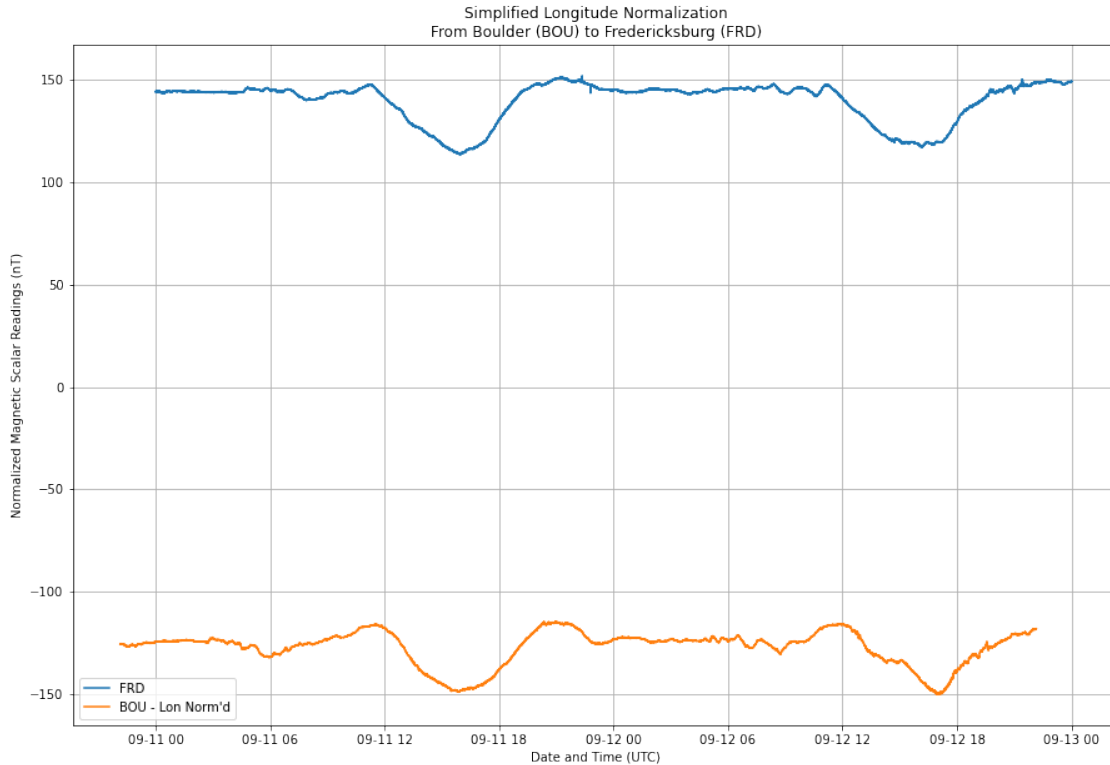
interp_lpf = interpolate.interp1d(bou_shift_t, from_f_no_core, 'cubic')

interp_mask = np.logical_and(to_t >= bou_shift_t.min(), to_t <= bou_shift_t.\n↳max())
interp_t     = to_t[interp_mask] # Clip interpolation times

bou_shift_interp = interp_lpf(interp_t)

print('RMSE:', pu.rmse(to_f_no_core[interp_mask],\n                        bou_shift_interp))
```

RMSE: 266.84286256867483



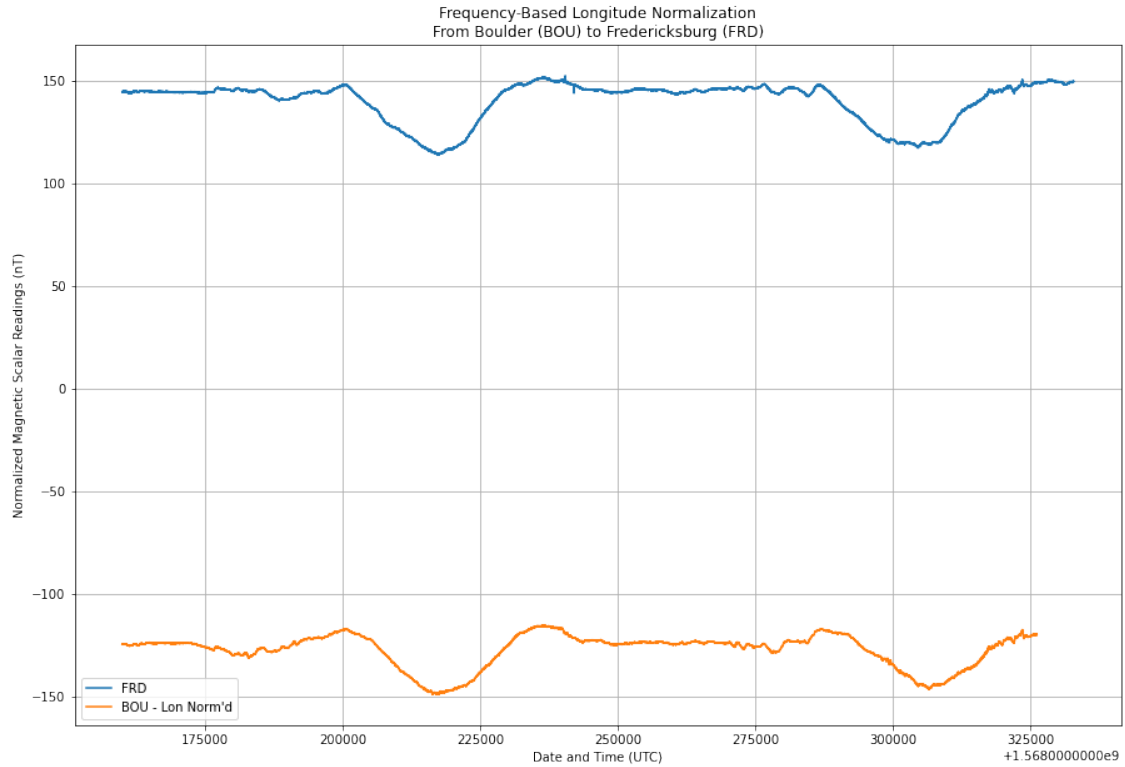
3 Frequency-Based Longitude Normalization

```
[ ]: from_combined_t, from_combined_f, _, _ , _ = Diurnal.longitude_norm(from_df,
    ↪to_df.LONG.mean())
from_combined_f_no_core = from_combined_f - from_IGRF_f

plt.figure()
plt.title('Frequency-Based Longitude Normalization\nFrom Boulder (BOU) to
    ↪Fredericksburg (FRD)')
plt.xlabel('Date and Time (UTC)')
plt.ylabel('Normalized Magnetic Scalar Readings (nT)')
plt.plot(to_df.epoch_sec, to_f_no_core, label=to_name)
plt.plot(from_combined_t, from_combined_f_no_core, label='{ } - Lon Norm\'d'.
    ↪format(from_name))
plt.legend()
plt.grid()

print('RMSE:', pu.rmse(to_f_no_core[interp_mask],
    from_combined_f_no_core[:
    ↪len(to_f_no_core[interp_mask])]))
```

RMSE: 266.87837777008167



4 Find Optimal Scale and Offset Parameters

```
[ ]: interp_combined = interpolate.interp1d(from_combined_t,
    ↪ from_combined_f_no_core, 'cubic')

interp_mask = np.logical_and(to_t >= from_combined_t.min(), to_t <=
    ↪ from_combined_t.max())
interp_t     = to_t[interp_mask] # Clip interpolation times

from_combined_interp = interp_combined(interp_t)

offset, scale      = Diurnal.calibrate([0, 1], from_combined_interp,
    ↪ to_f_no_core[interp_mask])
from_combined_opt_f = Diurnal.apply_cal([offset, scale],
    ↪ from_combined_f_no_core)

print('Optimal scale:', scale)
print('Optimal offset:', offset)

plt.figure()
```

```

plt.title('Frequency-Based Longitude Normalization w/ Optimized Scale/
↳Offset\nFrom Boulder (BOU) to Fredericksburg (FRD)')
plt.xlabel('Date and Time (UTC)')
plt.ylabel('Magnetic Scalar Readings (nT)')
plt.plot(to_df.epoch_sec[interp_mask], to_f_no_core[interp_mask], label=to_name)
plt.plot(from_combined_t, from_combined_opt_f, label='{} - Lon Norm'd'.
↳format(from_name))
plt.legend()
plt.grid()

print('RMSE:', pu.rmse(to_f_no_core[interp_mask],
                        from_combined_opt_f[:len(to_f_no_core[interp_mask])]))
print('STD:', (to_f_no_core[interp_mask] -
               from_combined_opt_f[:len(to_f_no_core[interp_mask])]).std())

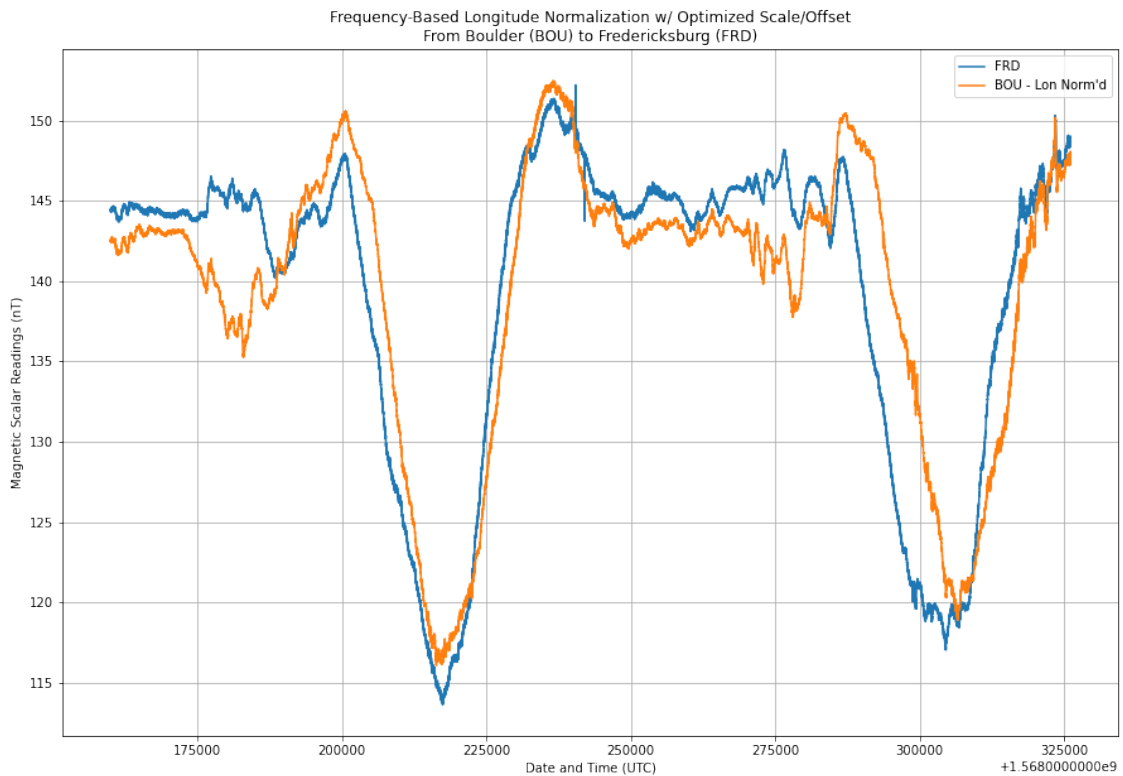
```

Optimal scale: 1.085134182785885

Optimal offset: 277.6792162949522

RMSE: 4.630734469499371

STD: 4.630728729444269



5 Test Optimal Parameters for Next Day's Data

```
[ ]: df_dict = pi.loadInterMagData(TEST_DIR)

from_name = 'BOU'
to_name   = 'FRD'

from_df = df_dict[from_name]
to_df   = df_dict[to_name]

to_df = pu.reject_outliers(to_df,
                           window_size=250,
                           std_lim=3)

to_IGRF_f = np.array(to_df.IGRF_F)[0]
from_IGRF_f = np.array(from_df.IGRF_F)[0]

to_f = np.array(to_df.F)
from_f = np.array(from_df.F)

to_f_no_core = np.array(to_df.F) - to_IGRF_f
from_f_no_core = np.array(from_df.F) - from_IGRF_f

to_t = np.array(to_df.epoch_sec)
from_t = np.array(from_df.epoch_sec)

plt.figure()
plt.title('Boulder (BOU) and Fredericksburg (FRD)\nNext Day Comparison')
plt.xlabel('Date and Time (UTC)')
plt.ylabel('Normalized Magnetic Scalar Readings (nT)')
plt.plot(to_df.datetime, to_f_no_core, label=to_name)
plt.plot(from_df.datetime, from_f_no_core, label=from_name)
plt.legend()
plt.grid()

from_combined_t, from_combined_f, _, _ , _ = Diurnal.longitude_norm(from_df,
    ↪to_df.LONG.mean())
from_combined_f_no_core = from_combined_f - from_IGRF_f

interp_combined = interpolate.interp1d(from_combined_t,
    ↪from_combined_f_no_core, 'cubic')

interp_mask = np.logical_and(to_t >= from_combined_t.min(), to_t <=
    ↪from_combined_t.max())
interp_t = to_t[interp_mask] # Clip interpolation times
```



```

from_combined_interp = interp_combined(interp_t)

from_combined_opt_f = Diurnal.apply_cal([offset, scale],
    ↪from_combined_f_no_core)

plt.figure()
plt.title('Frequency-Based Longitude Normalization w/ Optimized Scale/
    ↪Offset\nFrom Boulder (BOU) to Fredericksburg (FRD) Next Day')
plt.xlabel('Date and Time (UTC)')
plt.ylabel('Magnetic Scalar Readings (nT)')
plt.plot(to_df.epoch_sec[interp_mask], to_f_no_core[interp_mask], label=to_name)
plt.plot(from_combined_t, from_combined_opt_f, label='{ } - Lon Norm\''d'.
    ↪format(from_name))
plt.legend()
plt.grid()

print('RMSE:', pu.rmse(to_f_no_core, from_f_no_core[:len(to_f)])) # Extra
    ↪slicing needed because dimensions don't match as a result of rejecting
    ↪outliers
print('RMSE:', pu.rmse(to_f_no_core[interp_mask],
    from_combined_opt_f[:len(to_f_no_core[interp_mask])]))
print('STD:', (to_f_no_core[interp_mask] -
    from_combined_opt_f[:len(to_f_no_core[interp_mask])]).std())

```

Loaded bou20190913psec.sec

Loaded frd20190913psec.sec

Loaded frn20190913psec.sec

```

0%|          | 0/346 [00:00<?, ?it/s]C:\Users\ltber\Anaconda3\Lib\site-
packages\pandas\core\dtypes\cast.py:2221: RuntimeWarning: invalid value
encountered in cast

```

```

    casted = element.astype(dtype)

```

```

100%|         | 346/346 [00:00<00:00, 584.44it/s]

```

RMSE: 268.2980777028462

RMSE: 3.635806103790872

STD: 3.2382384905629134

