111. Minimum Depth of Binary Tree

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- Depth-first Search + Tree
- Breath-first Search + Tree + Queue

Description

Given a binary tree, find its minimum depth.

The minimum depth is the number of nodes along the shortest path from the root node down to the nearest leaf node.

1. Thought line

- The minimum depth is the number of nodes along the shortest path from the root node down to the nearest leaf node.
- The key is to find the LEAF node.

2. Depth-first Search + Tree

3. Breadth-first Search + Tree + Queue

```
class Solution {
   int minDepth(TreeNode* root) {
        if (root == nullptr) return 0;
        int curDep = 1; // When the root is not null, the minimal depth is 1.
        queue<TreeNode*> que;
        que.emplace(root);
        while(!que.empty()){
            queue<TreeNode*> nextLay;
            while (!que.empty()){
                 if (que.front()->left==nullptr && que.front()->right==nullptr)
                    return curDep;
                 if (que.front()->left) nextLay.push(que.front()->left);
if (que.front()->right) nextLay.push(que.front()->right);
                 que.pop();
            ++curDep;
            que.swap(nextLay);
        return curDep;
```