024. Swap Node in Pairs

024 Swap Nodes in Pairs

• Linked List

Description

Given a linked list, swap every two adjacent nodes and return its head.

For example,

Given 1->2->3->4, you should return the list as 2->1->4->3.

Your algorithm should use only constant space. You may not modify the values in the list, only nodes itself can be changed.

1. Thought line

2. Linked List

```
class Solution {
ListNode* swapPairs(ListNode* head) {
    ListNode* dummyHead = new ListNode (0);
    dummyHead->next = head;
    ListNode* ptrBeforeOdd = dummyHead;
    ListNode* ptrOdd = dummyHead;
    ListNode* ptrEven = dummyHead;
    while (ptrBeforeOdd !=nullptr){
        if (ptr0dd->next != nullptr && ptr0dd->next->next !=nullptr){
            ptr0dd = ptr0dd->next;
            ptrEven = ptrOdd->next;
            ptr0dd->next = ptrEven->next;
            ptrEven->next = ptr0dd;
            ptrBeforeOdd->next = ptrEven;
            ptrBeforeOdd = ptrEven = ptrOdd;
    return dummyHead->next;
```