074. Search a 2D Matrix

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• Binary Search+array

Description

Write an efficient algorithm that searches for a value in an $m \times n$ matrix. This matrix has the following properties:

- · Integers in each row are sorted from left to right.
- · The first integer of each row is greater than the last integer of the previous row.

For example,

Consider the following matrix:

```
[
[1, 3, 5, 7],
[10, 11, 16, 20],
[23, 30, 34, 50]
]
```

Given target = 3, return true.

1. Thought line

2. Binary Search+array

```
1 class Solution {
 2 private:
       void binarySearchMatrix(vector<vector<int>>& matrix, int st, int ed, int target, bool& res){
 3
          if (matrix.empty()||st>ed||res) return;
 5
           if (st==ed){
 6
               for (int i = 0; !matrix[st].empty()&&i<=matrix[st].size()-1; ++i)
 8
 9
                  if (matrix[st][i]==target)
10
                     res = true;
11
        return;
12
           int midRow = (st+ed)/2, n = matrix[midRow].size()-1;
13
14
           if (target>matrix[midRow][n])
15
              binarySearchMatrix(matrix, midRow+1, ed, target, res);
16
17
               binarySearchMatrix(matrix, st, midRow, target, res);
18
19
20 public:
       bool searchMatrix(vector<vector<int>>>& matrix, int target) {
21
22
           binarySearchMatrix(matrix, 0, matrix.size()-1, target, res);
23
24
           return res;
25
26 };
```