053. Maximum Subarray

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- Divide and Conquer+array
- Dynamic Programming+array

Description

Find the contiguous subarray within an array (containing at least one number) which has the largest sum.

```
For example, given the array [-2,1,-3,4,-1,2,1,-5,4], the contiguous subarray [4,-1,2,1] has the largest sum = [6].
```

click to show more practice.

Seen this question in a real interview before? Yes



1. Thought line

2. Divide and Conquer+array

```
1 class Solution {
 2 private:
 3
       int divideAndConquerMaxSubArray(vector<int>& nums, int st, int ed){
          if (st>ed) return INT_MIN;
           if (st==ed) return nums[st];
 5
           int mid = (st+ed)/2;
           int lf_maxSubArraySum = divideAndConquerMaxSubArray(nums, st, mid-1);
 7
 8
           int rt_maxSubArraySum = divideAndConquerMaxSubArray(nums, mid+1, ed);
10
           // Calculate the possible result crossing middle point.
11
           int midToLeft = INT_MIN, midToright = INT_MIN;
           for (int i = mid, sum=0; i>=st; --i){
12
13
               sum+=nums[i];
14
               midToLeft = midToLeft>sum?midToLeft:sum;
15
16
           for (int i = mid, sum=0; i \le ed; ++i){
17
               sum+=nums[i]:
18
               midToright = midToright>sum?midToright:sum;
20
           int mid_maxSubArraySum = midToLeft+midToright-nums[mid];
21
           return max(lf_maxSubArraySum,max(rt_maxSubArraySum,mid_maxSubArraySum));
22
23
24 public:
25
       int maxSubArray(vector<int>& nums) {
26
           return divideAndConquerMaxSubArray(nums, 0, nums.size()-1);
27
28 };
```