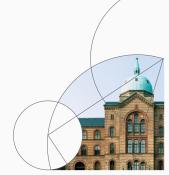
CENTER FOR ECONOMIC BEHAVIOR & INEQUALITY



1. Introduction

Introduction to Programming and Numerical Analysis

Jeppe Druedahl Spring 2020



Plan

- 1. Intended learning goals
- 2. Numerical analysis in action
- 3. Infrastructure
- 4. Work-flow
- 5. Projects
- 6. More examples
- 7. Summing up

- In a nutshell: Learn how to use numerical analysis to improve your understanding of economic problems
 - 1. Visualize solutions and simulations of well-known models
 - 2. Explore alternative assumptions regarding functional forms and parameter choices
 - Solve more realistic models with constraints, uncertainty and non-convexities, where algebraic solutions are not available
 - 4. Work with online data and do programming based statistics and descriptive economics

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- You will learn a set of important tools, but it is equally
 important that you learn how to acquire new tools for problems
 you will face in the future (in your studies or work-life)

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- Programming is more than writing code: Structuring, testing, documenting and collaborating on code is a central aspect of this course

Active learning

- Active learning: To learn scientific programming you need to work on actual problems yourself
 - I can show you examples
 - I can guide you in terms of where to start
 - I can answer questions
 - But you need to work with the material on your own
 - Programming is not a spectator sport!

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- **High level:** Few (if any) econ bachelor programs provide education on numerical analysis on the level you will get
- Second generation: All of your feedback is very important for optimizing and improving the course!

Who I am

- Name: Jeppe Druedahl (ph.d. polit)
- Web-page: www.econ.ku.dk/druedahl
- Position: Assistant Professor at Department of Economics, Center for Economic Behavior and Inequality (CEBI)
- Research interests:
 - 1. Macro-questions
 - 2. Micro-data
 - 3. Numerical methods
- Modern macro-models
 - Heterogeneous agents (households and firms) take decisions under uncertainty and imperfect information
 - 2. Markets are not complete
 - The dynamic equilibrium path is found approximately on a (large) computer

Who you are

[results from questionnaire]

Numerical analysis in action

Numerical analysis in action

- We work with **Python 3.7**
- Suggested environment:
 - 1. Distribution: Anaconda
 - 2. Documents: JupyterLab
 - 3. Editor/IDE: VSCode
- I will show how to
 - 1. Run Python in JupyterLab
 - 2. Solve the consumer problem from microeconomics



Infrastructure

Getting started

- Web-page: The course is organized around www.numeconcopenhagen.netlify.com
 [copy of all material on Absalon...]
- DataCamp: Online courses on Python (requires no installation)
 ⇒ you get 6 months free access (see e-mail with details)
- Install and run Python: Follow these guides
 - 1. Installing Python and VSCode
 - 2. Running Python in JupyterLab
 - 3. Running Python in VSCode

Time, place and exam

- Time:
 - 1. Lectures: Monday 15-17
 - 2. Classes: Tuesday/Wednesday 15-17
- Exam requirements (deadlines):
 - 1. Basic programming test (on DataCamp.com, see e-mail)
 - 2. Inaugural project
 - Data analysis project
 - 4. 2x useful peer feedback on data analysis projects
 - Model analysis project
 - 6. 2x useful peer feedback on model analysis projects
- Exam: Portfolio of projects + exam problem (48 hours)
- Grading: Pass or fail
- Groups: All projects can be done in fixed groups (maximum of 4)

Course plan - lectures

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Fundamentals: Primitives
- 3. Fundamentals: Optimize, print and plot
- 4. Fundamentals: Random numbers and simulation
- 5. Fundamentals: Workflow and debugging
- 6. Fundamentals: Recap and overview
- 7. Working with Data: Load/save and structure data
- 8. Working with Data: Basic data analysis
- 9. Algorithms: Searching and sorting
- 10. Algorithms: Solving equations
- 11. Algorithms: Numerical optimization
- 12. Further Perspectives: The need for speed
- 13. Further Perspectives: Other programming languages

Course plan - classes

- 1. DataCamp
- 2. DataCamp
- 3. DataCamp
- 4. Problem Set 1: Solving the consumer problem
- 5. Problem Set 2: Finding the Walras equilibrium in a multi-agent economy
- 6. Work on your inaugural project
- 7. Problem Set 3: Loading and combining data from Denmark Statistics
- 8. Problem Set 4: Analyzing data
- 9. Work on your data project
- 10. Problem Set 5: Writing your own searching and sorting algorithms
- 11. Problem Set 6: Solving the Solow model
- 12. Problem Set 7: Solving the consumer problem with income risk
- 13. Work on your model analysis project
- 14. Work on your model analysis project
- 15. Feedback on model project

GitHub.com (code hosting platform)

- All course materials will be shared on GitHub
- Organization: www.github.com/NumEconCopenhagen

Repositories:

- 1. lectures-2020: slides, course plan, guides etc.
- 2. exercises-2020: problem sets, solutions etc.
- Git: A version-control system for tracking changes in computer files and coordinating work on those files among multiple people.
 - ⇒ integrated in VSCode
 - \Rightarrow we will talk more about it in week 5
- Note: You can always download the content of a GitHub repository without using git



Your work-flow

- Lectures: Listen to me and ask questions on Socrative
 - 1. Overview of topic
 - 2. Introduction to new concepts
 - 3. Live coding
 - 4. Presentation of problem set

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 - 1. Solve tasks and problems
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Note: OK to peak at answers, but write the solution yourself

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- In between classes and lectures:
 - 1. Go through lecture notebooks (curriculum)
 - 2. Solve the problem set
 - 3. Experiment with your own ideas

Socrative

• Socrative:

- 1. Web: www.socrative.com \rightarrow student login \rightarrow room: NumEcon
- 2. App (Socrative Student): room: NumEcon

• Structure:

- 1. 5 min to run code just presented
- 2. Ask question on Socrative
- 3. Vote on most important question

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 - 1. Look in the documentation
 - 2. Talk about it in your group
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- Help each other!! You will learn a lot.
 Remember to be constructive and polite!

Projects

Basic programming test

- You must complete the following courses on DataCamp
 - 1. Intro to Python for Data Science
 - 2. Intermediate Python for Data Science
 - 3. Python Data Science Toolbox (Part 1)
 - 4. Python Data Science Toolbox (Part 2)
- First 3 classes: Reserved for your work on DataCamp

Inaugural project

Objectives:

- 1. Apply simple numerical solution methods
- 2. Structure a code project
- 3. Document code
- 4. Present results
- 5. Use GitHub

• Content:

- 1. Solution of pre-specified economic model
- 2. Visualization of solution

Structure:

- 1. A self-contained single notebook presenting the analysis
- 2. Fully documented python files
- Hand-in: Create and commit folder called "inauguralproject" in your GitHub repository

Data analysis project

Objectives:

- 1. Apply data cleaning and data structuring methods
- 2. Apply data analysis methods
- 3. Structure a code project
- 4. Document code
- 5. Present results in text form and in figures

• Content:

- 1. Import data from an online source
- 2. Present the data visually (and perhaps interactively)
- Apply some method(s) from descriptive economics (»samfundsbeskrivelse«)

Structure:

- 1. A self-contained single notebook presenting the analysis
- 2. Fully documented python files
- Hand-in: Create and commit folder called "dataproject" in your GitHub repository

Model analysis project

Objectives:

- 1. Apply model analysis methods
- 2. Structure a code project
- 3. Document code
- 4. Present results in text form and in figures

• Content:

- 1. Describe an algorithm on how to solve a simple economic model
- 2. Solve (and perhaps simulate) a simple economic model
- 3. Visualize results across e.g. parametrizations
- 4. Analyze one or more extensions of the baseline model

Structure:

- 1. A self-contained single notebook presenting the analysis
- 2. Fully documented python files
- Hand-in: Create and commit folder called "modelproject" in your GitHub repository

More examples

More examples

- I will show how to
 - 1. Simulate the AS-AD model
 - 2. Write modules in VSCode
 - 3. Run Python code in VSCode



Summing up

Summing up

I hope your have:

- 1. An idea of why learning numerical analysis is important
- 2. What you will learn in this course
- How you will learn it by working actively and interact with your fellow students
- 4. How you will qualify for and pass the exam

1. First priority: Login to DataCamp (see info in e-mail)

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See the guide: Installing Python and VSCode

2.2 Open JupyterLab and experiment

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- 3. **Third priority:** Read the guides on:
 - Searching for answers using Google and Stackoverflow
 - Asking questions using GitHub issues
- Next time: Introduction to the fundamentals of Python