

191IT234_Niraj_Nandish

August 18, 2020

1 Lab Week 1

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1.0.2 Roll no.: 191IT234

1.0.3 Semester: 3

1.1 Question 1

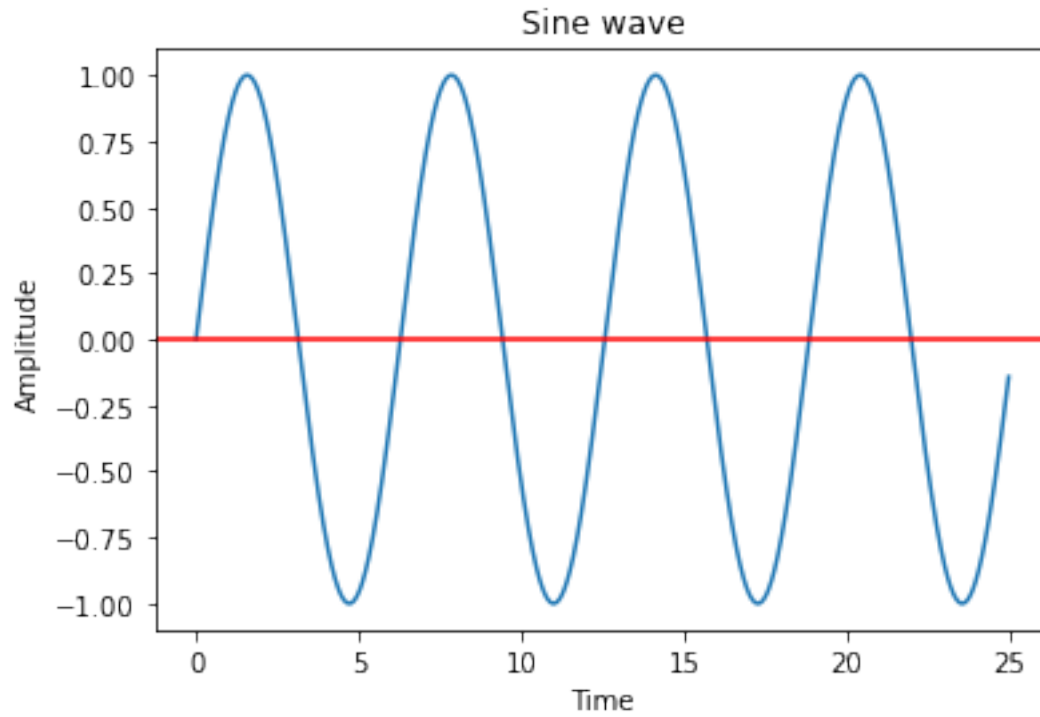
Generation of continuous signals using Python(Note: use plot function)

```
[1]: # Import all required libraries
import numpy as np          # Contains built-in functions to work on arrays
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # Use to plot graphs
from scipy import signal    # Generate signals of various types
import math                 # Contains built-in math functions
```

```
[2]: # 1. sine wave

time = np.arange(0,25,0.01)
amp = np.sin(time)

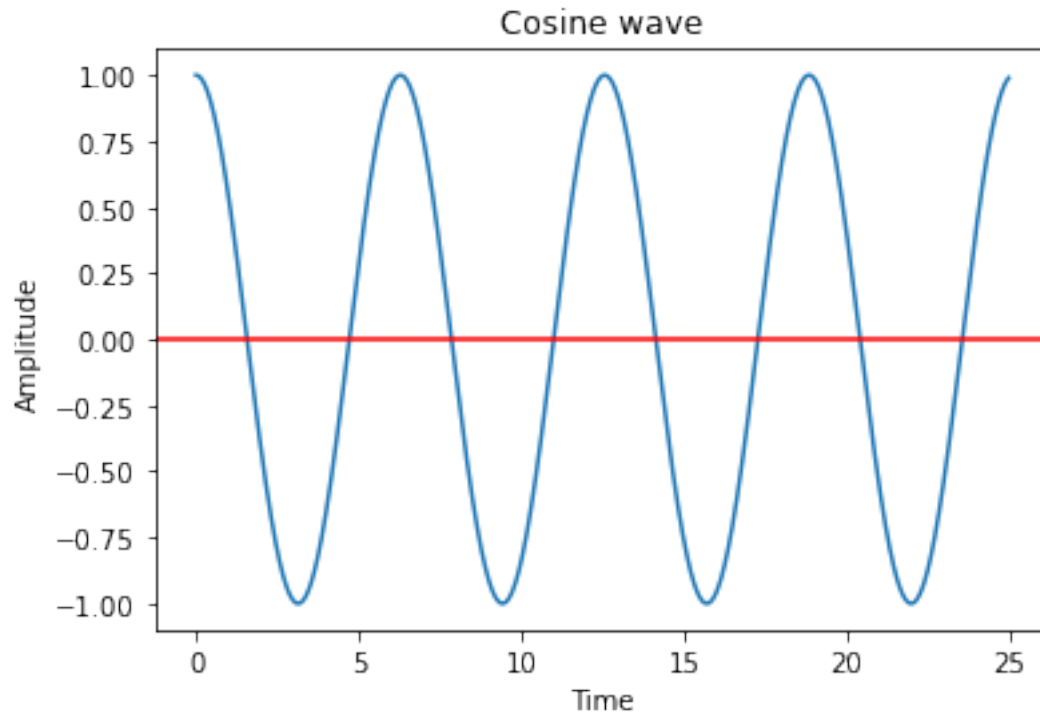
plt.figure()
plt.plot(time,amp)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Sine wave')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```



```
[3]: # 2. cosine wave

time = np.arange(0,25,0.01)
amp = np.cos(time)

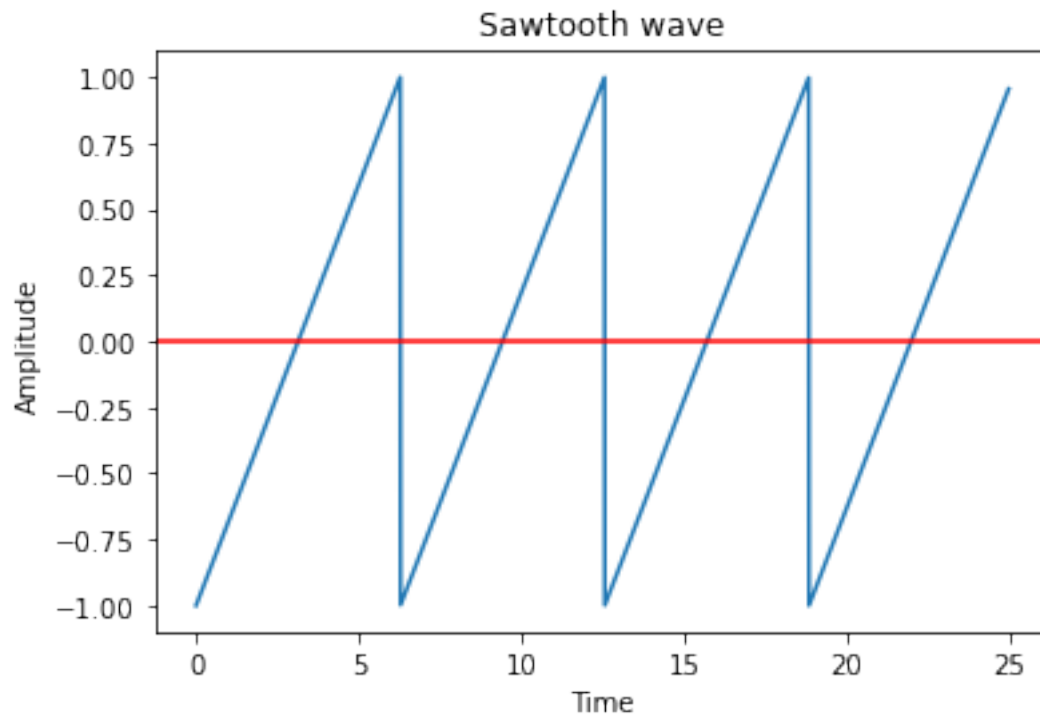
plt.figure()
plt.plot(time,amp)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Cosine wave')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```



```
[4]: # 3. sawtooth wave

time = np.arange(0,25,0.01)
amp = signal.sawtooth(time)

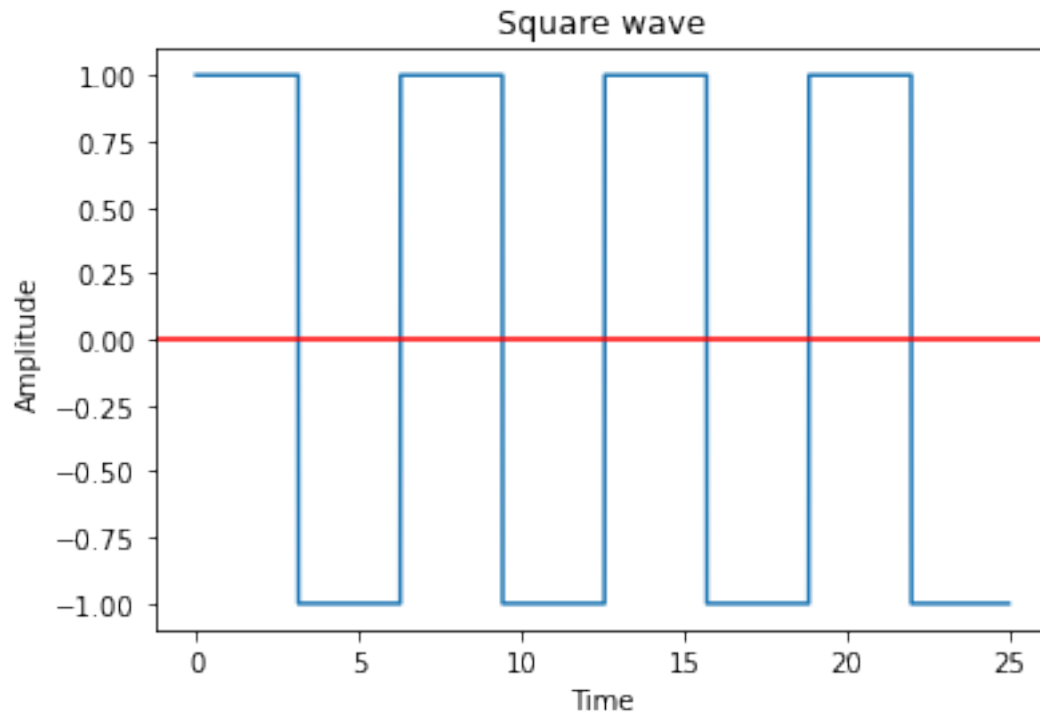
plt.figure()
plt.plot(time,amp)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Sawtooth wave')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```



```
[5]: # 4. square wave

time = np.arange(0,25,0.01)
amp = signal.square(time)

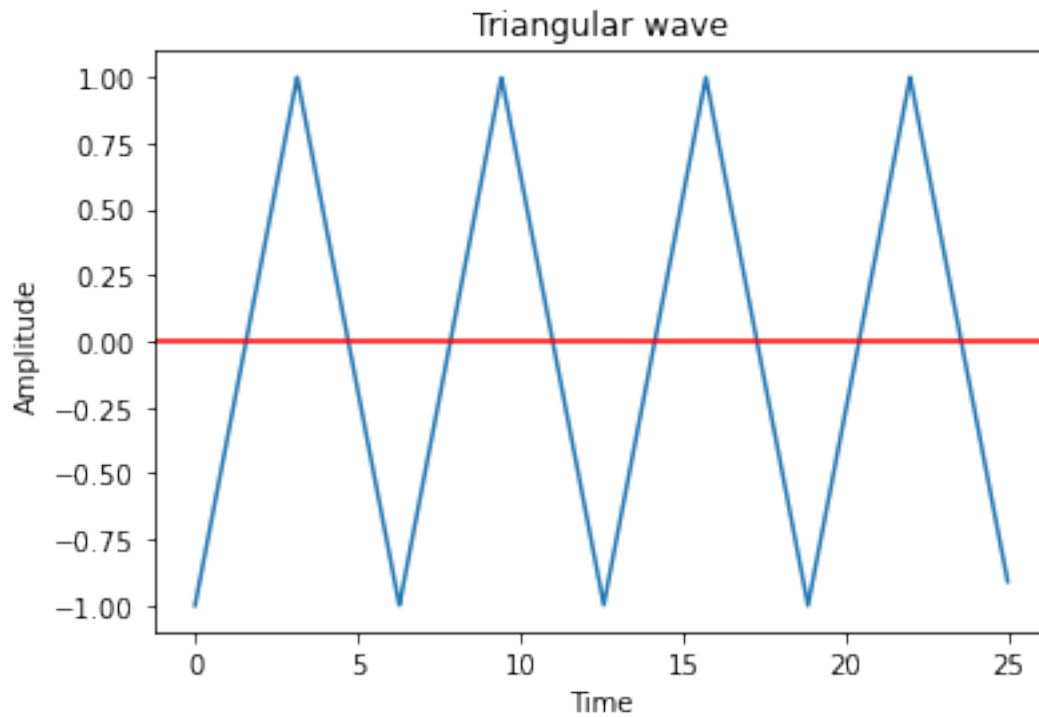
plt.figure()
plt.plot(time,amp)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Square wave')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```



```
[6]: # 5. triangular wave

time = np.arange(0,25,0.01)
amp = signal.sawtooth(time,0.5)

plt.figure()
plt.plot(time,amp)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Triangular wave')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```



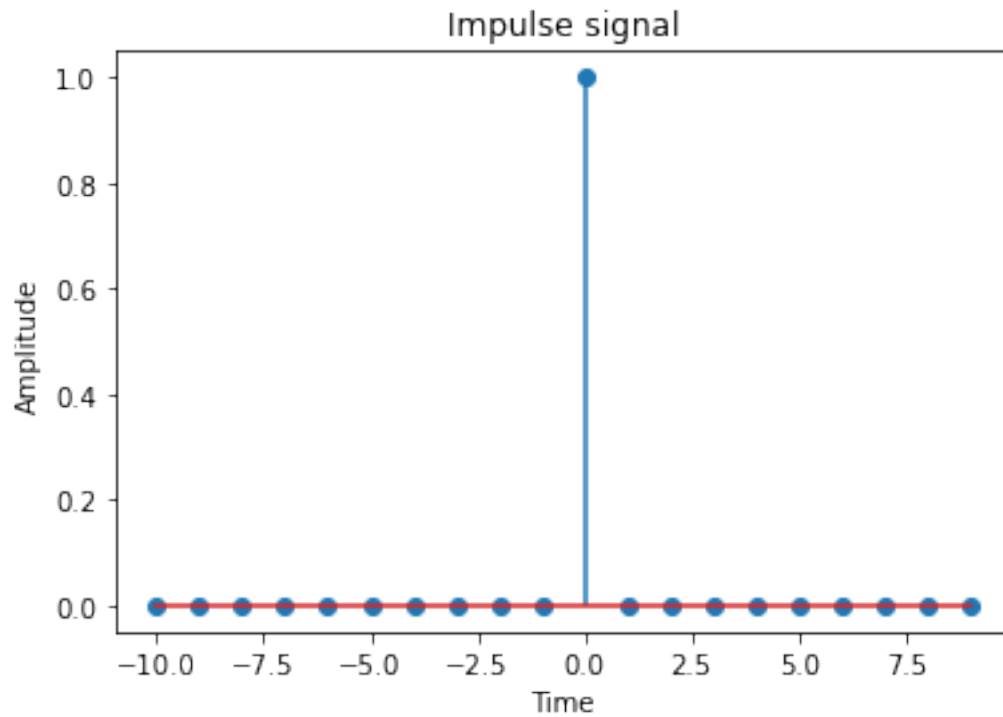
1.2 Question 2

Generation of discrete signals using Python(Note: use stem function)

```
[7]: # 1. Impulse signal

time = np.arange(-10,10)
amp = signal.unit_impulse(20,10)

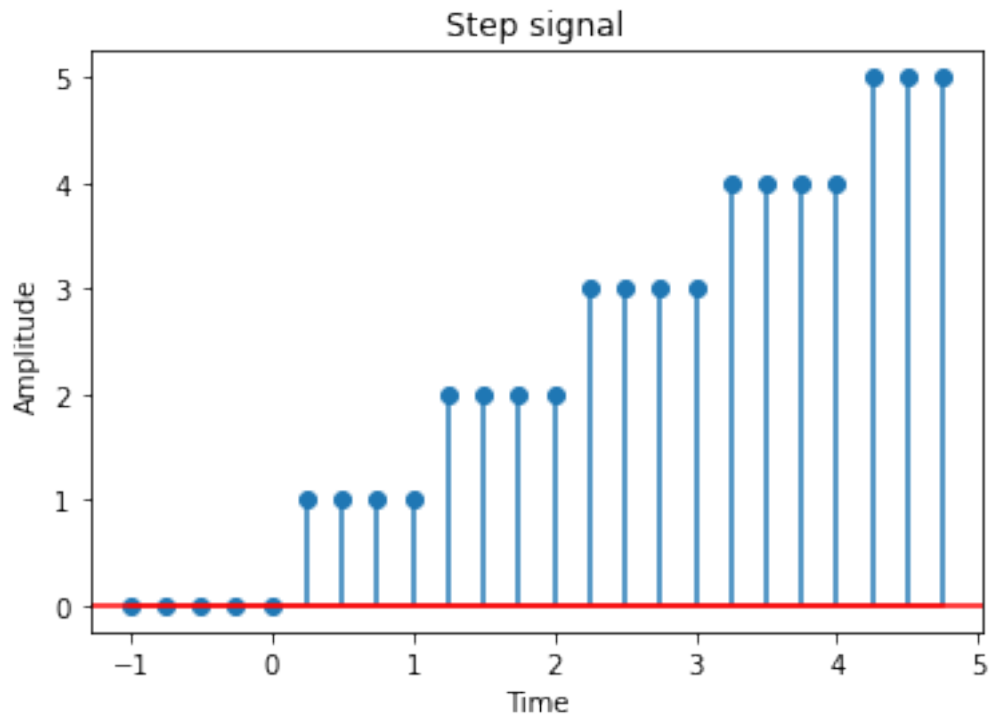
plt.figure()
plt.stem(time,amp,use_line_collection=True)
plt.title('Impulse signal')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```



```
[8]: # 2. Step signal

time = np.arange(-1,5,0.25)
y = list()
for t in time:
    if t>0:
        y.append(math.ceil(t))
    else:
        y.append(0)
amp = np.array(y)

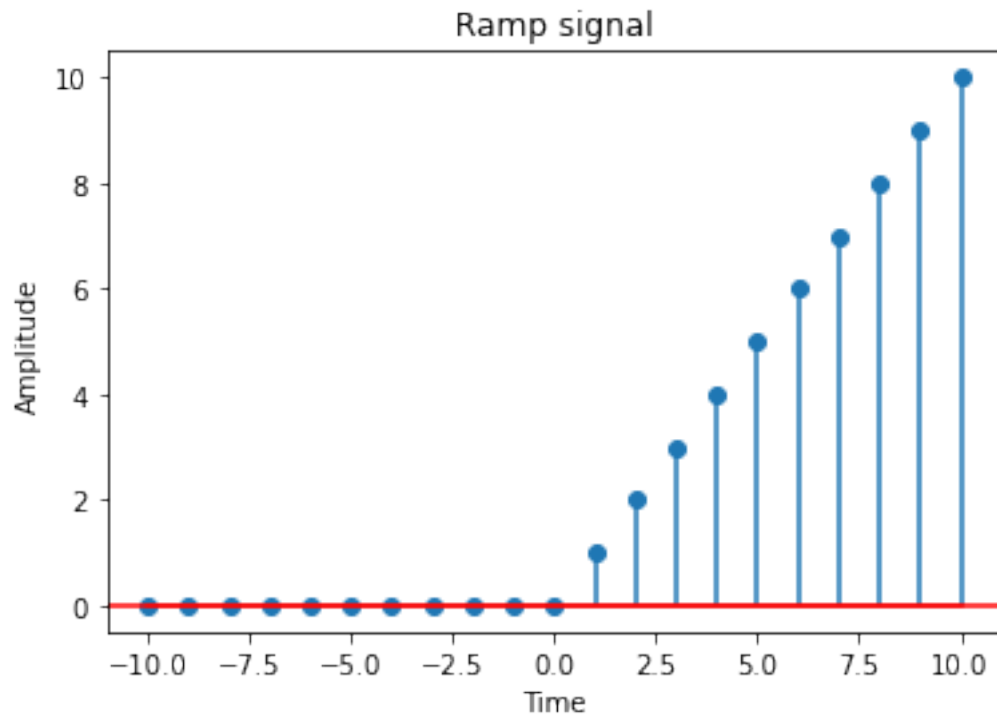
plt.figure()
plt.stem(time,amp,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Step signal')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```



```
[9]: # 3. Ramp signal

time = np.arange(-10,11,1)
amp = np.zeros(np.size(time))
index = np.where(time>=0)
amp[index] = time[index]

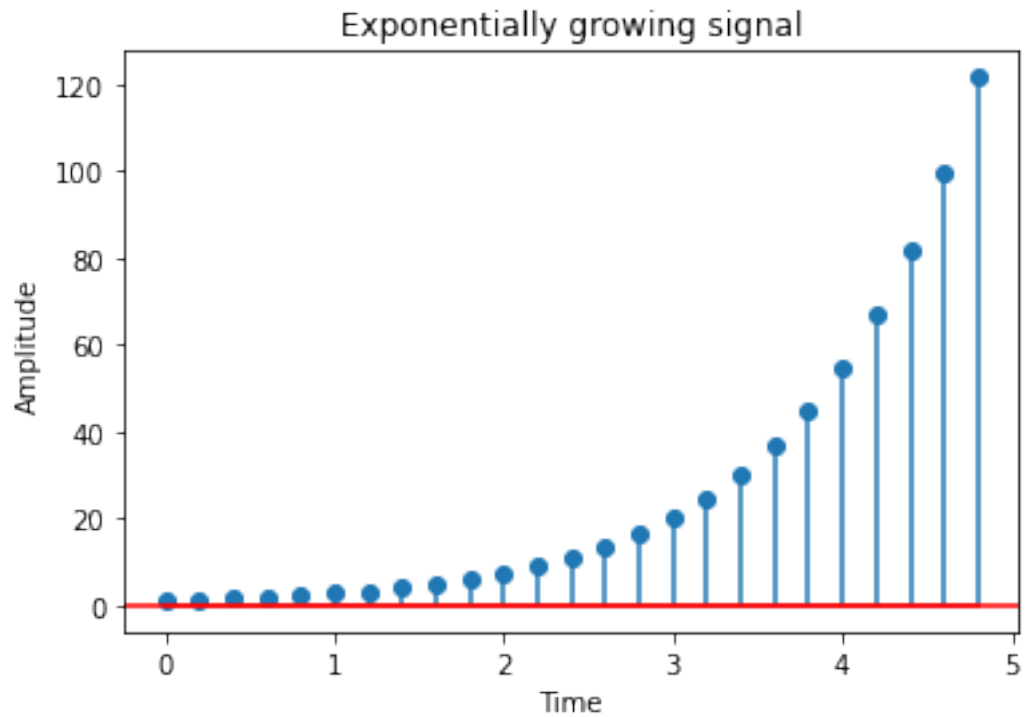
plt.figure()
plt.stem(time,amp,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Ramp signal')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```

```
[10]: # 4. Exponentially growing signal

time = np.arange(0,5,0.2)
amp = np.exp(time)

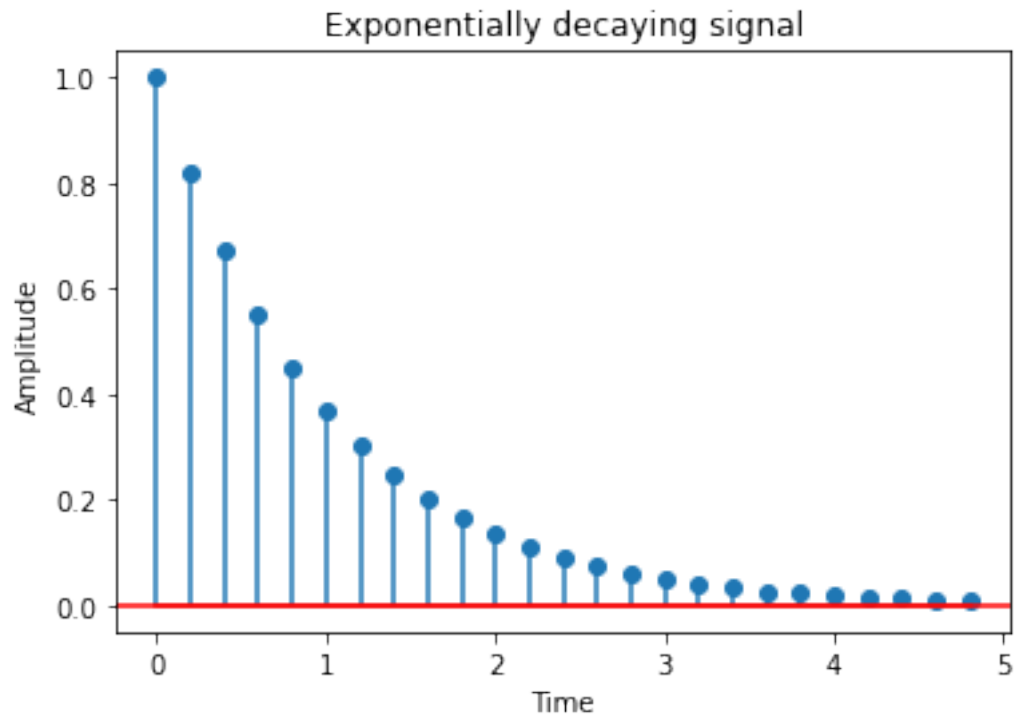
plt.figure()
plt.stem(time,amp,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Exponentially growing signal')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```



```
[11]: # 5. Exponentially decaying signal

time = np.arange(0,5,0.2)
amp = np.exp(-time)

plt.figure()
plt.stem(time, amp, use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Exponentially decaying signal')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```



1.3 Question 3

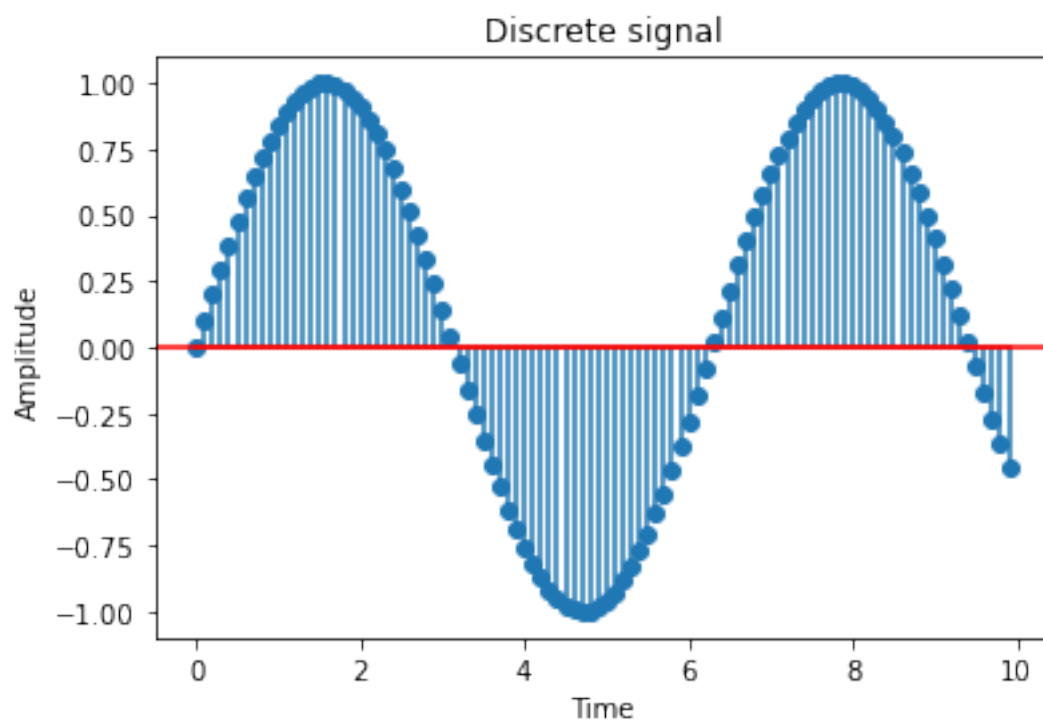
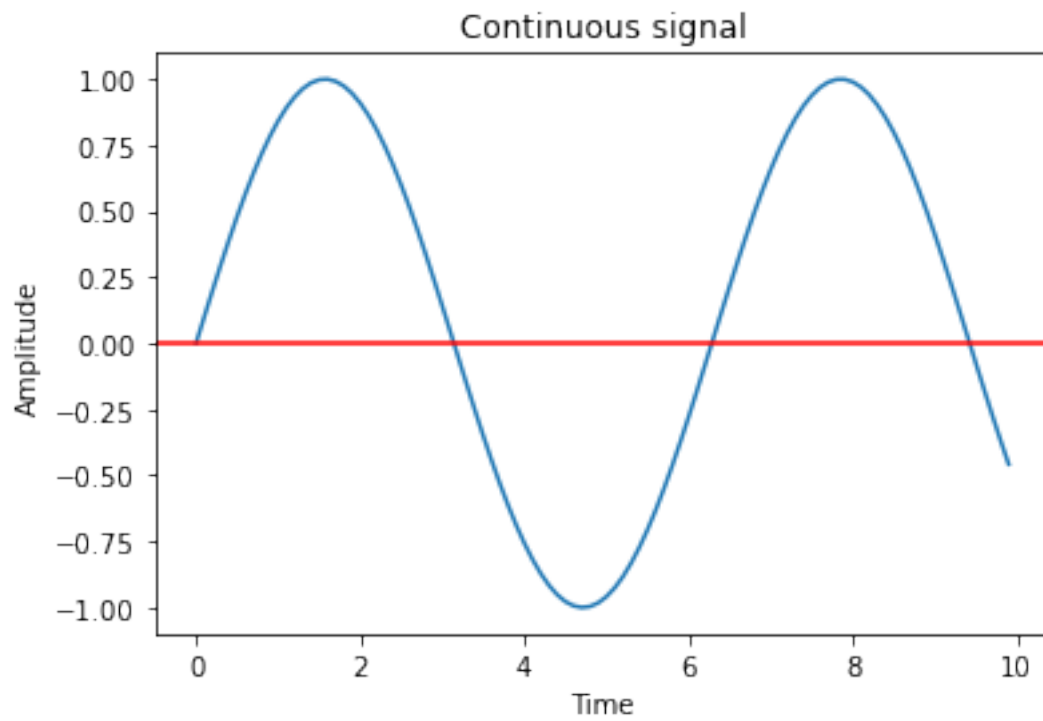
Generate continuous time and discrete time signal for the following

```
[12]: # 1.  $y = \sin(t)$ 

time = np.arange(0,10,0.1)
amp = np.sin(time)

plt.figure()
plt.plot(time,amp)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Continuous signal')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()

plt.figure()
plt.stem(time,amp,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Discrete signal')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```

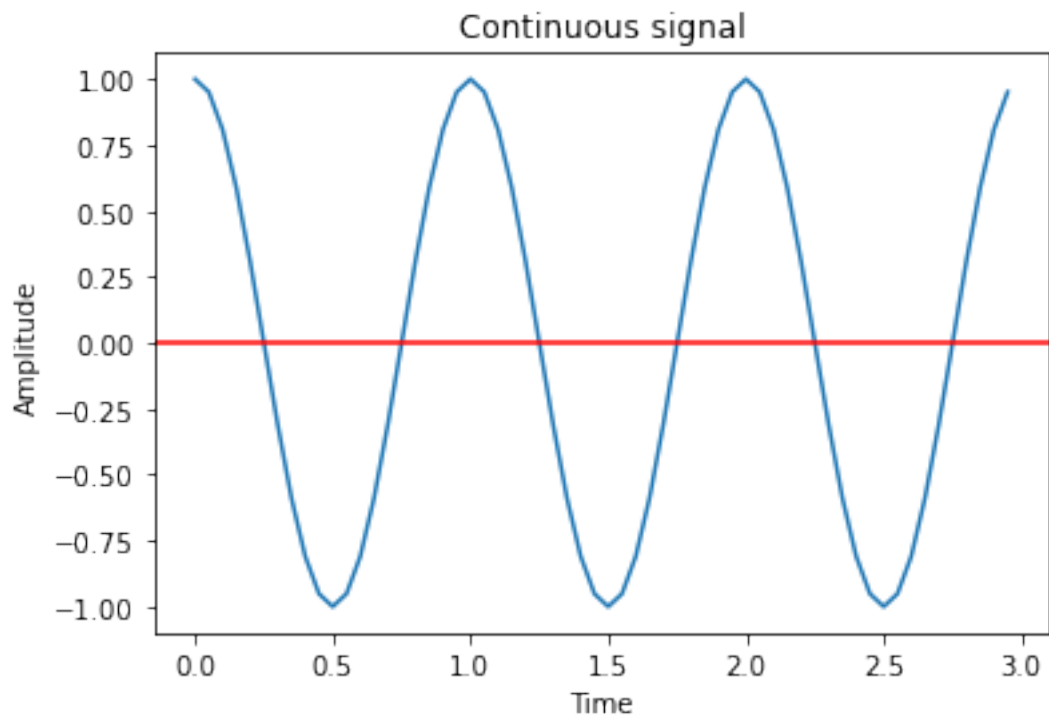


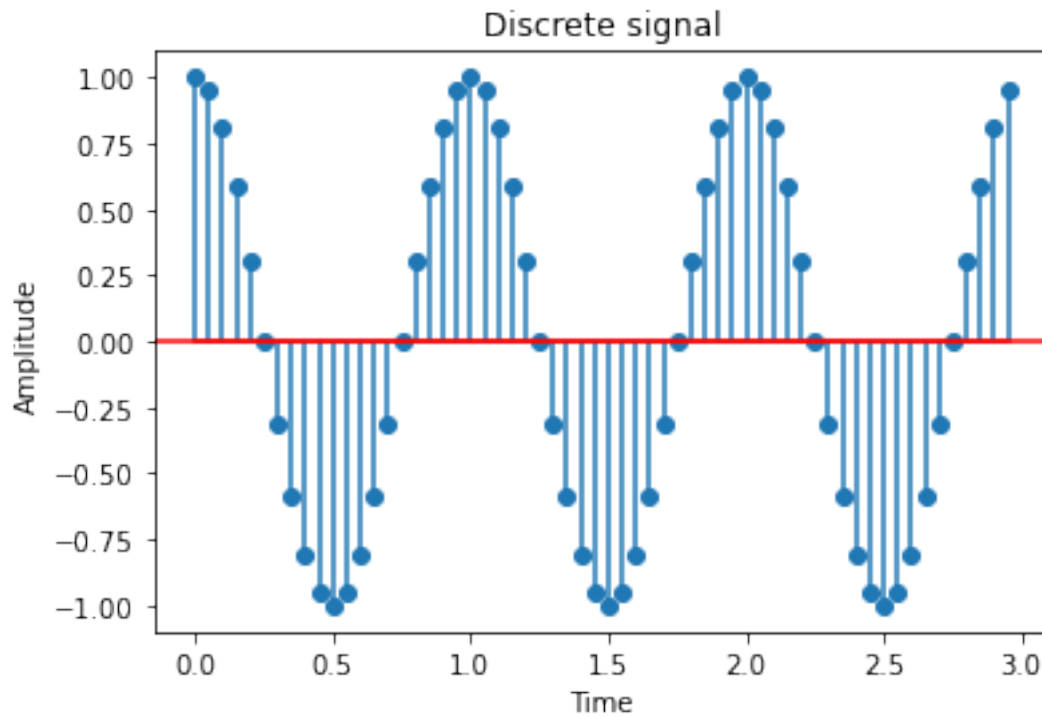
```
[13]: # 2.  $y = \cos(2t)$ 

time = np.arange(0,3,0.05)
amp = np.cos(2*np.pi*time)

plt.figure()
plt.plot(time,amp)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Continuous signal')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()

plt.figure()
plt.stem(time,amp,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Discrete signal')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```



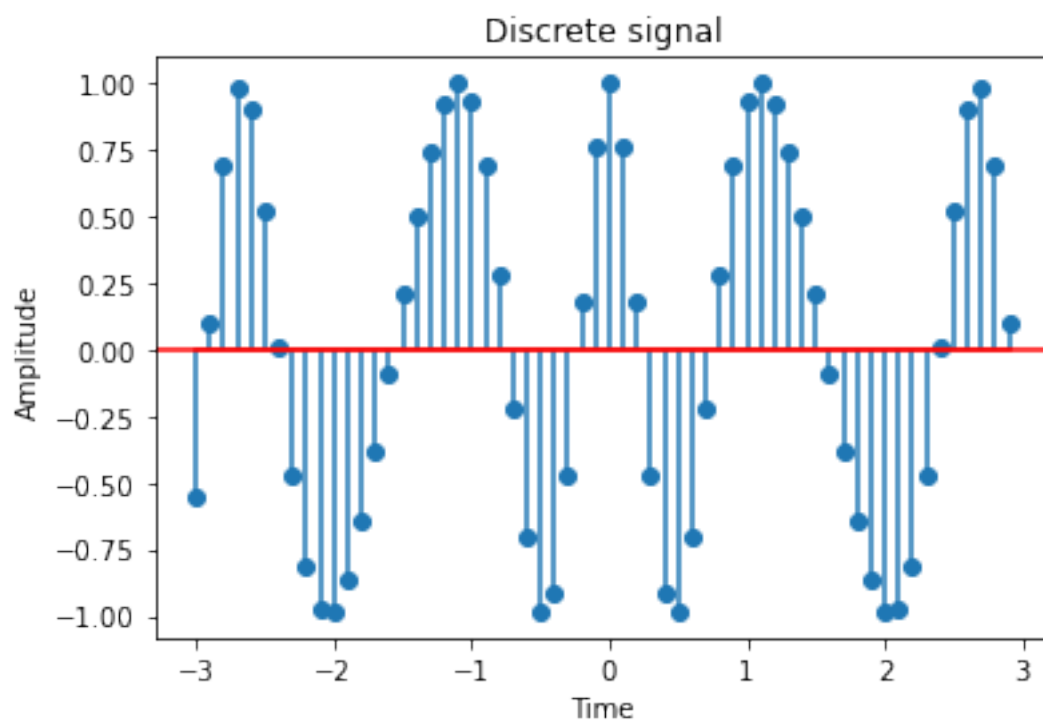
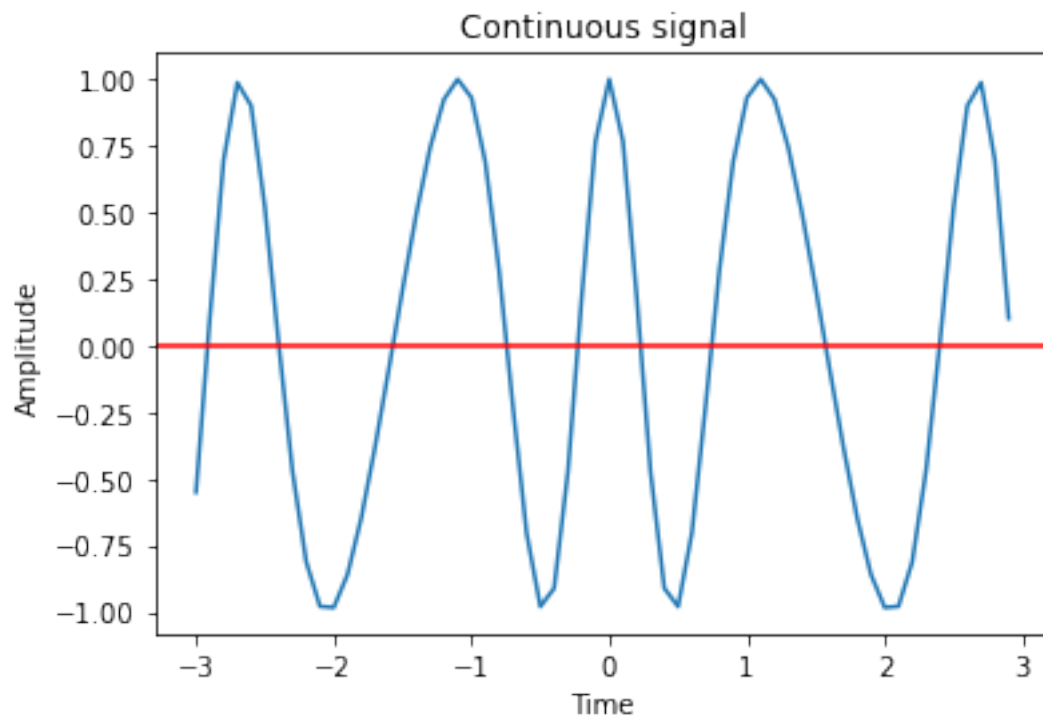


```
[14]: # 3.  $y = \cos(5t + \sin(2t))$ 

time = np.arange(-3,3,0.1)
amp = np.cos(5*time + np.sin(2*time))

plt.figure()
plt.plot(time,amp)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Continuous signal')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()

plt.figure()
plt.stem(time,amp,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('Discrete signal')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```



1.4 Question 4

Consider the following length 7 sequences defined for $-3 \leq n \leq 3$

$$x[n] = [3, -2, 0, 1, 4, 5, 2] \quad y[n] = [0, 7, 1, -3, 4, 9, -2] \quad w[n] = [-5, 4, 3, 6, -5, 0, 1]$$

Generate the following sequences

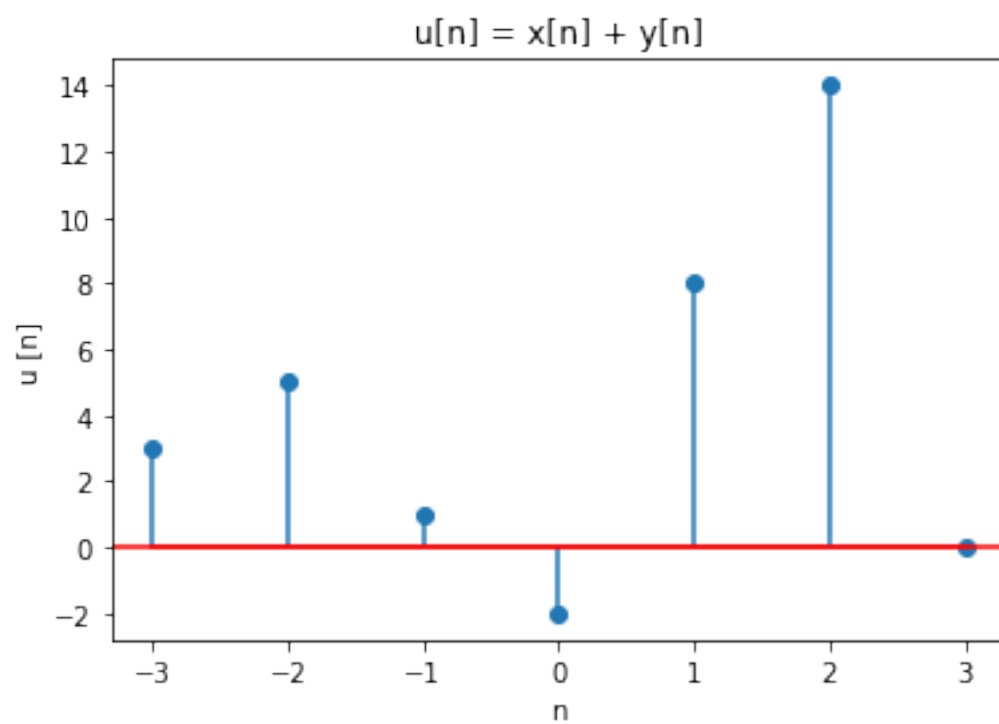
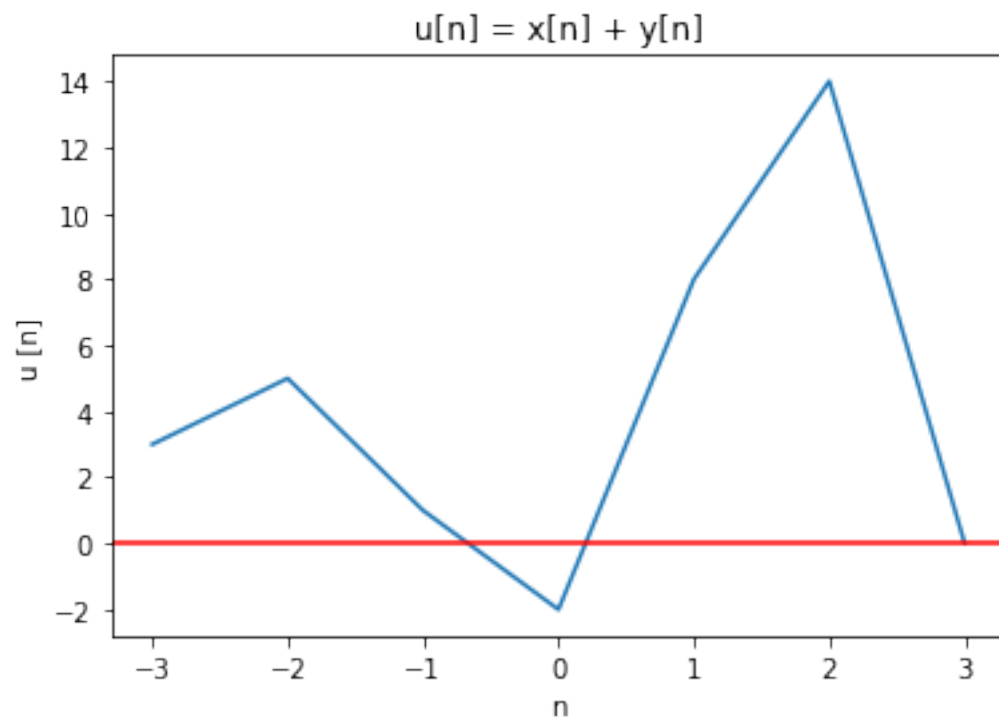
```
[15]: # Common sequences for Q4
n = np.arange(-3,4,1)
x = np.array([3,-2,0,1,4,5,2])
y = np.array([0,7,1,-3,4,9,-2])
w = np.array([-5,4,3,6,-5,0,1])
```

```
[16]: # 1.  $u[n] = x[n] + y[n]$ 

u = np.add(x,y)

plt.figure()
plt.plot(n,u)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('u[n] = x[n] + y[n]')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('u [n]')
plt.show()

plt.figure()
plt.stem(n,u,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('u[n] = x[n] + y[n]')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('u [n]')
plt.show()
```

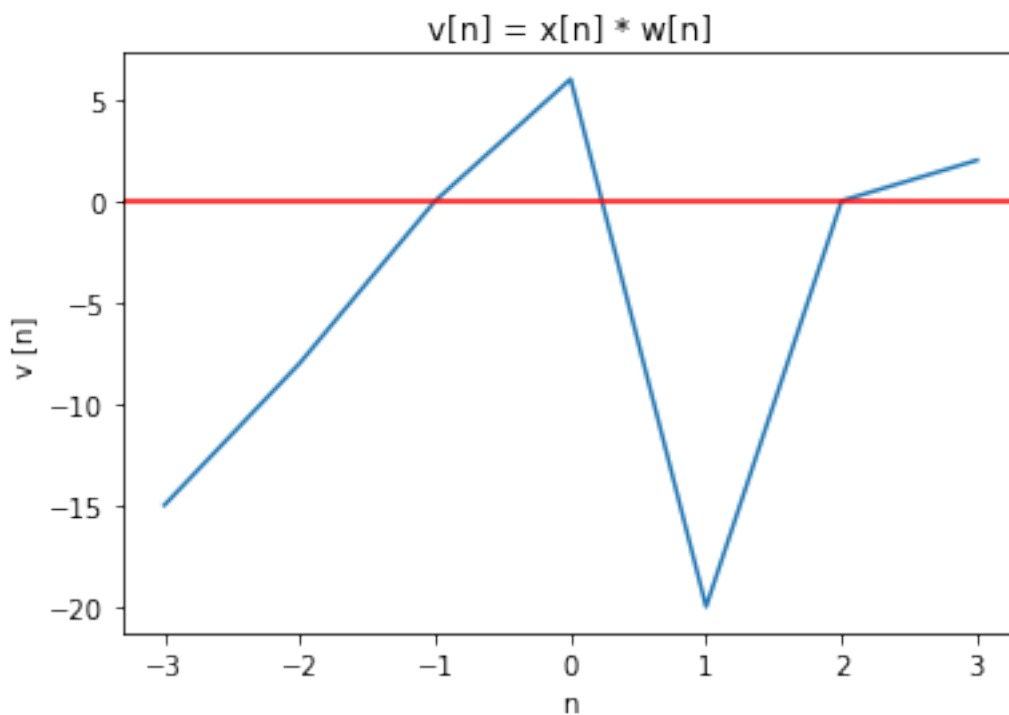



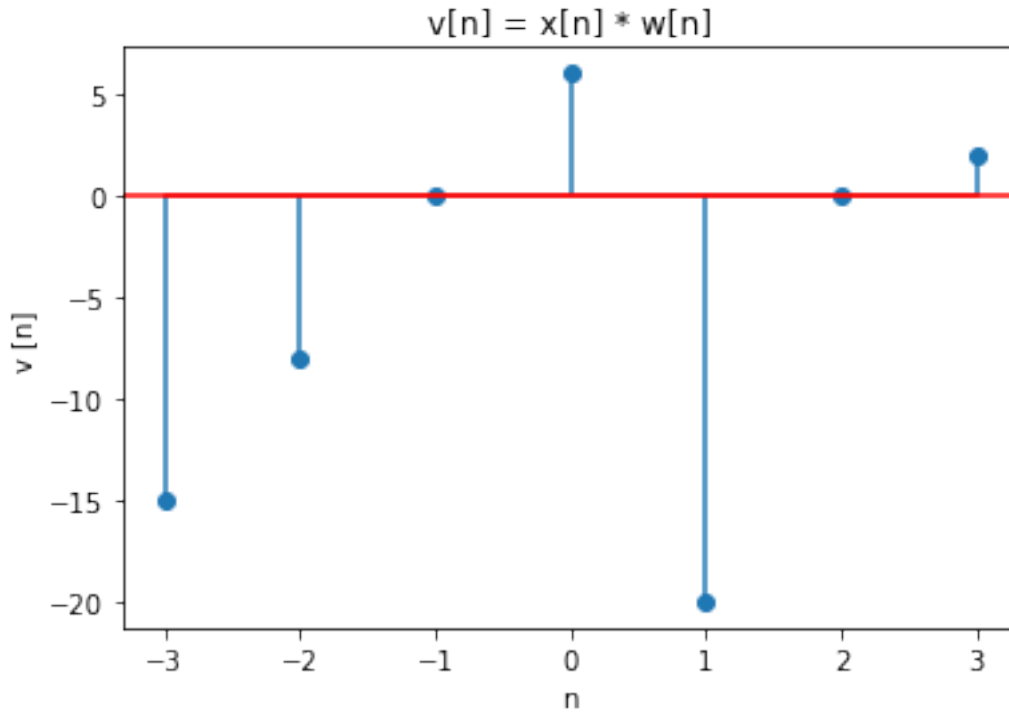
```
[17]: # 2.  $v[n] = x[n] * w[n]$ 

v = np.multiply(x,w)

plt.figure()
plt.plot(n,v)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('v[n] = x[n] * w[n]')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('v [n]')
plt.show()

plt.figure()
plt.stem(n,v,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('v[n] = x[n] * w[n]')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('v [n]')
plt.show()
```



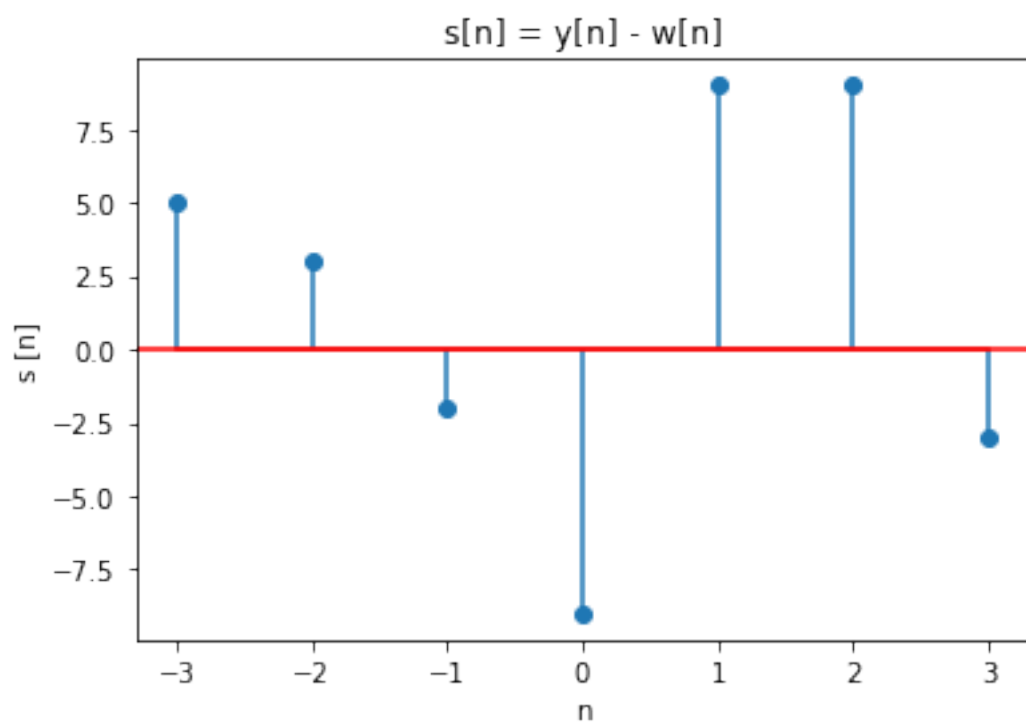
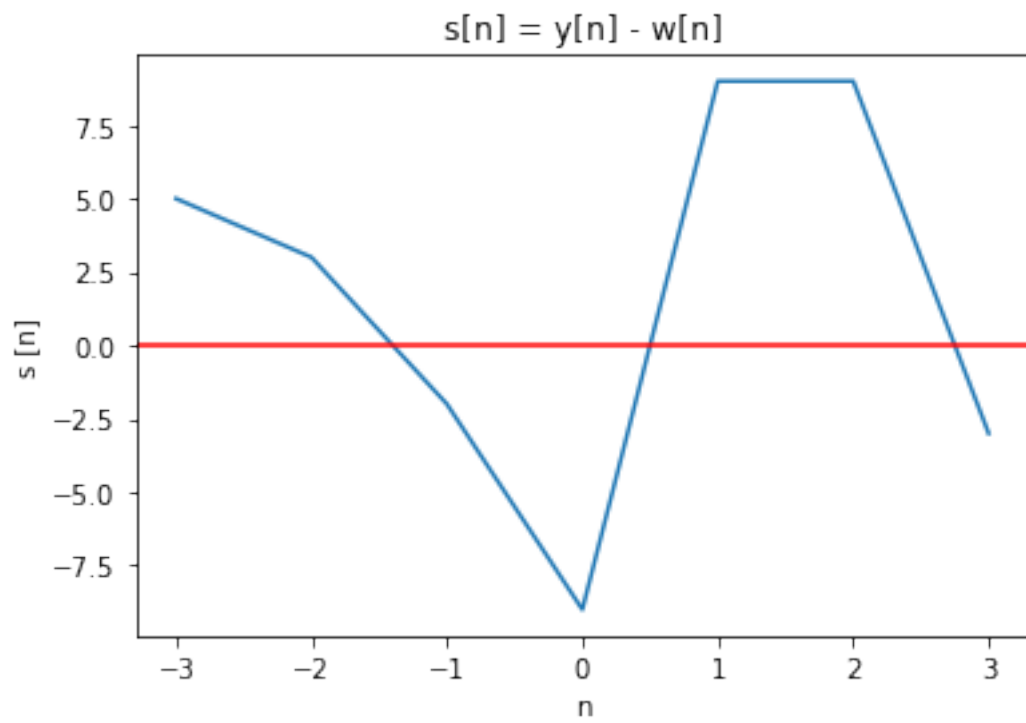


```
[18]: # 3.  $s[n] = y[n] - w[n]$ 

s = np.subtract(y,w)

plt.figure()
plt.plot(n,s)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('s[n] = y[n] - w[n]')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('s [n]')
plt.show()

plt.figure()
plt.stem(n,s,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('s[n] = y[n] - w[n]')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('s [n]')
plt.show()
```

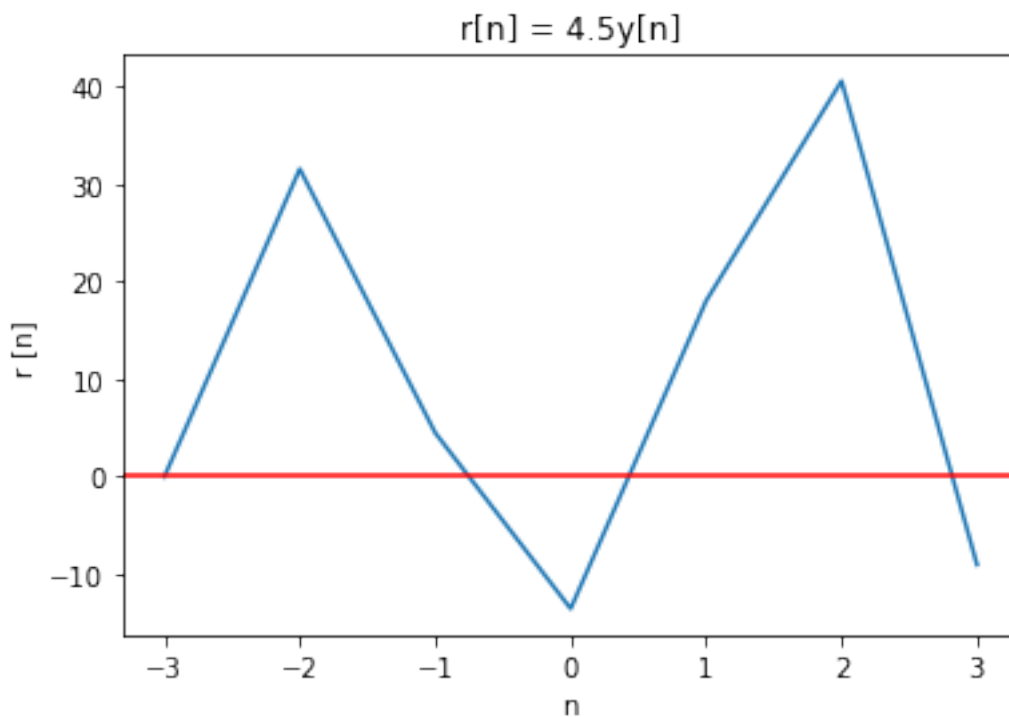


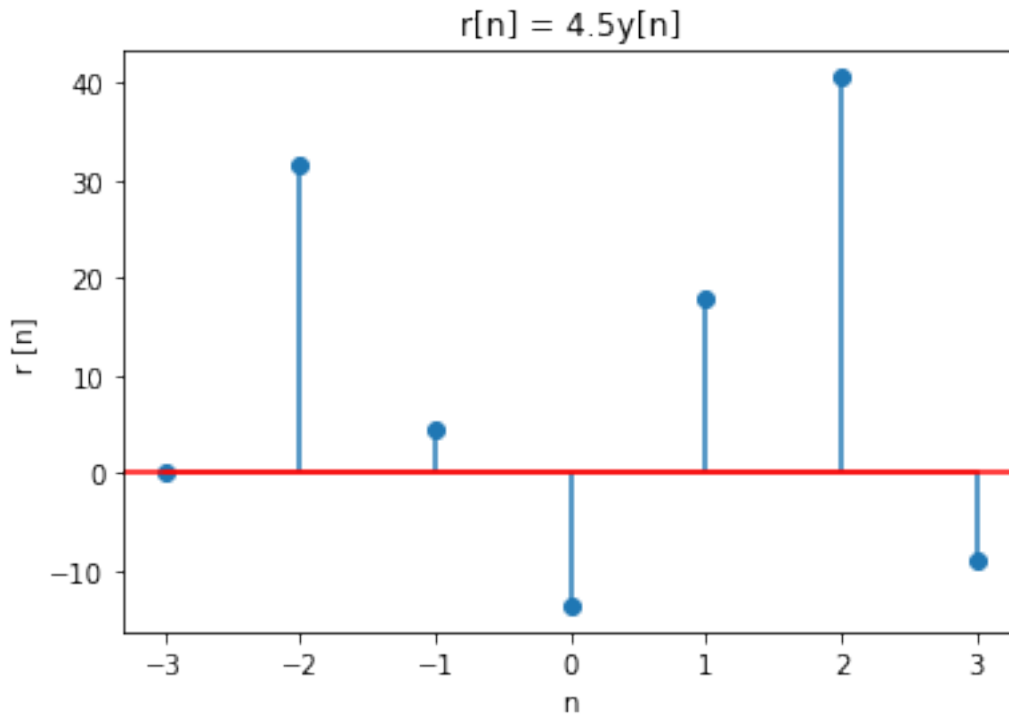
```
[19]: # 4.  $r[n] = 4.5y[n]$ 

r = np.multiply(4.5,y)

plt.figure()
plt.plot(n,r)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('r[n] = 4.5y[n]')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('r [n]')
plt.show()

plt.figure()
plt.stem(n,r,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, c='r')
plt.title('r[n] = 4.5y[n]')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('r [n]')
plt.show()
```





2 Question 5

Generate the sequences

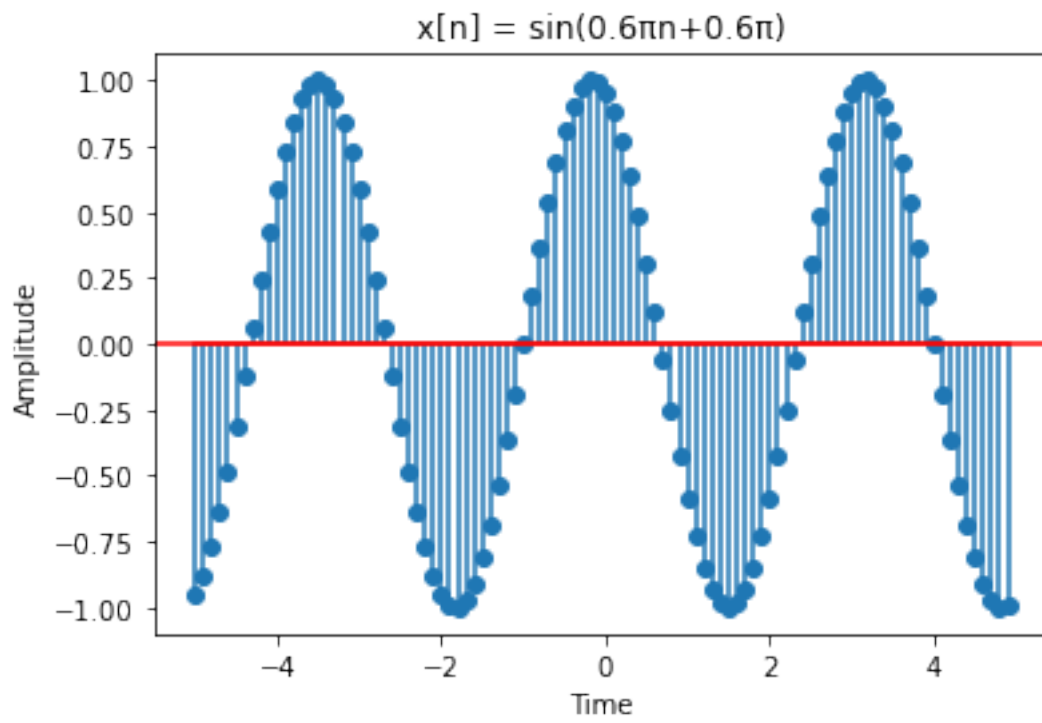
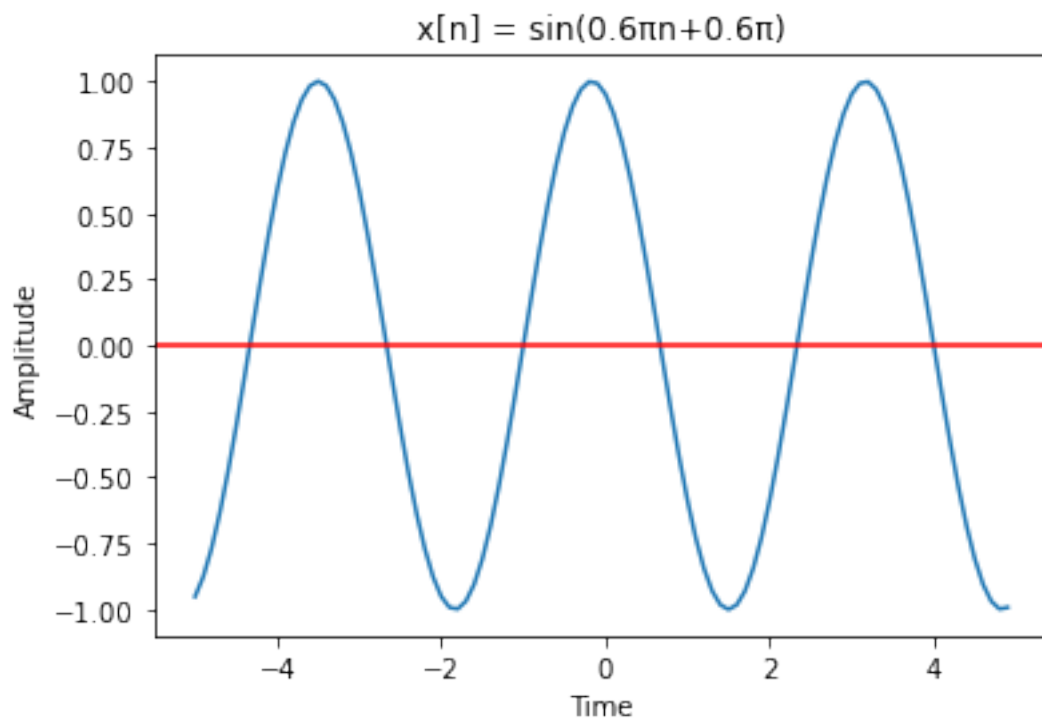
```
[20]: # 1.  $x[n] = \sin(0.6n + 0.6)$ 

time = np.arange(-5,5,0.1)
x = np.sin(0.6*np.pi*time + 0.6*np.pi)

plt.figure()
plt.plot(time,x)
plt.axhline(y=0, color='r')
plt.title('x[n] = sin(0.6 n+0.6)')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()

plt.figure()
plt.stem(time,x,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, color='r')
plt.title('x[n] = sin(0.6 n+0.6)')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.show()
```

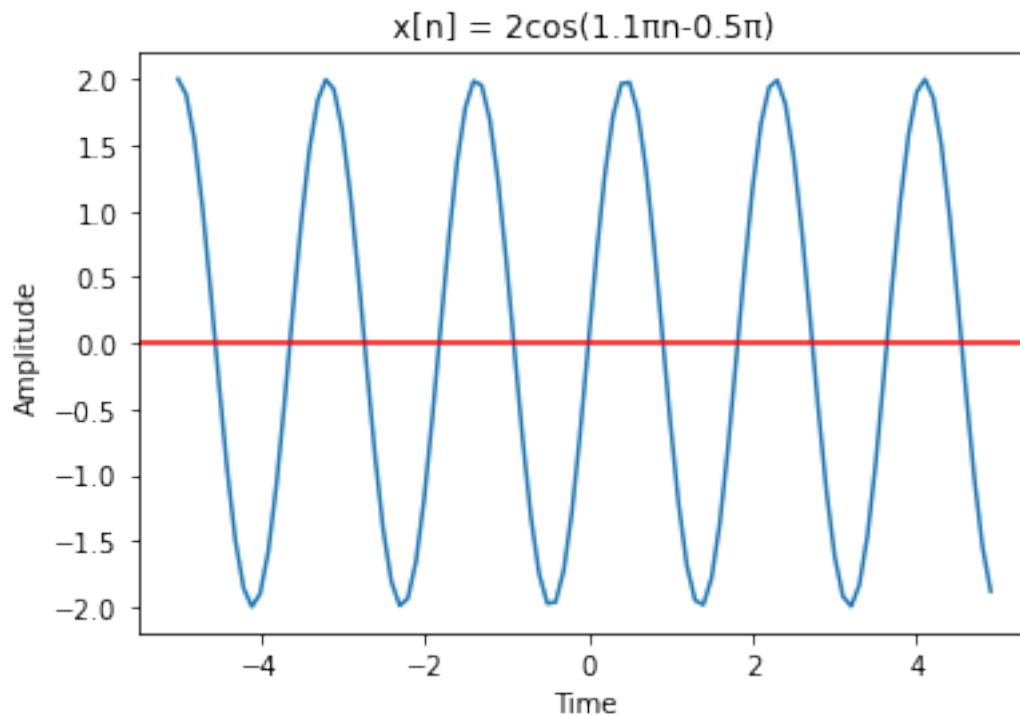


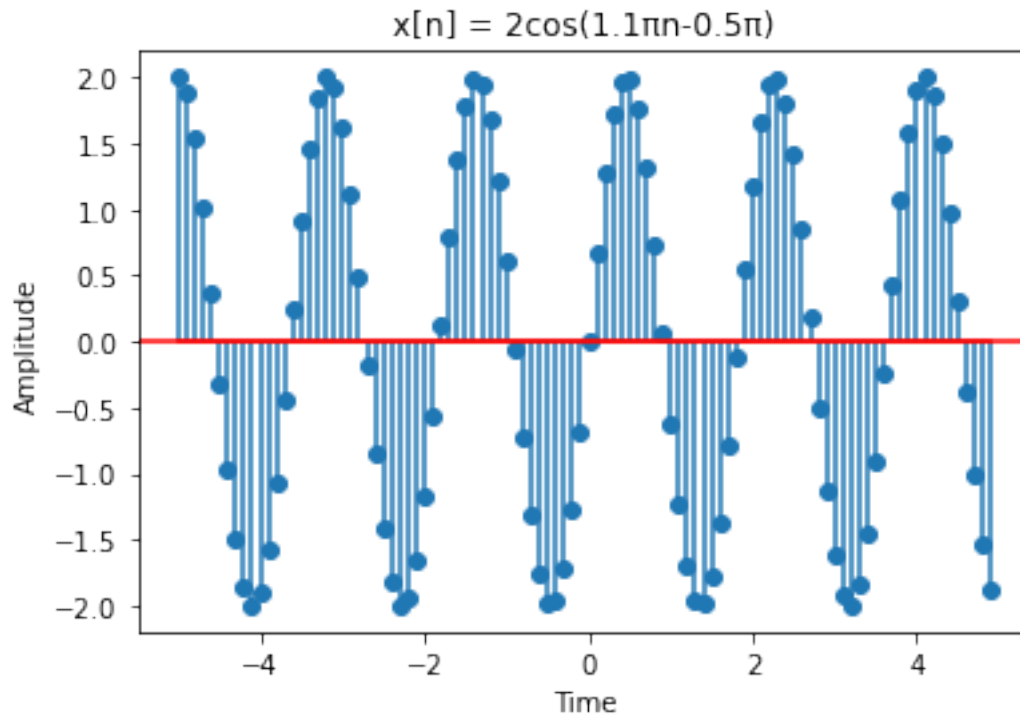
```
[21]: # 2.  $x[n] = 2\cos(1.1n - 0.5)$ 

time = np.arange(-5,5,0.1)
x = 2*np.cos(1.1*np.pi*time - 0.5*np.pi)

plt.figure()
plt.plot(time,x)
plt.axhline(y=0, color='r')
plt.title('x[n] = 2cos(1.1 n-0.5)')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()

plt.figure()
plt.stem(time,x,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, color='r')
plt.title('x[n] = 2cos(1.1 n-0.5)')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```





```
[22]: # 3.  $x[n] = n \text{ modulo } 6$ 

time = np.arange(-10,10,0.5)
x = np.mod(time,6)

plt.figure()
plt.plot(time,x)
plt.axhline(y=0, color='r')
plt.title('x[n] = n modulo 6')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()

plt.figure()
plt.stem(time,x,use_line_collection=True)
plt.axhline(y=0, color='r')
plt.title('x[n] = n modulo 6')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.show()
```

