ASYNCHRONICITY

Er, not exactly

"Node.js is a single-threaded, event-driven, non-blocking I/O platform"

- SOME PEOPLE ON THE INTERNET

"JavaScript is single-threaded" ...arguably yes

- OTHER PEOPLE ON THE INTERNET



ASYNC

(Code is asynchronous if) the execution order is not dependent upon the command order

WHAT HAPPENS?

```
console.log('Some callbacks');
setTimeout(function(){
    console.log('you');
}, 3000);
console.log('love');
```

```
Some callbacks love (3000ms elapse) you
```



EVENT BASED

A function that executes asynchronously...

- 1. Kicks off some external process
- 2. Registers an event handler for when that process finishes (callback)

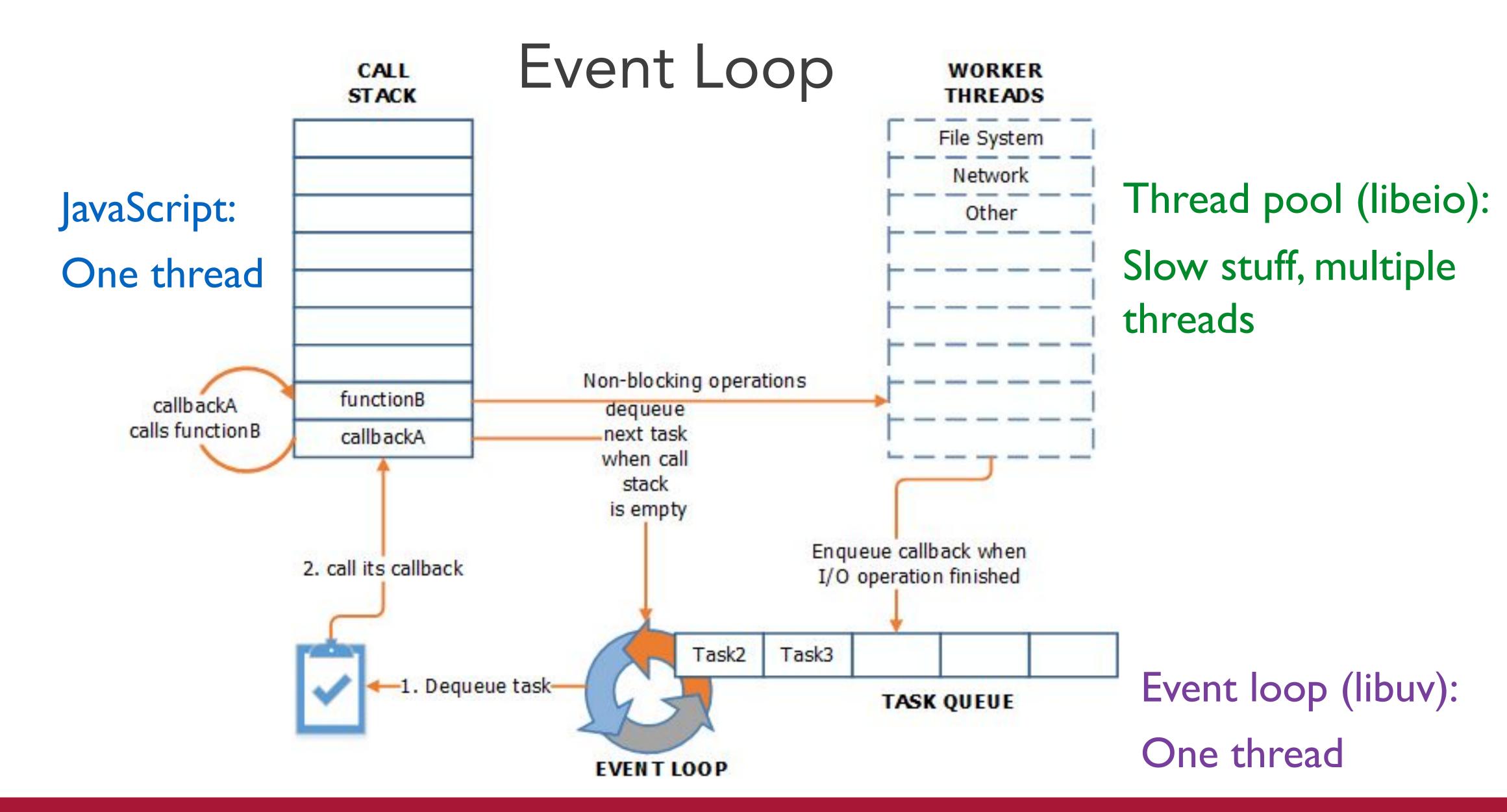


```
var start = new Date;
setTimeout(function() {
   var end = new Date;
   console.log('Time elapsed:', end - start, 'ms');
}, 500);
while (new Date - start < 1000) {};</pre>
```

=> Time elapsed: 1000 ms

WHY?

```
var start = new Date;
setTimeout(function(){ // starts a timer and holds onto
  var end = new Date; // the callback
  console.log('Time elapsed:', end - start, 'ms');
}, 500);
while (new Date - start < 1000) {}; // idles for 1000 ms
// meanwhile, halfway through, the timer finishes
// but while loops are blocking
// and js does not interrupt blocking commands
// after the while it has no other commands
// so it will execute the queued callback
```



How do I know if a function is asynchronous?

That doesn't help

If you want to be sure, you have to look it up

...Wait really?

Well, async operations often have the following callback pattern:

asyncThing(function(err,data){...}/



SUMMARY

- JavaScript is single-threaded but its runtime environment is not
- A callback executes when its async event finishes
- Anything you wish to do after the async event completes must happen in the callback