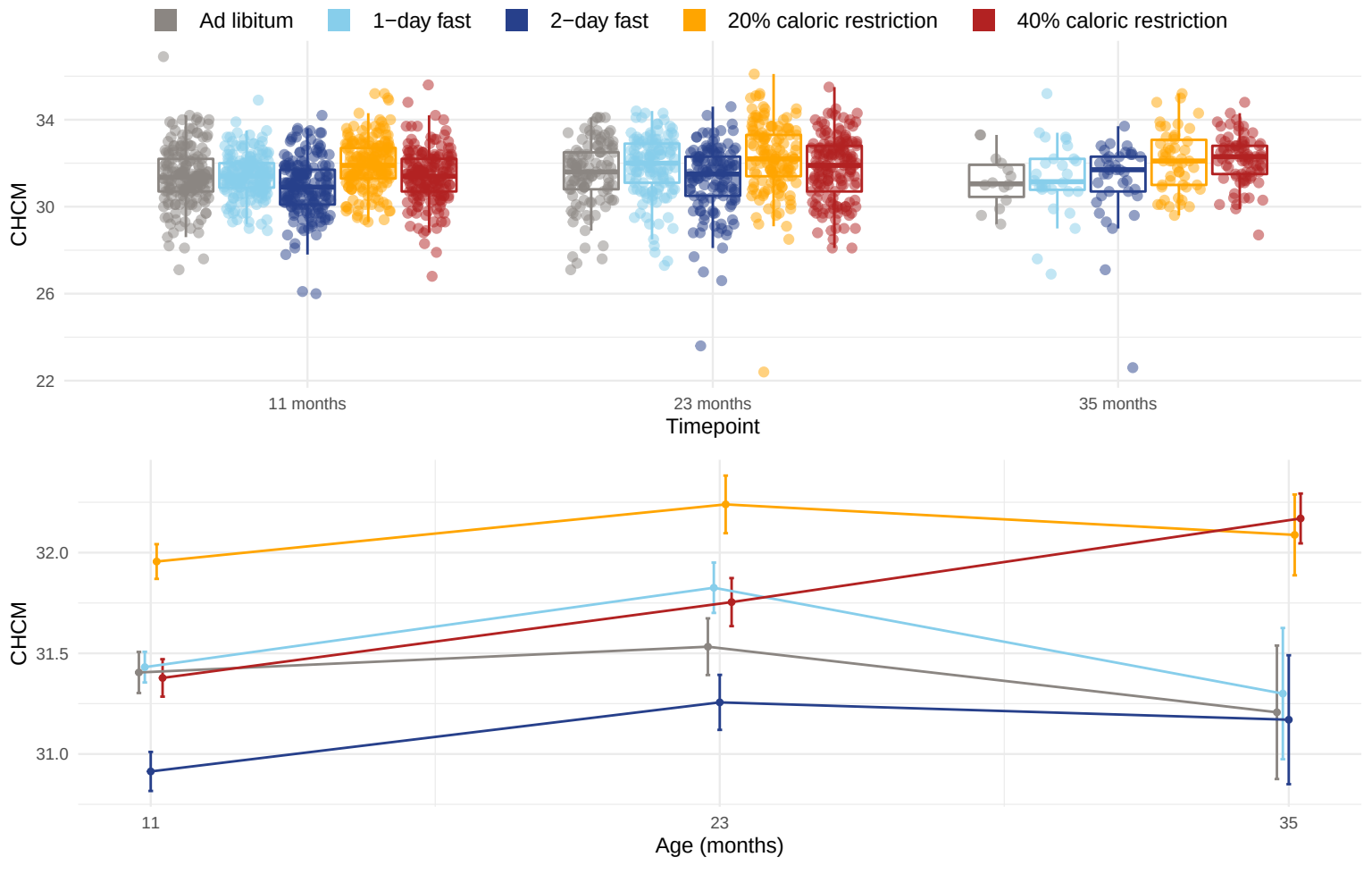
Diet and age effects on mean cellular hemoglobin concentration (g/dL)



Only the following timepoints were used when testing for diet and age effects: 11 months and 23 months. The effects were estimated using mixed linear models and the significance of the effects were assessed with an approximate F−test using the Kenward and Roger (1997) approach. The p−values for the diet effect at each timepoint are: 11 months = 1.41e−09 and 23 months = 1.84e−05. The diet pairs that have significantly different (Tukey p−value < 0.05) means at 11 months are AL−20, 1D−2D, 2D−20, 2D−40 and 20−40. The diet pairs that have significantly different (Tukey p−value < 0.05) means at 23 months are AL−1D, AL−20 and 1D−2D. The p−value for the direct effect of age on CHCM is 0.112. The p−value for the effect of the interaction between age and diet on CHCM is 0.0251. The diet pairs that have significantly different (Tukey p−value < 0.05) rates of change with age are AL−1D and 1D−20.