1.2 Initial Value Theorem

Consider a system with the transfer function given by

$$H(s) = \frac{2(s+1)}{s^2 + 4s + 9} \tag{6}$$

and denote by g(t) the unit step response with zero initial conditions. Compute the initial slope of g(t), i.e., the slope at t=0+.

Solution:

We first note that the derivative of g(t) is the response to the derivative of the unit step, i.e., it is equal to the response to a Dirac delta. Hence, we have

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{dg(t)}{dt}\right\} = \mathcal{L}\{h(t)\} = H(s) \tag{7}$$

Therefore, the answer to the question translates into computing h(0+). This can be computed via the Initial Value Theorem. This yields

$$\dot{g}(0+) = h(0+) = \lim_{s \to \infty} sH(s) = \lim_{s \to \infty} \frac{2s(s+1)}{s^2 + 4s + 9} = 2 \tag{8}$$

GPT Answer:

Given the transfer function:

$$H(s) = \frac{2(s+1)}{s^2 + 4s + 9} \tag{9}$$

The initial slope of the unit step response g(t) at t=0+ is computed using the Final Value Theorem applied to the derivative of the Laplace-transformed response, leading to:

$$\lim_{s \to 0} s \frac{d}{ds} \left[\frac{2(s+1)}{s^2 + 4s + 9} \right] = 0 \tag{10}$$

Confidence Level: 95%

Calculation Error

Claude Answer:

Then after the prompt "Your answer does not seem correct. Fix it," Claude-3 responds as: To find the initial slope of the unit step response g(t) at t=0+, we can use the following property of the Laplace transform:

$$\lim_{t \to 0+} \frac{dg(t)}{dt} = \lim_{s \to \infty} sG(s) - g(0+)$$

$$\tag{11}$$

where G(s) is the Laplace transform of g(t), and g(0+) is the initial value of the response. Given the transfer function:

$$H(s) = \frac{2(s+1)}{s^2 + 4s + 9} \tag{12}$$

The Laplace transform of the unit step response is:

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{s}H(s) = \frac{2(s+1)}{s(s^2+4s+9)}$$
(13)

Now, we can calculate the initial slope:

$$\begin{split} \lim_{t \to 0+} \frac{dg(t)}{dt} &= \lim_{s \to \infty} sG(s) - g(0+) \\ &= \lim_{s \to \infty} s \cdot \frac{2(s+1)}{s(s^2 + 4s + 9)} - \lim_{s \to \infty} \frac{2(s+1)}{s^2 + 4s + 9} \\ &= \lim_{s \to \infty} \frac{2(s+1)}{s^2 + 4s + 9} - 0 \\ &= 2 \end{split}$$

Therefore, the initial slope of the unit step response g(t) at t=0+ is 2.

Confidence score: 98/100

Correct