# B.Sc. (Hons.) Computer Science (CBCS) Semester VI Data Mining Syllabus

SNo.	Units	Topics	Chapter	Hours	
1	Introduction	1.1What Is Data Mining?	Is Data Mining?		
		1.2 Challenges			
		1.3 Data Mining Origins			
		1.4 Data Mining Tasks			
2	Data mining 2.1- Types of data, 2.2 – Data Quality,		2	10	
	techniques	2.3.1 Aggregation, 2.3.2 Sampling, 2.3.3			
		Dimensionality reduction – upto pg 51, 2.3.4			
		Feature subset selection upto pg 52, 2.3.5			
		Feature creation upto pg 55, 2.3.6 Discretization			
		upto pg 59, 2.3.7 variable transformations			
		2.4.3 Dissimilarity among data objects 2.4.4			
		similarity among data objects			
3		4.1 – Preliminaries, 4.2 – General Approach to	4	7	
		Solving a Classification Problem, 4.3 Decision			
	Classification	Tree Induction (Till Pg. 165), 4.5 – Evaluating			
		the Performance of a Classifier			
4		5.1 – Rule Based Classifier (upto page	5	8	
		212),5.2 – Nearest Neighbor Classifiers, 5.3–			
		Bayesian Classifiers (Complete for discrete			
		data and only introduction of Bayes classifier			
		for continuous attributes) till pg. 233, 5.7.1 –			
		Alternative Metrics			
5	Association	6.1-Problem definition, 6.2-Frequent itemset	6	10	
	Rules	generation, 6.3-Rule generation till Pg 351			
6	Clustering 8.1 Basic concepts of clustering analysis, 8.2		8	12	
		Means (8.2.1-8.2.5 except 8.2.3), 8.3			
		Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering (except			
		pg 522-524), 8.4 DBSCAN			

#### **Course Books:**

1. Introduction to Data Mining, Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, Pearson Education.

#### **References:**

- 2. Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, 3nd edition, Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber
- 3. Data Mining: A Tutorial Based Primer, Roiger R, Geatz M, Pearson Education 2003.
- 4. Introduction to Data Mining with Case Studies, G.K. Gupta, PHI 2006
- 5. Insight into Data mining: Theory and Practice, Soman K. P., Diwakar S, Ajay V., PHI 2006

# B. Sc. (H) Computer Science, Semester VI

## **Data Mining Practical List**

The practicals are to be performed on R or Python. The operations are to be performed on downloadable datasets mentioned in references below.

### **Section 1: Preprocessing**

Q1. Create a file "people.txt" with the following data:

Age	agegroup	height	status	yearsmarried
21	adult	6.0	single	-1
2	child	3	married	0
18	adult	5.7	married	20
221	elderly	5	widowed	2
34	child	-7	married	3

- i) Read the data from the file "people.txt".
- ii) Create a ruleset E that contain rules to check for the following conditions:
  - 1. The age should be in the range 0-150.
  - 2. The age should be greater than yearsmarried.
  - 3. The status should be married or single or widowed.
  - 4. If age is less than 18 the agegroup should be child, if age is between 18 and 65 the agegroup should be adult, if age is more than 65 the agegroup should be elderly.
- iii) Check whether ruleset *E* is violated by the data in the file people.txt.
- iv) Summarize the results obtained in part (iii)
- v) Visualize the results obtained in part (iii)
- Q2. Perform the following preprocessing tasks on the dirty\_iris datasetil.
  - i) Calculate the number and percentage of observations that are complete.
  - ii) Replace all the special values in data with NA.
- iii) Define these rules in a separate text file and read them.

(Use editfile function in R (package editrules). Use similar function in Python).

Print the resulting constraint object.

- Species should be one of the following values: setosa, versicolor or virginica.
- All measured numerical properties of an iris should be positive.
- The petal length of an iris is at least 2 times its petal width.
- The sepal length of an iris cannot exceed 30 cm.
- The sepals of an iris are longer than its petals.
- iv) Determine how often each rule is broken (violatedEdits). Also summarize and plot the result.
  - v) Find outliers in sepal length using boxplot and boxplot.stats
- Q3. Load the data from wine dataset. Check whether all attributes are standardized or not (mean is 0 and standard deviation is 1). If not, standardize the attributes. Do the same with Iris dataset.

## Section: Data Mining Techniques

Run following algorithms on 2 real datasets and use appropriate evaluation measures to compute correctness of obtained patterns:

- Q4. Run Apriori algorithm to find frequent itemsets and association rules
  - 4.1 Use minimum support as 50% and minimum confidence as 75%

4.2 Use minimum support as 60% and minimum confidence as 60 %

- Q5. Use Naive bayes, K-nearest, and Decision tree classification algorithms and build classifiers. Divide the data set into training and test set. Compare the accuracy of the different classifiers under the following situations:
  - 5.1 a) Training set = 75% Test set = 25% b) Training set = 66.6% (2/3rd of total), Test set = 33.3%
  - 5.2 Training set is chosen by i) hold out method ii) Random subsampling iii) Cross-Validation. Compare the accuracy of the classifiers obtained.
  - 5.3 Data is scaled to standard format.
- Q6. Use Simple Kmeans, DBScan, Hierarchical clustering algorithms for clustering. Compare the performance of clusters by changing the parameters involved in the algorithms.

### Recommended Datasets for Classification:

Abalone, Artificial Characters, Breast Cancer Wisconsin (Diagnostic)

Recommended Datasets for Clustering:<sup>II</sup>

# Grammatical Facial Expressions, HTRU2, Perfume data

# **Recommended Datasets for Association Rule Mining:**

The dataset can be downloaded from https://wiki.csc.calpoly.edu/datasets/wiki/apriori (for Association Mining)

http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/

## Reading material:

1. <a href="http://www.dcc.fc.up.pt/~ltorgo/DM1/dataPreProc.html">http://www.dcc.fc.up.pt/~ltorgo/DM1/dataPreProc.html</a>

https://raw.github.com/edwindj/datacleaning/master/data/dirty\_iris.csv