

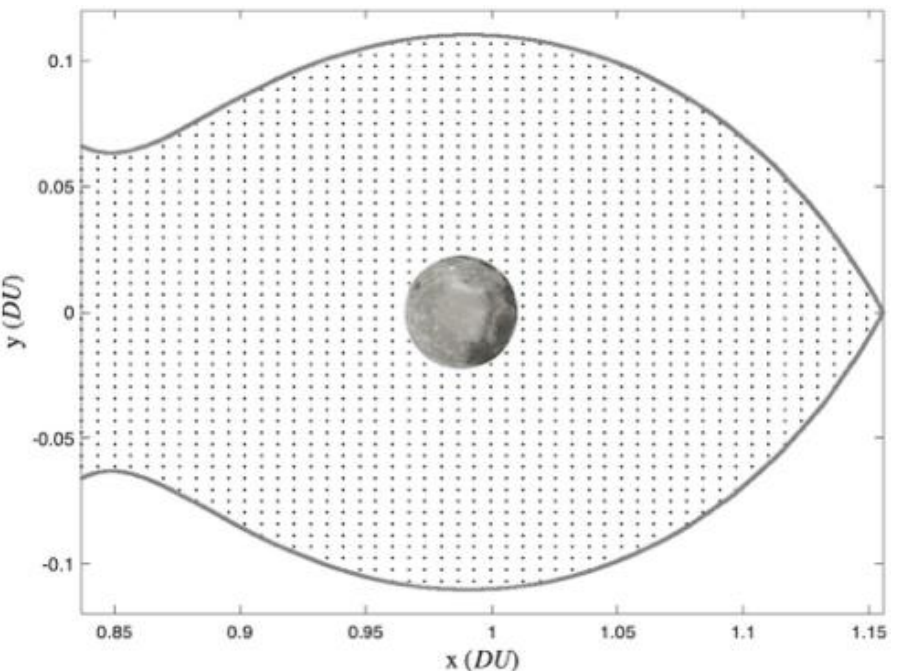
MOTIVATION

- Consistently propagate statistical moments in nonlinear systems
- Earth-Moon CR3BP
- Statistical moments: mean and covariance

$$\mu = E[x] = \int xp(x)dx$$

$$\Sigma = E[(x - \mu)(x - \mu)^T] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i (x_i - \mu)(x_i - \mu)^T$$

L₁ to L₂ Grid Points



- 1810 grid points between L₁ and L₂
- Jacobi energy of L₂
- Perilune initial conditions
- Propagated for 30 days
- 5 km position and 1 m/s velocity deviation
- UT, CUT 8, 100,000 MC and 1,000,000 MC
- 1,810,000,000 trajectories

ALGORITHMS

Monte Carlo (MC)

- Benchmark algorithm since its creation in the 1940s
- Given an initial distribution, MC randomly samples points
- Independently propagates points
- Increasing the number of points by 100 typically decreases error by 0.1

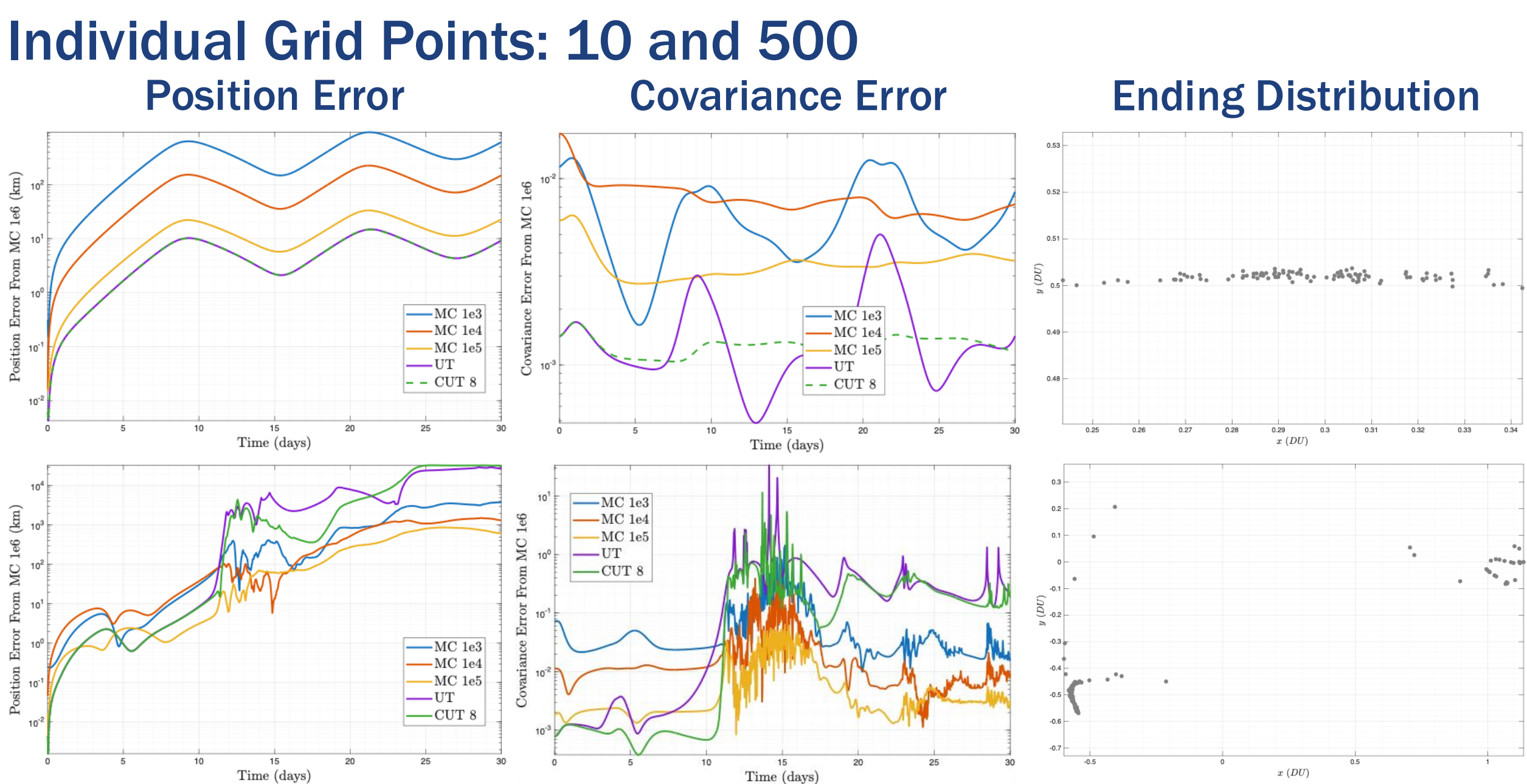
Unscented Transform (UT)

- Samples points on primary axes to create a 2nd-order accurate estimate
- Points are weighted equally
- Independently propagate points through time

Conjugate Unscented Transform (CUT)

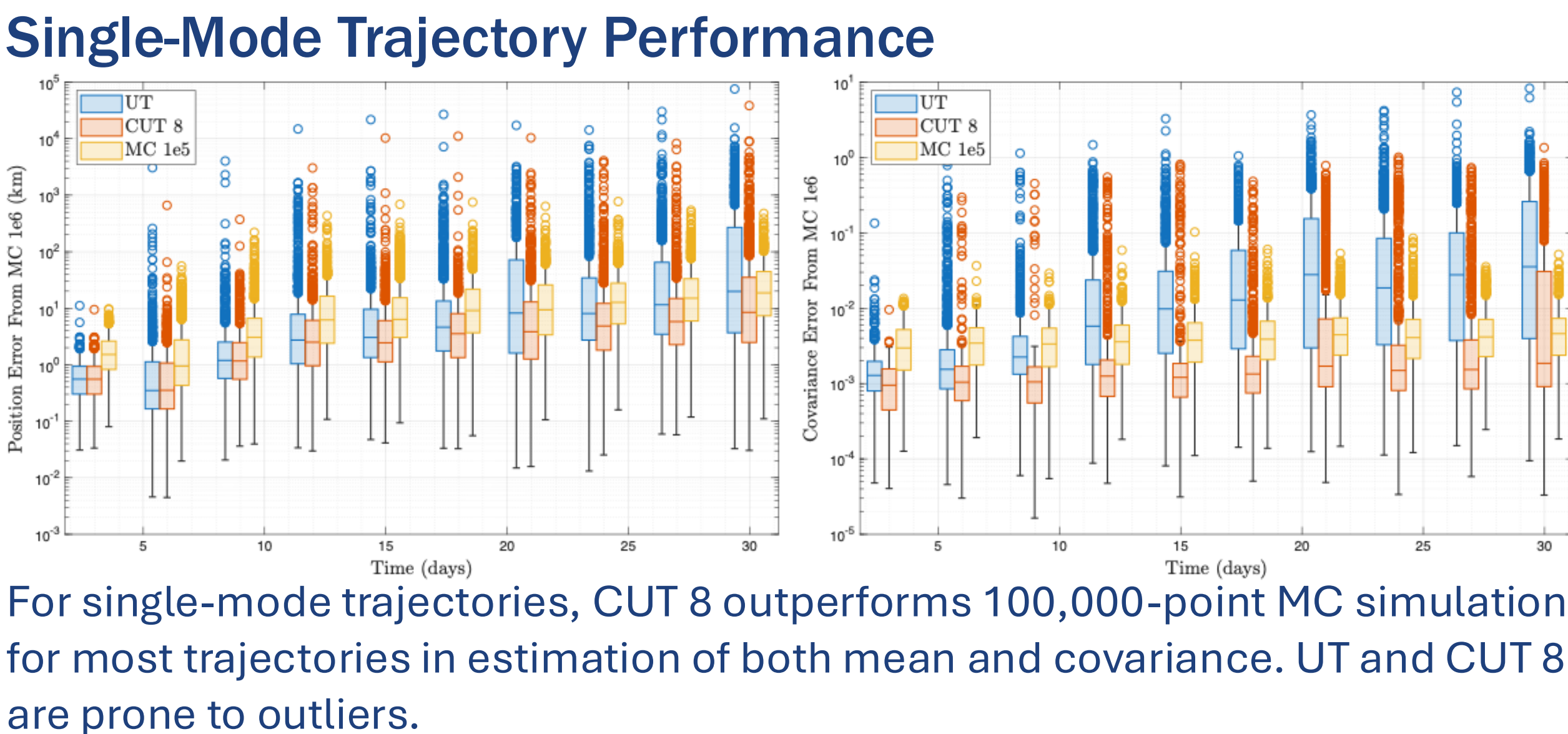
- Samples points on conjugate axes to create a 4th-, 6th-, or 8th-order accurate estimate
- Used CUT 8 (8th-order) in this study
- Points assigned weights to satisfy the constraint equations

	MC	UT	CUT 8
4 dimensions	100,000	8	161
6 dimensions	100,000	12	745

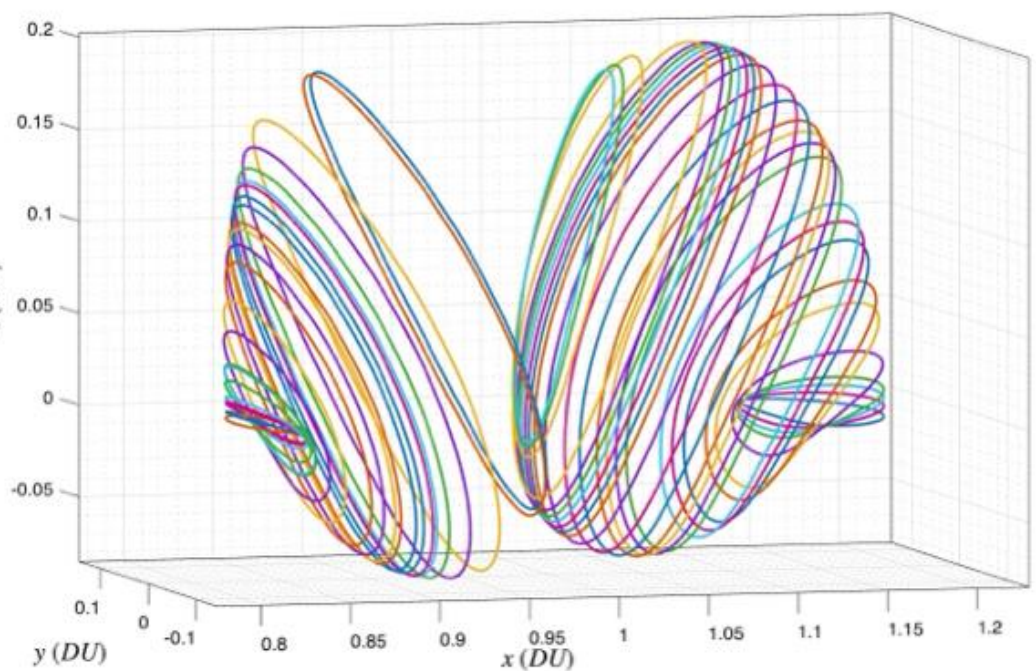


Multi-Modal Problem

When the distribution becomes multi-modal, statistical moments break down. Trajectories became multi-modal after propagating through the Moon or escaping the L₂ gateway. UT and CUT 8 perform badly for these trajectories.



L₁ and L₂ Halo Orbits



- 23 L₁ and 27 L₂ Halo orbits
- Propagated for one time periods
- 5 km position and 0.1 m/s velocity deviation
- UT, CUT 8, 100,000 and 1,000,000 MC

