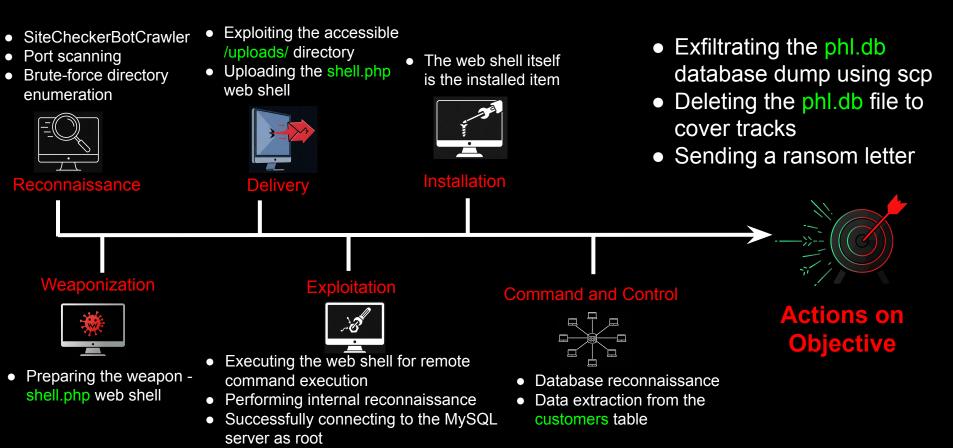
Actions on Objective. Data Exfiltration

Premium House Lights Data Breach

Prepared by Anastasiya Gruneva



Incident Breakdown



Actions on Objective & Data Exfiltration

Actions on Objective - the final stage of the Cyber Kill Chain, where attackers achieve their goals (data theft, ransomware, etc.).

MITRE ATT&CK: TA0010 - Exfiltration

 The adversary attempts to steal data and move it outside the network.

Exfiltration Methods:

- Command & Control (C2) Channels Hidden communication with attacker servers
- Alternative Protocols (DNS Tunneling, HTTP, HTTPS) Masking data transfers
- Cloud Services (Google Drive, Dropbox, OneDrive) –
 Uploading stolen files
- Physical Media (USB Drives, External Hard Drives) Removing data manually
- ... and more techniques used by attackers



How Data Exfiltration Happened in This Attack?

Database Extraction

- 10:01:21 10:01:45 PM: Attacker used mysqldump to steal customer data.
- □ 10:01:46 PM: Attacker locked the customer table and ran SQL queries to avoid detection.

Data Transfer

- 10:02:26 PM: Attacker used scp to send stolen data to external server (178.62.228.28)
 - MITRE ATT&CK Reference: T1041 Exfiltration Over C2 Channel

Covering Tracks

10:02:36 PM: Attacker deleted the stolen database file.

Ransom

💰 Ransom note sent demanding payment for the stolen data.



Key Recommendations

Data Loss Prevention (DLP):

Deploy DLP solutions to monitor and block unauthorized data transfers, especially those involving sensitive information like customer data.

Network Intrusion Detection/Prevention Systems (IDS/IPS):

Configure IDS/IPS to detect and block suspicious network traffic, including large data transfers to unknown IP addresses.

Monitoring Outbound Traffic:

Monitor outbound network traffic for unusual spikes in data transfer, especially to external servers.

Note: The Disable Unnecessary Protocols:

If SCP is not needed, disable it. If it is needed, restrict it to only needed IP addresses.



