# DSC ASSESSMENT 1

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Course 1. Session 2.1

```
// Question 1:
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
....// Declare the variables
....int num1, num2, result;
....printf("Enter.two.integers:.");
   - scanf("%d-%d",-&num1,-&num2);
   result = ((num1 + num2)*3)-10;
....printf("Result: %i\n", num1 + num2);
return 0;
```

```
* DSC Assessment 1
// Question 2:
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
char* name;
   int grade;
....printf("Enter.Your.Name.and.Grade,.EX:.Helaly.50:.");
....scanf("%s", &name);
    scanf("%d", &grade);
....printf("Name: %s\n", &name);
....printf("Grade: %d\n", grade);
return 0;
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
....float input, result;
   .printf("Enter.Templrature.in.Celsius:.");
....scanf("%f", &input);
··· result = input * 9 / 5 + 32;
....printf("%.2f\n", result);
return 0;
```

```
* DSC Assessment 1
* Solution By: Abdelrahman Helaly <AH3laly@gmail.com>
// Ouestion 4:
// Write a program that reads the radius of a circle and
// results.
#include <stdio.h>
#define PI 3.14159
int main(){
....float radius, area, circumference;
....// Prompt the user to enter Circule radius
....printf("Enter.the.circle.radius:.");
....scanf("%f", &radius);
// Calculate the Area
....area = PI*radius*radius;
// Calculate The Circumference
····circumference = · 2 · * · PI · * · radius;
// Print Results
....printf("Circle-Area: %.2f\n", area);
....printf("Circle-Circumference: %.2f\n", circumference);
return 0;
```

```
// Ouestion 5:
// Write a program to print the ASCII value of a character input by the user.
#include <stdio.h>
#include < stdbool.h>
int main(){
char input;
int charAsci;
....printf("Enter.Any.Character:.");
....scanf("%c", &input);
....charAsci = (int)input;
....bool.isValid.=.false;
....if(charAsci >= 97 && charAsci <= 122){
·····isValid = true;
....} else if(charAsci >= 65 && charAsci <= 90){
·····isValid·=·true;
if(isValid){
      ..printf("The.ASCI.code.of.%c.is:.%d\n",.input,.charAsci);
....}.else.{
.....printf("Invalid.Entry:.Only.characters.a-z.and.A-Z.allowed.\n",.input,.charAsci);
return 0;
```

```
// Ouestion 6:
// If relation is 0 then they are equal
// If relation is greater that zero then num1 is larger
#include < stdio.h>
int main(){
int num1, num2, relation;
....printf("Enter.the.first.number:.");
....scanf("%d",.&num1);
....printf("Enter.the.second.number:.");
....scanf("%d", &num2);
relation = num1 - num2;
····if(relation·==·0){
.....printf("Both numbers are equal. \n");
····} else if (relation > 0) {
.....printf("The first number (%d) is greater than the second one (%d).\n", num1, num2);
----}-else-{
.....printf("The first number (%d) is smaller than the second one (%d).\n", num1, num2);
return 0;
```

```
* Solution By Abdelrahman Helaly <AH3laly@gmail.com>
// Ouestion 7:
// which one contain the higher value.
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
....int the Smallest, nums[3], i;
// Prompt the user to enter three numbers
....printf("Enter.the.first.number:.");
....scanf("%d",.&nums[0]);
....printf("Enter.the.second.number:.");
....scanf("%d", &nums[1]);
....printf("Enter.the.third.number:.");
....scanf("%d", &nums[2]);
....theSmallest = nums[0];
····for(i=1; i<=2; i++){
.....if(nums[i] < theSmallest){
.....theSmallest = nums[i];
. . . . . . . . }
....printf("The smallest number is: %d\n", the Smallest);
 return 0;
```

```
// INPUt NUMBER
// Get the Absolute value of the Square root of the NUMBER
#include < stdio.h>
#include < math.h>
int main(){
int input, theSquareRoot;
....printf("Enter.a.positive.number:.");
....scanf("%d", &input);
····if(input <= 0){
....printf("Invalid.Number,.Only.positive.numbers.allowed\n");
·····oreturn·0;
. . . . }
theSquareRoot = (int)sqrt((double)input);
····if((theSquareRoot * theSquareRoot) == input){
.....printf("The number %d is a perfect number \n", input);
····}·else·{
.....printf("The number %d is NOT a perfect number n", input);
return 0;
```

```
// Question 9:
// and prints "Excellent" if his grade is greater than or equal
#include <stdio.h>
 int main(){
 int grade;
 ....// Prompt the user to enter a positive number
....printf("Enter.your.grade.percentage:.");
....scanf("%d",.&grade);
....if(grade.>=.85){
.....printf("Grade: Excellent\n");
....} else if (grade >= .75) {
.....printf("Grade:.Very.Good\n");
....} else if (grade >= 65) {
.....printf("Grade: Good\n");
....} else if(grade >= 50){
.....printf("Grade: Pass\n");
....} else if (grade < 50) {
.....printf("Grade: Fail\n");
 . . . . }
 return 0;
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
.... char operator;
....float num1, num2, result;
....printf("Enter.mathematical.operation.Ex:.10.+.5:.\n");
....printf("Allowed.operators:.+.-.*./.\n");....
....scanf("%f.%c.%f",.&num1,.&operator,.&num2);
....switch(operator){
..... case '+':
.....result = num1 + num2;
· · · · · · break;
..... case '-':
.....result = num1 - num2;
break;
.....case '*':
.....result = num1 * num2;
break;
.... case '/':
.....result = num1 / num2;
····break;
default:
.....printf("Invalid.Operation.");
.....return.0;
. . . . }
....printf("Result: %.2f\n", result);
return 0;
```

```
* DSC Assessment 1
#include <stdio.h>
#define limit 100
int main(){
····int·i, numsum;
....for(i=1;.i<=limit;.i++){
····numsum+=i;
. . . . }
....printf("The sum of the first %d numbers is: %d\n", limit, numsum);
return 0;
```

```
// Question 12:
#include <stdio.h>
#define limit 10
int main(){
int i;
....unsigned long long factorial = 1, input;
....printf("Enter-a-positive-number:-");
....scanf("%llu", &input);
....for(i=1; i<=input; i++){
·····factorial*=i;
printf("The Factorial of number %d is: %llu\n", input, factorial);
return 0;
```

```
* Solution By: Abdelrahman Helaly <AH3laly@gmail.com>
// Question 13:
#include <stdio.h>
#include < stdbool.h>
#define limit 10
int main(){
....int i, input;
....bool isPrime = 1; // Asume the number is prime
....printf("Enter.a.positive.number:.");
....scanf("%d", &input);
....for(i=input-1; i>=2; i--){
.....if(input.%.i.==.0){
.....isPrime = 0; // Then the number is not prime
.....break; // No need to continue the loop
if(isPrime){
       .printf("The.number.%d.is.a.Prime.number\n",.input);
....}.else.{
.....printf("The number %d is NOT a Prime number \n", input);
 return 0;
```

```
// Question 14:
#include <stdio.h>
#define limit 10
int main(){
char c;
....for(c-=-'A';-c-<=-'Z';-c++){
.....printf("%c.",.c);
....printf("\n");
···return 0;
```

```
* Solution By: Abdelrahman Helaly <AH3laly@gmail.com>
// Question 15:
// Write a program to calculate the power of a number.
// The number and its power are input from user.
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
....int num, exponent, result = 1, i;
....printf("Enter.a.Number.and.the.Exponent.Ex:.10.15:.");
....scanf("%d.%d",.&num,.&exponent);
for(i=1; i<=exponent; i++){</pre>
····result*=num;
. . . . }
....printf("The Exponent %d of the number %d is %d\n", exponent, num, result);
return 0;
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
....int.input, rightMost, result = 0;
....printf("Enter.a.number.to.reverse:.");
....scanf("%d", &input);
....while(input != 0){
.....rightMost = input % 10;
.....// Remove the first number
.....input./=.10;
.....result.*=.10;
....result += rightMost;
. . . . }
 ...printf("Result: %d\n", result);
return 0;
```

```
// Ouestion 17:
// Write a program to count number of digits in a decimal number.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
int main(){
····int·theNumber, theNumberCount = 0, theFractionCount = 0, temp;
....long double input, theFraction;
....bool pointDetected = false;
char c;
// Prompt the user to enter a decimal number
....printf("Enter.a.decimal.number,.Ex:.2367632.4387284:.");
   while((c = getchar()) != '\n'){
.....if((int)c.==.46){
.....pointDetected = true;
.....theFractionCount++;
·····} · else · {
.....theNumberCount++;
   printf("Integer.Digits:.%d\n",.theNumberCount);
....printf("Fraction.Digits:.%d\n", theFractionCount);
....printf("Total.Digits:.%d\n",.theNumberCount.+.theFractionCount);
return 0;
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
// We can change the pyramid size here
#define PYRAMID_SIZE 5
int main(){
int r, c, rows = PYRAMID_SIZE;
....for(r=1; r<=rows; r++){
......for(c=1; c<=r; c++){
.....printf("*.");
. . . . . . . . }
.....printf("\n");
return 0;
```

```
// Ouestion 19:
#include <stdio.h>
// We can change the pyramid size here
#define PYRAMID_SIZE 5
int main(){
....int r, c, rows = PYRAMID SIZE;
....for(r=rows; r>=1; r--){
..... for(c=1; c<=r; c++){
.....printf("*.");
.....printf("\n");
return 0;
```

```
// Question 20:
// Write a program to display a full pyramid using stars pattern.
#include <stdio.h>
#define PYRAMID_BASE_SIZE 9
int main(){
....int indents, stars, levels, r, c, s;
· · · indents = PYRAMID BASE SIZE / · 2;
....stars = 1;
\dots levels = indents + 1;
.... for(r=1; r<=levels; r++){
..... for(c=1; c<=indents; c++){.//.Print.the.Indentations
.....printf(".");
.....for(s=1; s<=stars; s++){.//.Print.Stars</pre>
.....printf("*");
....indents--;
.....stars+=2;
....printf("\n");
···return 0;
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define SHAPE SIZE 10
int main(){
int width, height, r, c, star1, star2;
....width = SHAPE SIZE;
\cdots if (SHAPE SIZE \cdot \% \cdot 2 \cdot == \cdot 0) { · // · I · Like · the · number · to · be · odd
\cdots width+=1;
height = width;
star1=1;
star2=width;
....for(r=1; r<=height; r++){</pre>
.....if((star1 - star2) == 0){
....star1++;
....star2--;
.....continue;
.....for(c=1;.c<=width;.c++){
.....if(c == star1 || c == star2){
.....printf("*");
· · · · · · · · · · · } · else · {
.....printf(".");
.....star1++;
....star2--;
.....printf("\n");
return 0;
```