

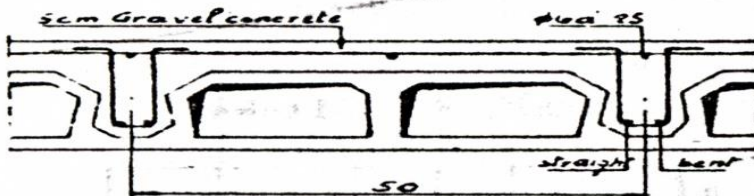
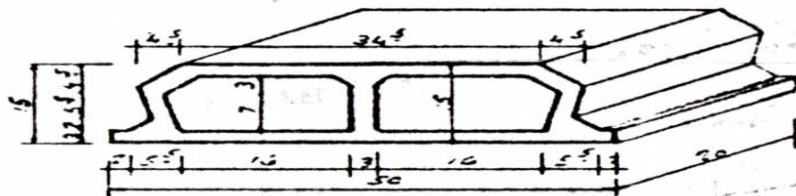
System Type	Max Span	Max Area
Solid Slab	5-6 m	30 m ²
Flat Slab	7-9 m	80 m ²
Hollow Block Slab	8-10 m	100 m ²
Paneled Beams	15-20	200 m ²

I.5. HOLLOW BLOKS OF MISR CONCRETE CO.

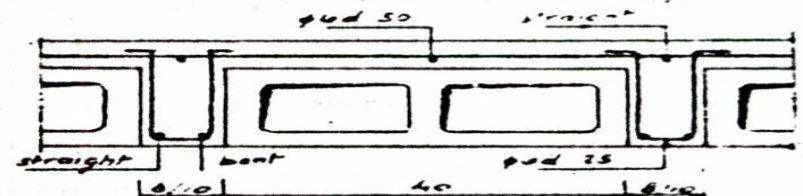
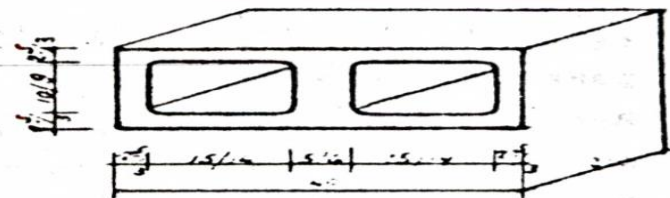
GENERAL DATA

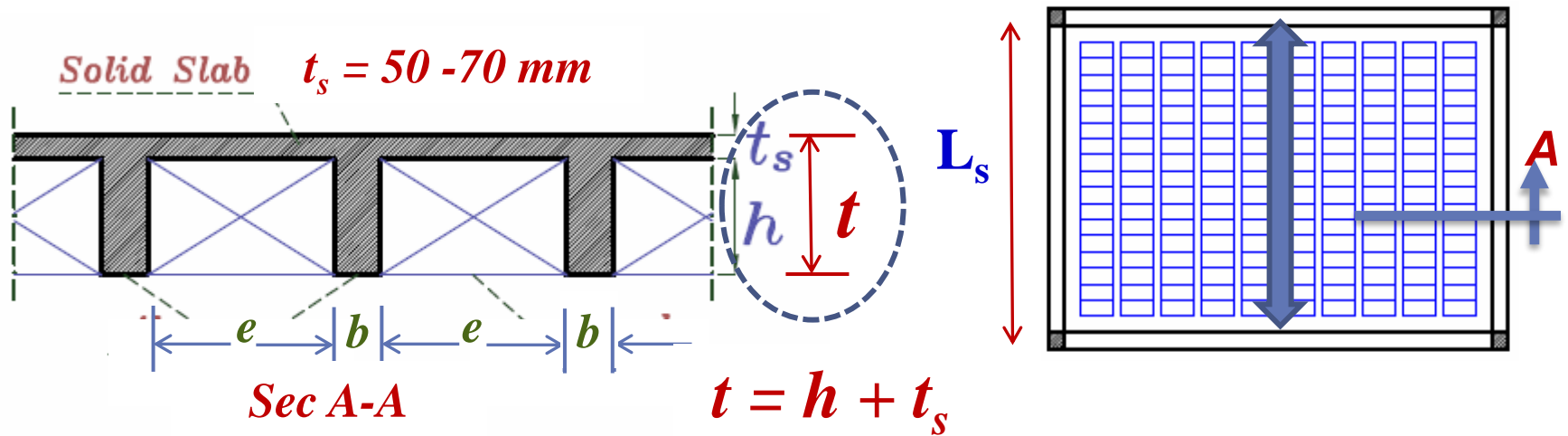
Dimintions of Bloks in cms.	Materials required/m ²				Dead loads kg/ m ²			
	No. of Blo- ck		Concrete		poncit		Hagarit	
	1 way	2 way	1 way	2 way	1 way	2 way	1 way	2 way
15x20x50	10	8.4	.073	.089	238	270	300	320
15x20x40	10.4	8.7	.075	.096	240	284	303	336
20x20x40	10.4	8.7	.083	.111	265	330	330	380
25x20x40	10	8	.100	.140	320	406	410	478
35x20x65	7.7	6.6	.126	.173	445	542	585	660

HOURDI BLOCK 15 x 20 x 50



BLOCK 15 x 20 x 40





1. $e \leq 700 \text{ mm}$ \longrightarrow Block Width
2. $t_s \geq \text{bigger of } (50 \text{ mm or } \frac{e}{10})$ \longrightarrow Slab Thickness
3. $b \geq \text{bigger of } (100 \text{ mm or } \frac{t}{3})$ \longrightarrow Rib Width

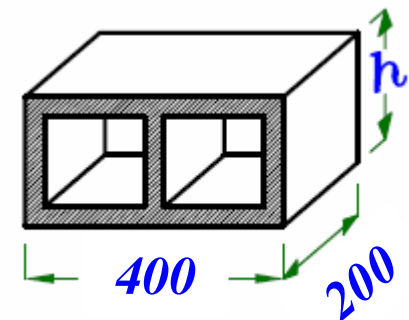
It is common practice that:

- For blocks $400 \times 200 \times 150 \text{ mm}$ or $400 \times 200 \times 200 \text{ mm}$
 $t_s = 50 \text{ mm}$ and $b = 100 \text{ mm}$
- For blocks $400 \times 200 \times 250 \text{ mm}$
 $t_s = 70 \text{ mm}$ and $b = 120 \text{ mm}$

$$t = h + t_s = 250 + 70 = 320 \text{ mm}$$

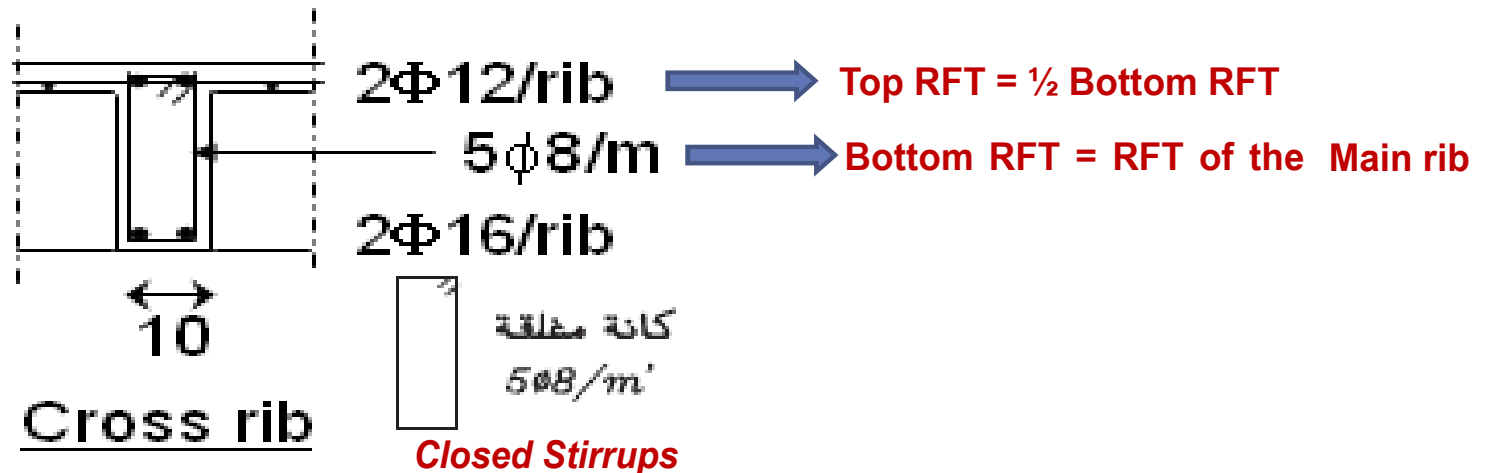
$$b \geq \text{bigger of } (100 \text{ mm or } \frac{320}{3}) = 106.7 \text{ mm}$$

Take $b = 120 \text{ mm}$



Typical Block
 $h = 150, 200, 250 \text{ mm}$

Live Load	Span	Cross Rib
$\leq 3 \text{ kN/m}^2$	$\leq 5 \text{ m}$	No cross rib
$\leq 3 \text{ kN/m}^2$	$> 5 \text{ m}$	One
$> 3 \text{ kN/m}^2$	$< 4 \text{ m}$	No cross rib
$> 3 \text{ kN/m}^2$	$4 \leq L \leq 7 \text{ m}$	One
$> 3 \text{ kN/m}^2$	$> 7 \text{ m}$	Three



Concrete Blocks 400x200x150		Concrete Blocks 400x200x200		Concrete Blocks 400x200x250		Foam Blocks 500x400x200	
One way	Two way	One way	Two way	One way	Two way	One way	Two way
3.03	3.36	3.30	3.80	4.10	4.78	0.70	1.20