Xilinx Standalone Library Documentation

Xillsf Library v5.15

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Table of Contents

Chapter 1: Overview	3
Chapter 2: XilIsf Library API	
Functions	6
Chapter 3: Library Parameters in MSS File	22
Appendix A: Additional Resources and Legal Notices	23
Xilinx Resources	23
Documentation Navigator and Design Hubs	23
Please Read: Important Legal Notices	24





Overview

Note: This library is deprecated from the 2020.2 release onward.

The LibXil Isf library:

- Allows you to Write, Read, and Erase the Serial Flash.
- Allows protection of the data stored in the Serial Flash from unwarranted modification by enabling the Sector Protection feature.
- Supports multiple instances of Serial Flash at a time, provided they are of the same device family (Atmel, Intel, STM, Winbond, SST, or Spansion) as the device family is selected at compile time.
- Allows your application to perform Control operations on Intel, STM, Winbond, SST, and Spansion Serial Flash.
- Requires the underlying hardware platform to contain the axi_quad_spi, ps7_spi, ps7_qspi, psu_qspi, psv_ospi, or psu_spi device for accessing the Serial Flash.
- Uses the Xilinx SPI interface drivers in interrupt-driven mode or polled mode for communicating with the Serial Flash. In interrupt mode, the user application must acknowledge any associated interrupts from the Interrupt Controller.

Additional information

- In interrupt mode, the application is required to register a callback to the library and the library registers an internal status handler to the selected interface driver.
- When your application requests a library operation, it is initiated and control is given back to
 the application. The library tracks the status of the interface transfers, and notifies the user
 application upon completion of the selected library operation.
- Added support in the library for SPI PS and QSPI PS. You must select one of the interfaces at compile time.
- Added support for QSPIPSU and SPIPS flash interface on Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC.
- Added support for OSPIPSV flash interface
- When your application requests selection of QSPIPS interface during compilation, the QSPI PS or QSPI PSU interface, based on the hardware platform, are selected.
- When the SPIPS interface is selected during compilation, the SPI PS or the SPI PSU interface is selected.



• When the OSPI interface is selected during compilation, the OSPIPSV interface is selected.

Supported Devices

The table below lists the supported Xilinx in-system and external serial flash memories.

Device Series	Manufacturer
AT45DB011D AT45DB021D AT45DB041D AT45DB081D AT45DB161D AT45DB321D AT45DB642D	Atmel
W25Q16 W25Q32 W25Q64 W25Q80 W25Q128 W25X10 W25X20 W25X40 W25X80 W25X16 W25X32 W25X64	Winbond
S25FL004 S25FL008 S25FL016 S25FL032 S25FL064 S25FL128 S25FL129 S25FL256 S25FL512 S70FL01G	Spansion
SST25WF080	SST
N25Q032 N25Q064 N25Q128 N25Q256 N25Q512 N25Q00AA MT25Q01 MT25Q02 MT25Q512 MT25QL02G MT25QU02G MT35XU512ABA	Micron
MX66L1G45G MX66U1G45G	Macronix
IS25WP256D IS25LP256D IS25LWP512M IS25LP512M IS25WP064A IS25LP064A IS25WP032D IS25LP032D IS25WP016D IS25LP016D IS25WP080D IS25LP080D IS25LP128F IS25WP128F	ISSI

Note: Intel, STM, and Numonyx serial flash devices are now a part of Serial Flash devices provided by Micron.

References

- Spartan-3AN FPGA In-System Flash User Guide (UG333):http://www.xilinx.com/support/documentation/user_guides/ug333.pdf
- Winbond Serial Flash Page:http://www.winbond.com/hq/product/code-storage-flash-memory/ serial-nor-flash/?_locale=en
- Intel (Numonyx) S33 Serial Flash Memory, SST SST25WF080, Micron N25Q flash family: https://www.micron.com/products/nor-flash/serial-nor-flash





XilIsf Library API

This section provides a linked summary and detailed descriptions of the Xillsf library APIs.

Table 1: Quick Function Reference

Туре	Name	Arguments
int	XIsf_Initialize	XIsf * InstancePtr XIsf_Iface * SpiInstPtr u8 SlaveSelect u8 * WritePtr
int	XIsf_GetStatus	XIsf * InstancePtr u8 * ReadPtr
int	XIsf_GetStatusReg2	XIsf * InstancePtr u8 * ReadPtr
int	XIsf_GetDeviceInfo	XIsf * InstancePtr u8 * ReadPtr
int	XIsf_Transfer	void
u32	GetRealAddr	XIsf_Iface * QspiPtr u32 Address
int	XIsf_Write	XIsf * InstancePtr XIsf_WriteOperation void * OpParamPtr
int	XIsf_Read	XIsf * InstancePtr XIsf_ReadOperation Operation void * OpParamPtr
int	XIsf_Erase	XIsf * InstancePtr XIsf_EraseOperation Operation u32 Address



Table 1: Quick Function Reference (cont'd)

Туре	Name	Arguments
int	XIsf_SectorProtect	XIsf * InstancePtr XIsf_SpOperation Operation u8 * BufferPtr
int	XIsf_Ioctl	XIsf * InstancePtr XIsf_IoctlOperation Operation
int	XIsf_WriteEnable	XIsf * InstancePtr u8 WriteEnable
void	XIsf_RegisterInterface	XIsf * InstancePtr
int	XIsf_SetSpiConfiguration	XIsf * InstancePtr XIsf_Iface * SpiInstPtr u32 Options u8 PreScaler
void	XIsf_SetStatusHandler	XIsf * InstancePtr XIsf_Iface * XIfaceInstancePtr XIsf_StatusHandler XilIsf_Handler
void	XIsf_IfaceHandler	void * CallBackRef u32 StatusEvent unsigned int ByteCount

Functions

XIsf_Initialize

This API when called initializes the SPI interface with default settings.

With custom settings, user should call XIsf_SetSpiConfiguration() and then call this API. The geometry of the underlying Serial Flash is determined by reading the Joint Electron Device Engineering Council (JEDEC) Device Information and the Status Register of the Serial Flash.

Note:

• The XIsf_Initialize() API is a blocking call (for both polled and interrupt modes of the Spi driver). It reads the JEDEC information of the device and waits till the transfer is complete before checking if the information is valid.



 This library can support multiple instances of Serial Flash at a time, provided they are of the same device family (either Atmel, Intel or STM, Winbond or Spansion) as the device family is selected at compile time.

Prototype

```
int XIsf_Initialize(XIsf *InstancePtr, XIsf_Iface *SpiInstPtr, u8
SlaveSelect, u8 *WritePtr);
```

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_Initialize function arguments.

Table 2: XIsf_Initialize Arguments

Туре	Name	Description
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf instance.
XIsf_Iface *	SpiInstPtr	Pointer to XIsf_Iface instance to be worked on.
u8	SlaveSelect	It is a 32-bit mask with a 1 in the bit position of slave being selected. Only one slave can be selected at a time.
u8 *	WritePtr	Pointer to the buffer allocated by the user to be used by the Insystem and Serial Flash Library to perform any read/write operations on the Serial Flash device. User applications must pass the address of this buffer for the Library to work.
		Write operations :
		 The size of this buffer should be equal to the Number of bytes to be written to the Serial Flash + XISF_CMD_MAX_EXTRA_BYTES.
		The size of this buffer should be large enough for usage across all the applications that use a common instance of the Serial Flash.
		A minimum of one byte and a maximum of ISF_PAGE_SIZE bytes can be written to the Serial Flash, through a single Write operation.
		Read operations :
		The size of this buffer should be equal to XISF_CMD_MAX_EXTRA_BYTES, if the application only reads from the Serial Flash (no write operations).

Returns

- XST_SUCCESS if successful.
- XST_DEVICE_IS_STOPPED if the device must be started before transferring data.
- XST_FAILURE, otherwise.



XIsf_GetStatus

This API reads the Serial Flash Status Register.

Note: The contents of the Status Register is stored at second byte pointed by the ReadPtr.

Prototype

```
int XIsf_GetStatus(XIsf *InstancePtr, u8 *ReadPtr);
```

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_GetStatus function arguments.

Table 3: XIsf_GetStatus Arguments

Туре	Name	Description
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf instance.
u8 *	ReadPtr	Pointer to the memory where the Status Register content is copied.

Returns

XST_SUCCESS if successful else XST_FAILURE.

XIsf_GetStatusReg2

This API reads the Serial Flash Status Register 2.

Note: The contents of the Status Register 2 is stored at the second byte pointed by the ReadPtr. This operation is available only in Winbond Serial Flash.

Prototype

```
int XIsf_GetStatusReg2(XIsf *InstancePtr, u8 *ReadPtr);
```

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_GetStatusReg2 function arguments.

Table 4: XIsf_GetStatusReg2 Arguments

Туре	Name	Description
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf instance.
u8 *	ReadPtr	Pointer to the memory where the Status Register content is copied.



XST_SUCCESS if successful else XST_FAILURE.

XIsf_GetDeviceInfo

This API reads the Joint Electron Device Engineering Council (JEDEC) information of the Serial Flash.

Note: The Device information is stored at the second byte pointed by the ReadPtr.

Prototype

```
int XIsf_GetDeviceInfo(XIsf *InstancePtr, u8 *ReadPtr);
```

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_GetDeviceInfo function arguments.

Table 5: XIsf_GetDeviceInfo Arguments

Туре	Name	Description
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf instance.
u8 *	ReadPtr	Pointer to the buffer where the Device information is copied.

Returns

XST_SUCCESS if successful else XST_FAILURE.

XIsf_Transfer

Prototype

```
int XIsf_Transfer(XIsf *InstancePtr, u8 *WritePtr, u8 *ReadPtr, u32
ByteCount);
```

GetRealAddr

Function to get the real address of flash in case dual parallel and stacked configuration.

Function to get the real address of flash in case dual parallel and stacked configuration.

This functions translates the address based on the type of interconnection. In case of stacked, this function asserts the corresponding slave select.

Note: None.



Prototype

u32 GetRealAddr(XIsf_Iface *QspiPtr, u32 Address);

Parameters

The following table lists the GetRealAddr function arguments.

Table 6: GetRealAddr Arguments

Туре	Name	Description
XIsf_Iface *	QspiPtr	is a pointer to XIsf_Iface instance to be worked on.
u32	Address	which is to be accessed (for erase, write or read)

Returns

RealAddr is the translated address - for single it is unchanged for stacked, the lower flash size is subtracted for parallel the address is divided by 2.

XIsf_Write

This API writes the data to the Serial Flash.

Operations

- Normal Write(XISF_WRITE), Dual Input Fast Program (XISF_DUAL_IP_PAGE_WRITE), Dual Input Extended Fast Program(XISF_DUAL_IP_EXT_PAGE_WRITE), Quad Input Fast Program(XISF_QUAD_IP_PAGE_WRITE), Quad Input Extended Fast Program (XISF_QUAD_IP_EXT_PAGE_WRITE):
 - The OpParamPtr must be of type struct XIsf_WriteParam.
 - OpParamPtr->Address is the start address in the Serial Flash.
 - OpParamPtr->WritePtr is a pointer to the data to be written to the Serial Flash.
 - OpParamPtr->NumBytes is the number of bytes to be written to Serial Flash.
 - This operation is supported for Atmel, Intel, STM, Winbond and Spansion Serial Flash.
- Auto Page Write (XISF AUTO PAGE WRITE):
 - The OpParamPtr must be of 32 bit unsigned integer variable.
 - This is the address of page number in the Serial Flash which is to be refreshed.
 - This operation is only supported for Atmel Serial Flash.
- Buffer Write (XISF BUFFER WRITE):
 - The OpParamPtr must be of type struct XIsf_BufferToFlashWriteParam.



- OpParamPtr->BufferNum specifies the internal SRAM Buffer of the Serial Flash. The valid values are XISF_PAGE_BUFFER1 or XISF_PAGE_BUFFER2. XISF_PAGE_BUFFER2 is not valid in case of AT45DB011D Flash as it contains a single buffer.
- OpParamPtr->WritePtr is a pointer to the data to be written to the Serial Flash SRAM Buffer.
- OpParamPtr->ByteOffset is byte offset in the buffer from where the data is to be written.
- OpParamPtr->NumBytes is number of bytes to be written to the Buffer. This operation is supported only for Atmel Serial Flash.
- Buffer To Memory Write With Erase (XISF_BUF_TO_PAGE_WRITE_WITH_ERASE)/ Buffer To Memory Write Without Erase (XISF_BUF_TO_PAGE_WRITE_WITHOUT_ERASE):
 - The OpParamPtr must be of type struct XIsf_BufferToFlashWriteParam.
 - OpParamPtr->BufferNum specifies the internal SRAM Buffer of the Serial Flash. The valid values are XISF_PAGE_BUFFER1 or XISF_PAGE_BUFFER2. XISF_PAGE_BUFFER2 is not valid in case of AT45DB011D Flash as it contains a single buffer.
 - OpParamPtr->Address is starting address in the Serial Flash memory from where the data is to be written. These operations are only supported for Atmel Serial Flash.
- Write Status Register (XISF_WRITE_STATUS_REG):
 - The OpParamPtr must be of type of 8 bit unsigned integer variable. This is the value to be written to the Status Register.
 - This operation is only supported for Intel, STM Winbond and Spansion Serial Flash.
- Write Status Register2 (XISF_WRITE_STATUS_REG2):
 - The OpParamPtr must be of type (u8 *) and should point to two 8 bit unsigned integer values. This is the value to be written to the 16 bit Status Register. This operation is only supported in Winbond (W25Q) Serial Flash.
- One Time Programmable Area Write(XISF OTP WRITE):
 - The OpParamPtr must be of type struct XIsf_WriteParam.
 - OpParamPtr->Address is the address in the SRAM Buffer of the Serial Flash to which the data is to be written.
 - OpParamPtr->WritePtr is a pointer to the data to be written to the Serial Flash.
 - OpParamPtr->NumBytes should be set to 1 when performing OTPWrite operation. This
 operation is only supported for Intel Serial Flash.

Note:

• Application must fill the structure elements of the third argument and pass its pointer by type casting it with void pointer.



• For Intel, STM, Winbond and Spansion Serial Flash, the user application must call the XIsf_WriteEnable() API by passing XISF_WRITE_ENABLE as an argument, before calling the XIsf_Write() API.

Prototype

int XIsf_Write(XIsf *InstancePtr, XIsf_WriteOperation Operation, void
*OpParamPtr);

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_Write function arguments.

Table 7: XIsf_Write Arguments

Туре	Name	Description
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf instance.
XIsf_WriteOperation	Operation	Type of write operation to be performed on the Serial Flash. The different operations are
		XISF_WRITE: Normal Write
		XISF_DUAL_IP_PAGE_WRITE: Dual Input Fast Program
		XISF_DUAL_IP_EXT_PAGE_WRITE: Dual Input Extended Fast Program
		XISF_QUAD_IP_PAGE_WRITE: Quad Input Fast Program
		XISF_QUAD_IP_EXT_PAGE_WRITE: Quad Input Extended Fast Program
		XISF_AUTO_PAGE_WRITE: Auto Page Write
		XISF_BUFFER_WRITE: Buffer Write
		XISF_BUF_TO_PAGE_WRITE_WITH_ERASE: Buffer to Page Transfer with Erase
		XISF_BUF_TO_PAGE_WRITE_WITHOUT_ERASE: Buffer to Page Transfer without Erase
		XISF_WRITE_STATUS_REG: Status Register Write
		XISF_WRITE_STATUS_REG2: 2 byte Status Register Write
		XISF_OTP_WRITE: OTP Write.
void *	OpParamPtr	Pointer to a structure variable which contains operational parameters of the specified operation. This parameter type is dependant on value of first argument(Operation). For more details, refer Operations.

Returns

XST_SUCCESS if successful else XST_FAILURE.



XIsf Read

This API reads the data from the Serial Flash.

Operations

- Normal Read (XISF_READ), Fast Read (XISF_FAST_READ), One Time Programmable Area Read(XISF_OTP_READ), Dual Output Fast Read (XISF_CMD_DUAL_OP_FAST_READ), Dual Input/Output Fast Read (XISF_CMD_DUAL_IO_FAST_READ), Quad Output Fast Read (XISF_CMD_QUAD_OP_FAST_READ) and Quad Input/Output Fast Read (XISF_CMD_QUAD_IO_FAST_READ):
 - The OpParamPtr must be of type struct XIsf ReadParam.
 - OpParamPtr->Address is start address in the Serial Flash.
 - OpParamPtr->ReadPtr is a pointer to the memory where the data read from the Serial Flash is stored.
 - OpParamPtr->NumBytes is number of bytes to read.
 - OpParamPtr->NumDummyBytes is the number of dummy bytes to be transmitted for the Read command. This parameter is only used in case of Dual and Quad reads.
 - Normal Read and Fast Read operations are supported for Atmel, Intel, STM, Winbond and Spansion Serial Flash.
 - Dual and quad reads are supported for Winbond (W25QXX), Numonyx(N25QXX) and Spansion (S25FL129) quad flash.
 - OTP Read operation is only supported in Intel Serial Flash.
- Page To Buffer Transfer (XISF_PAGE_TO_BUF_TRANS):
 - The OpParamPtr must be of type struct XIsf FlashToBufTransferParam.
 - OpParamPtr->BufferNum specifies the internal SRAM Buffer of the Serial Flash. The valid values are XISF_PAGE_BUFFER1 or XISF_PAGE_BUFFER2. XISF_PAGE_BUFFER2 is not valid in case of AT45DB011D Flash as it contains a single buffer.
 - OpParamPtr->Address is start address in the Serial Flash. This operation is only supported in Atmel Serial Flash.
- Buffer Read (XISF BUFFER READ) and Fast Buffer Read(XISF FAST BUFFER READ):
 - The OpParamPtr must be of type struct XIsf_BufferReadParam.
 - OpParamPtr->BufferNum specifies the internal SRAM Buffer of the Serial Flash. The valid values are XISF_PAGE_BUFFER1 or XISF_PAGE_BUFFER2. XISF_PAGE_BUFFER2 is not valid in case of AT45DB011D Flash as it contains a single buffer.
 - OpParamPtr->ReadPtr is pointer to the memory where data read from the SRAM buffer is to be stored.



- OpParamPtr->ByteOffset is byte offset in the SRAM buffer from where the first byte is read.
- opParamPtr->NumBytes is the number of bytes to be read from the Buffer. These operations are supported only in Atmel Serial Flash.

Note:

- Application must fill the structure elements of the third argument and pass its pointer by type casting it with void pointer.
- The valid data is available from the fourth location pointed to by the ReadPtr for Normal Read and Buffer Read operations.
- The valid data is available from fifth location pointed to by the ReadPtr for Fast Read, Fast Buffer Read and OTP Read operations.
- The valid data is available from the (4 + NumDummyBytes)th location pointed to by ReadPtr for Dual/ Quad Read operations.

Prototype

```
int XIsf_Read(XIsf *InstancePtr, XIsf_ReadOperation Operation, void
*OpParamPtr);
```

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_Read function arguments.

Table 8: XIsf_Read Arguments

Туре	Name	Description
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf instance.
XIsf_ReadOperation	Operation	Type of the read operation to be performed on the Serial Flash. The different operations are • XISF_READ: Normal Read • XISF_FAST_READ: Fast Read
		 XISF_PAGE_TO_BUF_TRANS: Page to Buffer Transfer XISF_BUFFER_READ: Buffer Read XISF_FAST_BUFFER_READ: Fast Buffer Read XISF_OTP_READ: One Time Programmable Area (OTP) Read XISF_DUAL_OP_FAST_READ: Dual Output Fast Read XISF_DUAL_IO_FAST_READ: Dual Input/Output Fast Read XISF_QUAD_OP_FAST_READ: Quad Output Fast Read XISF_QUAD_IO_FAST_READ: Quad Input/Output Fast Read



Table 8: XIsf_Read Arguments (cont'd)

Туре	Name	Description
void *	OpParamPtr	Pointer to structure variable which contains operational parameter of specified Operation. This parameter type is dependant on the type of Operation to be performed. For more details, refer Operations.

XST_SUCCESS if successful else XST_FAILURE.

XIsf_Erase

This API erases the contents of the specified memory in the Serial Flash.

Note:

- The erased bytes will read as 0xFF.
- For Intel, STM, Winbond or Spansion Serial Flash the user application must call XIsf_WriteEnable() API by passing XISF_WRITE_ENABLE as an argument before calling XIsf_Erase() API.
- Atmel Serial Flash support Page/Block/Sector Erase operations.
- Intel, Winbond, Numonyx (N25QXX) and Spansion Serial Flash support Sector/Block/Bulk Erase operations.
- STM (M25PXX) Serial Flash support Sector/Bulk Erase operations.

Prototype

int $XIsf_Erase(XIsf *InstancePtr, XIsf_EraseOperation Operation, u32 Address);$

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_Erase function arguments.

Table 9: XIsf_Erase Arguments

Туре	Name	Description	
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf instance.	



Table 9: XIsf_Erase Arguments (cont'd)

Туре	Name	Description
XIsf_EraseOperation	Operation	Type of Erase operation to be performed on the Serial Flash. The different operations are • XISF_PAGE_ERASE: Page Erase • XISF_BLOCK_ERASE: Block Erase • XISF_SECTOR_ERASE: Sector Erase
		XISF_BULK_ERASE: Bulk Erase
u32	Address	Address of the Page/Block/Sector to be erased. The address can be either Page address, Block address or Sector address based on the Erase operation to be performed.

XST_SUCCESS if successful else XST_FAILURE.

XIsf_SectorProtect

This API is used for performing Sector Protect related operations.

Note:

- The SPR content is stored at the fourth location pointed by the BufferPtr when performing XISF_SPR_READ operation.
- For Intel, STM, Winbond and Spansion Serial Flash, the user application must call the XIsf_WriteEnable() API by passing XISF_WRITE_ENABLE as an argument, before calling the XIsf_SectorProtect() API, for Sector Protect Register Write (XISF_SPR_WRITE) operation.
- Atmel Flash supports all these Sector Protect operations.
- Intel, STM, Winbond and Spansion Flash support only Sector Protect Read and Sector Protect Write operations.

Prototype

int XIsf_SectorProtect(XIsf *InstancePtr, XIsf_SpOperation Operation, u8
*BufferPtr);

Parameters

The following table lists the <code>XIsf_SectorProtect</code> function arguments.

Table 10: XIsf_SectorProtect Arguments

Туре	Name	Description	
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf instance.	



Table 10: XIsf_SectorProtect Arguments (cont'd)

Туре	Name	Description	
XIsf_SpOperation	Operation	Type of Sector Protect operation to be performed on the Serial Flash. The different operations are	
		XISF_SPR_READ: Read Sector Protection Register	
		XISF_SPR_WRITE: Write Sector Protection Register	
		XISF_SPR_ERASE: Erase Sector Protection Register	
		XISF_SP_ENABLE: Enable Sector Protection	
		XISF_SP_DISABLE: Disable Sector Protection	
u8 *	BufferPtr	Pointer to the memory where the SPR content is read to/written from. This argument can be NULL if the Operation is SprErase, SpEnable and SpDisable.	

- XST_SUCCESS if successful.
- XST_FAILURE if it fails.

XIsf_Ioctl

This API configures and controls the Intel, STM, Winbond and Spansion Serial Flash.

Note:

- Atmel Serial Flash does not support any of these operations.
- Intel Serial Flash support Enter/Release from DPD Mode and Clear Status Register Fail Flags.
- STM, Winbond and Spansion Serial Flash support Enter/Release from DPD Mode.
- Winbond (W25QXX) Serial Flash support Enable High Performance mode.

Prototype

int XIsf_Ioctl(XIsf *InstancePtr, XIsf_IoctlOperation Operation);

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_Ioctl function arguments.

Table 11: XIsf_Ioctl Arguments

Туре	Name	Description	
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf instance.	



Table 11: XIsf_Ioctl Arguments (cont'd)

Туре	Name	Description	
XIsf_IoctlOperation	Operation	Type of Control operation to be performed on the Serial Flash. The different control operations are	
		XISF_RELEASE_DPD: Release from Deep Power Down (DPD) Mode	
		XISF_ENTER_DPD: Enter DPD Mode	
		XISF_CLEAR_SR_FAIL_FLAGS: Clear Status Register Fail Flags	

XST_SUCCESS if successful else XST_FAILURE.

XIsf_WriteEnable

This API Enables/Disables writes to the Intel, STM, Winbond and Spansion Serial Flash.

Note: This API works only for Intel, STM, Winbond and Spansion Serial Flash. If this API is called for Atmel Flash, XST_FAILURE is returned.

Prototype

int XIsf_WriteEnable(XIsf *InstancePtr, u8 WriteEnable);

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_WriteEnable function arguments.

Table 12: XIsf_WriteEnable Arguments

Туре	Name	Description	
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf instance.	
u8	WriteEnable	Specifies whether to Enable (XISF_CMD_ENABLE_WRITE) or Disable (XISF_CMD_DISABLE_WRITE) the writes to the Serial Flash.	

Returns

XST_SUCCESS if successful else XST_FAILURE.

XIsf_RegisterInterface

This API registers the interface SPI/SPI PS/QSPI PS.



Prototype

void XIsf_RegisterInterface(XIsf *InstancePtr);

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_RegisterInterface function arguments.

Table 13: XIsf_RegisterInterface Arguments

Туре	Name	Description	
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf instance.	

Returns

None

XIsf_SetSpiConfiguration

This API sets the configuration of SPI.

This will set the options and clock prescaler (if applicable).

Note: This API can be called before calling XIsf_Initialize() to initialize the SPI interface in other than default options mode. PreScaler is only applicable to PS SPI/QSPI.

Prototype

int XIsf_SetSpiConfiguration(XIsf *InstancePtr, XIsf_Iface *SpiInstPtr, u32
Options, u8 PreScaler);

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_SetSpiConfiguration function arguments.

Table 14: XIsf_SetSpiConfiguration Arguments

Туре	Name	Description	
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf instance.	
XIsf_Iface *	SpiInstPtr	Pointer to XIsf_Iface instance to be worked on.	
u32	Options	Specified options to be set.	
u8	PreScaler	Value of the clock prescaler to set.	

Returns

XST SUCCESS if successful else XST FAILURE.



XIsf_SetStatusHandler

This API is to set the Status Handler when an interrupt is registered.

Note: None.

Prototype

```
void XIsf_SetStatusHandler(XIsf *InstancePtr, XIsf_Iface
*XIfaceInstancePtr, XIsf_StatusHandler Xillsf_Handler);
```

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_SetStatusHandler function arguments.

Table 15: XIsf_SetStatusHandler Arguments

Туре	Name	Description	
XIsf *	InstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf Instance.	
XIsf_Iface *	XIfaceInstancePtr	Pointer to the XIsf_Iface instance to be worked on.	
XIsf_StatusHandler	XilIsf_Handler	Status handler for the application.	

Returns

None

XIsf_IfaceHandler

This API is the handler which performs processing for the QSPI driver.

It is called from an interrupt context such that the amount of processing performed should be minimized. It is called when a transfer of QSPI data completes or an error occurs.

This handler provides an example of how to handle QSPI interrupts but is application specific.

Note: None.

Prototype

void XIsf_IfaceHandler(void *CallBackRef, u32 StatusEvent, unsigned int ByteCount);

Parameters

The following table lists the XIsf_IfaceHandler function arguments.



Table 16: XIsf_IfaceHandler Arguments

Туре	Name	Description	
void *	CallBackRef	Reference passed to the handler.	
u32	StatusEvent	Status of the QSPI .	
unsigned int	ByteCount	Number of bytes transferred.	

Returns

None



Library Parameters in MSS File

Xillsf Library can be integrated with a system using the following snippet in the Microprocessor Software Specification (MSS) file:

```
BEGIN LIBRARY`
PARAMETER LIBRARY_NAME = xilisf
PARAMETER LIBRARY_VER = 5.15
PARAMETER serial_flash_family = 1
PARAMETER serial_flash_interface = 1
END
```

The table below describes the libgen customization parameters.

Parameter	Default Value	Description
LIBRARY_NAME	xilisf	Specifies the library name.
LIBRARY_VER	5.15	Specifies the library version.
serial_flash_family	1	Specifies the serial flash family. Supported numerical values are: 1 = Xilinx In-system Flash or Atmel Serial Flash 2 = Intel (Numonyx) S33 Serial Flash 3 = STM (Numonyx) M25PXX/ N25QXX Serial Flash 4 = Winbond Serial Flash 5 = Spansion Serial Flash/Micron Serial Flash/Cypress Serial Flash 6 = SST Serial Flash
Serial_flash_interface	1	Specifies the serial flash interface. Supported numerical values are: 1 = AXI QSPI Interface 2 = SPI PS Interface 3 = QSPI PS Interface or QSPI PSU Interface 4 = OSPIPSV Interface for OSPI

Note: Intel, STM, and Numonyx serial flash devices are now a part of Serial Flash devices provided by Micron.





Additional Resources and Legal Notices

Xilinx Resources

For support resources such as Answers, Documentation, Downloads, and Forums, see Xilinx Support.

Documentation Navigator and Design Hubs

Xilinx[®] Documentation Navigator (DocNav) provides access to Xilinx documents, videos, and support resources, which you can filter and search to find information. To open DocNav:

- From the Vivado[®] IDE, select Help → Documentation and Tutorials.
- On Windows, select Start → All Programs → Xilinx Design Tools → DocNav.
- At the Linux command prompt, enter docnav.

Xilinx Design Hubs provide links to documentation organized by design tasks and other topics, which you can use to learn key concepts and address frequently asked questions. To access the Design Hubs:

- In DocNay, click the **Design Hubs View** tab.
- On the Xilinx website, see the Design Hubs page.

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