6 Municipole graphepenesuamente. The business I nopues ker. Out Duppepensuausure ypakuenne I nopiegne mazorbærencæ mueinorue, ecun ero monemo zamucaro b buge:  $y' + \rho(x) \cdot y = g(x)$  (1) Jacensonfum 2 merosa peneemus (1) 1) Memoz Бериции. Zamene: y= 11.0  $y' = u' \cdot v + u \cdot v'$ Fogerabune b (4):  $u'.v'+u.v'+\rho(x).u.v=g(x)$ Thymulyeu: u'v + u(v'+ p(x)·v) = g(x) Four nucle:  $\int v' + \rho(x) \cdot v' = 0$  (2) -yp-e cheggenelsousnames u'v' = g(x) (3) My (2) navigent v'u nogementeur b (3), le monte nougheren ypabuenne à passemensus neperennement Thumb: x2y1+y=x2 - muerrice Inopular y= n.v - zamene y'= n'v + uv' - zamene  $x^{2}(u^{\prime}v + uv^{\prime}) + u \cdot v = x^{2}e^{x}$  $x^{2}u^{1}v + x^{2}uv^{1} + uv = x^{2}e^{\frac{1}{x}}$  $x^{2}u'v + u(x^{2}v'+v) = x^{2}e^{\frac{1}{x}}$ Jenne x201+5=0 x2 dv + v=0  $x^2 dv = -v dx$ 

 $\frac{dv}{v} = -\frac{dx}{v^2}$  $\int \frac{dy}{y} = -\int \frac{dx}{y^2}$  $v = e^{x+c}$ Agento C = 0 => { v = ex = xex | : ex  $x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 | : x^2$ du = dx $\int du = \int dx$  $M = X + C_1 - o \delta u s e e$ Jioga: y= 10.0 y=10.0 v=100 v=12) Memoy Marpaume. Januaryme y' + p(x)y = g(x) (1) 1. y'+p(x).y=0-cenopoguoe remeinoe ypabuenne  $\frac{dy}{dx} + p(x)y = 0$  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -p(x) \cdot y \left[ (\cdot dx) u(:y) \right]$  $\int \frac{dy}{y} = -p(x) \cdot dx$   $\int \frac{dy}{y} = -\int p(x) dx$  $|y| = c - \int p(x) dx$   $|y| = e - \int p(x) dx$   $|y| = e - \int p(x) dx$  |y| = e - e

Fryers  $\pm e^c = c_1 = > y = c_2 \cdot e^{-\int \rho(x) dx}$ 2. Famewer  $c = u(x) - \phi y = u(x)$ Florer  $y = u(x) \cdot e^{-\int \rho(x) dx}$  $y' = u'(x)e^{-\int \rho(x)dx} + u(x) \cdot (e^{-\int \rho(x)dx}) = u'(x) \cdot e^{-\int \rho(x)dx}$ n(x). p(x).  $e^{-\int p(x) dx}$  (beneueunt hourseques of  $e^{x}$ ) Fogemabile 6 (1):  $u'(x)e^{-\int \rho(x)dx} - u(x)\rho(x)e^{\int \rho(x)dx} + \rho(x)\cdot u(x)e^{\int \rho(x)dx} = g(x)$  $n'(x) \in \int_{-\infty}^{-\infty} \rho(x) dx$  = g(x) - ypabueune c pageonle surreneusThe xegure u, boxbacuesereneus x garreneus. Threeners: x2y+y=x2ex 1)  $x^{2}y'+y=0$ x2dy + y=0  $x^2 dy = -y dx$  $\frac{dy}{y} = -\frac{dx}{x^2}$  $\int_{Y}^{dy} = -\int_{X^{2}}^{dx} = 2 \ln |y| = \frac{1}{x} + 0$ 2) Fournume e=mex)  $y = e^{\frac{1}{x}} u(x)$  $y'=n'(x)e^{\frac{1}{x}}+n(x)\cdot e^{\frac{1}{x}\cdot \left(-\frac{1}{x^2}\right)}$ Jogershum buxoz noe ypabnemie:

 $x^{2}(n'(x).e^{\frac{1}{x}}+n(x)e^{\frac{1}{x}}(-\frac{1}{x^{2}}))+e^{\frac{1}{x}}n(x)=xe^{\frac{1}{x}}|e^{\frac{1}{x}}$  $x^{2}u'(x) + x^{2}(u(x)) \cdot (-x^{2}) + u(x) = x^{2}$ x2. 11 + 1/2 = x2 |: x2, x +0 du = dx  $\int du = \int dx = 7 \quad \mathcal{M} = X + C_{f}$ Bozhanjaenne x zamene: y= n. ex  $y = (x+c_1)e^{x}$ 3) Onfegeneune. Spakuenne bues y'+ p(x). y=g(x). ym m = 0, 1, mel , - verjoibaerer ypabueunen Deprymu Eau m=0, => neugraem umerènce ypabuenne Inopregas Если т= д, => получает уравнение с регренения Boouseur currar genne (4) na y m:  $\frac{y}{ym} + \rho(x) \cdot \frac{y}{ym} = g(x)$  $y^{-m} \cdot y' + p(x) \cdot y^{7-m} = g(x) (5)$ Jamenum: y1-m=2,=>2'=(1-m).y-m.y' y y = -m Hogerabum januemy bypaknenne (5):  $\frac{2'}{1-m} + p(x) \cdot 2 = g(x)$  (6) - 400 menerine Уревиение І пориеже отношненьно г. Гешения сесто

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методоне Бернушие, мого методом Лаурання
     y' + yy = 2xe^{-x^2}\sqrt{y} |: \sqrt{y} - yp - e Befugance
     y'. y = 2 x e - x2
      y^{\frac{1}{2}} = 2 - zameng

z' = \frac{1}{2} \cdot y^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot y = 7y \cdot y^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 2z'
    Though: 22'+4x.2=2xe-x- enverince
     Jenne neregon Marpannes:
          22' + 4x \cdot 2 = 0
          \frac{2dz}{dx} = -4xz
       \frac{2d^2}{2} = -4x dx
2\int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = -4\int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x dx
       2lu/21 = -4x +0 1:2
       \ln|z| = -x^2 + \frac{c}{2}
z = e^{-x^2} \cdot e^{\frac{c}{2}}
  ofyer e== c, => 2 = e . C,
   Jamens: G = M(x) _x2
              7= u(x).e
              2 = u' \cdot e^{-x^2} \cdot u \cdot (-2x) \cdot e^{-x^2}
Josephbum & numerinee: 2 n'e-x2 2 n e-x+4 x. n. e = 2 x e
                            Que du'- gux+yxu=2x
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$$\mathcal{A}u' = \mathcal{L}x$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = x$$

$$\partial u = x dx$$

$$\int du = \int x dx$$

$$\mathcal{U} = \frac{x^2}{2} + C_2$$

$$\mathcal{U} = \frac{x^2}{2} + C_2$$