Title: spring integration test fail to load context 'Another resource already exists with name dataSource' Post Body:

I am using test annotation introduced in spring-boot 1.4.3 for my integration tests

```
@RunWith(SpringRunner.class) @SpringBootTest public class MyServiceIT { }
```

According to documentation, test context is cached and reused to speed up integration tests. This behavior is what I want since it takes significant amount of time to initialize application context. My failsafe plugin is configured with

<forkCount>1</forkCount> <reuseForks>true</reuseForks>

to allow integration tests to run in the same process to take advantage of application context caching.

Recently, I wrote a integration test used @MockBean annotation to mock behavior for some beans.

While the test runs fine on it's own, when running through maven verify, multiple integration tests fails with the error message

javax.naming.NamingException: Another resource already exists with name dataSource - pick a different name

If I skip this particular test with JUnit @Ignore annotation, everything goes back to normal.

This behavior seems to indicate that using @MockBean changes the caching behavior, and each test attempts to create its own datasource. I should also mention that I am using an AtomikosDataSourceBean created through XADataSourceAutoConfiguration.

How can I overcome this issue so my integration test can still use cached context and use @MockBean at the same time?

Accepted Answer: None

Highest Rated Answer:

Hmm, does SomeService relate to your Datasource in any way?

Because your context is cached and @MockBean does the following:

used to add mocks to a Spring ApplicationContext ... Any existing single bean of the same type defined in the context will be replaced by the mock,

and

If there is more than one bean of the requested type, qualifier metadata must be specified at field level:

```
@RunWith(SpringRunner.class) public class ExampleTests {  @MockBean  @Qualifier('example') private ExampleService service;
```

Edit:

So if your SomeService is an implementation of a DataSource try adding a Qualifier. If SomeService has a DataSource in it, and you need to access some methods in it, you could try to use @Mock and specify the any objects that need to be returned either through their own mock or autowire.

@Mock SomeService someService; @Mock SomeDependency mockDependency; @Autowired OtherDependency realDependency; @Before publ