

AI505 – Optimization

Sheet 01, Spring 2025

Exercises with the symbol $+$ are to be done at home before the class. Exercises with the symbol $*$ will be tackled in class. The remaining exercises are left for self training after the exercise class. Some exercises are from the text book and the number is reported. They have the solution at the end of the book.

Exercises on

Exercise 1⁺ (3.1)

Give an example of a problem when Fibonacci search can be applied while the bisection method not.

Exercise 2⁺ (3.4)

Suppose we have $f(x) = x^2/2 - x$. Apply the bisection method to find an interval containing the minimizer of f starting with the interval $[0, 1000]$. Execute three steps of the algorithm (you can do this by hand or in Python).

Exercise 3⁺ (3.5)

Suppose we have a function $f(x) = (x + 2)^2$ on the interval $[0, 1]$. Is 2 a valid Lipschitz constant for f on that interval?

Exercise 4⁺ (4.2)

Find examples where each of the four termination conditions would not work individually, showing the importance of having more than one.

Exercise 5⁺ (4.2)

The first Wolfe condition requires

$$f(\mathbf{x}_k + \alpha \mathbf{d}_k) \leq f(\mathbf{x}_k) + \beta \alpha \nabla \mathbf{d}_k f(\mathbf{x}_k)$$

What is the maximum step length α that satisfies this condition, given that $f(\mathbf{x}) = 5 + x_1^2 + x_2^2$, $\mathbf{x}_k = [-1, -1]$, $\mathbf{d} = [1, 0]$, and $\beta = 10^{-4}$?

Exercise 6^{*}

The steepest descent algorithm is a Descent Direction Iteration method that moves along $\mathbf{d}_k = -\nabla f_k$ at every step. Program the steepest algorithms using the backtracking line search. Use them to minimize the Rosenbrock function. Set the initial step length $\alpha_0 = 1$ and print the step length used by each method at each iteration. First try the initial point $\mathbf{x}_0 = [1.2, 1.2]$ and then the more difficult starting point $\mathbf{x}_0 = [-1.2, 1]$.

Exercise 7^{*}

Descent direction methods may use search directions other than the steepest descent mentioned in the previous exercise. In general, which descent direction guarantees to produce a decrease in f ?