tsp_analysis

October 6, 2025

1 Traveling Salesman Problem: Algorithm Comparison

This notebook compares six TSP algorithms on the Lin105 dataset with a 5-second time limit: Random Solver, Nearest Neighbor; Simulated Annealing and Genetic Algorithm (with random and NN initialization).

We compare them by looking at their final cost versus the optimal and baseline, how their cost changes over time, how many steps they take per second, and how much they improve from the starting point.

```
[]: # Config
MAX_SECONDS = 5.0

# SA/GA parameters (from tuning run)
TO = 167.807
COOLING_RATE = 0.99990
GA_POP_SIZE = 109
GA_CROSSOVER = 0.600
GA_MUTATION = 0.400
GA_ELITISM = 1

# Cooling schedule
exp_schedule = exponential_cooling(COOLING_RATE)

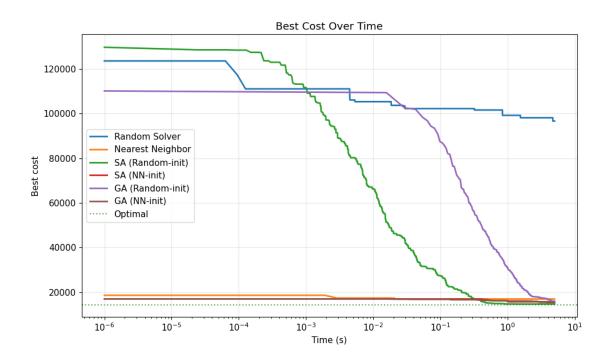
# Algorithm lineup
ALGORITHMS = [
```

```
"Random Solver",
          "Nearest Neighbor",
          "SA (Random-init)",
          "SA (NN-init)",
          "GA (Random-init)",
          "GA (NN-init)",
      ]
      # Plot styling
      plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (10, 6)
      plt.rcParams['font.size'] = 11
[24]: problem_instance_path = Path("dataset/lin105.tsp")
      instance, optimal_cost = find_optimal_tour(problem_instance_path)
[]: # Utils
      def get_nn_route_and_cost(instance):
          builder = NearestNeighbor(instance)
          builder.initialize(None)
          for _ in range(len(instance.cities) - 1):
              builder.step()
          return builder.get_route(), builder.get_cost()
      def run_single_time_trial(name, instance_data, seed_nn_data):
          inst = TSPInstance(name=instance_data["name"],__
       ⇔cities=instance_data["cities"])
          if name == "Random Solver":
              solver, init_route = RandomSolver(inst), None
          elif name == "Nearest Neighbor":
              solver, init_route = NearestNeighbor(inst), None
          elif name == "SA (Random-init)":
              solver, init_route = SimulatedAnnealing(inst, TO, exp_schedule), None
          elif name == "SA (NN-init)":
              solver, init_route = SimulatedAnnealing(inst, T0, exp_schedule),__
       \hookrightarrowseed_nn_data
          elif name == "GA (Random-init)":
              solver = GeneticAlgorithmSolver(
                  inst,
                  population_size=GA_POP_SIZE,
                  mutation rate=GA MUTATION,
                  crossover_rate=GA_CROSSOVER,
                  elitism_count=GA_ELITISM,
              init route = None
          elif name == "GA (NN-init)":
              solver = GeneticAlgorithmSolver(
```

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population_size=GA_POP_SIZE,
                  mutation_rate=GA_MUTATION,
                  crossover_rate=GA_CROSSOVER,
                  elitism_count=GA_ELITISM,
              init_route = seed_nn_data
          else:
              raise ValueError(f"Unknown algorithm name: {name}")
          iters, best, curr, times, route = run_algorithm_with_timing(inst, solver,_
       ⇔init_route, MAX_SECONDS)
          steps_per_sec = (len(iters) / times[-1]) if times else 0.0
          return {
              "name": name,
              "iterations": iters,
              "best costs": best,
              "current_costs": curr,
              "times": times,
              "route": route,
              "final cost": best[-1] if best else float("inf"),
              "steps_per_sec": steps_per_sec,
          }
[40]: seed_nn, nn_cost = get_nn_route_and_cost(instance)
 []: # Run algorithms (for 30 secs total = n_algos * MAX_SECONDS)
      instance_data = {"name": instance.name, "cities": instance.cities}
      time_runs = {name: [] for name in ALGORITHMS}
      for name in ALGORITHMS:
          time_runs[name] = [run_single_time_trial(name, instance_data, seed_nn)]
      time_results = {}
      for name, runs in time runs.items():
          r = runs[0] if runs else {}
          x = r.get("times", [])
          y = r.get("best_costs", [])
          time_results[name] = {
              "times": x,
              "best": np.array(y, dtype=float),
              "final_cost": float(r.get("final_cost", float('inf'))),
              "steps_per_sec": float(r.get("steps_per_sec", 0.0)),
          }
[73]: summary_rows = []
      for name, data in time_results.items():
```

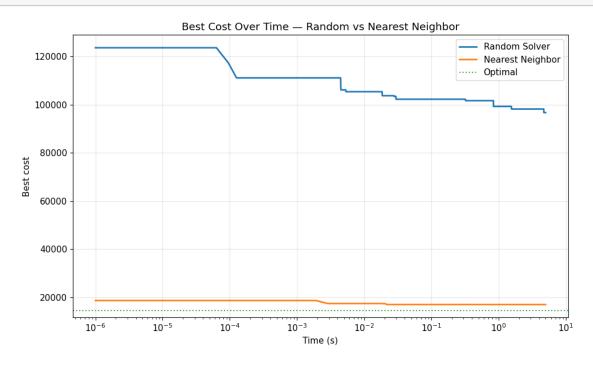
inst,

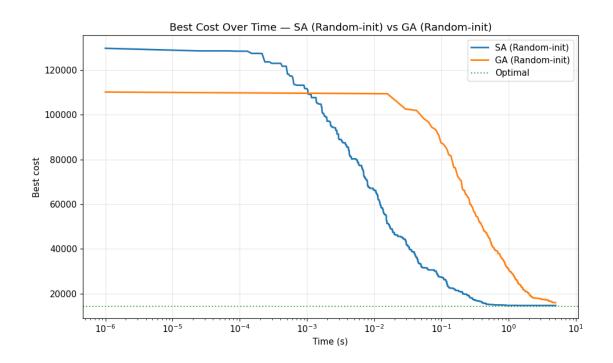
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cost = data["final_cost"]
          sps = data["steps_per_sec"]
          summary_rows.append({
              "Algorithm": name,
              "Final Cost": f"{cost:.1f}",
              "Steps/sec": f"{sps:.1f}",
         })
      summary_rows.append({
          "Algorithm": "Optimal (ref)",
          "Final Cost": f"{optimal_cost:.1f}",
          "Steps/sec": "",
      })
      pd.DataFrame(summary_rows).sort_values("Final Cost")
[73]:
                Algorithm Final Cost Steps/sec
     6
            Optimal (ref)
                             14383.0
      2
        SA (Random-init)
                            14677.2
                                      45987.0
      5
            GA (NN-init)
                           15390.3
                                        139.5
             SA (NN-init) 15692.4
      3
                                      46168.0
                          15958.7
      4 GA (Random-init)
                                        135.6
      1 Nearest Neighbor 16939.4
                                        988.0
           Random Solver
                            96658.0
                                      29824.4
 []: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
      for name, data in time_results.items():
          ax.plot(data["times"], data["best"], label=name, linewidth=2)
      ax.axhline(y=optimal_cost, color="green", linestyle=":", label="Optimal", |
      ⇒alpha=0.7)
      ax.set_xlabel("Time (s)")
      ax.set_ylabel("Best cost")
      ax.set_title('Best Cost Over Time')
      ax.set_xscale('log')
      ax.grid(True, alpha=0.3)
      ax.legend()
      plt.tight_layout()
      plt.show()
```

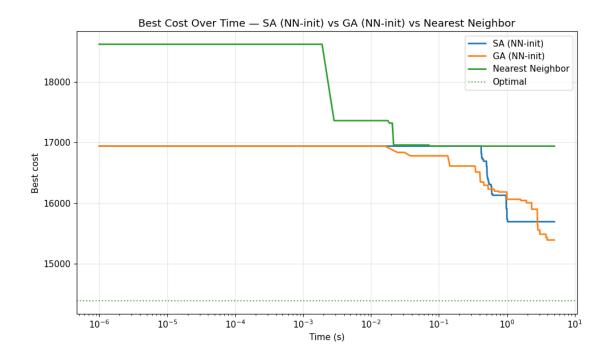


```
[]: def plot_best_over_time_for(names_subset, title):
         fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         for n in names_subset:
             if n in time_results:
                 ax.plot(time_results[n]["times"], time_results[n]["best"], label=n,__
      →linewidth=2)
         if optimal cost:
             ax.axhline(y=optimal_cost, color="green", linestyle=":",_
      →label="Optimal", alpha=0.7)
         ax.set_xlabel("Time (s)")
         ax.set_ylabel("Best cost")
         ax.set_title(title)
         ax.set xscale('log')
         ax.grid(True, alpha=0.3)
         ax.legend()
         plt.tight_layout()
         plt.show()
     plot_best_over_time_for([
         "Random Solver", "Nearest Neighbor"
     ], "Best Cost Over Time - Random vs Nearest Neighbor")
     plot_best_over_time_for([
         "SA (Random-init)", "GA (Random-init)"
     ], "Best Cost Over Time - SA (Random-init) vs GA (Random-init)")
     plot_best_over_time_for([
```

"SA (NN-init)", "GA (NN-init)", "Nearest Neighbor"], "Best Cost Over Time - SA (NN-init) vs GA (NN-init) vs Nearest Neighbor")



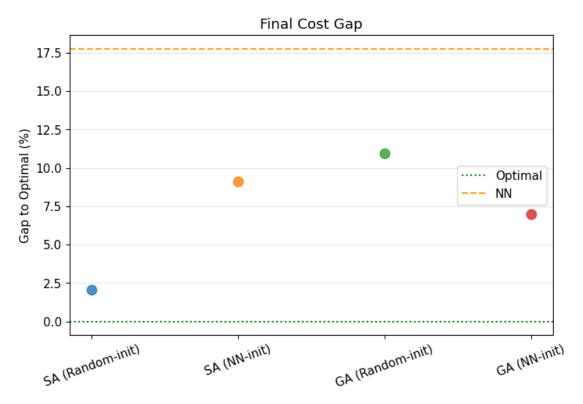




```
[75]: names = [n for n in time_runs.keys() if (not n.lower().startswith('random')) ___
       →and (not n.lower().startswith('nearest'))]
      final_costs_by_algo = {n: [] for n in names}
      for n in names:
          runs = time_runs.get(n, [])
          for r in runs:
              best_costs = r.get("best_costs", [])
              if best costs:
                  final_costs_by_algo[n].append(best_costs[-1])
      gaps_by_algo = {}
      for n, costs in final_costs_by_algo.items():
          gaps = [((c / optimal_cost) - 1) * 100.0 for c in costs if c > 0]
          gaps_by_algo[n] = gaps
      fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 5))
      for i, n in enumerate(names):
          y = gaps_by_algo[n]
          x = np.full(len(y), i)
          ax.scatter(x, y, s=80, label=n, alpha=0.8)
      ax.set_xticks(range(len(names)))
      ax.set_xticklabels(names, rotation=20)
```

```
ax.set_ylabel('Gap to Optimal (%)')
ax.set_title('Final Cost Gap')
ax.grid(True, axis='y', alpha=0.3)

nn_gap = ((nn_cost / optimal_cost) - 1) * 100.0
opt_line = ax.axhline(y=0, color='green', linestyle=':', label='Optimal')
nn_line = ax.axhline(y=nn_gap, color='orange', linestyle='--', label='NN')
ax.legend(handles=[opt_line, nn_line])
plt.show()
```



```
ax.set_title(title)
    ax.set_xscale('log')
    ax.legend()
    ax.grid(True, which='both', axis='x', alpha=0.3)
    ax.grid(True, which='major', axis='y', alpha=0.3)
    plt.show()
plot_relative_improvement_over_time(
    ["Random Solver", "Nearest Neighbor"],
    "Improvement from Initial (%) - Random vs Nearest Neighbor"
plot_relative_improvement_over_time(
    ["SA (Random-init)", "GA (Random-init)"],
    "Improvement from Initial (%) - SA (Random-init) vs GA (Random-init)"
plot_relative_improvement_over_time(
    ["SA (NN-init)", "GA (NN-init)", "Nearest Neighbor"],
    "Improvement from Initial (%) - SA (NN-init) vs GA (NN-init) vs Nearest_{\sqcup}
 ⇔Neighbor"
)
```

