



Machine Learning

Linear Regression with multiple variables

Multiple features

Multiple features (variables).

Size (feet ²)	Price (\$1000)
$\rightarrow x$	$y \leftarrow$
2104	460
1416	232
1534	315
852	178
...	...

$$\underline{h_{\theta}(x) = \theta_0 + \theta_1 x}$$

Multiple features (variables).

Size (feet ²)	Number of bedrooms	Number of floors	Age of home (years)	Price (\$1000)
x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	y
2104	5	1	45	460
1416	3	2	40	232
1534	3	2	30	315
852	2	1	36	178
...

Notation:

- n = number of features
- $x^{(i)}$ = input (features) of i^{th} training example.
- $x_j^{(i)}$ = value of feature j in i^{th} training example.

$n = 4$

$x^{(i)}$

$m = 47$

$$\underline{x^{(2)}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1416 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 40 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_3^{(2)} = 2$$

Hypothesis:

Previously: $h_{\theta}(x) = \theta_0 + \theta_1 x$

$$h_{\Theta}(x) = \Theta_0 + \Theta_1 x_1 + \Theta_2 x_2 + \Theta_3 x_3 + \Theta_4 x_4$$

e.g. $\underline{h_0(x)} = \underline{80} + \underline{0.1x_1} + \underline{0.01x_2} + 3x_3 - 2x_4$
↑ ↑ ↑
age

$$\rightarrow h_{\theta}(x) = \theta_0 + \theta_1 x_1 + \theta_2 x_2 + \dots + \theta_n x_n$$

For convenience of notation, define $x_0 = 1$. ($x_0^{(i)} = 1$)

parameters

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1}$$

$$\theta = \begin{bmatrix} \theta_0 \\ \theta_1 \\ \theta_2 \\ \vdots \\ \theta_n \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1}$$

$$h_{\theta}(x) = \theta_0 x_0 + \theta_1 x_1 + \dots + \theta_n x_n$$

$$= \theta^T x$$

θ^T
(n+1) x 1 matrix

x

danos forma escrever hipotese quando varias variveis

Multivariate linear regression. \leftarrow