

# 임베디드 기반 SW 개발 프로젝트

## AURIX TC275 보드 ADC 사용

- Analog Data Sampling to Digital Conversion -

현대자동차 입문교육  
박대진 교수

# 실습 목표

1. 보드의 GPIO 출력을 제어해서 확장 보드 RGB LED 각각의 색상을 on/off 해보도록 한다.
2. 확장 보드의 가변 저항에 의한 전압을 ADC로 읽고, 샘플링된 ADC값의 범위에 따라 RGB LED 출력을 제어한다.

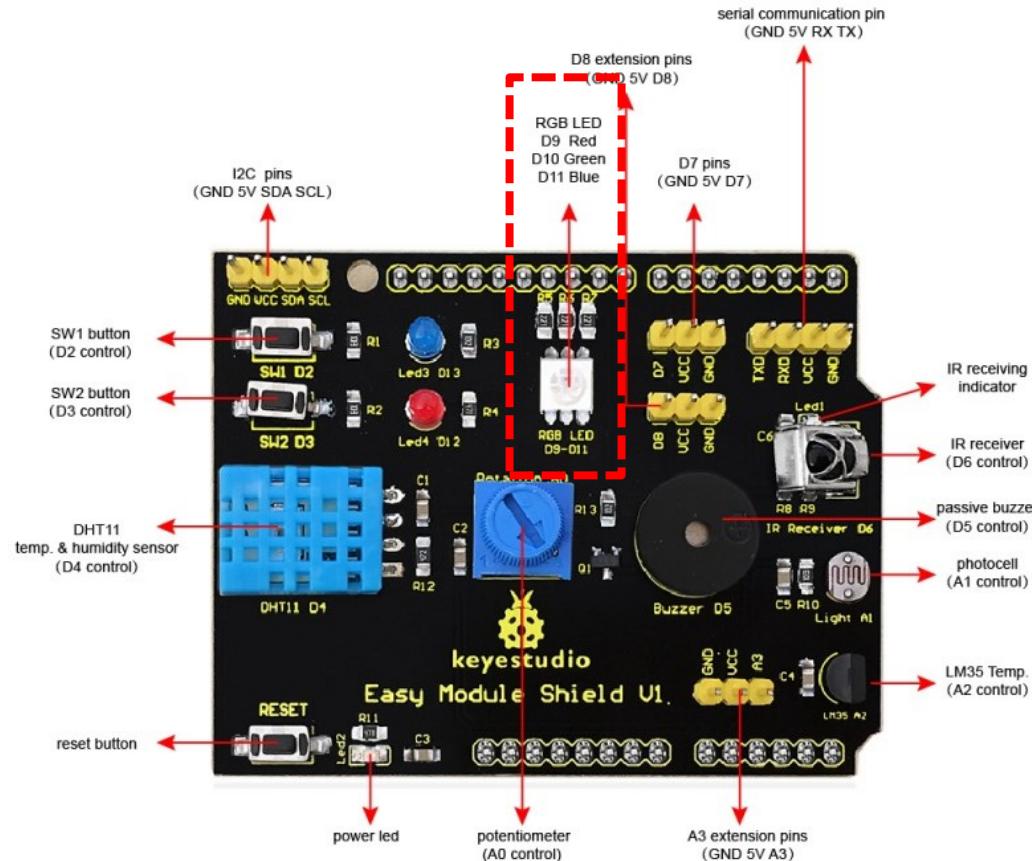
# 사용된 약어 정리

- VADC (Versatile Analog-to-Digital Converter)
- SAR (Successive Approximation Register)
- SCU (System Control Unit)

# RGB LED 회로 구조 파악

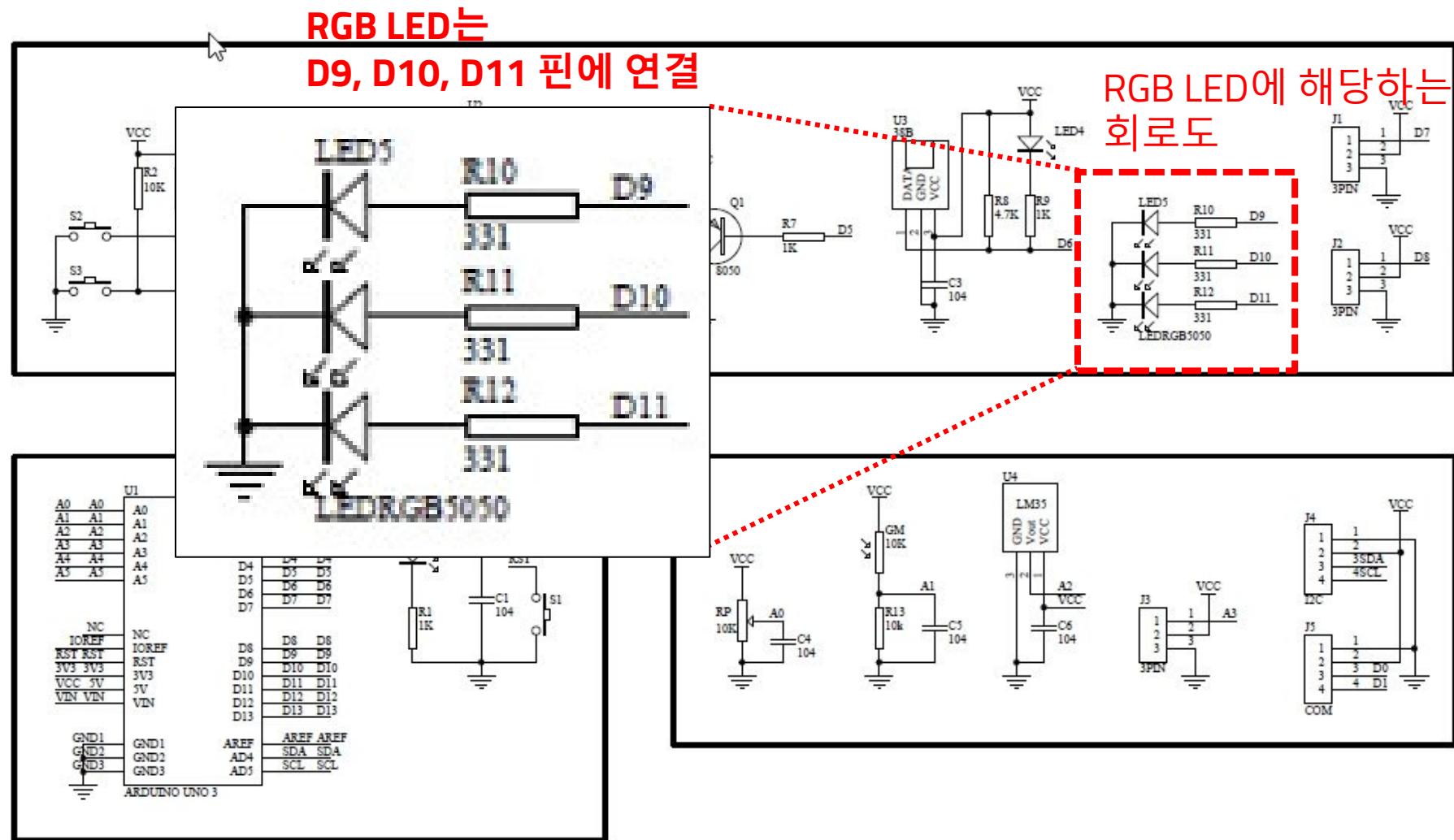
## : 확장 보드 PCB에 RGB LED가 연결된 회로

- 확장 보드의 RGB LED를 사용하기 위해서는 TC275 보드의 어떤 핀이 Easy Module Shield 확장 보드의 RGB LED와 연결되어 있는지 알아야 함  
→ 데이터 시트 분석 필요



# 회로도 @ 확장 보드 데이터 시트

## : RGB LED 회로 부분 확인

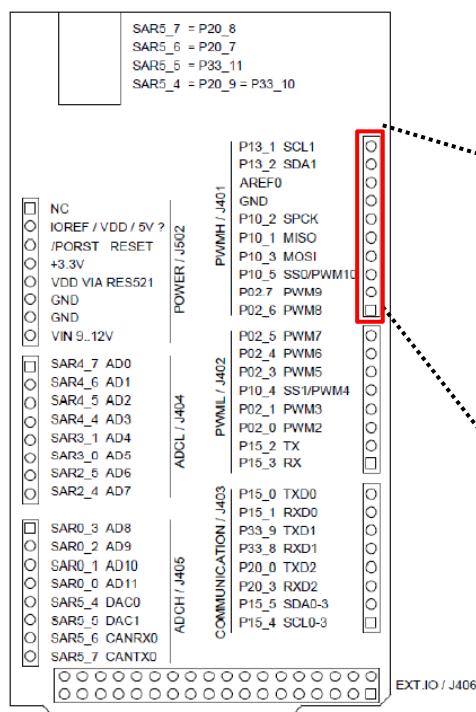


# Pin Map @ TC275 보드

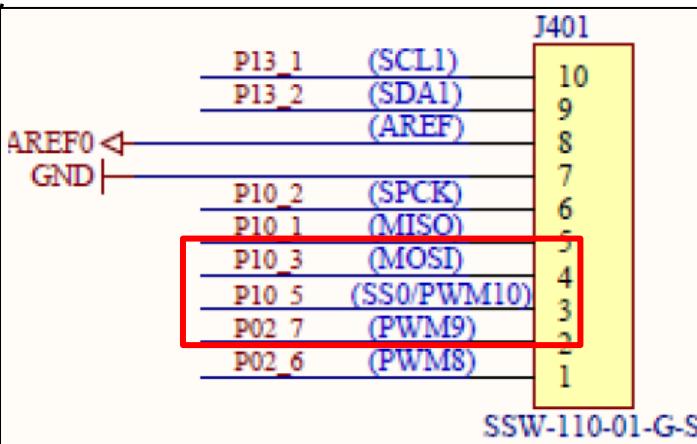
## : RGB LED핀과 TC275 보드 핀과의 회로 연결 정보 확인

- 앞서 RGB LED는 확장 보드의 핀 D9, D10, D11에 연결 되어있는 것을 확인  
→ 그렇다면 확장 보드의 핀 D9, D10, D11는 TC275 보드의 어느 핀에 연결?

Infineon-ShieldBuddy\_TC275 -UM-v02\_08-EN.pdf p.44



Digital pin 8 (PWM)	PWMH.1	P2.6
Digital pin 9 (PWM)	PWMH.2	P2.7
Digital pin 10 (PWM/SS)	PWMH.3	P10.5
Digital pin 11 (PWM/MOSI)	PWMH.4	P10.3
Digital pin 12 (PWM/MISO)	PWMH.5	P10.1



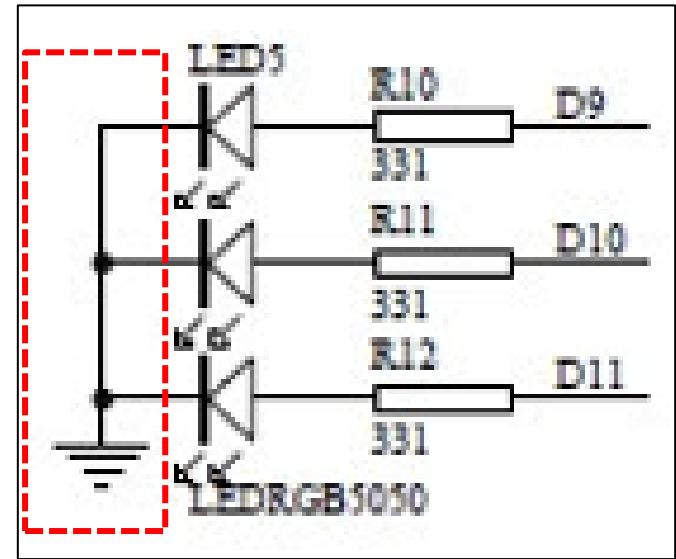
TC275 MCU I/O 중,  
Port 02 pin 7 (P02.7)  
Port 10 pin 5 (P10.5)  
Port 10 pin 3 (P10.3)  
와 연결됨

Infineon-ShieldBuddy\_TC275 -UM-v02\_08-EN.pdf p.42

Infineon-ShieldBuddy\_TC275 -UM-v02\_08-EN.pdf p.46

# RGB LED를 제어하려면...

- RGB LED 회로를 보면 D9, D10, D11 핀 반대쪽에 GND가 있으므로
  - HIGH 값을 인가해야 LED가 켜질 수 있음
  - 반대로 LOW 값을 인가하면 LED는 꺼짐
- 즉, LED를 켜려면 MCU GPIO P02.7, P10.3, P10.5 핀에 HIGH 값을 인가해야 함



# GPIO 레지스터 설정

## : 핀의 입출력 방향 및 출력값 설정

- P10.3, P10.5, P02.7, 핀의 출력 모드 동작을 위해서는 GPIO Port 레지스터 항목에서
  - P10\_OUT**
  - P10\_IOCR0**
  - P10\_IOCR4**
  - P02\_OUT**
  - P02\_IOCR4**
- 5가지 레지스터에 설정이 필요함

Table 13-16 Port 10 Functions (cont'd)

Port Pin	I/O	Pin Functionality	Associated Reg./ I/O Line	Port I/O Control Select.	
				Reg./Bit Field	Value
P10.3	I	General-purpose input	P10_IN.P3	P10_IOCR0. PC3	0XXXX <sub>B</sub>
		GTM input	TIN105		
		QSPI1 input	MTSR1A		
		SCU input	REQ3		
		GPT120 input	T5INB		
	O	General-purpose output	P10_OUT.P3	P10_IOCR4. PC5	1X000 <sub>B</sub>
		GTM output	TOUT105		
		VADC output	VADCG6BFL3		
		ASCLIN2 input	ATX2		
		QSPI3 output	SLSO38		
P10.5	I	General-purpose input	P10_IN.P5	P10_IOCR4. PC5	0XXXX <sub>B</sub>
		GTM input	TIN107		
		SCU input	HWCFG4		
		MSC0 input	INJ01		
		General-purpose output	P10_OUT.P5		
	O	GTM output	TOUT107	P02_IOCR4. PC7	1X000 <sub>B</sub>
		ASCLIN2 output	ATX2		
		QSPI3 output	SLSO38		
		DSADC input	DSCIN3B		
		CIF input	CIFD7		
P02.7	I	I/O LINE		P02_IOCR4. PC7	0XXXX <sub>B</sub>
		General-purpose input	P02_IN.P7		
		GTM input	TIN7		
		QSPI3 input	SCLK3A		
		PSI5 input	PSIRX2B		
		SENT input	SENT1C		
		CCU60 input	CC61INC		
		CCU60 input	CCPOS1A		
		CCU61 input	T13HRB		
		GPT120 input	T3EUDA		
O	O	DSADC input	DSCIN3B		
		CIF input	CIFD7		
		DSADC input	DSITR4E		
		General-purpose output	P02_OUT.P7		
		GTM output	TOUT7		
		Reserved	-		1X010 <sub>B</sub>

# GPIO 레지스터 설정 – P02 Address

## : Port 02 영역이 위치한 주소 확인

- 레지스터 설정을 위해 레지스터가 위치한 주소 파악 필요

### 1. GPIO (Ports) 레지스터 영역 찾기

[Infineon-TC27x\\_D-step-UM-v02\\_02-EN.pdf p.227](#)

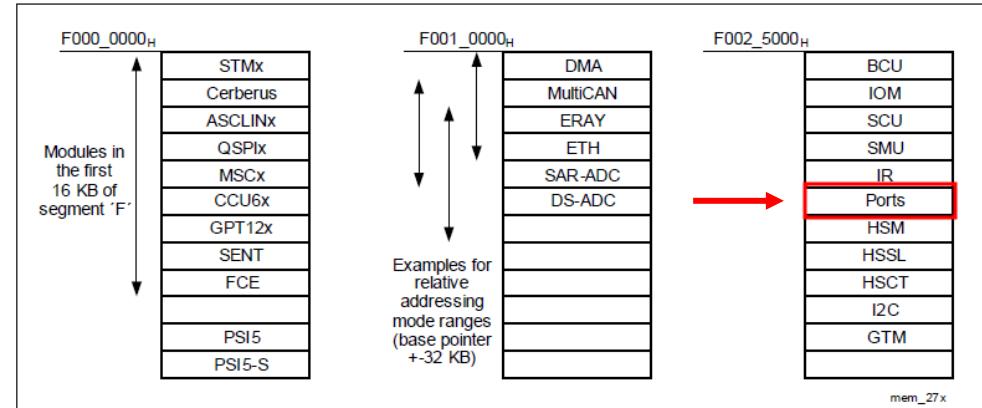


Figure 3-1 Segment F Structure

### 2. 실습에서 사용하는 Port 02에 해당하는 레지스터 영역 찾기

- 시작 주소 (Base address)
- = **0xF003A200**



	F003 9FFF <sub>H</sub>	Kbyte		
Port 00	F003 A000 <sub>H</sub> - F003 A0FF <sub>H</sub>	256 byte	access	access
Port 01	F003 A100 <sub>H</sub> - F003 A1FF <sub>H</sub>	256 byte	access	access
Port 02	F003 A200 <sub>H</sub> - F003 A2FF <sub>H</sub>	256 byte	access	access

[Infineon-TC27x\\_D-step-UM-v02\\_02-EN.pdf p.230](#)

# GPIO 레지스터 설정 – P02 Address 계산

## : Port 02의 각 레지스터가 위치한 주소 확인

### 3. 사용할 특정 레지스터의 주소 찾기

- **P02\_OUT** Offset Address = 0x0000

→ P02\_OUT 레지스터 주소

→ = 0xF003A200 + 0x0000 = **0xF003A200**

- **P02\_IOCR4** Offset Address = 0x0014

→ P02\_IOCR4 레지스터 주소

→ = 0xF003A200 + 0x0014 = **0xF003A214**

Table 13-4 Registers Overview

Register Short Name	Register Long Name	Offset Address	Access Mode		Reset	Desc. see
			Read	Write		
Pn_OUT	Port n Output Register	0000 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-38</a>
Pn_OMR	Port n Output Modification Register	0004 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-39</a>
ID	Module Identification Register	0008 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	BE	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-13</a>
Pn_IOCR0	Port n Input/Output Control Register 0	0010 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-14</a>
Pn_IOCR4	Port n Input/Output Control Register 4	0014 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-14</a>

Registers						
ID	Module Identification Register	0008 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	BE	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-13</a>
Pn_IOCR0	Port n Input/Output Control Register 0	0010 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-14</a>
Pn_IOCR4	Port n Input/Output Control Register 4	0014 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-14</a>
Pn_IOCR8	Port n Input/Output Control Register 8	0018 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-14</a>

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# GPIO 레지스터 설정 – P02 Write Value

## : Port 02의 핀 7를 출력 모드로 사용

- P02.7 을 General Purpose Output (push-pull)으로 사용하기 위해 P02\_IOCR4 레지스터에 어떤 값을 써야 하는지 확인 → 0x10 (2진수 10000b)

### P02\_IOCR4 레지스터 @ 0xF003A214

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
					PC7		0		PC6		0				
						r				rw			r		
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
					PC5		0		PC4		0				
						r			rw			r			

Field	Bits	Type	Description
PC4, PC5, PC6, PC7	[7:3], [15:11], [23:19], [31:27]	rw	Port Control for Port n Pin 4 to 7 This bit field determines the Port n line x functionality (x = 4-7) according to the coding table (see Table 13-5).
0	[2:0], [10:8], [18:16], [26:24]	r	Reserved Read as 0; should be written with 0.

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Table 13-5 PCx Coding

PCx[4:0]	I/O	Characteristics	Selected Pull-up / Pull-down / Selected Output Function
10000 <sub>B</sub>	Output	Push-pull	General-purpose output
10001 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 1
10010 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 2
10011 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 3
10100 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 4
10101 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 5
10110 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 6
10111 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 7
11000 <sub>B</sub>	Open-drain		General-purpose output
11001 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 1
11010 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 2
11011 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 3
11100 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 4
11101 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 5
11110 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 6
11111 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 7

1) This is the default pull device setting after reset for powertrain applications.

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# Lab1: GPIO 레지스터 설정 – P10 Write Value

## : Port 02의 7번 핀을 출력 모드로 사용

```
268 void initRGBLED(void)
269 {
270     // reset Port IOCR register
271     P02_IOCR4.U &= ~(0x1F << PC7_BIT_LSB_IDX);
272     P10_IOCR4.U &= ~(0x1F << PC5_BIT_LSB_IDX);
273     P10_IOCR0.U &= ~(0x1F << PC3_BIT_LSB_IDX);
274
275     // set Port as general purpose output (push-pull)
276     P02_IOCR4.U |= 0x10 << PC7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
277     P10_IOCR4.U |= 0x10 << PC5_BIT_LSB_IDX;
278     P10_IOCR0.U |= 0x10 << PC3_BIT_LSB_IDX;
279 }
```

# GPIO 레지스터 설정 – P02 Write Value

## : Port 02의 핀에 출력할 값 설정

- P02.7 출력에 HIGH("1") 또는 LOW("0")의 값을 인가하기 위해 P02\_OUT 레지스터에 어떤 값을 써야 하는지 확인

P02\_OUT 레지스터 @ 0xF003A200

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
0															
r															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
P15	P14	P13	P12	P11	P10	P9	P8	P7	P6	P5	P4	P3	P2	P1	P0
rwh															

where?

- Pin 7 이므로 P7 영역에 write 필요

Field	Bits	Type	Description
Px (x = 0-15)	x	rwh	<p>Port n Output Bit x</p> <p>This bit determines the level at the output pin Pn.x if the output is selected as GPIO output.</p> <p><math>0_B</math> The output level of Pn.x is 0.</p> <p><math>1_B</math> The output level of Pn.x is 1.</p> <p>Pn.x can also be set or cleared by control bits of the Pn_OMSR, Pn_OMCR or Pn_OMR registers.</p>
0	[31:16]	r	<p>Reserved</p> <p>Read as 0; should be written with 0.</p>

what?

- 출력하고자 하는 값("0" 또는 "1")을 P7 영역에 write

# Lab2: 번갈아가며 RGB LED 색상 변경하는 코드

## : main 함수 작성해보기

초기화 함수 호출  
*initRGBLED()*

RGB LED 색상이 돌아가면서 변경되는 코드  
RGB의 조합으로 원하는 색상을 만들어 보기

```
120
127
128
129
130 // wait for CPU sync event
131 IfxCpu_emitEvent(&g_cpuSyncEvent);
132 IfxCpu_waitEvent(&g_cpuSyncEvent, 1);
133
134 //initERU();
135 //initCCU60();
136 initLED();
137 initRGBLED();
138 //initButton();
139
140 while(1)
141 {
142     for(unsigned int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)
143         P02_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
144         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX;
145         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX;
146
147     for(unsigned int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)
148         P02_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX);
149         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX;
150         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX);
151
152     for(unsigned int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)
153         P02_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
154         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX);
155         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX);
156
157     for(unsigned int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)
158         P02_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX);
159         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX);
160         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX;
161
162 }
```

# GPIO 레지스터 설정 – P10 Address

## : Port 10 영역이 위치한 주소 확인

- 레지스터 설정을 위해 레지스터가 위치한 주소 파악 필요

### 1. GPIO (Ports) 레지스터 영역 찾기

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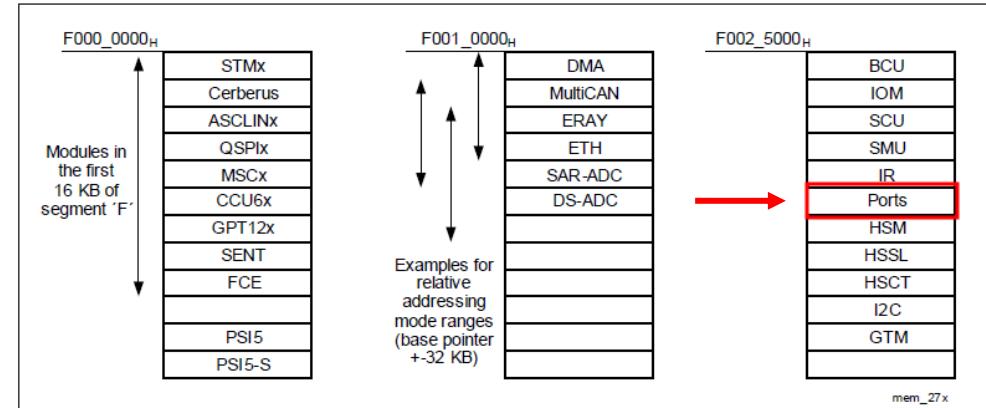


Figure 3-1 Segment F Structure

### 2. 실습에서 사용하는 Port 10에 해당하는 레지스터 영역 찾기

- 시작 주소 (Base address)
- = **0xF003B000**

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.231

Table 3-3 On Chip Bus Address Map of Segment 15 (cont'd)

Unit	Address Range	Size	Access Type	
			Read	Write
Reserved	F003 A300 <sub>H</sub> - F003 AFFF <sub>H</sub>	-	SPBBE	SPBBE
Port 10	F003 B000 <sub>H</sub> - F003 B0FF <sub>H</sub>	256 byte	access	access
Port 11	F003 B100 <sub>H</sub> - F003 B1FF <sub>H</sub>	256 byte	access	access

# GPIO 레지스터 설정 – P10 Address 계산

## : Port 10의 각 레지스터가 위치한 주소 확인

### 3. 사용할 특정 레지스터의 주소 찾기

– **P10\_OUT** Offset Address = 0x0000

→ P10\_OUT 레지스터 주소

→ = 0xF003B000 + 0x0000 = **0xF003B000**

– **P10\_IOCR0** Offset Address = 0x0010

→ P10\_IOCR0 레지스터 주소

→ = 0xF003B000 + 0x0010 = **0xF003B010**

– **P10\_IOCR4** Offset Address = 0x0014

→ P10\_IOCR4 레지스터 주소

→ = 0xF003B000 + 0x0014 = **0xF003B014**

Table 13-4 Registers Overview

Register Short Name	Register Long Name	Offset Address	Access Mode		Reset	Desc. see
			Read	Write		
Pn_OUT	Port n Output Register	0000 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-3 8</a>
Pn_OMR	Port n Output Modification Register	0004 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-3 9</a>
ID	Module Identification Register	0008 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	BE	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-1 3</a>
Pn_IOCR0	Port n Input/Output Control Register 0	0010 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-1 4</a>
Pn_IOCR4	Port n Input/Output Control Register 4	0014 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-1 4</a>

Table 13-4 Registers Overview

Register Short Name	Register Long Name	Offset Address	Access Mode		Reset	Desc. see
			Read	Write		
Pn_OUT	Port n Output Register	0000 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-3 8</a>
Pn_OMR	Port n Output Modification Register	0004 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-3 9</a>
ID	Module Identification Register	0008 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	BE	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-1 3</a>
Pn_IOCR0	Port n Input/Output Control Register 0	0010 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-1 4</a>
Pn_IOCR4	Port n Input/Output Control Register 4	0014 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-1 4</a>

Program						
ID	Module Identification Register	0008 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	BE	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-1 3</a>
Pn_IOCR0	Port n Input/Output Control Register 0	0010 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-1 4</a>
Pn_IOCR4	Port n Input/Output Control Register 4	0014 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-1 4</a>
Pn_IOCR8	Port n Input/Output Control Register 8	0018 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 13-1 4</a>

# GPIO 레지스터 설정 – P10 Write Value

## : Port 10의 핀 3을 출력 모드로 사용

- P10.3 을 General Purpose Output (push-pull)으로 사용하기 위해 P10\_IOCRO 레지스터에 어떤 값을 써야 하는지 확인 → 0x10 (2진수 10000b)

### P10\_IOCRO 레지스터 @ 0xF003B010

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
PC3					0			PC2			0				
RW					R			RW			R				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PC1					0			PC0			0				
RW					R			RW			R				

Field	Bits	Type	Description
PC0, PC1, PC2, PC3	[7:3], [15:11], [23:19], [31:27]	RW	Port Control for Port n Pin 0 to 3 This bit field determines the Port n line x functionality (x = 0-3) according to the coding table (see Table 13-5).
0	[2:0], [10:8], [18:16], [26:24]	R	Reserved Read as 0; should be written with 0.

Table 13-5 PCx Coding

PCx[4:0]	I/O	Characteristics	Selected Pull-up / Pull-down / Selected Output Function
10000 <sub>B</sub>	Output	Push-pull	General-purpose output
10001 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 1
10010 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 2
10011 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 3
10100 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 4
10101 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 5
10110 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 6
10111 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 7
11000 <sub>B</sub>	Open-drain		General-purpose output
11001 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 1
11010 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 2
11011 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 3
11100 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 4
11101 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 5
11110 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 6
11111 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 7

1) This is the default pull device setting after reset for powertrain applications.

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.1080

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.1090

# GPIO 레지스터 설정 – P10 Write Value : Port 10의 핀 5를 출력 모드로 사용

- P10.5 을 General Purpose Output (push-pull)으로 사용하기 위해 P10\_IOCR4 레지스터에 어떤 값을 써야 하는지 확인 → 0x10 (2진수 10000b)

P10 IOCR4 레지스터 @ 0xF003B014

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
		PC7			0			PC6			0				
		RW			R			RW			R				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		PC5			0			PC4			0				
		RW			R			RW			R				

Field	Bits	Type	Description
PC4, PC5, PC6, PC7	[7:3], [15:11], [23:19], [31:27]	rw	<b>Port Control for Port n Pin 4 to 7</b> This bit field determines the Port n line x functionality (x = 4-7) according to the coding table (see <a href="#">Table 13-5</a> ).
0	[2:0], [10:8], [18:16], [26:24]	r	<b>Reserved</b> Read as 0; should be written with 0.

**Table 13-5 PCx Coding**

PCx[4:0]	I/O	Characteristics	Selected Pull-up / Pull-down Selected Output Function
10000 <sub>B</sub>	Output	Push-pull	General-purpose output
10001 <sub>B</sub>	what? - 출력 모드로 사용하기 위해 0x10 값을 PC5 영역에 write		Alternate output function 1
10010 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 2
10011 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 3
10100 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 4
10101 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 5
10110 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 6
10111 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 7
11000 <sub>B</sub>			Open-drain
11001 <sub>B</sub>			General-purpose output
11010 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 1
11011 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 2
11100 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 3
11101 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 4
11110 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 5
11111 <sub>B</sub>			Alternate output function 6
			Alternate output function 7

1) This is the default pull device setting after reset for powertrain applications

Infineon-TC27x D-step-UM-v02 02-EN.pdf p.1090

# Lab3: GPIO 레지스터 설정 – P10 Write Value

## : Port 10의 핀3, 5를 출력 모드로 사용

```
268 void initRGBLED(void)
269 {
270     // reset Port IOCR register
271     P02_IOCR4.U &= ~(0x1F << PC7_BIT_LSB_IDX),
272     P10_IOCR4.U &= ~(0x1F << PC5_BIT_LSB_IDX);
273     P10_IOCR0.U &= ~(0x1F << PC3_BIT_LSB_IDX);
274
275     // set Port as general purpose output (push-pull)
276     P02_IOCR4.U |= 0x10 << PC7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
277     P10_IOCR4.U |= 0x10 << PC5_BIT_LSB_IDX;
278     P10_IOCR0.U |= 0x10 << PC3_BIT_LSB_IDX;
279 }
```

# GPIO 레지스터 설정 – P10 Write Value

## : Port 10의 핀에 출력할 값 설정

- P10.3, P10.5 출력에 HIGH("1") 또는 LOW("0")의 값을 인가하기 위해 P10\_OUT 레지스터에 어떤 값을 써야 하는지 확인

P10\_OUT 레지스터 @ 0xF003B000

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
0															
r															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
P15	P14	P13	P12	P11	P10	P9	P8	P7	P6	P5	P4	P3	P2	P1	P0
rwh															

where?

- Pin 3 과 Pin 5 이므로 P3, P5  
영역에 write 필요

Field	Bits	Type	Description
Px (x = 0-15)	x	rwh	<p>Port n Output Bit x</p> <p>This bit determines the level at the output pin Pn.x if the output is selected as GPIO output.</p> <p><math>0_B</math> The output level of Pn.x is 0.</p> <p><math>1_B</math> The output level of Pn.x is 1.</p> <p>Pn.x can also be set or cleared by control bits of the Pn_OMSR, Pn_OMCR or Pn_OMR registers.</p>
0	[31:16]	r	<p>Reserved</p> <p>Read as 0; should be written with 0.</p>

what?

- 출력하고자 하는 값("0" 또는 "1")을 P3, P5  
영역에 write

# Lab4: 번갈아가며 RGB LED 색상 변경하는 코드

## : main 함수 작성해보기

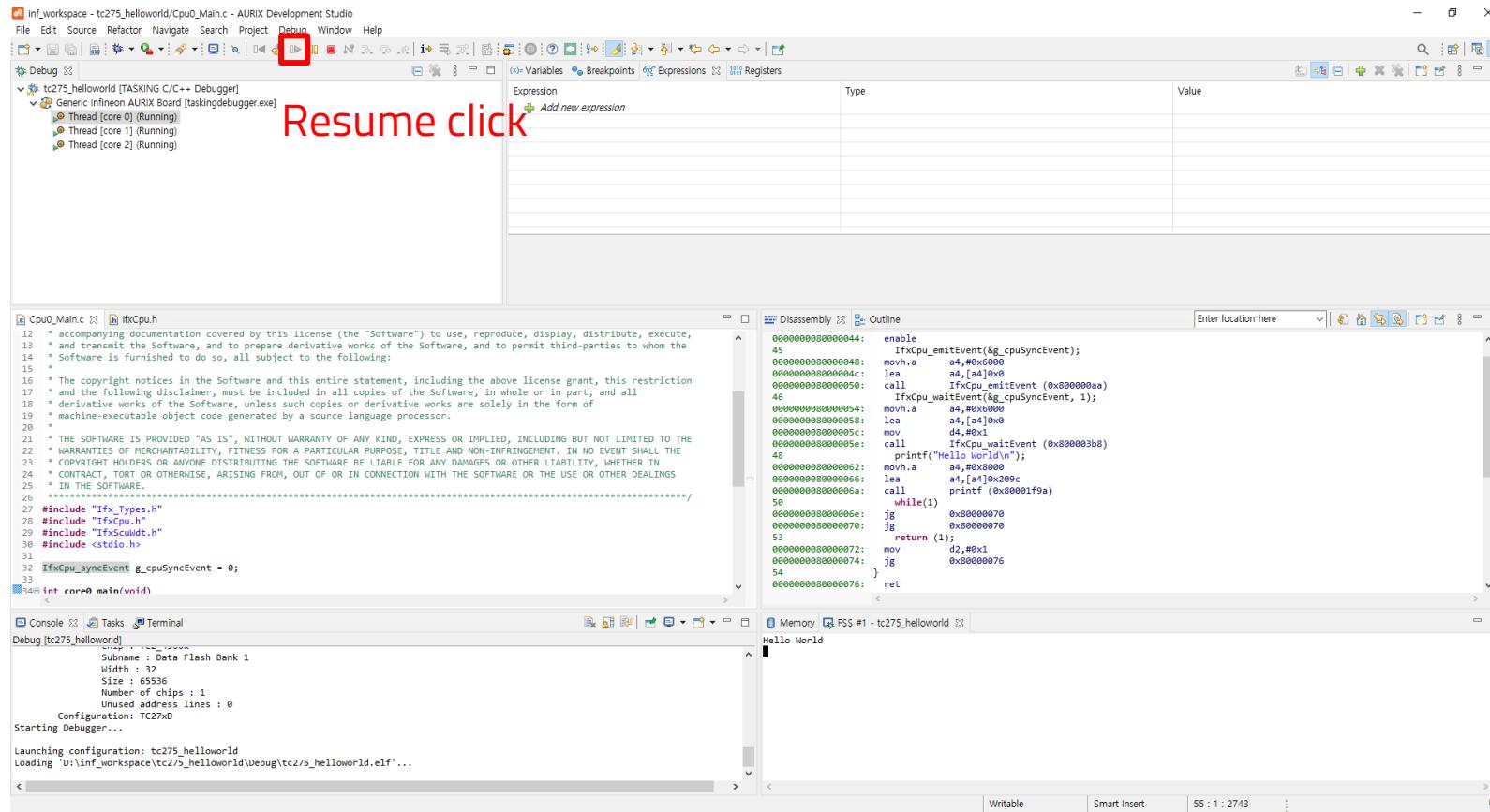
초기화 함수 호출  
*initRGBLED()*

RGB LED 색상이 돌아가면서 변경되는 코드  
RGB의 조합으로 원하는 색상을 만들어 보기

```
120
127
128
129
130 // wait for CPU sync event
131 IfxCpu_emitEvent(&g_cpuSyncEvent);
132 IfxCpu_waitEvent(&g_cpuSyncEvent, 1);
133
134 //initERU();
135 //initCCU60();
136 initLED();
137 initRGBLED();
138 //initButton();
139
140 while(1)
141 {
142     for(unsigned int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)
143         P02_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
144         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX;
145         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX;
146
147     for(unsigned int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)
148         P02_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX);
149         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX;
150         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX);
151
152     for(unsigned int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)
153         P02_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
154         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX);
155         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX);
156
157     for(unsigned int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)
158         P02_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX);
159         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX);
160         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX;
161
162 }
```

# Build 및 Debug

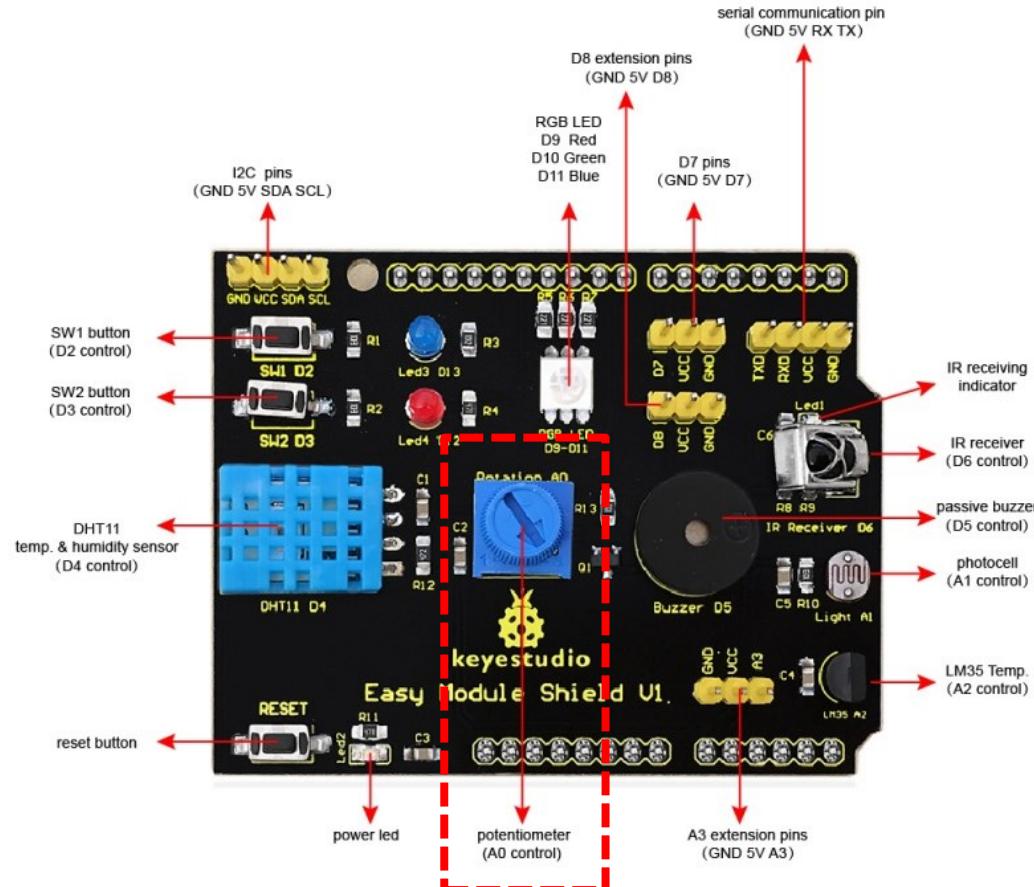
- 프로젝트 빌드 (ctrl + b)
- 디버그 수행하여 보드에 실행 파일 flash



# ADC 회로 구조 파악

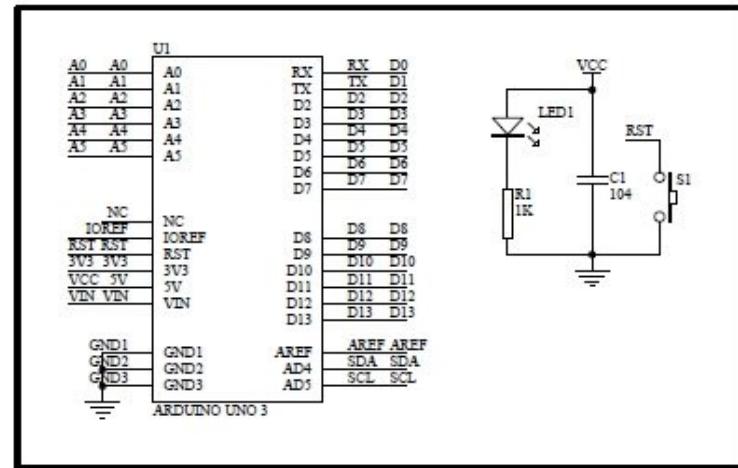
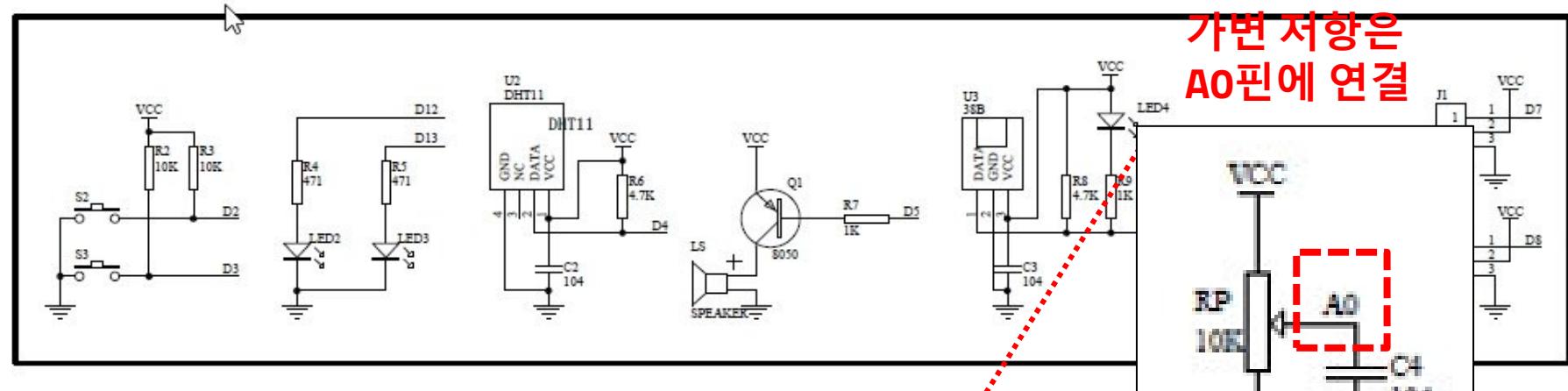
## : 확장 보드의 ADC는 어떤 핀을 사용?

- 확장 보드의 가변 저항을 사용하기 위해서는 TC275 보드의 어떤 핀이 Easy Module Shield 확장 보드의 가변 저항과 연결되어 있는지 알아야 함  
→ 데이터 시트 분석 필요

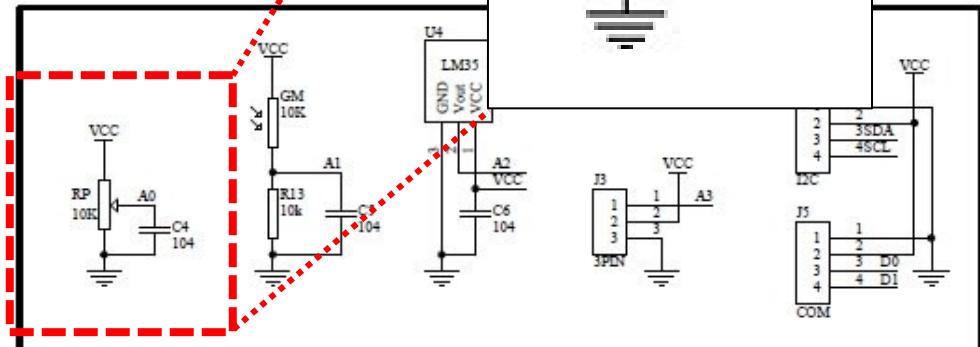


# 회로도 @ 확장 보드 데이터 시트

## : 가변 저항 회로 부분 확인



가변 저항에  
해당하는 회로도

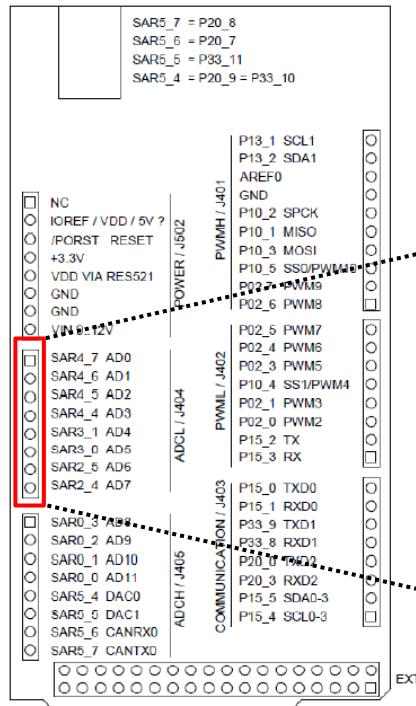


# Pin Map @ TC275 보드

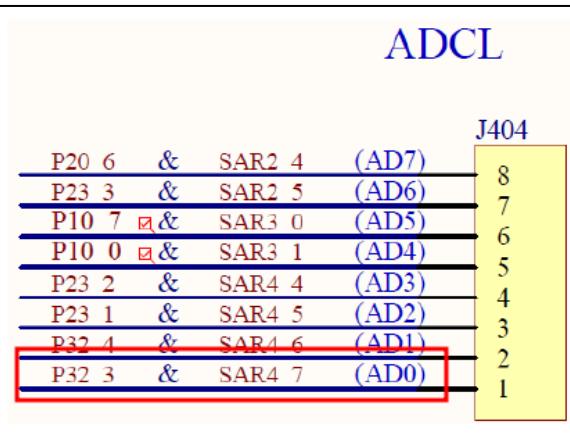
## : 가변 저항 핀과 TC275 보드 핀과의 회로 연결 정보 확인

- 앞서 가변 저항은 확장 보드의 핀 A0에 연결 되어있는 것을 확인  
→ 그렇다면 확장 보드의 핀 A0는 TC275 보드의 어느 핀에 연결?

Infineon-ShieldBuddy\_TC275 -UM-v02\_08-EN.pdf p.44



Arduino Signal Name	ShieldBuddy Connector Name	TC275T Pin Assignment
Analog pin 0	ADCL.1	SAR4.7/P32.3
Analog pin 1	ADCL.2	SAR4.0/P32.4
	ADCL.3	SAR4.5/P32.1



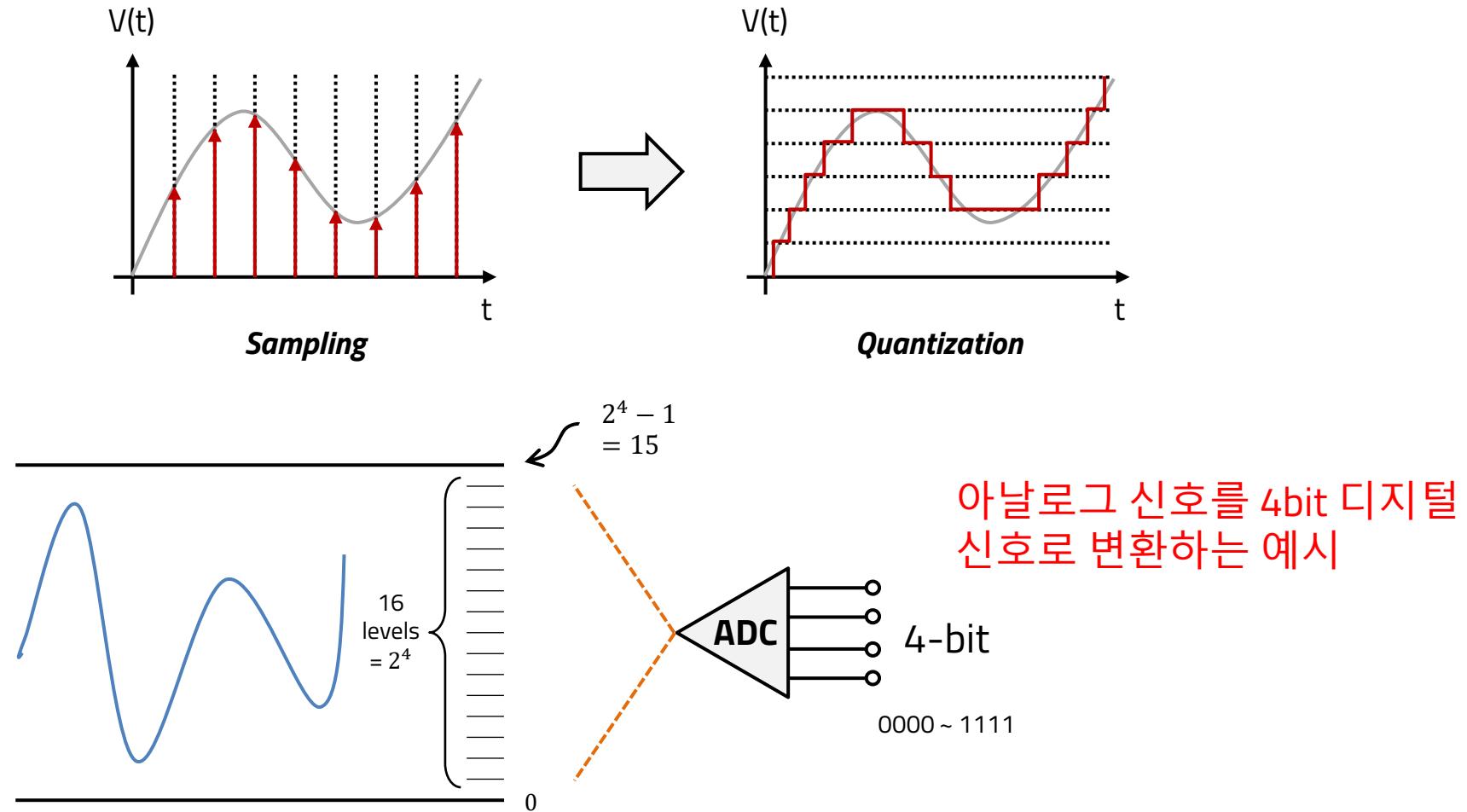
TC275 MCU I/O 중,  
SAR4\_7  
과 연결됨

Infineon-ShieldBuddy\_TC275 -UM-v02\_08-EN.pdf p.42

Infineon-ShieldBuddy\_TC275 -UM-v02\_08-EN.pdf p.46

# VADC (Versatile Analog-to-Digital Converter)

- MCU 칩 외부 환경에서 입력되는 아날로그 신호들을 디지털 도메인으로 변환



# VADC 변환 flow 및 원리

## : VADC 모듈 구성 및 변환 수행

- VADC는 여러 개의 Group / Kernel로 구성됨

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.3878

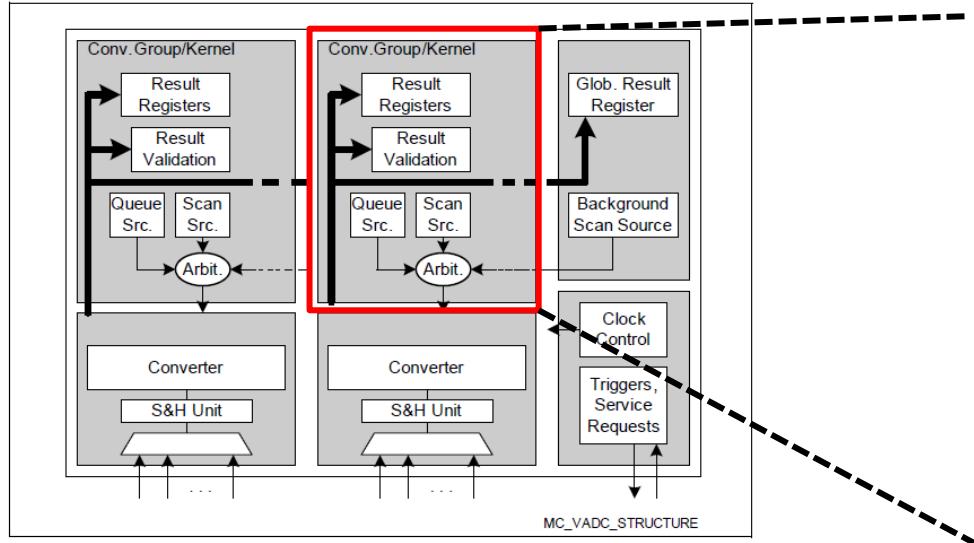
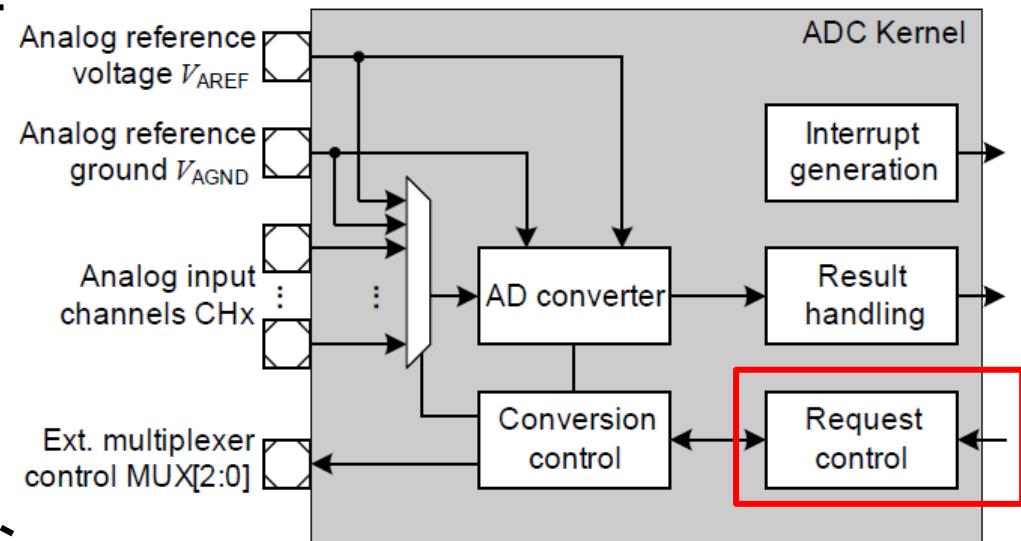


Figure 28-1 ADC Structure Overview



ADC Kernel로 입력되는 Conversion Request에 따라서 Conversion 수행

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.3875

# VADC 사용을 위한 레지스터 설정

## : VADC모듈 사용 전 보호 유닛 해제 필요

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.3875

- VADC 모듈 사용을 위해 Clock Control 레지스터에서  
**VADC 모듈 enable** 필요
- VADC 레지스터 항목에서
  - **CLC** 레지스터 설정 필요
- VADC\_CLC 레지스터는 System Critical 레지스터이므로 CPU ENDINIT 해제 후 수정해야함
- (CPU0 만을 사용하므로) SCU 레지스터 항목에서
  - **WDTCPU0CON0** 레지스터 설정 필요

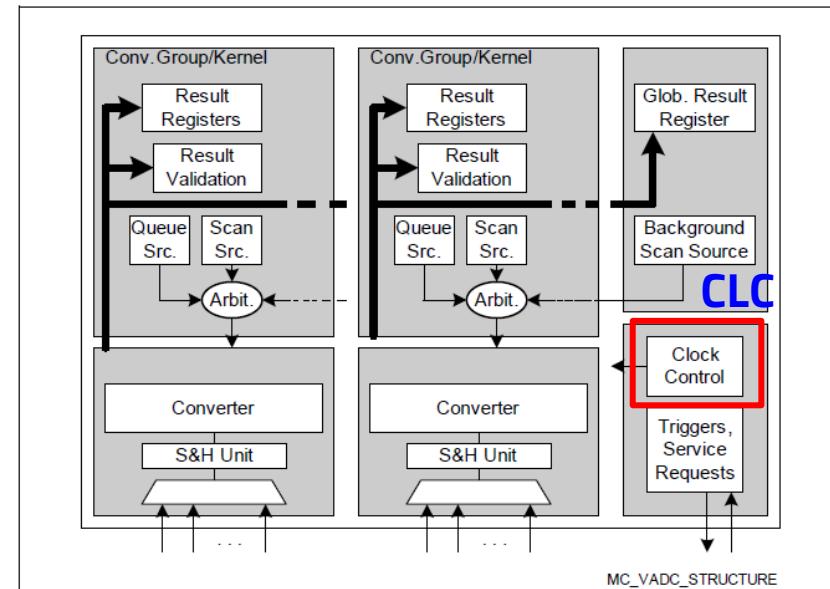


Figure 28-1 ADC Structure Overview

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.650

- “CE0” - writeable only when CPU0 ENDINIT bit is zero
- “CE1” - writeable only when CPU1 ENDINIT bit is zero
- “CE2” - writeable only when CPU2 ENDINIT bit is zero
- “E” - writeable when any (one or more) CPUx ENDINIT bit is zero
- “SE” - writeable only when Safety ENDINIT bit is zero
- None of the above - accessible at any time

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.4022

Table 28-11 Registers Overview

Register Short Name	Register Long Name	Offset Addr.	Access Mode	Page Num.
			Read	Write
ID	Module Identification Register	0008 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	BE 28-14
CLC	Clock Control Register	0000 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	SV, E, P 28-15
OCS	OCDS Control and Status Register	0028 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	SV, P 28-16

# SCU 레지스터 설정 – WDTCPUOCON0

## : VADC 모듈 사용 설정 과정을 보호하는 레지스터

### 1. SCU 레지스터 영역의 주소 찾기

- 시작 주소 (Base address)
- = **0xF0036000**



Reserved	F003 5200 <sub>H</sub> - F003 5FFF <sub>H</sub>	~	SPBBE	SPBBE
System Control Unit (SCU)	F003 6000 <sub>H</sub> - F003 63FF <sub>H</sub>	1 Kbyte	access	access
Reserved	F003 6400 <sub>H</sub> - F003 67FF <sub>H</sub>	~	SPBBE	SPBBE
Safety Management Unit (SMU)	F003 6800	2	access	access

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.230

### 2. 사용할 레지스터의 주소 찾기

- WDTCPUOCON0 의 Offset Address = **0x100**

$$\rightarrow \text{WDTCPUOCON0 레지스터 주소} = 0xF0036000 + 0x100 = \textcolor{red}{\mathbf{0xF0036100}}$$

Table 7-28 Register Overview of SCU (Offset from Main Register Base)

Short Name	Long Name	Offset Addr. 1)	Access Mode		Reset	Description See
			Read	Write		
EMSR	Emergency Stop Register	0FC <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	SV, SE, P	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 7-291</a>
WDTCPUOCON0	CPU0 WDT Control Register 0	100 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV, 32,(CPU 0 <sup>2</sup> )	Application Reset	<a href="#">Page 7-276</a>
WDTCPUOCON1	CPU0 WDT Control Register 1	104 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	SV,	Application	<a href="#">Page</a>

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.697

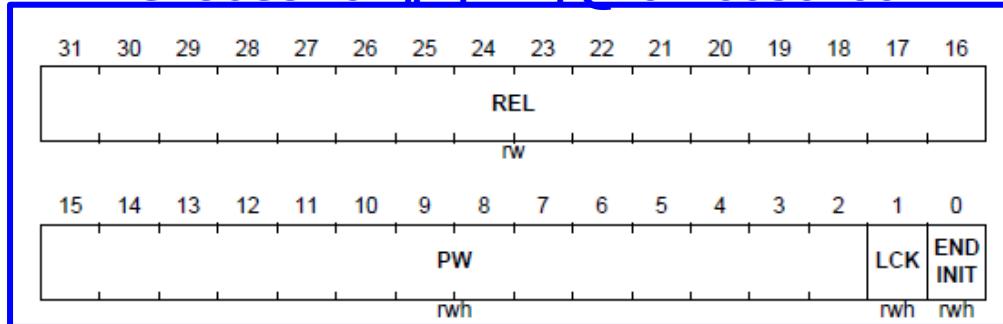
# SCU 레지스터 설정 – WDTCPUOCONO

: VADC 모듈 사용하도록 설정 위해 보호 레지스터(ENDINIT) 잠금 해제

3. Password Access 를 통해 WDTCPUOCONO 레지스터의 Lock 상태를 해제해야 함

- 1) WDTCPUOCONO 레지스터를 읽어 **WDTCPUOCONO.REL**, **WDTCPUOCONO.PW** 영역의 값을 확인

**WDTCPUOCONO 레지스터 @ 0xF0036100**



Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.662

PW	[15:2]	rwh	User-Definable Password Field for Access to WDTXCONO
			This bit field is written with an initial password value during a Modify Access. A read from this bitfield returns this initial password, but bits [7:2] are inverted (toggled) to ensure that a simple read/write is not sufficient to service the WDT.

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.661

단, PW 영역의 일부 PW[7:2] 는 반전해서 읽어야 함

- 2) Write 할 값은 1)에서 읽은 REL 과 PW 의 조합으로 결정  
**[31:16] = REL, [15:2] = PW, [1] = “0”, [0] = “1”**
- 3) 결정한 32bit 값을 WDTCPUOCONO 레지스터에 한 번에 write
- 4) WDTCPUOCONO 레지스터의 1번째 bit LCK 를 읽어서 Lock 상태가 해제되었는지 확인  
Lock 상태가 해제되면 LCK bit 가 0으로 읽힘

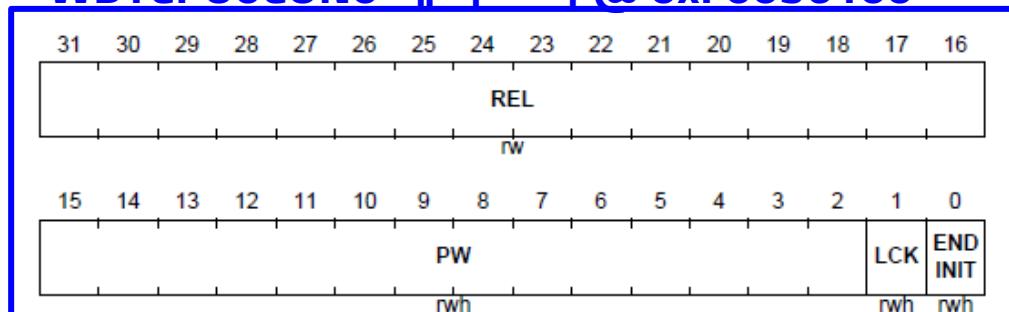
# SCU 레지스터 설정 – WDTCPUOCONO

## : 보호 레지스터 ENDINIT 해제후 다시 잠금 설정

4. **Modify Access** 를 통해 WDTCPUOCONO 레지스터의 CPUO ENDINIT을 set/clear 함

- 1) WDTCPUOCONO 레지스터를 읽어 **WDTCPUOCONO.REL**, **WDTCPUOCONO.PW** 영역의 값을 확인

### WDTCPUOCONO 레지스터 @ 0xF0036100



Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.661

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.662

PW	[15:2]	rwh	User-Definable Password Field for Access to WDTxCON0
			This bit field is written with an initial password value during a Modify Access. A read from this bitfield returns this initial password, but bits [7:2] are inverted (toggled) to ensure that a simple read/write is not sufficient to service the WDT.

단, PW 영역의 일부 PW[7:2] 는 반전해서 읽어야 함

- 2) Write 할 값은 1)에서 읽은 REL 과 PW 의 조합으로 결정

**[31:16] = REL, [15:2] = PW, [1] = “1”**

- 3) 0번째 bit **ENDINIT**을 설정하려면 **[0] = “1”**, 해제하려면 **“0”** 값을 write

- 4) 결정한 32bit 값을 WDTCPUOCONO 레지스터에 한 번에 write

- 5) WDTCPUOCONO 레지스터의 1번째 bit LCK 를 읽어서 Lock 상태가 설정되었는지 확인  
Lock 상태가 설정되면 LCK bit 가 1로 읽힘

5. **Modify Access** 를 통해 CPUO ENDINIT을 해제하면 레지스터 수정 후 반드시 CPUO ENDINIT을 재설정해줘야 함

# Lab5: SCU 레지스터 설정 – WDTCPU0CON0

## : VADC 모듈 사용하도록 설정 위해 보호 레지스터 ENDINIT Clear

```
280
281 void initVADC(void)
282 {
283     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
284     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
285     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);      // wait until unlocked
286
287     // Modify Access to clear ENDINIT
288     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) & ~(1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
289     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);      // wait until locked
290
291     VADC_CLC.U &= ~(1 << DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX);      // enable VADC
292
293     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
294     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
295     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);      // wait until unlocked
296
297     // Modify Access to set ENDINIT
298     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
299 }
```

Lock비트 해제

ENDINIT Clear후 다시 Lock

# VADC 레지스터 설정 – CLC

## : VADC 모듈 사용 설정 레지스터

### 1. VADC 레지스터 영역의 주소 찾기

- 시작 주소 (Base address)
- **= 0xF0020000**



Memory Controller (CLC)		F001 C000 <sub>H</sub> - F001 FFFF <sub>H</sub>	0 KByte	access	access
Analog-to-Digital Converter (VADC)		F002 0000 <sub>H</sub> - F002 3FFF <sub>H</sub>	16 KByte	access	access
Delta Sigma Digital Analog-to-Digital Converter (DSADC)		F002 4000 <sub>H</sub> - F002 AFFF <sub>H</sub>	4 Kbyte	access	access

[Infineon-TC27x\\_D-step-UM-v02\\_02-EN.pdf p.230](#)

### 2. 사용할 레지스터의 주소 찾기

- CLC 의 Offset Address = **0x00**

$$\rightarrow \text{CLC 레지스터 주소} = 0xF0020000 + 0x00 = \textbf{0xF0020000}$$

Table 28-11 Registers Overview

Register Short Name	Register Long Name	Offset Addr.	Access Mode		Page Num.
			Read	Write	
ID	Module Identification Register	0008 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	BE	<a href="#">28-14</a>
CLC	Clock Control Register	0000 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	SV, E, P	<a href="#">28-15</a>
OCS	OCDS Control and Status Register	0020 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	SV, D	<a href="#">28-16</a>

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# VADC 레지스터 설정 – CLC

## : VADC 모듈 사용하도록 설정

### 3. 레지스터 write 값 결정

- VADC 모듈을 enable 하기 위해 **DISR** 영역에 **0x0 write**
- VADC모듈의 **DISS** 영역의 값을 읽었을 때 “0”이면 모듈이 **enable** 되었음
  - 만약 읽었을 때 “1”이라면 모듈이 **disable** 되어있다는 뜻

### CLC 레지스터 @ 0xF0020000

CLC Clock Control Register																(00 <sub>H</sub> )		Reset Value: 0000 0003 <sub>H</sub>			
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	0					
																r					

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	EDIS	0	DISS	DISR		
																rw	r	rh	rw		

Field	Bits	Type	Description
DISR	0	rw	<b>Module Disable Request Bit</b> Used for enable/disable control of the module. Also the analog section is disabled by clearing ANONS. 0 <sub>B</sub> On request: enable the module clock 1 <sub>B</sub> Off request: stop the module clock
DISS	1	r	<b>Module Disable Status Bit</b> 0 <sub>B</sub> Module clock is enabled 1 <sub>B</sub> Off: module is not clocked

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# Lab6: 헤더 작성

## : VADC 레지스터의 각 영역(필드) LSB 비트 시작 위치 define 정의

- 레지스터에 값을 write할 때 shift되는 offset을 쉽게 사용하기 위한 define 작성

```
30  
31 #include "IfxCcu6_reg.h"  
32 #include "IfxVadc_reg.h"  
33
```

→ 헤더 파일 참조 추가

```
34 // Port registers  
35 #define PC1_BIT_LSB_IDX 11  
36 #define PC2_BIT_LSB_IDX 19  
37 #define PC3_BIT_LSB_IDX 27  
38 #define PC5_BIT_LSB_IDX 11  
39 #define PC7_BIT_LSB_IDX 27  
40 #define P1_BIT_LSB_IDX 1  
41 #define P2_BIT_LSB_IDX 2  
42 #define P3_BIT_LSB_IDX 3  
43 #define P5_BIT_LSB_IDX 5  
44 #define P7_BIT_LSB_IDX 7  
45
```

Port 레지스터 bit shift offset

```
46 // SCU registers  
47 #define LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX 1  
48 #define ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX 0  
49 #define EXISO_BIT_LSB_IDX 4  
50 #define FEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX 8  
51 #define EIENO_BIT_LSB_IDX 11  
52 #define INP0_BIT_LSB_IDX 12  
53 #define IGP0_BIT_LSB_IDX 14  
54  
55 // SRC registers  
56 #define SRPN_BIT_LSB_IDX 0  
57 #define TOS_BIT_LSB_IDX 11  
58 #define SRE_BIT_LSB_IDX 10  
59  
60 // CCU60 registers  
61 #define DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX 1  
62 #define DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX 0  
63 #define CTM_BIT_LSB_IDX 7  
64 #define T12PRE_BIT_LSB_IDX 3  
65 #define T12CLK_BIT_LSB_IDX 0  
66 #define T12STR_BIT_LSB_IDX 6  
67 #define T12RS_BIT_LSB_IDX 1  
68 #define INPT12_BIT_LSB_IDX 10  
69 #define ENT12PM_BIT_LSB_IDX 7  
70
```

74 #define ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX	0
75 #define ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX	24
76 #define CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX	3
77 #define PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX	0
78 #define CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX	8
79 #define FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX	10
80 #define TREV_BIT_LSB_IDX	9
81 #define ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX	0
82 #define RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX	21
83 #define RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX	16
84 #define ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX	0
85 #define VF_BIT_LSB_IDX	31
86 #define RESULT_BIT_LSB_IDX	0
87 #define ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX	7
88	

VADC 레지스터  
bit shift offset

# Lab7: VADC 레지스터 설정 – CLC

## : VADC 모듈 사용하도록 설정

```
280
281 @ void initVADC(void)
282 {
283     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
284     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
285     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
286
287     // Modify Access to clear ENDINIT
288     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) & ~(1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
289     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);    // wait until locked
290
291     VADC_CLC.U &= ~(1 << DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // enable VADC
292
293     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
294     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
295     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
296
297     // Modify Access to set ENDINIT
298     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
299     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);
300
301
302     // VADC configurations
303     while((VADC_CLC.U & (1 << DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0); // wait until VADC module enabled
304
305     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x3 << PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // highest priority for Request Source 0
306     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U &= ~(0x1 << CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Wait-for-Start Mode
307     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x1 << ASENO_BIT_LSB_IDX;          // Arbitration Source Input 0 Enable
308
309     VADC_G4_QMR0.U &= ~(0x3 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
310     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX;            // enable conversion request
311     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // clear ADC queue
312
313     VADC_G4_ARBCFG.U |= 0x3 << ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX;         // ADC normal operation
314
315     VADC_G4_ICLASS0.U &= ~(0x7 << CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX);      // Class 0 Standard Conversion (12-bit)
316
317
318     // VADC Group 4 Channel 7 configuration
319     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U |= 0x1 << RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX;        // result right-aligned
320     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0xF << RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // store result @ Result Register G4RES0
321     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0x3 << ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // Class 0
322
323     VADC_G4_CHASS.U |= 0x1 << ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
324 }
325 }
```

# Lab8: SCU 레지스터 설정 – WDTCPU0CON0

## : Lock해제 후 ENDINIT Set 한 다음 다시 Lock

```
280
281 @ void initVADC(void)
282 {
283     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
284     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
285     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
286
287     // Modify Access to clear ENDINIT
288     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) & ~(1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
289     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);    // wait until locked
290
291     VADC_CLC.U &= ~(1 << DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // enable VADC
292
293     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
294     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
295     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
296
297     // Modify Access to set ENDINIT
298     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
299     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);    // wait until locked
300
301
302     // VADC configurations
303     while((VADC_CLC.U & (1 << DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0); // wait until VADC module enabled
304
305     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x3 << PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // highest priority for Request Source 0
306     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U &= ~(0x1 << CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Wait-for-Start Mode
307     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x1 << ASENO_BIT_LSB_IDX;          // Arbitration Source Input 0 Enable
308
309     VADC_G4_QMR0.U &= ~(0x3 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
310     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX;            // enable conversion request
311     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // clear ADC queue
312
313     VADC_G4_ARBCFG.U |= 0x3 << ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX;         // ADC normal operation
314
315     VADC_G4_ICLASS0.U &= ~(0x7 << CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX);      // Class 0 Standard Conversion (12-bit)
316
317
318     // VADC Group 4 Channel 7 configuration
319     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U |= 0x1 << RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX;        // result right-aligned
320     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0xF << RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // store result @ Result Register G4RES0
321     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0x3 << ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // Class 0
322
323     VADC_G4_CHASS.U |= 0x1 << ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
324 }
325 }
```

Lock비트 해제

ENDINIT Set 후에 다시 Lock

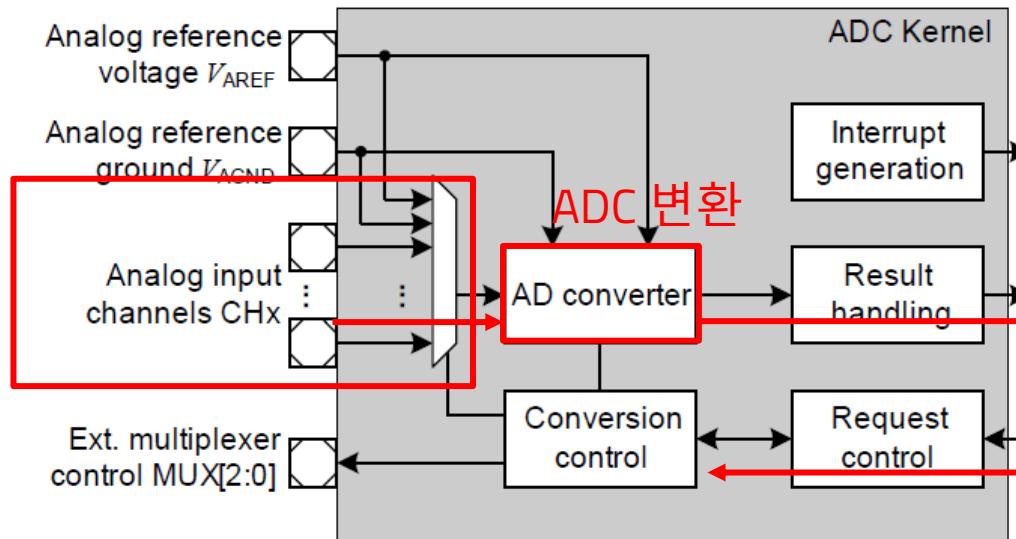
# VADC 변환 flow 및 원리

## : ADC 변환 과정에 관여하는 Unit

- ADC Kernel 에 Conversion Request 가 입력되면, 아날로그 입력 Channel 중에서 변환 대상을 선택

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(3) Analog Input  
Channel 선택



(2) ADC 변환 결과는 Result  
Handling으로 전달  
저장될 위치 설정 필요

(1) Conversion Request 입력

# VADC 사용을 위한 레지스터 설정

## : 확장보드 아날로그 입력 연결되는 핀 확인

- SAR4\_7 핀의 의미

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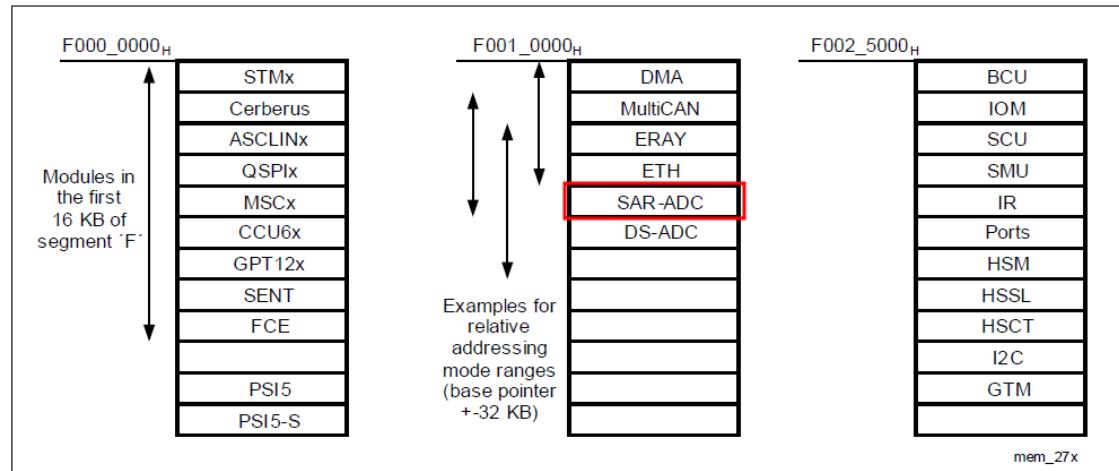


Figure 3-1 Segment F Structure

TC275 MCU에서 SAR-ADC는 VADC와 동일

noAltref)				
G4CH4	I	AN36, P40.6 (X)	analog input channel 4 of group 4	
G4CH5	I	AN37, P40.7 (X)	analog input channel 5 of group 4	
G4CH6	I	AN38, P40.8 (X)	analog input channel 6 of group 4	
G4CH7	I	AN39, P40.9 (X)	analog input channel 7 of group 4	
G5CH0 (AltRef)	I	AN40	analog input channel 0 of group 5	
G5CH1 (MD)	I	AN41	analog input channel 1 of group 5	

해당 핀은 아날로그 입력으로만 사용  
Channel 7, Group 4에 mapping 되어 있음  
→ AN39

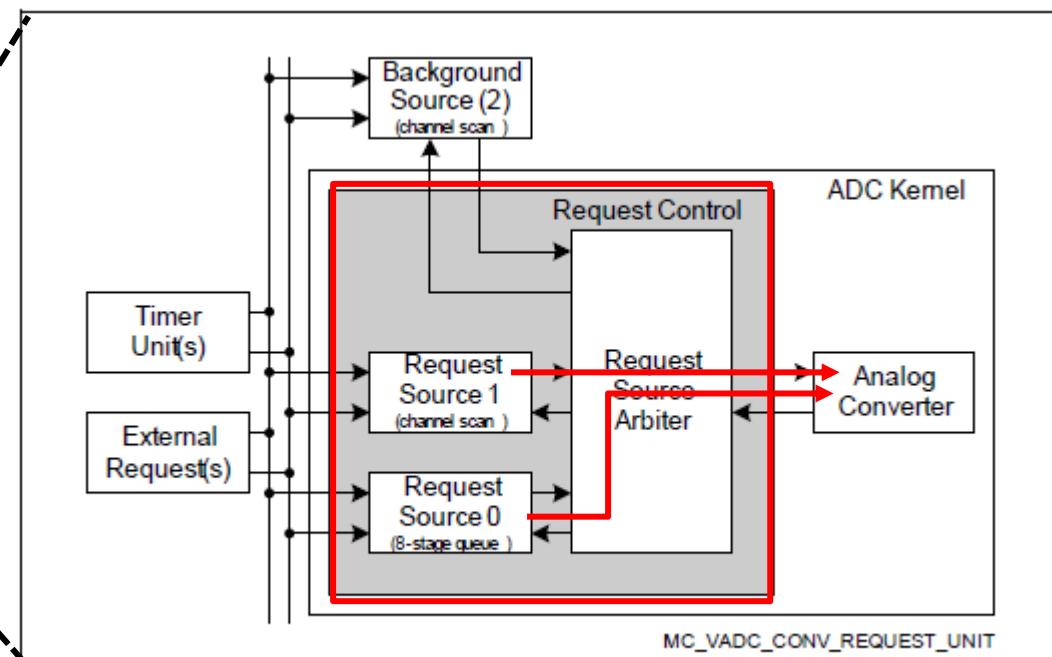
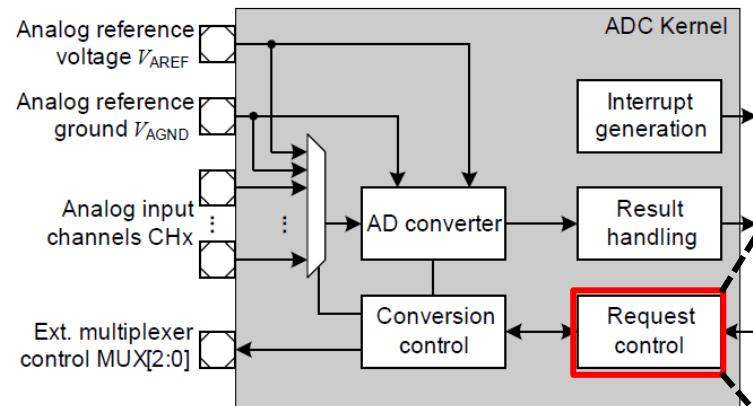
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# VADC 변환 flow 및 원리

: ADC 변환 요청 신호 생성 – Arbiter가 중재하여 Converter로 전달

- ADC 변환을 요청하는 Conversion Request 생성

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여러 가지 요소로부터 Request 를 생성 가능  
(Timer, External, Software)

Figure 28-3 Conversion Request Unit

2개의 Request Source에서 생성된 Conversion Request들이 Analog Converter로 전달됨  
=> 우리는 Request Source 0을 사용하기로 함

# VADC Trigger 생성을 위한 Arbiter 설정

## : 설정 레지스터

- VADC 레지스터 항목에서 (group = 4)
  - **G4ARBPR** 레지스터 설정
  - **G4QMR"0"** 레지스터 설정 (Request Source = 0 이므로)
  - **G4ARBCFG** 레지스터 설정
  - **G4ICLASS"0"** 레지스터 설정 (Input Class = 0 이므로)

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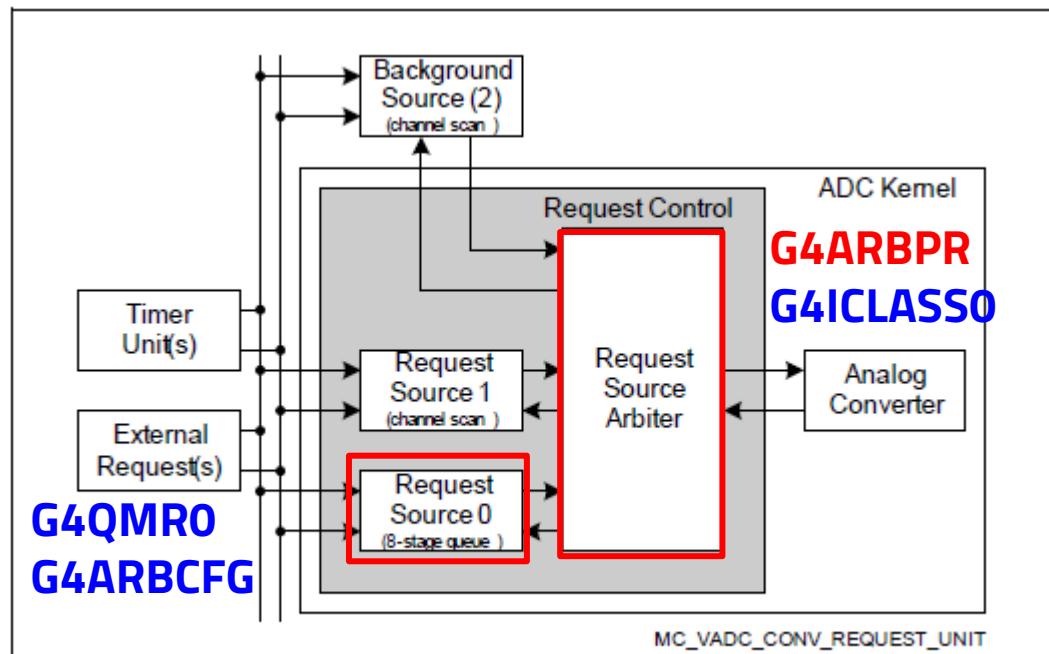


Figure 28-3 Conversion Request Unit

# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4ARBPR

## : Arbitration Priority

1. VADC 레지스터 영역의 주소 찾기
  - 시작 주소 (Base address) = **0xF0020000**
2. 사용할 레지스터의 주소 찾기 – SAR4\_7핀이 Group 4에 할당되었음을 상기
  - **G4ARBPR** 의 Offset Address (group = x = 4) =  $(x * 0x400) + 0x484 = 0x1484$   
→ G4ARBPR 레지스터 주소 =  $0xF0020000 + 0x1484 = \textcolor{red}{0xF0021484}$

Arbitration Configuration Register		XxxH	U, SV	U, SV P	P
GxARBPR	Arbitration Priority Register	X484H	U, SV	U, SV P	28-71
GxCHASS	Channel Assignment Register, Group x	X488H	U, SV	U, SV P	28-25

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GxARBPR (x = 0 - 7)  
Arbitration Priority Register      Group x  
 $(x * 0400H + 0484H)$       Reset Value: 0000 0000H

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.3945

# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4ARBPR : Trigger를 위한 Priority 설정

### 3. 레지스터 write 값 결정

- Request Source 0 의 우선순위를 가장 높게 하기 위해 **PRI00** 영역에 **0x3 write**
  - Conversion Request 가 현재 수행하는 conversion이 끝나고 실행되도록 **CSMO** 영역에 **0x0 write**
  - Request Source 0 을 enable 하기 위해 **ASENO** 영역에 **0x1 write**

## G4ARBPR 레지스터 @ 0xF0021484

GxARBPR (x = 0 - 7) Arbitration Priority Register, Group x															
(x * 0400 <sub>H</sub> + 0484 <sub>H</sub> )															
Reset Value: 0000 0000 <sub>H</sub>															
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
0	0	0	0	0	AS EN2	AS EN1	AS ENO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
r	r	r	r	r	rw	rw	rw	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	CSM 2	0	PRI O2	CSM 1	0	PRI O1	0	1	CSM 0	0	PRI O0	0
r	r	r	r	rw	r	rw	rw	r	rw	rw	r	rw	r	rw	r

## Request Source O 을 위한 설정

Field	Bits	Type	Description
PRI00, PRI01, PRI02	[1:0], [5:4], [9:8]	rw	<p><b>Priority of Request Source x</b>            Arbitration priority of request source x (in slot x)  <math>00_B</math> Lowest priority is selected.</p> <p>...</p> <p><math>11_B</math> Highest priority is selected.</p>
CSM0, CSM1, CSM2	3, 7, 11	rw	<p><b>Conversion Start Mode of Request Source x</b></p> <p><math>0_B</math> Wait-for-start mode</p> <p><math>1_B</math> Cancel-inject-repeat mode, i.e. this source can cancel conversion of other sources.</p>
0	2, 6, 10, [23:12]	r	Reserved, write 0, read as 0
ASENy (y = 0 - 2)	24 + y	rw	<p><b>Arbitration Slot y Enable</b>            Enables the associated arbitration slot of an arbiter round. The request source bits are not modified by write actions to ASENR.</p> <p><math>0_B</math> The corresponding arbitration slot is disabled and considered as empty. Pending conversion requests from the associated request source are disregarded.</p> <p><math>1_B</math> The corresponding arbitration slot is enabled. Pending conversion requests from the associated request source are arbitrated.</p>

# Lab9: VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4ARBPR

## : VADC 모듈에 입력되는 변환 요청 신호에 대한 설정

```
280
281 @ void initVADC(void)
282 {
283     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
284     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
285     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
286
287     // Modify Access to clear ENDINIT
288     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) & ~(1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
289     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);    // wait until locked
290
291     VADC_CLC.U &= ~(1 << DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // enable VADC
292
293     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
294     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
295     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
296
297     // Modify Access to set ENDINIT
298     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
299     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);
300
301     // VADC configurations
302     while((VADC_CLC.U & (1 << DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0); // wait until VADC module enabled
303
304     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x3 << PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // highest priority for Request Source 0
305     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U &= ~(0x1 << CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Wait-for-Start Mode
306     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x1 << ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // Arbitration Source Input 0 Enable
307
308
309     VADC_G4_QMR0.U &= ~(0x3 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
310     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX;             // enable conversion request
311     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX;            // clear ADC queue
312
313     VADC_G4_ARBCFG.U |= 0x3 << ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX;          // ADC normal operation
314
315     VADC_G4_ICLASS0.U &= ~(0x7 << CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX);        // Class 0 Standard Conversion (12-bit)
316
317
318     // VADC Group 4 Channel 7 configuration
319     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U |= 0x1 << RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX;         // result right-aligned
320     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0xF << RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX);      // store result @ Result Register G4RES0
321     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0x3 << ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Class 0
322
323     VADC_G4_CHASS.U |= 0x1 << ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
324
325 }
```

// VADC registers  
71 #define DISS\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 1  
72 #define DISR\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
73 #define ANONC\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
74 #define ASEN0\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 24  
75 #define CSM0\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 3  
76 #define PRI00\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
77 #define CMS\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 8  
78 #define FLUSH\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 10  
79 #define TREV\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 9  
80 #define ENGT\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
81 #define RESPOS\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 21  
82 #define RESREG\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 16  
83 #define ICLSEL\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
84 #define VF\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 31  
85 #define RESULT\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
86 #define ASSCH7\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 7  
87 #define RR

# VADC Trigger 생성을 위한 Arbiter 설정

## : 설정 레지스터

- VADC 레지스터 항목에서 (group = 4)
  - G4ARBPR 레지스터 설정
  - G4QMR"0" 레지스터 설정 (Request Source = 0 이므로)
  - G4ARBCFG 레지스터 설정
  - G4ICLASS"0" 레지스터 설정 (Input Class = 0 이므로)

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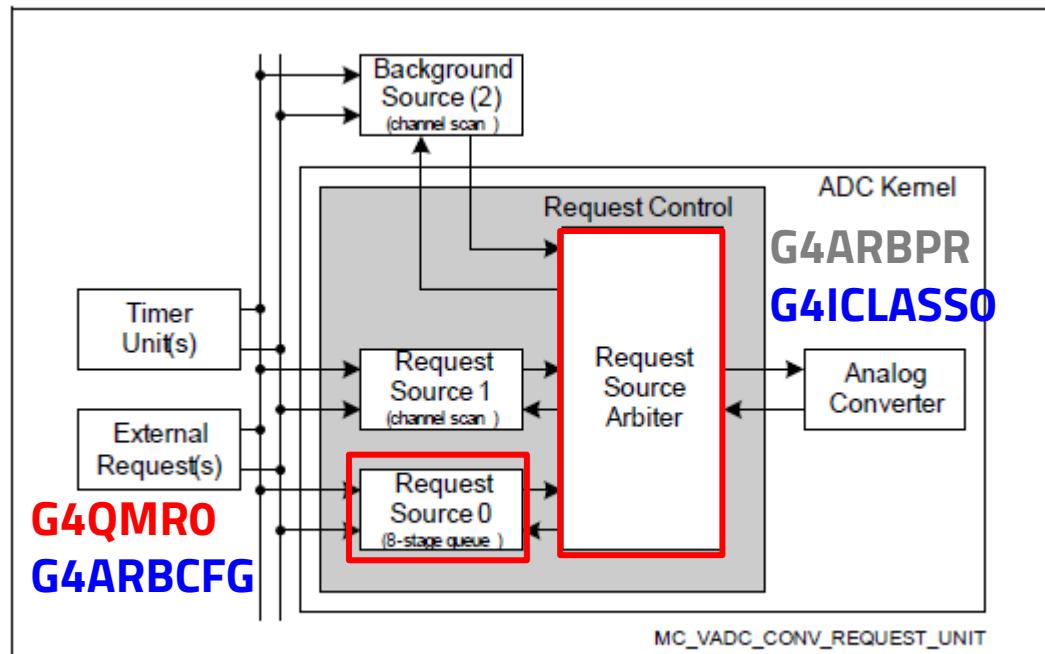


Figure 28-3 Conversion Request Unit

# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4QMR0

## : Queue Mode Register

1. VADC 레지스터 영역의 주소 찾기

- 시작 주소 (Base address) = **0xF0020000**

2. 사용할 레지스터의 주소 찾기

- G4QMR0 의 Offset Address (group = x = 4) =  $(x * 0x400) + 0x504 = 0x1504$   
→ G4QMR0 레지스터 주소 =  $0xF0020000 + 0x1504 = \textcolor{red}{0xF0021504}$

GXQCLRLU	Queue x Source Control Register, Group x	X500 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV P	<b>28-38</b>
GxQMR0	Queue 0 Mode Register, Group x	X504 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV P	<b>28-40</b>
GxQSR0	Queue 0 Status Register, Group x	X508 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV P	<b>28-42</b>

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GxQMR0 (x = 0 - 7)  
Queue 0 Mode Register Group x  
 $(x * 0400_H + 0504_H)$       Reset Value: 0000 0000<sub>H</sub>

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# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4QMR0

## : Queue Mode Register

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### 3. 레지스터 write 값 결정

- Request Source 0에서 request gating 기능을 사용하지 않도록 하기 위해 **ENGT** 영역에 **0x1 write**

### G4QMR0 레지스터 @ 0xF0021504

GxQMR0 (x = 0 - 7)															
Queue 0 Mode Register, Group x															
(x * 0400 <sub>H</sub> + 0504 <sub>H</sub> ) Reset Value: 0000 0000 <sub>H</sub>															
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	RPT DIS
r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	rw
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	CEV	FLUSH	TR EV	CLR V	0	0	0	0	0	EN TR	ENGT	rw
r	r	r	r	w	w	w	w	r	r	r	r	r	rw	rw	

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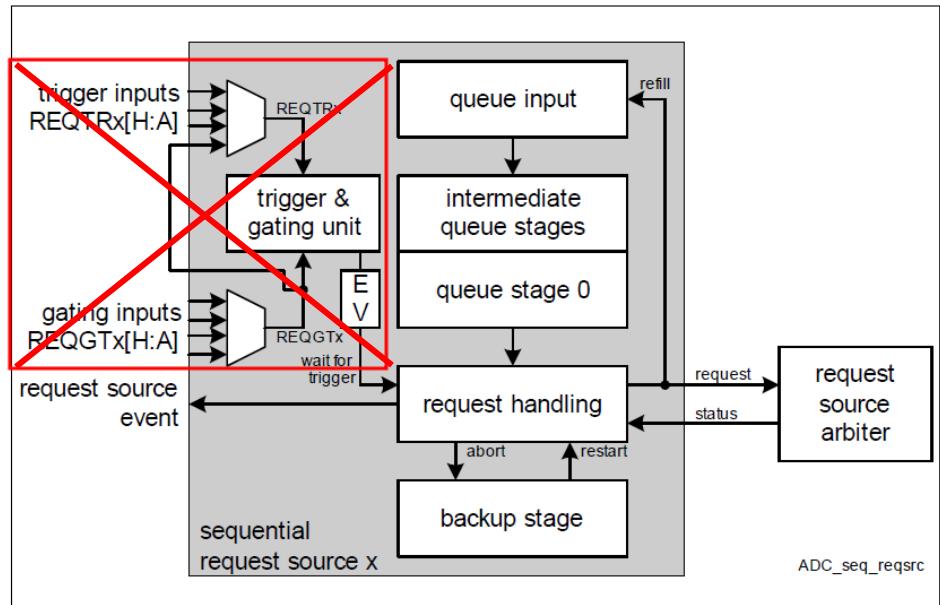


Figure 28-8 Queued Request Source

Field	Bits	Type	Description
ENGT	[1:0]	rw	<b>Enable Gate</b> Selects the gating functionality for source 0/2. 00 <sub>B</sub> No conversion requests are issued 01 <sub>B</sub> Conversion requests are issued if a valid conversion request is pending in the queue 0 register or in the backup register 10 <sub>B</sub> Conversion requests are issued if a valid conversion request is pending in the queue 0 register or in the backup register and REQGTx = 1 11 <sub>B</sub> Conversion requests are issued if a valid conversion request is pending in the queue 0 register or in the backup register and REQGTx = 0
			Note: REQGTx is the selected gating signal.

# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4QMRO

## : VADC에 시작을 위한 Trigger 신호 선택 설정

### 3. 레지스터 write 값 결정

- Conversion Request 를 Software 에서 발생시키려면 **TREV** 영역에 **0x1** 값을 **write** 해야 함 → ADC 변환을 시작하는 Trigger 역할이므로 원하는 시점에 set 해야 함 (Polling방식)
- Request Source 0 에 의한 Conversion Request Queue 를 clear 하기 위해 **FLUSH** 영역에 **0x1 write**을 쓰면 **Queue가 Clear됨**

### G4QMRO 레지스터 @ 0xF0021504

GxQMRO (x = 0 - 7) Queue 0 Mode Register, Group x (x * 0400 <sub>H</sub> + 0504 <sub>H</sub> )																Reset Value: 0000 0000 <sub>H</sub>			
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	RPT DIS			
r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	rw			
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
0	0	0	0	CEV	FLU SH	TR EV	CLR V	0	0	0	0	0	EN TR	ENGT					
r	r	r	r	w	w	w	w	r	r	r	r	r	rw	rw		rw			

TREV	9	w	Trigger Event
			0 <sub>B</sub> No action
			1 <sub>B</sub> Generate a trigger event by software
FLUSH	10	w	Flush Queue
			0 <sub>B</sub> No action
			1 <sub>B</sub> Clear all queue entries (including backup stage) and the event flag EV. The queue contains no more valid entry.

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# Lab10: VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4QMRO

## : VADC에 입력되는 요청 신호 선택 설정

```
280
281 void initVADC(void)
282 {
283     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
284     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
285     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
286
287     // Modify Access to clear ENDINIT
288     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) & ~(1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
289     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);    // wait until locked
290
291     VADC_CLC.U &= ~(1 << DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // enable VADC
292
293     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
294     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
295     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
296
297     // Modify Access to set ENDINIT
298     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
299     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);
300
301
302     // VADC configurations
303     while((VADC_CLC.U & (1 << DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0); // wait until VADC module enabled
304
305     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x3 << PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // highest priority for Request Source 0
306     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U &= ~(0x1 << CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Wait-for-Start Mode
307     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x1 << ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // Arbitration Source Input 0 Enable
308
309     VADC_G4_QMR0.U &= ~(0x3 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
310     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX;             // enable conversion request
311     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX;            // clear ADC queue
312
313     VADC_G4_ARBCFG.U |= 0x3 << ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX;          // ADC normal operation
314
315     VADC_G4_ICLASS0.U &= ~(0x7 << CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX);        // Class 0 Standard Conversion (12-bit)
316
317
318     // VADC Group 4 Channel 7 configuration
319     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U |= 0x1 << RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX;         // result right-aligned
320     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0xF << RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX);      // store result @ Result Register G4RES0
321     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0x3 << ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Class 0
322
323     VADC_G4_CHASS.U |= 0x1 << ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
324
325 }
```

// VADC registers  
71 #define DISS\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 1  
72 #define DISR\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
73 #define ANONC\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
74 #define ASEN0\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 24  
75 #define CSM0\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 3  
76 #define PRI00\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
77 #define CMS\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 8  
78 #define FLUSH\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 10  
79 #define TREV\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 9  
80 #define ENGT\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
81 #define RESPOS\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 21  
82 #define RESREG\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 16  
83 #define ICLSEL\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
84 #define VF\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 31  
85 #define RESULT\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
86 #define ASSCH7\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 7  
87 #define RR

# VADC Trigger 생성을 위한 Arbiter 설정

## : 설정 레지스터

- VADC 레지스터 항목에서 (group = 4)
  - G4ARBPR 레지스터 설정
  - G4QMR"0" 레지스터 설정 (Request Source = 0 이므로)
  - G4ARBCFG 레지스터 설정
  - G4ICLASS"0" 레지스터 설정 (Input Class = 0 이므로)

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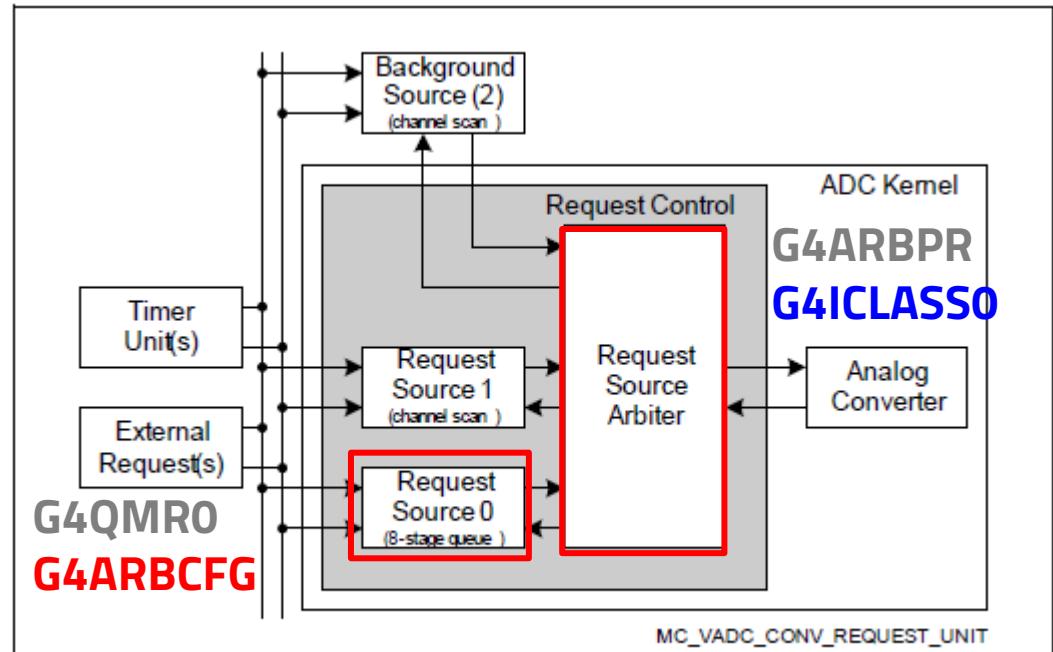


Figure 28-3 Conversion Request Unit

# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4ARBCFG

## : Arbitration Configuration

1. VADC 레지스터 영역의 주소 찾기

- 시작 주소 (Base address) = **0xF0020000**

2. 사용할 레지스터의 주소 찾기

- G4ARBCFG** 의 Offset Address (group = x = 4) =  $(x * 0x400) + 0x480 = 0x1480$   
→ G4ARBCFG 레지스터 주소 =  $0xF0020000 + 0x1480 = \text{0xF0021480}$

ACCPROT1	Access Protection Register 1	008C <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	SV, SE, P	28-28
GxARBCFG	Arbitration Configuration Register	X480 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV P	28-68
GxARBPR	Arbitration Priority Register	X484 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV P	28-71

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GxARBCFG (x = 0 - 7)

Arbitration Configuration Register, Group x

$(x * 0400_H + 0480_H)$

Reset Value: 0000 0000<sub>H</sub>

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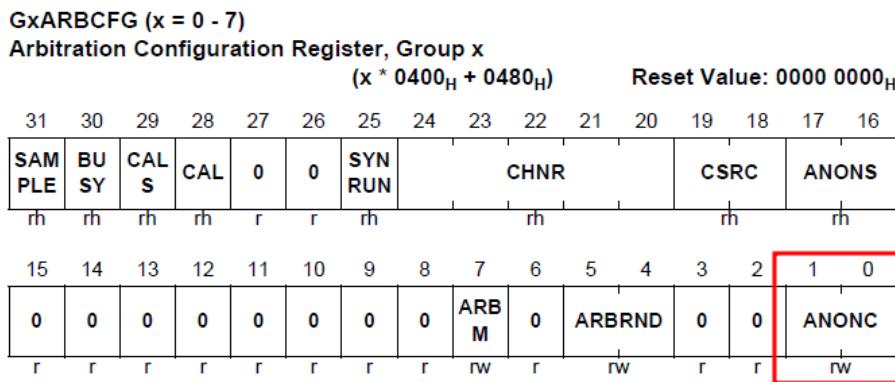
# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4ARBCFG

## : VADC 동작 모드 설정

### 3. 레지스터 write 값 결정

- ADC 를 Normal Operation Mode 로 동작 시키기 위해 ANONC 영역에 0x3 write

#### G4ARBCFG 레지스터 @ 0xF0021480



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Field	Bits	Type	Description
ANONC	[1:0]	rw	Analog Converter Control Defines the value of bitfield ANONS in a stand-alone converter or a converter in master mode. Coding see ANONS or Section 28.4.1.
0	[3:21]	rr	Reserved. write 0. read as 0

ANONS 값 사용

#### 28.4.1 Analog Converter Control

The operating mode is determined by bitfield GxARBCFG (x = 0 - 7).ANONS:

- ANONS = 11<sub>B</sub>: Normal Operation  
The converter is active, conversions are started immediately.  
Requires no wakeup time.
- ANONS = 10<sub>B</sub> or 01<sub>B</sub>: Reserved

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# Lab11 - VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4ARBCFG

## : VADC 동작 모드 설정

```
280
281 @void initVADC(void)
282 {
283     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
284     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
285     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
286
287     // Modify Access to clear ENDINIT
288     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) & ~(1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
289     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);    // wait until locked
290
291     VADC_CLC.U &= ~(1 << DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // enable VADC
292
293     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
294     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
295     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
296
297     // Modify Access to set ENDINIT
298     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
299     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);
300
301     // VADC configurations
302     while((VADC_CLC.U & (1 << DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0); // wait until VADC module enabled
303
304     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x3 << PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // highest priority for Request Source 0
305     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U &= ~(0x1 << CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX);        // Wait-for-Start Mode
306     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x1 << ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // Arbitration Source Input 0 Enable
307
308     VADC_G4_QMR0.U &= ~(0x3 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
309     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX;             // enable conversion request
310     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX;            // clear ADC queue
311
312     VADC_G4_ARBCFG.U |= 0x3 << ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX;          // ADC normal operation
313
314     VADC_G4_ICLASS0.U &= ~(0x7 << CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Class 0 Standard Conversion (12-bit)
315
316
317
318     // VADC Group 4 Channel 7 configuration
319     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U |= 0x1 << RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX;         // result right-aligned
320     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0xF << RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX);      // store result @ Result Register G4RES0
321     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0x3 << ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Class 0
322
323     VADC_G4_CHASS.U |= 0x1 << ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
324
325 }
```

// VADC registers  
71 #define DISS\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 1  
72 #define DISR\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
73 #define ANONC\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
74 #define ASEN0\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 24  
75 #define CSM0\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 3  
76 #define PRI00\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
77 #define CMS\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 8  
78 #define FLUSH\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 10  
79 #define TREV\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 9  
80 #define ENGT\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
81 #define RESPOS\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 21  
82 #define RESREG\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 16  
83 #define ICLSEL\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
84 #define VF\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 31  
85 #define RESULT\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
86 #define ASSCH7\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 7  
87 #define RR

# VADC Trigger 생성을 위한 Arbiter 설정

## : 설정 레지스터

- VADC 레지스터 항목에서 (group = 4)
  - G4ARBPR 레지스터 설정
  - G4QMR"0" 레지스터 설정 (Request Source = 0 이므로)
  - G4ARBCFG 레지스터 설정
  - G4ICLASS"0" 레지스터 설정 (Input Class = 0 이므로)

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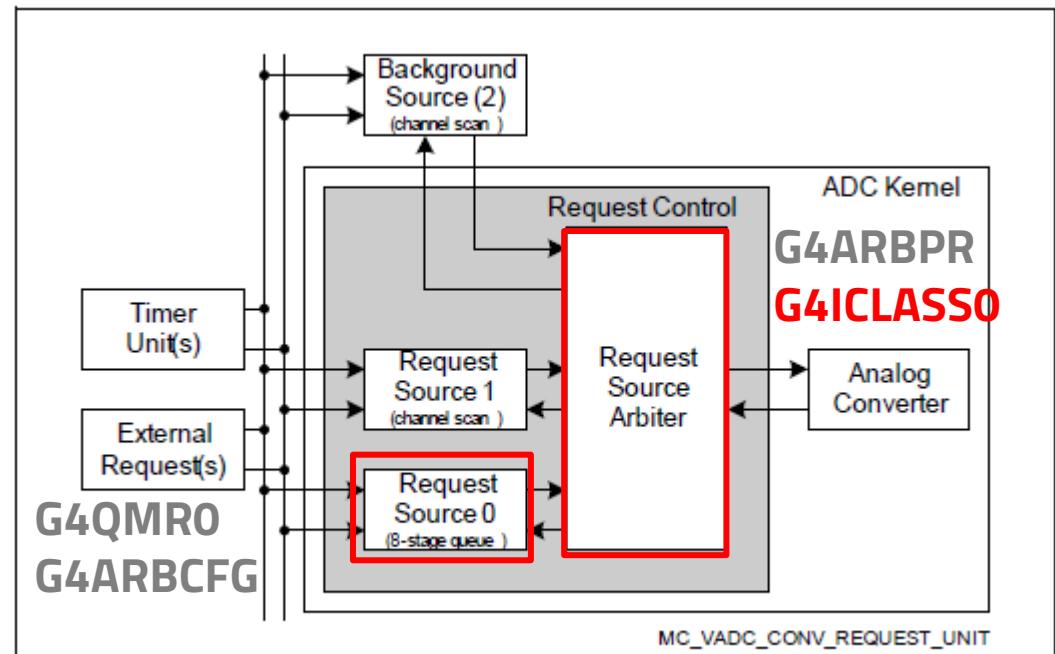


Figure 28-3 Conversion Request Unit

# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4ICLASS0

## : Class0으로 설정된 입력에 대한 변환모드 결정

1. VADC 레지스터 영역의 주소 찾기
  - 시작 주소 (Base address) = **0xF0020000**
2. 사용할 레지스터의 주소 찾기 (**후술할 SAR4\_7핀을 Class0에 할당함**)
  - **G4ICLASS0** 의 Offset Address (group = x = 4) =  $(x * 0x400) + 0x4A0 = 0x14A0$   
→ G4ICLASS0 레지스터 주소 =  $0xF0020000 + 0x14A0 = \textcolor{red}{0xF00214A0}$

	Input Class Register	H		P	28-75
GxICLASS0	Input Class Register 0, Group x	X4A0 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV P	28-78
GxICLASS1	Input Class Register 1, Group x	X4A4 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV P	28-78

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GxICLASS0 (x = 0 - 7)  
Input Class Register 0    Group x  
 $(x * 0400_H + 04A0_H)$       Reset Value: 0000 0000<sub>H</sub>

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# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4ICLASS0

## : VADC 변환 결과가 어떤 형식으로 저장될 지 설정

### 3. 레지스터 write 값 결정

- 후술할 SAR4\_7핀을 Group 4 의 Input Class 를 0으로 설정함 (G4CHCTR7 레지스터에)
- 따라서 G4ICLASS"0" 레지스터에 설정해야 함.
- 12bit 디지털 값으로 ADC 변환하는 Conversion Mode 사용 위해 CMS 영역에 0x0 write

### G4ICLASS0 레지스터 @ 0xF00214A0

GxICLASS0 (x = 0 - 7)															
Input Class Register 0, Group x															
(x * 0400 <sub>H</sub> + 04A0 <sub>H</sub> )															
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
0	0	0	0	0	0	CME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
r	r	r	r	r	r	rw	r	r	r	r	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	CMS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
r	r	r	r	r	r	rw	r	r	r	r	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw

CMS	[10:8]	rw	Conversion Mode for Standard Conversions
			000 <sub>B</sub> 12-bit conversion
			001 <sub>B</sub> 10-bit conversion
			010 <sub>B</sub> 8-bit conversion
			011 <sub>B</sub> Reserved
			100 <sub>B</sub> Reserved
			101 <sub>B</sub> 10-bit fast compare mode
			110 <sub>B</sub> Reserved
			111 <sub>B</sub> Reserved

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# Lab12 - VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4ICLASS0

## : VADC 변환 결과가 어떤 형식으로 저장될 지 설정

```
280
281 @void initVADC(void)
282 {
283     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
284     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
285     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
286
287     // Modify Access to clear ENDINIT
288     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) & ~(1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
289     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);    // wait until locked
290
291     VADC_CLC.U &= ~(1 << DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // enable VADC
292
293     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
294     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
295     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
296
297     // Modify Access to set ENDINIT
298     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
299     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);
300
301
302     // VADC configurations
303     while((VADC_CLC.U & (1 << DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0); // wait until VADC module enabled
304
305     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x3 << PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // highest priority for Request Source 0
306     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U &= ~(0x1 << CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Wait-for-Start Mode
307     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x1 << ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX;          // Arbitration Source Input 0 Enable
308
309     VADC_G4_QMR0.U &= ~(0x3 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
310     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX;            // enable conversion request
311     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // clear ADC queue
312
313     VADC_G4_ARBCFG.U |= 0x3 << ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX;         // ADC normal operation
314
315     VADC_G4_ICLASS0.U &= ~(0x7 << CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX);      // Class 0 Standard Conversion (12-bit)
316
317
318     // VADC Group 4 Channel 7 configuration
319     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U |= 0x1 << RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX;        // result right-aligned
320     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0xF << RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // store result @ Result Register G4RES0
321     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0x3 << ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // Class 0
322
323     VADC_G4_CHASS.U |= 0x1 << ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
324
325 }
```

// VADC registers  
71 #define DISS\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 1  
72 #define DISR\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
73 #define ANONC\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
74 #define ASEN0\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 24  
75 #define CSM0\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 3  
76 #define PRI00\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
77 #define CMS\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 8  
78 #define FLUSH\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 10  
79 #define TREV\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 9  
80 #define ENGT\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
81 #define RESPOS\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 21  
82 #define RESREG\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 16  
83 #define ICLSEL\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
84 #define VF\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 31  
85 #define RESULT\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 0  
86 #define ASSCH7\_BIT\_LSB\_IDX 7  
87 #define RR

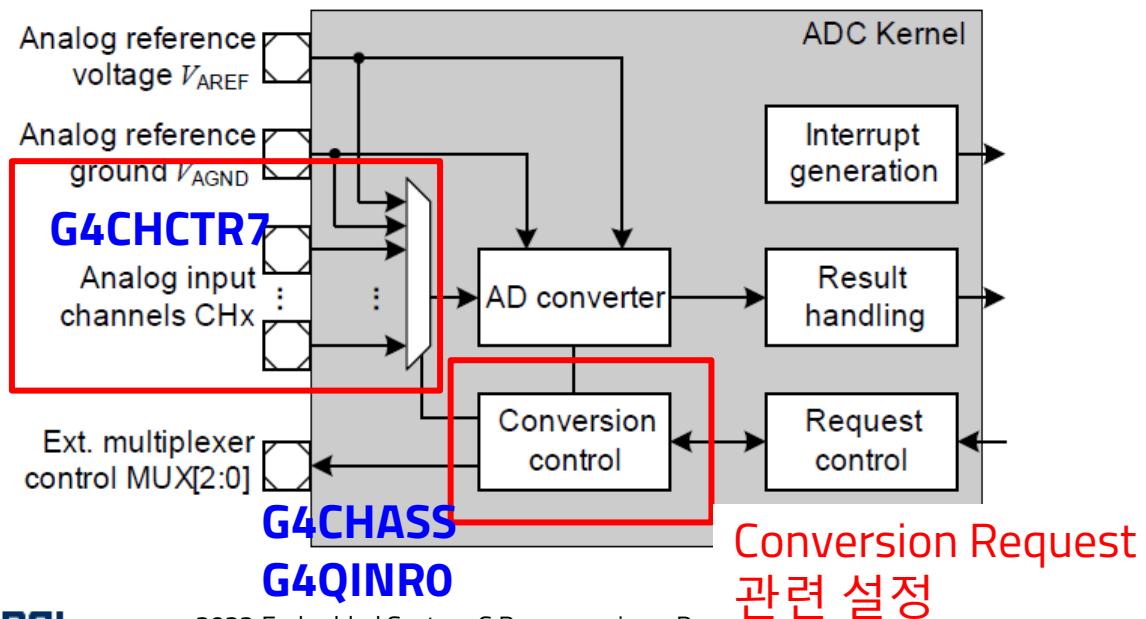
# VADC 입력 선택 및 변환 제어 방식 설정

## : 필요한 레지스터들

- 가변 저항이 연결된 핀 **AN39**는 **Group 4, Input Channel 7**을 상기하자~
- Input Channel에 대한 Input Class 지정, 변환 완료 후 저장될 레지스터 지정 등 설정 필요
- Conversion Request 발생하는 policy 설정 필요
- VADC 레지스터 항목에서
  - **G4CHCTR7** 레지스터 설정
  - **G4CHASS** 레지스터 설정
  - **G4QINRO** 레지스터 설정  
(4 = group, 7 = input channel,  
0 = Request Source)

Analog Input  
Channel 관련 설정

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# VADC 변환 flow 및 원리

## : ADC 변환 결과 저장 위치 설정

- ADC 변환 결과가 저장될 위치를 결정하는 Result Handling

ADC 변환 결과는 Global Result Register에 저장

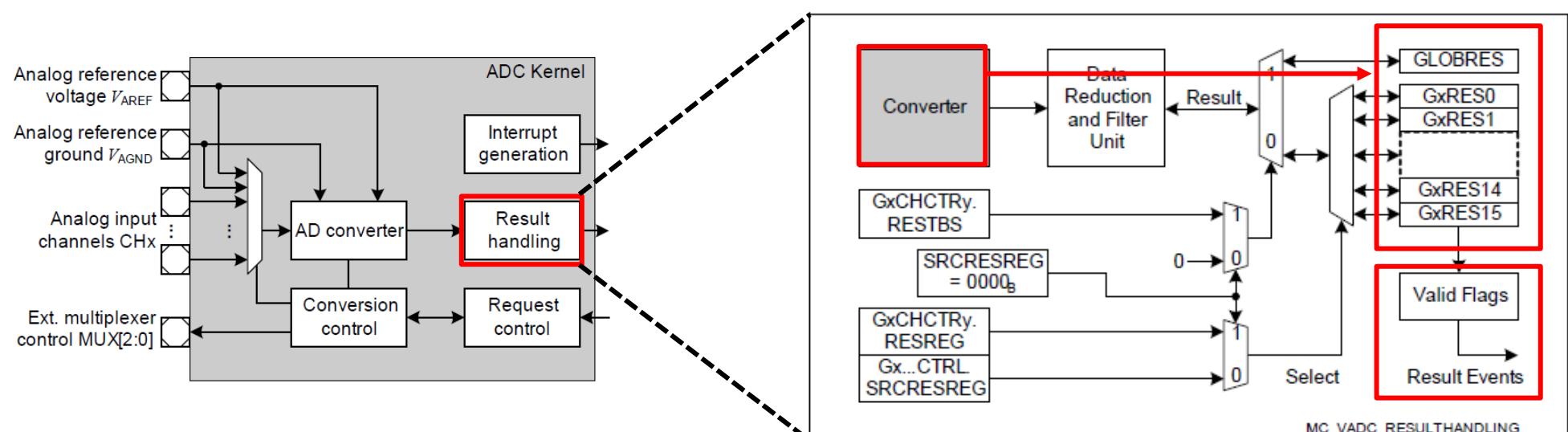


Figure 28-18 Conversion Result Storage

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- 레지스터에 새로운 값이 저장되면 Valid Flag 가 set 됨
- 레지스터를 Software로 읽으면 자동으로 clear

# VADC 변환 flow 및 원리

## : ADC 변환 결과의 디지털 값 형식

- ADC 변환 결과의 format
  - ADC 변환된 결과인 디지털 값은 8bit 부터 12bit 까지의 크기를 가질 수 있음
  - 설정에 따라 Result Register에 Right-Aligned (오른쪽 정렬) 또는 Left-Aligned (왼쪽 정렬)로 저장됨
  - 필요로 하는 목적에 따라 ADC 변환 결과가 저장될 형식을 적절히 설정해야 함

Standard Conversions	Bit in Result Register	15 14 13 12   11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
	12-Bit	0 0 0 0   1 1 1 0 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
	10-Bit Left-Aligned	0 0 0 0   9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 0
	10-Bit Right-Aligned	0 0 0 0 0 0   9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
	8-Bit Left-Aligned	0 0 0 0   7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 0 0 0
	8-Bit Right-Aligned	0 0 0 0 0 0 0   7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

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# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4CHCTR7

## Channel Control

### 1. VADC 레지스터 영역의 주소 찾기

- 시작 주소 (Base address) = **0xF0020000**

### 2. SAR4\_7핀이 Group 4에, Channel 7에 할당되어 있음을 상기.

- G4CHCTR7 의 Offset Address (channel = y = 7) =  $0x1600 + (y * 0x4) = 0x161C$
- G4CHCTR7 레지스터 주소 =  $0xF0020000 + 0x161C = \text{0xF002161C}$

BRSPNDx	Background Request Source Channel Pending Register, Group x	$01CY_H$	U, SV	U, SV P	<b>28-65</b>
GxCHCTRy	Channel x Control Register	$X60Y_H$	U, SV	U, SV P	<b>28-75</b>
GxICLASS0	Input Class Register 0, Group x	$X4A0_H$	U, SV	U, SV P	<b>28-78</b>

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G4CHCTRy ( $y = 0 - 7$ )

Group 4, Channel y Ctrl. Reg.

$(1600_H + y * 0004_H)$

Reset Value:  $0000\ 0000_H$

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# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4CHCTR7

## : 채널 class, 저장 위치, 정렬방식 설정

3. 레지스터 write 값 결정 – **G4CHCTR7은 Group4, Channel7에 대한 설정임.**

- SAR4\_7핀을 Input Class 0으로 설정하기 위해 ICLSEL 영역에 0x0 write
- ADC 변환 결과를 Group 4 의 Result Register 0 에 저장하기 위해 RESREG 영역에 0x0 write
- ADC 변환 결과를 Right-Aligned (오른쪽 정렬)로 저장하기 위해 RESPOS 영역에 0x1 write

### G4CHCTR7 레지스터 @ 0xF002161C

G4CHCTR <sub>y</sub> (y = 0 - 7)															
Group 4, Channel y Ctrl. Reg. (1600 <sub>H</sub> + y * 0004 <sub>H</sub> )															
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
0	BWD EN	BWD CH	0	0	0	0	0	0	RES POS	RES TBS	RESREG				
r	rw	rw	r	r	r	r	r	r	rw	rw					rw
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
BNDSELX		REF SEL	SY NC	CHEV MODE	BNDSELU	BNDSELL	0	0	ICLSEL						
rw		rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	r	r	rw						

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Field	Bits	Type	Description
ICLSEL	[1:0]	rw	<b>Input Class Select</b>
			00 <sub>B</sub> Use group-specific class 0
			01 <sub>B</sub> Use group-specific class 1
			10 <sub>B</sub> Use global class 0
			11 <sub>B</sub> Use global class 1
RESREG	[19:16]	rw	<b>Result Register</b>
			0000 <sub>B</sub> Store result in group result register GxRES0
			...
			1111 <sub>B</sub> Store result in group result register GxRES15
RESPOS	21	rw	<b>Result Position</b>
			0 <sub>B</sub> Store results left-aligned
			1 <sub>B</sub> Store results right-aligned

# Lab13 - VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4CHCTR7

## : 변환결과 저장위치, Align방법, Class 종류 설정

```
280
281 void initVADC(void)
282 {
283     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
284     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
285     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
286
287     // Modify Access to clear ENDINIT
288     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) & ~(1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
289     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);    // wait until locked
290
291     VADC_CLC.U &= ~(1 << DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // enable VADC
292
293     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
294     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
295     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
296
297     // Modify Access to set ENDINIT
298     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
299     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);
300
301     // VADC configurations
302     while((VADC_CLC.U & (1 << DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0); // wait until VADC module enabled
303
304     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x3 << PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // highest priority for Request Source 0
305     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U &= ~(0x1 << CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX);        // Wait-for-Start Mode
306     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x1 << ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // Arbitration Source Input 0 Enable
307
308     VADC_G4_QMR0.U &= ~(0x3 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
309     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX;             // enable conversion request
310     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX;            // clear ADC queue
311
312     VADC_G4_ARBCFG.U |= 0x3 << ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX;          // ADC normal operation
313
314     VADC_G4_ICLASS0.U &= ~(0x7 << CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Class 0 Standard Conversion (12-bit)
315
316
317     // VADC Group 4 Channel 7 configuration
318     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U |= 0x1 << RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX;         // result right-aligned
319     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0xF << RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX);      // store result @ Result Register G4RES0
320     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0x3 << ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Class 0
321
322     VADC_G4_CHASS.U |= 0x1 << ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
323
324 }
325 }
```

71 // VADC registers	1
#define DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX	0
#define DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX	0
#define ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX	0
#define ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX	24
#define CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX	3
#define PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX	0
#define CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX	8
#define FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX	10
#define TREV_BIT_LSB_IDX	9
#define ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX	0
#define RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX	21
#define RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX	16
#define ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX	0
#define VF_BIT_LSB_IDX	31
#define RESULT_BIT_LSB_IDX	0
#define ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX	7
RR	

# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4CHASS

## : channel assignment

1. VADC 레지스터 영역의 주소 찾기
  - 시작 주소 (Base address) = **0xF0020000**
2. 사용할 레지스터의 주소 찾기
  - **G4CHASS** 의 Offset Address (group = x = 4) =  $(x * 0x400) + 0x488 = 0x1488$   
→ G4CHASS 레지스터 주소 =  $0xF0020000 + 0x1488 = \textcolor{red}{0xF0021488}$

GxARDPR	Arbitration Priority Register	$^{\wedge}404_H$	U, SV	U, SV	<b>Z0-Z1</b>
GxCHASS	Channel Assignment Register, Group x	X488 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV	<b>28-25</b>
GXRASS	Result Assignment Register, Group x	X48C <sub>H</sub>	U, SV	U, SV	<b>28-26</b>

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**GxCHASS (x = 0 - 7)**  
**Channel Assignment Register Group x**  
 $(x * 0400_H + 0488_H)$       Reset Value: 0000 0000<sub>H</sub>

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# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4CHASS

## : VADC에 입력되는 요청 신호의 우선순위 설정

### 3. 레지스터 write 값 결정

- Group 4 의 Input Channel 7 에서 발생하는 Conversion Request를 최우선 순위로 설정하기 위해 ASSCH7 영역에 **0x1 write**
- Input Channel 7 이므로 ASSCH“7”

### G4CHASS 레지스터 @ 0xF0021488

GxCHASS (x = 0 - 7)															
Channel Assignment Register, Group x															
(x * 0400 <sub>H</sub> + 0488 <sub>H</sub> )															
Reset Value: 0000 0000 <sub>H</sub>															
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
ASS CH 31	ASS CH 30	ASS CH 29	ASS CH 28	ASS CH 27	ASS CH 26	ASS CH 25	ASS CH 24	ASS CH 23	ASS CH 22	ASS CH 21	ASS CH 20	ASS CH 19	ASS CH 18	ASS CH 17	ASS CH 16
RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ASS CH 15	ASS CH 14	ASS CH 13	ASS CH 12	ASS CH 11	ASS CH 10	ASS CH 9	ASS CH 8	ASS CH 7	ASS CH 6	ASS CH 5	ASS CH 4	ASS CH 3	ASS CH 2	ASS CH 1	ASS CH 0
RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW

Field	Bits	Type	Description
ASSCHy (y = 0 - 31)	y	rw	<b>Assignment for Channel y</b> 0 <sub>B</sub> Channel y can be a background channel converted with lowest priority 1 <sub>B</sub> Channel y is a priority channel within group x

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# Lab14 - VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4CHASS

## : VADC에 입력되는 요청 신호의 우선순위 설정

```
280
281 void initVADC(void)
282 {
283     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
284     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
285     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
286
287     // Modify Access to clear ENDINIT
288     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) & ~(1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
289     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);    // wait until locked
290
291     VADC_CLC.U &= ~(1 << DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // enable VADC
292
293     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
294     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
295     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
296
297     // Modify Access to set ENDINIT
298     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
299     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);
300
301
302     // VADC configurations
303     while((VADC_CLC.U & (1 << DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0); // wait until VADC module enabled
304
305     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x3 << PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // highest priority for Request Source 0
306     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U &= ~(0x1 << CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX);        // Wait-for-Start Mode
307     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x1 << ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // Arbitration Source Input 0 Enable
308
309     VADC_G4_QMR0.U &= ~(0x3 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
310     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX;             // enable conversion request
311     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX;            // clear ADC queue
312
313     VADC_G4_ARBCFG.U |= 0x3 << ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX;          // ADC normal operation
314
315     VADC_G4_ICLASS0.U &= ~(0x7 << CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Class 0 Standard Conversion (12-bit)
316
317
318     // VADC Group 4 Channel 7 configuration
319     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U |= 0x1 << RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX;         // result right-aligned
320     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0xF << RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX);      // store result @ Result Register G4RES0
321     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0x3 << ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Class 0
322
323     VADC_G4_CHASS.U |= 0x1 << ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
324 }
}
// VADC registers
#define DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX 1
#define DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
#define ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
#define ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX 24
#define CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX 3
#define PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
#define CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX 8
#define FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX 10
#define TREV_BIT_LSB_IDX 9
#define ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
#define RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX 21
#define RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX 16
#define ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
#define VF_BIT_LSB_IDX 31
#define RESULT_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
#define ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX 7
RR
```

# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4QINRO

## Queue에 연결할 Input 채널 설정

1. VADC 레지스터 영역의 주소 찾기

- 시작 주소 (Base address) = **0xF0020000**

2. 사용할 레지스터의 주소 찾기

- G4QINR0** 의 Offset Address (group = x = 4) =  $(x * 0x400) + 0x510 = \text{0x510}$   
→ G4QINR0 레지스터 주소 =  $0xF0020000 + 0x1510 = \text{0xF0021510}$

Registers		Status Register, Group x					
GxQINR0	Queue 0 Input Register, Group x	X510 <sub>H</sub>	U, SV P	U, SV P		28-44	
GxQ0R0	Queue 0 Register 0, Group x	X50C <sub>H</sub>	U, SV P	U, SV P		28-46	

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**GxQINR0 (x = 0 - 7)**

Queue 0 Input Register, Group x

$$(x * 0400_H + 0510_H)$$

Reset Value: 0000 0000<sub>H</sub>

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# VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4QINRO

## : Queue에 연결할 Input 채널 설정 -7번 채널 읽기

### 3. 레지스터 write 값 결정

- Group 4 의 Request Source 0 을 사용하므로 G4QINR"0" 레지스터 설정 필요
- Analog Input Channel 7 을 입력으로 사용하기 위해 **REQCHNR** 영역에 **0x7 write**

G4QINR0 레지스터 @ 0xF0021510

GxQINR0 ( $x = 0 - 7$ )															
Queue 0 Input Register, Group x															
$(x * 0400_H + 0510_H)$															
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	EX TR	EN SI	RF	REQCHNR				
r	r	r	r	r	r	r	w	w	w	w	w				

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Input Channel 7

0x7 값 write

Field	Bits	Type	Description
REQCHNR	[4:0]	w	Request Channel Number Defines the channel number to be converted

# Lab15 - VADC 레지스터 설정 – G4QINRO

## : Queue에 연결할 Input 채널 설정 – 7번채널

```
325
326 void VADC_startConversion(void)
327 {
328     VADC_G4_QINR0.U |= 0x07; // no. of Request Channel = 7
329
330     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << TREV_BIT_LSB_IDX; // Generate Conversion Start Trigger Event
331 }
332
333 unsigned int VADC_readResult(void)
334 {
335     unsigned int result;
336
337     while( (VADC_G4_RES0.U & (0x1 << VF_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0 ); // wait until read available
338     result = VADC_G4_RES0.U & (0xFFFF << RESULT_BIT_LSB_IDX); // read ADC value
339
340     return result;
341 }
342 }
```

```
/v
71 // VADC registers
72 #define DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX 1
73 #define DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
74 #define ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
75 #define ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX 24
76 #define CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX 3
77 #define PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
78 #define CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX 8
79 #define FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX 10
80 #define TREV_BIT_LSB_IDX 9
81 #define ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
82 #define RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX 21
83 #define RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX 16
84 #define ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
85 #define VF_BIT_LSB_IDX 31
86 #define RESULT_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
87 #define ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX 7
88
```

# VADC 변환 결과 저장 레지스터 Read

## : ADC 변환 결과를 읽어오기

- G4CHCTR7 레지스터에서 ADC 변환이 완료된 데이터를 저장할 Result Register를 선택하였음  
→ 선택한 x번째 Result Register에 ADC 변환 결과가 저장됨
- VADC 레지스터 항목에서
  - **G4RESx** 레지스터 Read (x = 나중에 설정할 Result Register 번호)

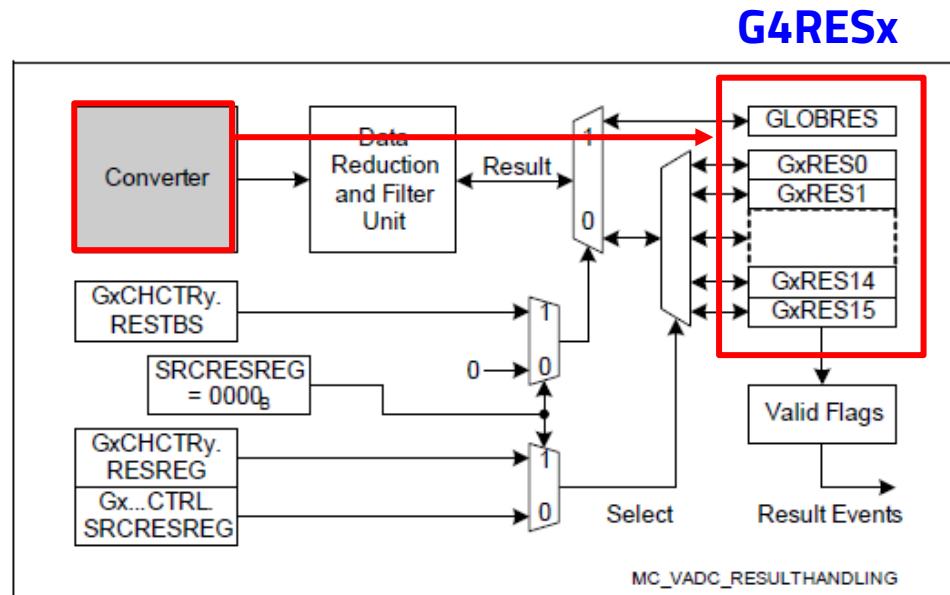


Figure 28-18 Conversion Result Storage

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# VADC 레지스터 Read – G4RES0

## : VADC 변환 결과를 읽을 수 있는 레지스터

1. VADC 레지스터 영역의 주소 찾기
  - 시작 주소 (Base address) = **0xF0020000**
2. 사용할 레지스터의 주소 찾기
  - G4CHCTR7 레지스터에서 ADC 변환 결과를 **Result Register 0**에 저장하도록 설정
  - **G4RES0** 의 Offset Address (Result Register =  $y = 0$ ) =  $0x1700 + (y * 0x4) = 0x1700$
  - G4RES0 레지스터 주소 =  $0xF0020000 + 0x1700 = \textcolor{red}{0xF0021700}$

Register Short Name	Register Long Name	Offset Addr.	Access Mode	Page Num.
			Read	Write
GxRESy	Group x Result Register y	X70Y <sub>H</sub>	U, SV P	<b>28-98</b>
GxRESy	Group x Result Register y (debug view)	X70Y <sub>H</sub>	U, SV P	<b>28-10 0</b>

Infineon-TC27x\_D-step-UM-v02\_02-EN.pdf p.4025

G4RESy ( $y = 0 - 15$ )  
Group 4 Result Register y      **( $1700_H + y * 0004_H$ )**      Reset Value: 0000 0000<sub>H</sub>

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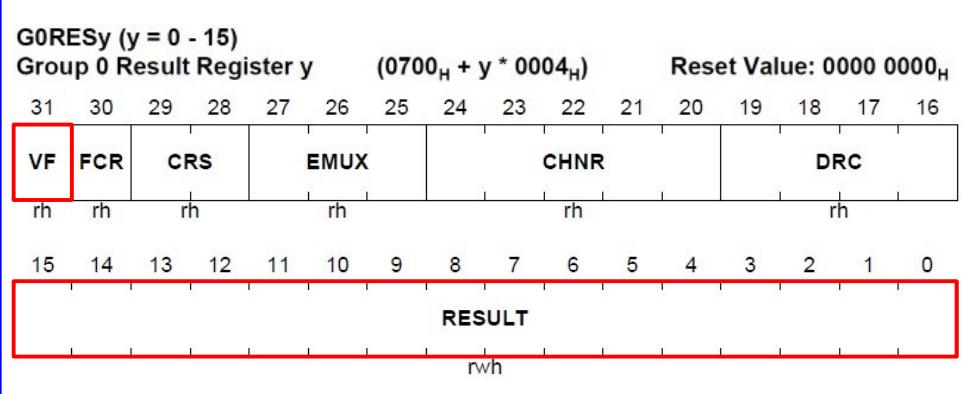
# VADC 레지스터 Read – G4RES0

: VADC 변환 완료를 알려주는 flag 및 변환 결과 read

## 3. 레지스터 값 Read

- G4CHCTR7 레지스터에서 Analog Input Channel 7에 대한 ADC 변환 결과를 Result Register 0에 저장하도록 설정함
- 변환이 끝나고 새로운 ADC 변환 결과가 레지스터에 저장되면 VF 영역의 값이 0x1 이 됨
- 변환된 ADC 값은 RESULT 영역에 존재 (Align 을 고려해야 함)

## G4RES0 레지스터 @ 0xF0021700



Field	Bits	Type	Description
RESULT	[15:0]	rwh	<b>Result of Most Recent Conversion</b> The position of the result bits within this bitfield depends on the configured operating mode. Refer to <a href="#">Section 28.7.2</a> .
VF	31	rh	<b>Valid Flag</b> Indicates a new result in bitfield RESULT or bit FCR. 0 <sub>B</sub> No new result available 1 <sub>B</sub> Bitfield RESULT has been updated with new result value and has not yet been read, or bit FCR has been updated

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# Lab16: VADC 레지스터 Read – G4RESO

: VADC 변환 완료를 알려주는 flag 및 변환 결과 read

```
325
326 void VADC_startConversion(void)
327 {
328     VADC_G4_QINR0.U |= 0x07;                                // no. of Request Channel = 7
329
330     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << TREV_BIT_LSB_IDX;    // Generate Conversion Start Trigger Event
331 }
332
333 unsigned int VADC_readResult(void)
334 {
335     unsigned int result;
336
337     while( (VADC_G4_RES0.U & (0x1 << VF_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0 );    // wait until read available
338     result = VADC_G4_RES0.U & (0xFFFF << RESULT_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // read ADC value
339
340     return result;
341 }
342 }
```

```
/v
71 // VADC registers
72 #define DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX 1
73 #define DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
74 #define ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
75 #define ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX 24
76 #define CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX 3
77 #define PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
78 #define CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX 8
79 #define FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX 10
80 #define TREV_BIT_LSB_IDX 9
81 #define ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
82 #define RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX 21
83 #define RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX 16
84 #define ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
85 #define VF_BIT_LSB_IDX 31
86 #define RESULT_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
87 #define ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX 7
88
```

# Lab17: Main 함수

- main 함수 작성

1. ADC 변환 request 를  
발생시키고  
2. ADC 변환이 완료되면  
결과를 변수 *adcResult*에 저장

가변 저항에서 읽은  
ADC 값의 범위에 따라  
RGB LED on/off 결정

```
if( adc값 >= 3096 )  
    Red ON  
else if( adc값 >= 2048 )  
    Green ON  
else if( adc값 >= 1024 )  
    Blue ON  
else  
    Red, Green, Blue ON
```

초기화 함수 호출

```
127  
130 //initERU();  
131 //initCCU60();  
132 initLED();  
133 initRGBLED();  
134 initVADC();  
135 //initButton();  
136  
137  
138  
139  
140  
141 unsigned int adcResult;  
142  
143 while(1)  
{  
144     VADC_startConversion();  
145     adcResult = VADC_readResult();  
146  
147     if( adcResult >= 3096 )  
148     {  
149         P02_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX;  
150         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX);  
151         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX);  
152     }  
153     else if( adcResult >= 2048 )  
154     {  
155         P02_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX);  
156         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX;  
157         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX);  
158     }  
159     else if( adcResult >= 1024 )  
160     {  
161         P02_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX);  
162         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX);  
163         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX;  
164     }  
165     else  
166     {  
167         P02_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX;  
168         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX;  
169         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX;  
170     }  
171 }  
172 }
```

# SW 프로그래밍

## : VADC 레지스터의 각 영역(필드) LSB 비트 시작 위치 define 정의

- 레지스터에 값을 write할 때 shift되는 offset을 쉽게 사용하기 위한 define 작성

```
30
31 #include "IfxCcu6_reg.h"
32 #include "IfxVadc_reg.h"
33
34 // Port registers
35 #define PC1_BIT_LSB_IDX 11
36 #define PC2_BIT_LSB_IDX 19
37 #define PC3_BIT_LSB_IDX 27
38 #define PC5_BIT_LSB_IDX 11
39 #define PC7_BIT_LSB_IDX 27
40 #define P1_BIT_LSB_IDX 1
41 #define P2_BIT_LSB_IDX 2
42 #define P3_BIT_LSB_IDX 3
43 #define P5_BIT_LSB_IDX 5
44 #define P7_BIT_LSB_IDX 7
45
46 // SCU registers
47 #define LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX 1
48 #define ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
49 #define EXISO0_BIT_LSB_IDX 4
50 #define FEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX 8
51 #define EIEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX 11
52 #define INP0_BIT_LSB_IDX 12
53 #define IGP0_BIT_LSB_IDX 14
54
55 // SRC registers
56 #define SRPN_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
57 #define TOS_BIT_LSB_IDX 11
58 #define SRE_BIT_LSB_IDX 10
59
60 // CCU60 registers
61 #define DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX 1
62 #define DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
63 #define CTM_BIT_LSB_IDX 7
64 #define T12PRE_BIT_LSB_IDX 3
65 #define T12CLK_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
66 #define T12STR_BIT_LSB_IDX 6
67 #define T12RS_BIT_LSB_IDX 1
68 #define INPT12_BIT_LSB_IDX 10
69 #define ENT12PM_BIT_LSB_IDX 7
70
```

→ 헤더 파일 참조 추가

Port 레지스터 bit shift offset

```
71 // VADC registers
72 #define DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX 1
73 #define DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
74 #define ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
75 #define ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX 24
76 #define CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX 3
77 #define PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
78 #define CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX 8
79 #define FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX 10
80 #define TREV_BIT_LSB_IDX 9
81 #define ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
82 #define RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX 21
83 #define RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX 16
84 #define ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
85 #define VF_BIT_LSB_IDX 31
86 #define RESULT_BIT_LSB_IDX 0
87 #define ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX 7
88
```

VADC 레지스터  
bit shift offset

# SW 프로그래밍

## : RGB LED 사용 위한 GPIO 핀 초기화

- RGB LED 사용을 위한 초기화 함수 *initRGBLED()*

```
268
269 void initRGBLED(void)
270 {
271     // reset Port IOCR register
272     P02_IOCR4.U &= ~(0x1F << PC7_BIT_LSB_IDX);
273     P10_IOCR4.U &= ~(0x1F << PC5_BIT_LSB_IDX);
274     P10_IOCR0.U &= ~(0x1F << PC3_BIT_LSB_IDX);
275
276     // set Port as general purpose output (push-pull)
277     P02_IOCR4.U |= 0x10 << PC7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
278     P10_IOCR4.U |= 0x10 << PC5_BIT_LSB_IDX;
279     P10_IOCR0.U |= 0x10 << PC3_BIT_LSB_IDX;
280 }
281
```

# SW 프로그래밍

## : VADC 사용 위한 아날로그 입력 핀 초기화

- VADC 모듈 사용을 위한 초기화 함수 *initVADC()*

```
282 void initVADC(void)
283 {
284     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
285     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
286     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
287
288     // Modify Access to clear ENDINIT
289     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) & ~(1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
290     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);    // wait until locked
291
292     VADC_CLC.U &= ~(1 << DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // enable VADC
293
294     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
295     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
296     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0);    // wait until unlocked
297
298     // Modify Access to set ENDINIT
299     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
300     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);
301
302
303     // VADC configurations
304     while((VADC_CLC.U & (1 << DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0); // wait until VADC module enabled
305
306     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x3 << PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX;          // highest priority for Request Source 0
307     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U &= ~(0x1 << CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX);      // Wait-for-Start Mode
308     VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x1 << ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX;          // Arbitration Source Input 0 Enable
309
310     VADC_G4_QMR0.U &= ~(0x3 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
311     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX;            // enable conversion request
312     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // clear ADC queue
313
314     VADC_G4_ARBCFG.U |= 0x3 << ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX;         // ADC normal operation
315
316     VADC_G4_ICLASS0.U &= ~(0x7 << CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Class 0 Standard Conversion (12-bit)
317
318
319     // VADC Group 4 Channel 7 configuration
320     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U |= 0x1 << RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX;        // result right-aligned
321     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0xF << RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // store result @ Result Register G4RES0
322     VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0x3 << ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX);    // Class 0
323
324     VADC_G4_CHASS.U |= 0x1 << ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
325 }
```

# SW 프로그래밍

- : VADC 모듈 사용 설정 전, 보호 레지스터 잠금 해제 필요
- : VADC 모듈 사용 설정 후, 보호 레지스터 잠금 재설정 필요

- VADC 모듈 사용을 위한 초기화 함수 *initVADC()*

```
282 void initVADC(void)
283 {
284     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
285     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
286     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0); // wait until unlocked
287
288     // Modify Access to clear ENDINIT
289     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) & ~(1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
290     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0); // wait until locked
291
292     VADC_CLC.U &= ~(1 << DISR_BIT_LSB_IDX); // enable VADC
293
294     // Password Access to unlock SCU_WDTSCON0
295     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) & ~(1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
296     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0); // wait until unlocked
297
298     // Modify Access to set ENDINIT
299     SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U = ((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U ^ 0xFC) | (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) | (1 << ENDINIT_BIT_LSB_IDX);
300     while((SCU_WDTCPU0_CON0.U & (1 << LCK_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0);
301
302
303     // VADC configurations
```

PW[7:2] 반전시켜  
레지스터 read

LCK bit clear      ENDINIT set

LCK bit "0" 될 때까지 대기  
LCK bit "1" 될 때까지 대기

ENDINIT set

} Lock 상태를 해제하기 위한  
**Password Access**

} CPUO ENDINIT clear 위한  
**Modify Access**

} ENDINIT clear  
Lock 상태를 해제하기 위한  
**Password Access**

} CPUO ENDINIT set 위한  
**Modify Access**

# SW 프로그래밍

## : VADC 모듈 설정

- VADC 모듈 사용을 위한 초기화 함수 *initVADC()*

```
302 // VADC configurations
303 while((VADC_CLC.U & (1 << DISS_BIT_LSB_IDX)) != 0); // wait until VADC module enabled
304
305 VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x3 << PRI00_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // highest priority for Request Source 0
306 VADC_G4_ARBPR.U &= ~(0x1 << CSM0_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Wait-for-Start Mode
307 VADC_G4_ARBPR.U |= 0x1 << ASEN0_BIT_LSB_IDX;           // Arbitration Source Input 0 Enable
308
309 VADC_G4_QMR0.U &= ~(0x3 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX);        // enable conversion request
310 VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << ENGT_BIT_LSB_IDX;             // clear ADC queue
311 VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << FLUSH_BIT_LSB_IDX;
312
313 VADC_G4_ARBCFG.U |= 0x3 << ANONC_BIT_LSB_IDX;          // ADC normal operation
314
315 VADC_G4_ICLASS0.U &= ~(0x7 << CMS_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Class 0 Standard Conversion (12-bit)
316
317
318 // VADC Group 4 Channel 7 configuration
319 VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U |= 0x1 << RESPOS_BIT_LSB_IDX;          // result right-aligned
320 VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0xF << RESREG_BIT_LSB_IDX);      // store result @ Result Register G4RES0
321 VADC_G4_CHCTR7.U &= ~(0x3 << ICLSEL_BIT_LSB_IDX);       // Class 0
322
323 VADC_G4_CHASS.U |= 0x1 << ASSCH7_BIT_LSB_IDX;
324
325 }
```

### VADC 모듈 설정

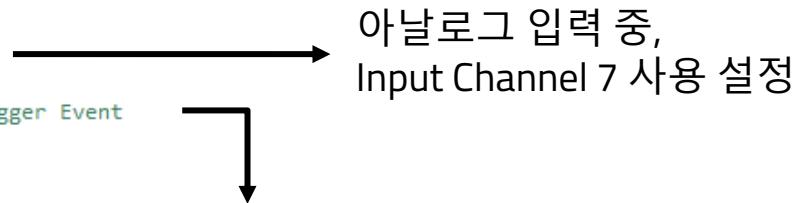
- VADC 모듈 enable
- Request Source 0 의 우선 순위 설정
- Source Input 0 enable
- Conversion Request enable
- Clear ADC Request Queue
- ADC normal operation 설정
- ADC 변환 결과 right-align, 12-bit 길이 설정
- ADC 변환 결과 저장될 레지스터 설정
- Input Channel 7 최우선순위 설정

# SW 프로그래밍

## : VADC 변환을 요청(시작)

- VADC 모듈에 ADC 변환을 요청하는 함수 *VADC\_startConversion()*

```
325  
326 void VADC_startConversion(void)  
327 {  
328     VADC_G4_QINR0.U |= 0x07;           // no. of Request Channel = 7  
329  
330     VADC_G4_QMR0.U |= 0x1 << TREV_BIT_LSB_IDX; // Generate Conversion Start Trigger Event  
331 }  
332
```



ADC에 변환 요청하는  
request event 신호 발생  
→ 변환 시작

# SW 프로그래밍

## : VADC 변환결과를 read 해서 변수에 저장

- ADC 변환 결과를 반환하는 함수 *VADC\_readResult()*

```
332
333 unsigned int VADC_readResult(void)
334 {
335     unsigned int result;
336
337     while( (VADC_G4_RES0.U & (0x1 << VF_BIT_LSB_IDX)) == 0 );    // wait until read available
338     result = VADC_G4_RES0.U & (0xFFFF << RESULT_BIT_LSB_IDX);      // read ADC value
339
340     return result;
341 }
342
```

ADC 변환 결과가 12bit 이므로  
→ 0xFFFF 로 bit masking

ADC 변환이 완료될 때까지 대기

32bit 변수 *result*에  
ADC 변환 결과가 저장된  
레지스터의 값을 저장

# SW 프로그래밍

## : VADC 모듈에서 변환된 디지털 값 사용 RGB LED 제어

- main 함수 작성

1. ADC 변환 request 를  
발생시키고

2. ADC 변환이 완료되면  
결과를 변수 *adcResult*에 저장

가변 저항에서 읽은  
ADC 값의 범위에 따라  
RGB LED on/off 결정

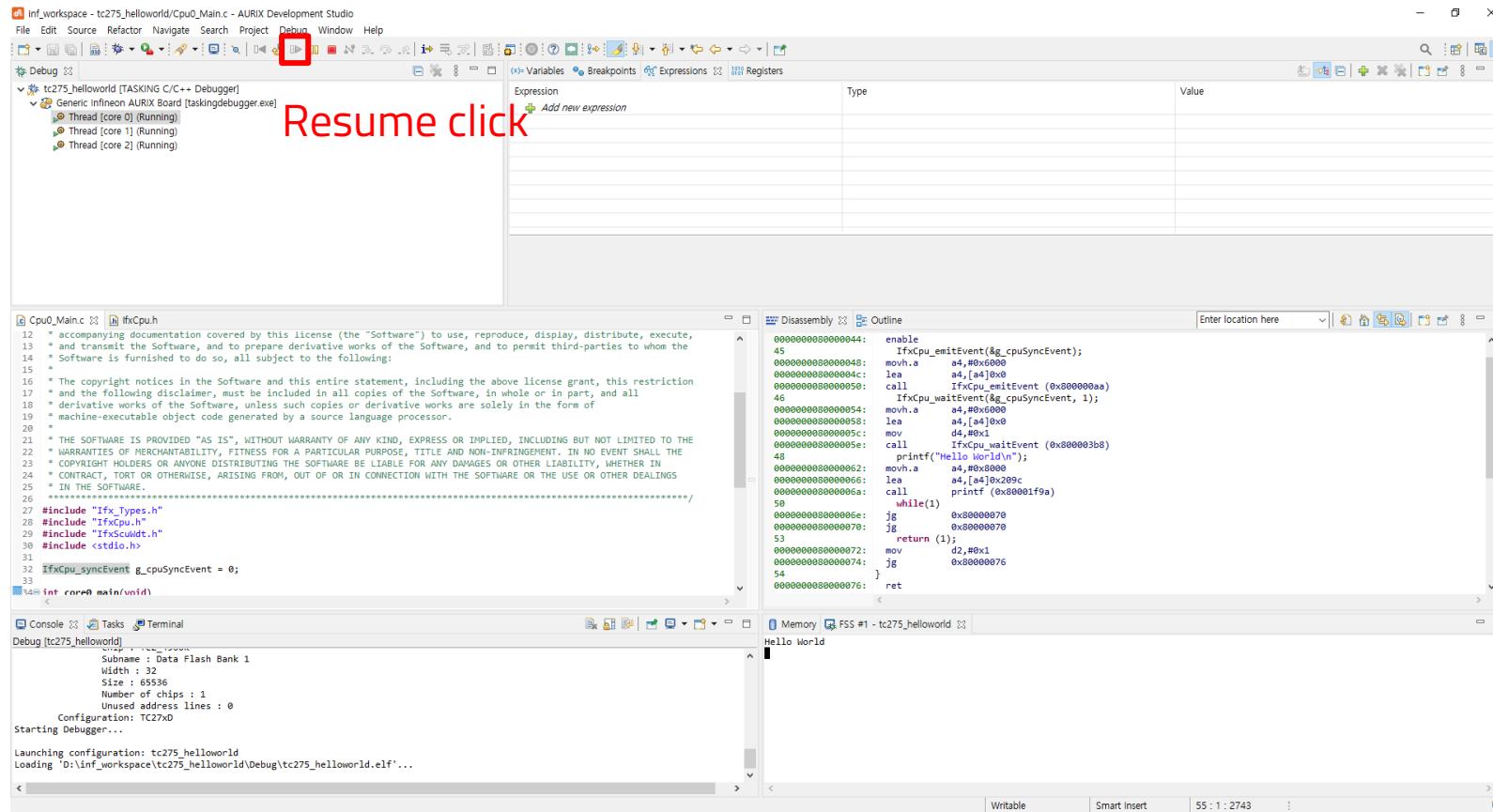
```
if( adc값 >= 3096 )  
    Red ON  
else if( adc값 >= 2048 )  
    Green ON  
else if( adc값 >= 1024 )  
    Blue ON  
else  
    Red, Green, Blue ON
```

초기화 함수 호출

```
127  
130 //initERU();  
131 //initCCU60();  
132 initLED();  
133 initRGBLED();  
134 initVADC();  
135 //initButton();  
136  
137  
138  
139  
140  
141 unsigned int adcResult;  
142  
143 while(1)  
144 {  
145     VADC_startConversion();  
146     adcResult = VADC_readResult();  
147  
148     if( adcResult >= 3096 )  
149     {  
150         P02_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX;  
151         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX);  
152         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX);  
153     }  
154     else if( adcResult >= 2048 )  
155     {  
156         P02_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX);  
157         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX;  
158         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX);  
159     }  
160     else if( adcResult >= 1024 )  
161     {  
162         P02_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX);  
163         P10_OUT.U &= ~(0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX);  
164         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX;  
165     }  
166     else  
167     {  
168         P02_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P7_BIT_LSB_IDX;  
169         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P5_BIT_LSB_IDX;  
170         P10_OUT.U |= 0x1 << P3_BIT_LSB_IDX;  
171     }  
172 }
```

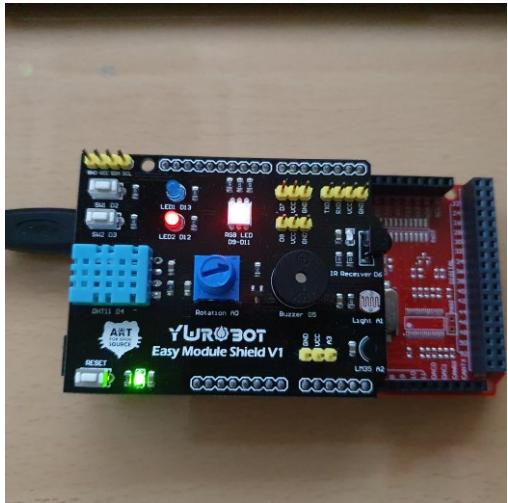
# Build 및 Debug

- 프로젝트 빌드 (ctrl + b)
- 디버그 수행하여 보드에 실행 파일 flash



# 동작 확인

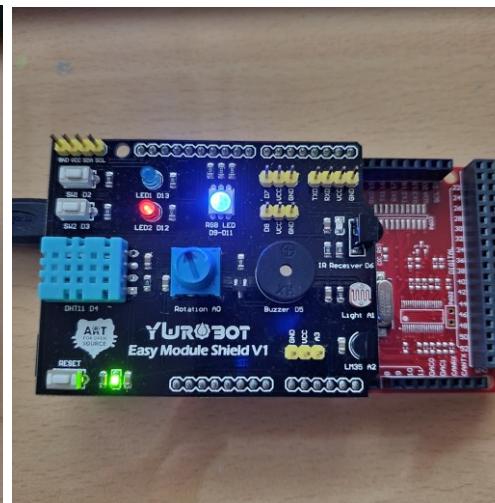
- 가변 저항을 돌리면 변화하는 ADC 값에 따라 on되는 RGB LED 색이 변하는 모습 확인 가능



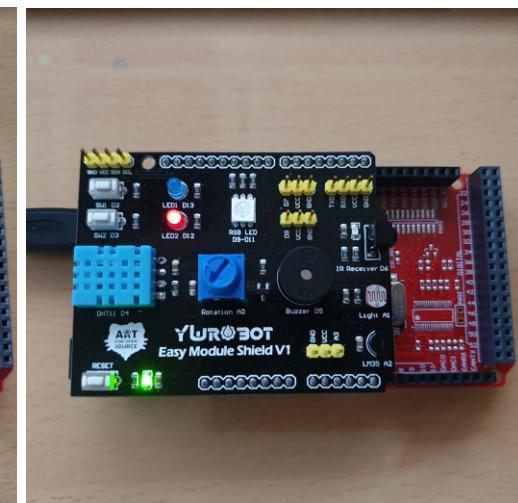
$\text{adcValue} \geq 3096$



$\text{adcValue} \geq 2048$



$\text{adcValue} \geq 1024$



$\text{adcValue} < 1024$

감사합니다. 휴식~~

## FAQ

- Open drain 타입 통신이란, 그리고 사용이유?
- ADC센싱 특성이 아래쪽 위쪽이 좋지 않은 이유
- 샘플링 시작했을 때 실제 감지하는 시점은 언제인지?