

The State-of-the-art of OODB

graphical
GemStone object structure abstract data type
OPAL retrieval knowledge browsers VML instance roleof C++
O2 memberof EXODUS attribute semantics method
subcategoryof CO2 specialization selective navigation
categoryof ITASCA class message Dual Model
generalization query traversal multiple inheritance
VERSANT information partial knowledge
active database composite objects CLOS deductive database
overloading IS-A ORION partof side effects
Trellis setof LISP POSTGRES
polymorphism kernel model semantic data model Fiffel
Objective-C

- related to an internal timer
- succession dependency
- commit/abort dependency
- conditional execution (i.e., depending on the value of an output variable)

Scheduling dependencies represent control and data flow of a multidatabase transaction.

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Failure Atomicity

- user-defined atomicity requirements
- termination states:
 - acceptable states
 - * Committed states
 - * Aborted states
 - non-acceptable states

Rusinkiewicz, Krychniak, Cichocki '92

Failure Atomicity Example: A Trip

Three transactions:

- reserve flight (RF)
- reserve hotel (RH)
- cancel flight (CF)

Examples of the termination states:

	RF	RH	CF
Committed	C	C	I
Aborted	A	I	I
	C	A	C
non-acceptable	A	C	I

+ Rusinkiewicz, Krychnik, Cichocki '92
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The Objectives of a Multidatabase Scheduler

- **Correctness.** The scheduler cannot violate any of the dependencies listed in a multidatabase transaction specification.
- **Safety.** The scheduler must guarantee that the multidatabase transaction will terminate in one of the acceptable termination states.
- **Optimal scheduling policy.** The scheduler should be able to achieve an acceptable termination state in the optimal way.
- **Recoverability.** The scheduler should be able to reach an acceptable termination state even in the presence of failures.

cf:
+ Rusinkiewicz

Scheduling - Approaches in the related work

- A scheduler based on the Predicate Petri Nets model ([A. K. Elmagarmid et al. 1990]).
- An executor in logically parallel language L.O ([L. Cameron et al. 1991]).
- Scheduler as an interpreter of a multi-database transaction specification language (Vienna Parallel Logic language in [E. Kuehn et al. 1991]).
- Scheduler as a finite state automaton ([W. Jin, L. Ness et al.]).

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Example of a MSQL Statement

Assume the following database schemas:

Database CONTINENTAL (airline)
flights (flnu, source, departure, destination, arrival, day,
maxseats, curseats, rate)
f838 (seatnu, seatatty, seatstatus, clientname)

Database DELTA (airline)
flight (fnu, source, dest, dep, arr, day, totseat,
takenseats, rate)
fnu747 (snu, sty, sstat, passname)

Database UNITED (airline)
flight (fn, sour, dest, depa, arri, day, tots, taks, rates)
fn727 (sn, st, sst, pasna)

Database AVIS (car rental)
cars (carcode, cartype, maxseats, rate, carstatus, from,
to, client)

Database NATIONAL (car rental)
vehicle (vcode, vty, vstat, vseats, from, to, client)

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Example of a MSQl Statement - continued

The MSQl statement that raises by 10% the
fares of flights from 'Houston' to 'San Anto-
nio' in Continental, Delta and United:

USE	continental delta united
UPDATE	flight%
SET	rate% = rate% * 1.1
WHERE	sour% = 'Houston' AND dest% = 'San Antonio'

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Example of a MSQL Multitransaction

The desired actions of a trip-planning transaction:

1. to reserve a flight on Continental and a car in National (preferred), or
2. to reserve a flight on Delta and a car in Avis (acceptable), or
3. to reserve only a flight on Continental or Delta (as the last resource).

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MSQL Multitransaction - continued

```
BEGIN MULTITRANSACTION
  USE      continental delta
  LET      fltab.snu.sstat.cname BE
           f838.seatnu.seatstatus.clientname
           f747.snu.sstat.passname
  UPDATE   fltab
  SET      sstat = 'TAKEN', cname = 'wenders'
  WHERE   snu = (   SELECT MIN(snu)
                   FROM   fltab
                   WHERE  sstat = 'FREE');

  USE      avis national
  LET      cartab.ccode.cstat BE
           cars.carcode.carstatus
           vehicle.vcode.vstat
  UPDATE   cartab
  SET      cstat = 'TAKEN', from = '07-04-64',
           to = '04-16-92', client = 'wenders'
  WHERE   ccode = ( SELECT MIN(ccode)
                   FROM   cartab
                   WHERE  cstat = 'FREE');

COMMIT
  continental AND national
  delta AND avis
  continental
  delta
END MULTITRANSACTION
```

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GUARDI, RUSINKIEWICZ, LITWIN '92