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Quiz 2

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/AI20BTECH11014/EE3900— Linear—Systems—and—Signal—processing/blob/ main/QUIZ 2/QUIZ 2.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/AI20BTECH11014/EE3900— Linear—Systems—and—Signal—processing/blob/ main/QUIZ 2/QUIZ 2.tex

1 Question

For each of the following pairs of input and output Z-transforms X(z) and Y(z), determine the region of convergence for the system function H(z):

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}, \qquad |z| < \frac{1}{3} (1.0.1)$$

$$Y(z) = \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{6}z^{-1}\right)\left(1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}\right)}, \quad \frac{1}{6} < |z| < \frac{1}{3} \quad (1.0.2)$$

2 Solution

Lemma 2.1. Properties of ROC: The ROC does not contain any poles.

For

$$X(s) = \frac{N(s)}{D(s)} \tag{2.0.1}$$

The poles of $X(s) \Longrightarrow D(s) = 0$

Lemma 2.2. The poles of X(s) consists of a strip parallel to $j\omega$ axis in the s-plane.

We know that the z-transform of output signal (Y(z))

$$Y(z) = H(z)X(z)$$
 (2.0.2)

we know that the z- transform of the system function H(z) is given by

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} \tag{2.0.3}$$

from (1.0.1) and (1.0.2),

$$H(z) = \frac{\frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{6}z^{-1}\right)\left(1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}\right)}}{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{6}z^{-1}}$$
(2.0.5)

The pole of this expression is $\frac{1}{6}$ (2.0.6)

from (1.0.1),

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}}$$
 (2.0.7)

with ROC $|z| < \frac{1}{3}$. We shall call this ROC₁. from (1.0.2),

$$Y(z) = \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{6}z^{-1}\right)\left(1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}\right)}$$
 (2.0.8)

with ROC $\frac{1}{6} < |z| < \frac{1}{3}$. We shall call this ROC₂. The ROC of the given expression will be the intersection of ROC₁ and ROC₂. Therefore, the ROC of the given sequence is $\frac{1}{6} < |z|$. \therefore The Z-transform of the system function H(z) is given by

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{6}z^{-1}}$$
 (2.0.9)

with ROC $|z| > \frac{1}{6}$.

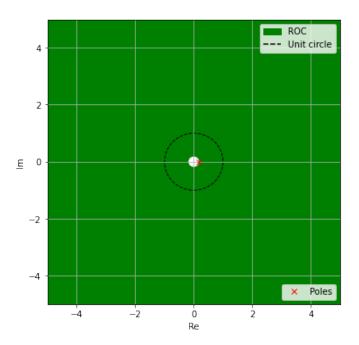


Fig. 0: Line between two points