# **SpatialOmicsNet**: A unified interface for spatial omics data access for computer vision and machine learning

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## Summary

SpatialOmicsNet is an open-source Python package that provides a harmonized and standardized interface for accessing spatial proteomics and multiplexed imaging datasets, including imaging mass cytometry (IMC) (Giesen et al. 2014) and multiplexed ion beam imaging (MIBI) (Keren et al. 2019) data. The package enables researchers to load raw spatially-resolved proteomics data from multiple studies in a unified format, apply and retrieve data structures ready for downstream machine learning analysis or model training. By focusing on open-source raw data processing and enforcing common data schemas (e.g., standardized image and single-cell data formats), SpatialOmicsNet promotes reproducible and efficient research in computational and spatial biology. The library is designed to serve the broader community working on spatial proteomics by easing data access and integration into machine learning workflows.

## Statement of Need

Spatially-resolved proteomics, recently named Nature Method of the Year 2024("Method of the Year 2024: Spatial Proteomics" 2024), enable the quantification of proteins in single cells within their tissue context, revealing intricate aspects of spatial cellular arrangement and communication. In the context of cancer, these advancements provide unprecedented insights into the heterogeneity of the tumor and its microenvironment, and the underlying mechanisms affecting tumor initiation, progression, and response to treatment (Lewis et al. 2021). IMC and MIBI-TOF are among the most popular technologies, with dozens of high-dimensional datasets made publicly available per year. The increasing availability of these datasets has fueled algorithmic development in machine learning and computer vision. Numerous models that perform a variety of tasks, such as cell segmentation (Greenwald et al. 2022), cell type annotation (Geuenich et al. 2021), representation learning (Wenckstern et al. 2025) or heterogeneity analysis (Martinelli and Rapsomaniki 2022) tailored to spatial proteomics data have been recently developed, with corresponding widely used packages.

However, a critical gap hindering model development, reproducibility and cross-study analyses is the lack of unified frameworks to access and process the data. Spatial proteomics datasets, often deposited in public repositories such as Zenodo(European Organization For Nuclear Research and OpenAIRE 2013) or Figshare ("Figshare - Credit for All Your Research"

n.d.), typically contain a collection of components, such as raw and preprocessed images, segmentation masks, extracted single-cell intensities, panel descriptions and associated clinical metadata, uploaded in disparate, non-standardized formats (e.g., mixed .tiff, .csv, custom JSONs), with varying metadata structures and inconsistent preprocessing that vary greatly between studies and labs. Working with these fragmented datasets implies a significant time investment for researchers to locate and download the data, and write custom scripts to handle their specific data structure, creating barriers to entry, complicating usage and hindering robust benchmarking. While existing data frameworks developed by the spatial transcriptomics community such as SpatialData (Marconato et al. 2025) and Pysodb (Yuan et al. 2023) are gaining popularity and can be extended to spatial proteomics, they often come with heavier dependencies and general-purpose abstractions that may be unnecessarily complex for researchers focused on fast, standardized access to real-world IMC or MIBI datasets.

SpatialOmicsNet is an open-source Python package that addresses these gaps by: Providing a lightweight, unified interface to widely-used curated spatial proteomics datasets. Abstracting dataset-specific structure, letting users access data components (images, masks, metadata) through a consistent schema. Supporting reproducible preprocessing via modular, reusable interfaces for common pipeline steps. Facilitating integration in machine learning and computer vision models by streamlining dataset loading into standard formats. Encouraging community contributions for expanding and maintaining harmonized dataset access. This unified approach allows scientists to abstract away dataset-specific idiosyncrasies and focus on biological and analytical questions rather than data wrangling. SpatialOmicsNet is intentionally minimal, tailored to machine learning and computer vision workflows (e.g., loading images, masks, and cell-level CSVs into memory with minimal setup) without depending on larger ecosystem packages (e.g., anndata, xarray, zarr, dask). SpatialOmicsNet gives immediate access to curated datasets with ready-to-use utilities, eliminating the need to write custom loaders or parse inconsistent formats. As such, it is particularly friendly to the growing community of ML developers, researchers, and engineers entering the emerging field of spatial biology. By harmonizing data access, our package enables more straightforward integration of spatial proteomics data into machine learning and modeling frameworks, ultimately accelerating biomedical discovery.

# Supported Datasets

The package supports the following public spatial proteomics datasets:

- Jackson2020 IMC of breast cancer (Jackson et al. 2020)
- Danenberg2022 IMC of breast cancer (Danenberg et al. 2022)
- Cords2024 IMC of Non-small cell lung cancer (Cords et al. 2024)
- **Keren2018** IMC of triple-negative breast cancer (Keren et al. 2018)

	name	# images	# masks	# markers	# cells	# samples
0	Danenberg2022	794	794	39	1123466	794
1	Cords 2024	2070	2070	43	5984454	2072
2	Jackson 2020	735	735	35	1224411	735
3	Keren2018	41	41	36	201656	41

Table 1: Summary statistics of supported spatial proteomics datasets in the package.

Additionally, dummy datasets are provided to mimic real data structure for development and testing purposes.

Each dataset is accessible through a standardized class interface that mimics the pytorch lightning (Falcon and team 2019) philosophy and includes methods for downloading, preparing, and accessing processed components (images, masks, metadata, and spatial coordinates). These datasets follow consistent naming conventions and data schemas, making them immediately usable for downstream tasks.

## Example Usage

## Conclusion

SpatialOmicsNet lowers the technical barrier to working with spatial proteomics data by providing unified, open access to several published datasets and processing routines. Its modular design and standardized outputs make it a practical tool for researchers developing computational methods in spatial biology. We welcome contributions and extensions from the community and envision this package as a foundation for reproducible spatial proteomics analysis.

## References

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