## PAKISTAN INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND APPLIED SCIENCES

## DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS AND APPLIED MATHEMATICS

## TERMINAL EXAM, PAM-533 COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS, DATE: 06/09/2021

Every question carries 10 marks. Please avoid cacography.

**Problem 1:** Use scientific calculator to generate 10 random float points between 0.0 and 5.0 inclusive.

Use variance reduction method to estimate  $\int_0^5 x^{\sin x} dx$  using the 10 generated random numbers.

You may choose  $\int_0^5 x dx = 12.5$  as a known integral.

**Problem 2:** An ice cream vendor write downs the number of ice creams sold vs the number of hours of sunshine received per day from Monday to Friday. The data looks like this:

| Sunshine Hours | Ice Cream Sold |
|----------------|----------------|
| "x"            | "y"            |
| 2              | 4              |
| 3              | 5              |
| 5              | 7              |
| 7              | 10             |
| 9              | 15             |

Table 1: Ice cream sale vs hours of sunshine in a week

The ice cream vendor believes that there is a linear relationship between the number of ice creams sold and the number of hours of sunshine received on a given day.

What is the expected sale of the ice creams on a clear day with 10 hours of sun shine?

What is the uncertainty in the sale on this day?

**Problem 3:** The Fermi Dirac distribution describes the probability of finding a quantum particle of half-integer spin in energy state E:

$$f_{\rm FD} = \int_{E_{\rm min}}^{E_{\rm max}} \frac{1}{e^{(E-\mu)/kT} + 1}$$
 (1)

where  $\mu$  is the Fermi energy.

Identify this problem in the context of this course and find  $\mu$  such that  $\int_0^2 f_{\rm FD} dE = 1$  with  $kT = \frac{1}{40}$  eV.

Generous Help: 
$$\int \frac{1}{e^{(E-\mu)/kT}+1} dE = -kT \ln \left( e^{\frac{\mu}{kT} - \frac{E}{kT}} + 1 \right) + C$$

**Problem 4:** Write down the dynamic form of the given ODE:

$$m\ddot{\vartheta} = -\sqrt{\frac{g}{L}}\sin\vartheta - \beta\dot{\vartheta} + \gamma\sin\omega t \tag{2}$$

**Problem 5:** Solve  $y' = (x + y) \sin(xy)$  using RK4 method for  $0 \le x \le 2$  with step-size of h = 0.2 and IVP: y(0) = 5. Present your solution in tabulated form showing numeric values of  $x, y, f_1, f_2, f_3$  and  $f_4$  at each step clearly.

## THINK SMART ☺