<u>Deep Learning Course Syllabus – Artificial Intelligence College – AASTMT (Al-Alamin)</u>

| Weeks | Topics |
|-------|---|
| 1 | Perceptron |
| | Perceptron structure |
| | Perceptron learning algorithm |
| | Perceptron limitations |
| 2 | Multilayer perceptron (MLP) |
| | MLP architecture |
| | Forward propagation |
| | Backpropagation |
| 3 | • Activation functions |
| | Overview of activation functions used in MLP. |
| | Comparison of different activation functions and their effects and MLP performance. |
| | on MLP performance. • Adaptive activation functions (e.g., Swigh, Looky Pol II) |
| | Adaptive activation functions (e.g., Swish, Leaky ReLU) Activation functions for specific applications |
| 4 | Regularization Techniques |
| _ | Dropout regularization |
| | L1 and L2 regularization (weight decay) |
| | Batch normalization and its effects on MLP training |
| | Early stopping and its role in preventing overfitting |
| 5 | Optimization Algorithms |
| 6 | Introduction to convolution neural network |
| 7 | Architecture of CNN (convolution and pooling) |
| 8 | • Padding |
| | • Strides |
| | The advantages of CNN and it's applications |
| | Training CNN from scratch |
| | Using pretrained convnets |
| 9 | Deep learning for text and sequences |
| 10 | One hot encoding |
| | Word embedding |
| | Understanding Vanilla Recurrent neural network |
| | RNN model |

| | Backpropagation through timeVanishing gradients with RNN |
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| 11 | Gated recurrent unit (GRU) |
| 12 | • Long short-term memory (LSTM) |
| 13 | Bidirectional LSTM |
| | Attention mechanism |
| 14 | Generative adversarial network (GANs) |
| 15 | Project discussions |
| 16 | Final exam |