

What the Ceiling Means: Constructive Schools, Physical Actualisation, and the Fine Structure of BISH+LPO

A Lean 4 Formalization (Paper 43)

Paul Chun-Kit Lee*
New York University
`dr.paul.c.lee@gmail.com`

February 2026

Paper 43 of the Constructive Reverse Mathematics Programme

Abstract

Paper 40 established that the logical resources required for all empirical predictions in known physics are exactly BISH + LPO. This paper asks what that ceiling means. The constructive mathematics community contains three schools—Bishop, Brouwer, and Markov—that disagree about which principles beyond BISH are legitimate. We show that the programme’s calibration table, read through these three schools, localizes their disagreement to a single principle: Markov’s Principle (MP). LPO strictly implies MP (five-line proof), so the BISH + LPO ceiling already contains MP. The mathematical content of radioactive decay is BISH: the detection time $t_0 = (\log(1/\varepsilon) + 1)/\lambda$ is a computable witness requiring no omniscience principle. What requires MP is *physical actualisation*—the step from “the probability of eternal survival is zero” to “this specific atom actually decays.” This step requires Cournot’s Principle (a physical postulate, not a theorem) followed by MP. The same three-step chain—BISH computation, Cournot exclusion, MP witness extraction—governs Poincaré recurrence and false vacuum decay. Three readings of the calibration table are defensible: strict Bishopian (BISH alone), standard (BISH + LPO, Paper 40’s position), and inclusive (BISH + LPO + MP, which reduces to BISH + LPO since $\text{LPO} \Rightarrow \text{MP}$). The programme does not choose between readings. It reports where the three schools draw different lines through the same table. This paper corrects a framing in Paper 22; nothing is retracted. The LEAN 4 formalization (12 files, ~ 770 lines, zero `sorry`) is archived at `doi:10.5281/zenodo.18665418`.

1 Introduction: Not Extending the Ceiling—Interpreting It

Papers 1–39 established that the axiom cost of every empirical prediction in known physics falls within BISH + LPO [8, 11]. Paper 40 defended this ceiling against objections. Papers 41–42 applied the framework as a diagnostic tool—to the AdS/CFT correspondence [12] and the cosmological constant problem [13], respectively. This paper changes direction. It does not add a new physical system to the calibration table. It asks what the completed table reveals about the foundations of constructive mathematics itself.

The calibration table has approximately 60 entries across 12 physics domains. All sit at BISH or LPO, with the Fan Theorem entering only as dispensable scaffolding (Papers 23, 30, 31).

*New York University. AI-assisted formalization; see §10 for methodology.

What does this uniformity tell us? The answer: it tells different things to different schools of constructive mathematics, and the disagreement localizes to one principle—Markov’s Principle.

A consultant review of Paper 22 (February 2026) identified two points. *The correction:* LPO strictly implies MP. Paper 22 implied MP was independent of LPO—this is wrong. MP sits strictly below LPO in the hierarchy. *The confirmation:* the exponential decay witness $t_0 = -\ln(\varepsilon)/\lambda$ is computable for any known positive rate. The mathematical content of radioactive decay is BISH. MP enters not through the probability calculation but through the physical interpretation: asserting that a specific atom actually decays.

This paper formalizes three small results ($\text{LPO} \Rightarrow \text{MP}$, detection time is BISH, Poincaré non-return set has measure zero), three actualisation proofs (radioactive decay, Poincaré recurrence, false vacuum decay), and a reinterpretation of the calibration table through three constructive schools. It does not extend the ceiling.

2 The Three Schools

2.1 Bishop’s BISH

Bishop’s constructive mathematics [1] uses only constructive methods: every existence claim must come with a computable witness. BISH neither accepts nor rejects any principle beyond its core methods. It is compatible with classical mathematics, with Brouwer’s intuitionism, and with Markov’s Russian constructivism. This deliberate neutrality is a strategic choice: BISH is the minimal common ground on which all schools agree. The programme’s calibration operates over BISH precisely because it is the only base accepted by everyone.

2.2 Brouwer’s Intuitionism

Brouwer’s programme (1920s) rejects the law of excluded middle for infinite collections, and with it LPO, MP, and all omniscience principles. It accepts the Fan Theorem and bar induction, which arise from the theory of choice sequences—Brouwer’s distinctive ontological commitment. The key demand: existence claims must provide bounded constructions. A search that “cannot fail” but has no deadline is not a construction. This is why Brouwer rejects MP: the inference from $\neg(\forall n, \alpha(n) = 0)$ to $\exists n, \alpha(n) = 1$ asserts that an unbounded search terminates, without supplying a bound.

2.3 Markov’s Russian Constructivism

The Russian school [4] accepts MP and Church’s Thesis—the thesis that every function on the natural numbers is computable. Under Church’s Thesis, MP becomes provable: a computable search that cannot fail will terminate if you run it, because a computable function that is not identically zero on every input must produce a nonzero output at some finite step. The Russian school rejects LPO because decidability of $\forall n, \alpha(n) = 0$ is not guaranteed even under Church’s Thesis—the halting problem prevents it.

2.4 The Unique Point of Disagreement

MP is the unique principle where the three major schools have three distinct positions: acceptance (Markov), rejection (Brouwer), and deliberate silence (Bishop). LPO is rejected by both Brouwer and Markov. FT is accepted by Brouwer and rejected by Markov. Only MP produces a genuine three-way split. The programme’s calibration table cuts through exactly this disagreement.

Principle	Bishop	Brouwer	Markov
BISH core	Accepts	Accepts	Accepts
LPO	Silent	Rejects	Rejects
WLPO	Silent	Rejects	Rejects
LLPO	Silent	Rejects	Rejects
FT	Silent	Accepts	Rejects
MP	Silent	Rejects	Accepts

Table 1: Positions of the three constructive schools on each principle. MP is the unique principle with three distinct positions.

3 The Hierarchy: LPO Strictly Implies MP

3.1 Theorem 1

Theorem 3.1 ($LPO \Rightarrow MP$). *Over BISH, the Limited Principle of Omniscience strictly implies Markov’s Principle.*

Proof. Let $\alpha : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \text{Bool}$ satisfy $\neg(\forall n, \alpha(n) = \text{false})$. Apply LPO to α : either $(\exists n, \alpha(n) = \text{true})$ or $(\forall n, \alpha(n) = \text{false})$. The second disjunct contradicts the hypothesis. Therefore the first holds. \square

This is pure logic. The LEAN 4 formalization requires only `propext`.

3.2 The Partial Order

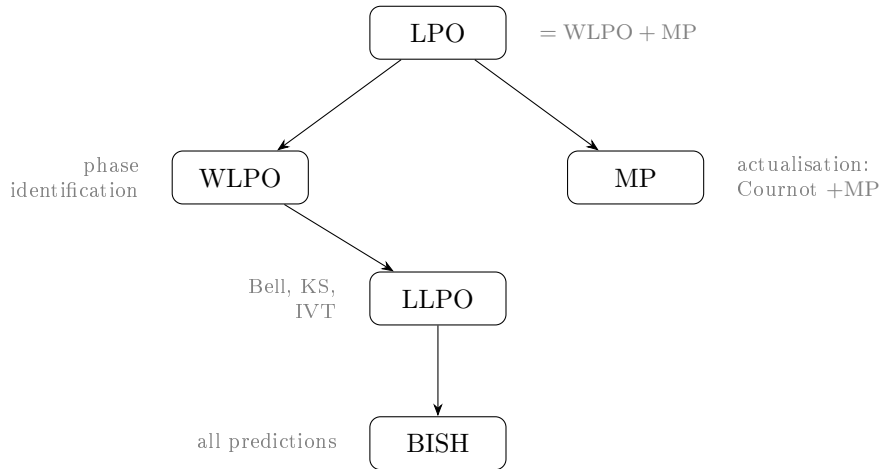


Figure 1: The partial order of omniscience principles with physical annotations. WLPO and MP are independent; their join is LPO (Ishihara, 2006). FT and DC are independent of the entire chain and dispensable for physics [9].

Key relationships: $WLPO + MP = LPO$ (Ishihara [6]). WLPO and MP are independent—neither implies the other (model-theoretic separation). LLPO is independent of MP (Bridges and Richman [2]). The Fan Theorem is independent of all the above and enters physics only as scaffolding (Paper 23).

3.3 Consequence for the Ceiling

The BISH + LPO ceiling already contains MP. Any physical system whose calibration involves a thermodynamic limit—computed via Fekete’s Subadditive Lemma (Paper 29: Fekete

\equiv LPO [10])—automatically has MP available. No new tier is needed. This corrects Paper 22’s implicit framing that MP represented a cost beyond the existing ceiling.

Paper 23 [9] established that the Fan Theorem is independent of LPO, MP, and the entire omniscience chain. The hierarchy therefore has four distinct roles in mathematical physics: LPO (thermodynamic limits), WLPO (phase identification), LLPO (quantum foundations), MP (actualisation), and FT (scaffolding)—with FT and DC dispensable.

4 The BISH Content of Exponential Decay

4.1 Theorem 2

Theorem 4.1 (Detection time is BISH). *For all $\lambda > 0$ and $\varepsilon \in (0, 1)$, there exists a computable t_0 such that $\exp(-\lambda t_0) < \varepsilon$. The witness is*

$$t_0 = \frac{\log(1/\varepsilon) + 1}{\lambda}.$$

Proof. Positivity: Since $\varepsilon < 1$, we have $1/\varepsilon > 1$, so $\log(1/\varepsilon) > 0$, hence $\log(1/\varepsilon) + 1 > 0$, and $t_0 > 0$ (dividing by $\lambda > 0$). *Bound:* $\lambda \cdot t_0 = \log(1/\varepsilon) + 1 > \log(1/\varepsilon)$, so $\exp(-\lambda t_0) < \exp(-\log(1/\varepsilon)) = \varepsilon$. \square

This is BISH: an explicit formula, no limits, no search, no omniscience.

4.2 Correction of Paper 22

Paper 22 proved that “eventual decay for a rate λ known only to be nonzero” is equivalent to MP. This formal equivalence is correct and is not retracted. The binary-sequence encoding (where λ encodes a sequence with $\neg(\lambda = 0)$ but not $\lambda \neq 0$) makes this a valid mathematical equivalence.

But the physical situation is different. A measured decay rate λ_0 is a known positive rational (with error bars). For any such λ_0 , the detection time t_0 is a closed-form BISH witness. The MP content enters not through computing the probability or the detection time—both BISH—but through asserting that a specific atom actually decays (§5).

4.3 Significance

Every computable quantity in exponential decay—the survival probability, the detection time, the probability distribution, the moments—is BISH. No omniscience principle is needed for the mathematics. The distinction between mathematical prediction (BISH) and physical actualisation (MP) is the central structural finding of this paper.

5 Cournot’s Principle and Physical Actualisation

5.1 The Postulate

Definition 5.1 (Cournot’s Principle, 1843). An event whose probability is zero does not occur in a single realisation of the experiment.

This is not a theorem. It is a physical postulate [5]—the bridge between mathematical probability and empirical physics. Without Cournot’s Principle, probability theory describes ensembles and limiting frequencies. It says nothing about what happens to a specific atom in a specific experiment. With Cournot’s Principle, measure-zero exclusions become physical impossibilities: if the set of eternal survivors has probability zero, then this atom is not an eternal survivor.

5.2 The Three-Step Actualisation Chain

For radioactive decay with rate $\lambda > 0$:

1. **BISH**: $P(\text{survive forever}) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \exp(-\lambda t) = 0$. Computable limit of a computable function. The eternal survival set has measure zero.
2. **Cournot**: The actual atom's trajectory does not belong to the measure-zero eternal survival set. Therefore: $\neg(\forall t, \text{undecayed at } t)$.
3. **MP**: From $\neg(\forall t, \text{undecayed at } t)$, extract $\exists t$, decayed by t .

Step 1 is mathematics. Step 2 is a physical postulate. Step 3 is Markov's Principle. The chain is: $\text{BISH} \rightarrow \text{Cournot} \rightarrow \neg\forall \rightarrow \text{MP} \rightarrow \exists$.

5.3 What Each School Says

Brouwer accepts step 1. Rejects step 3—the $\neg\forall \rightarrow \exists$ inference is illegitimate without a bounded construction. Also suspicious of step 2 as a mathematical principle (Cournot is physics, not mathematics). Conclusion: mathematics can compute all probabilities but cannot assert actual decay.

Markov accepts all three steps. Step 3 is exactly MP, which the Russian school endorses. The atom decays because a process that cannot fail to terminate does terminate. Conclusion: actual decay is a legitimate mathematical consequence.

Bishop accepts step 1. Takes no position on steps 2–3. BISH computes the probabilities. Whether you additionally assert actual decay is outside BISH's scope. Conclusion: the mathematical content is constructive; the rest is your problem.

This is not an academic disagreement. It concerns whether mathematical physics can assert that unstable things actually fall apart. The three most influential schools of constructive mathematics give three different answers to the most basic physical process imaginable.

6 Poincaré Recurrence and False Vacuum Decay

6.1 Poincaré Recurrence: BISH Content

Theorem 6.1 (Non-return set has measure zero). *Let φ be a measure-preserving map on a finite measure space (X, μ) . For any measurable set A , let $B = \{x \in A : \forall k \geq 1, \varphi^k(x) \notin A\}$. Then $\mu(B) = 0$.*

Proof sketch. The preimages $\varphi^{-n}(B)$ are pairwise disjoint (combinatorial, BISH) and equimeasured (measure preservation, BISH). If $\mu(B) > 0$, their union has infinite measure, contradicting $\mu(X) < \infty$. So $\mu(B) = 0$. BISH throughout. \square

The LEAN 4 formalization wraps MATHLIB4's `Conservative.measure_mem_forall_ge_image_notMem_eq_z`

6.2 Poincaré Recurrence: MP Content

“This specific orbit returns to A ” requires Cournot ($\omega \notin B$ since $\mu(B) = 0$) followed by MP ($\neg\forall \rightarrow \exists$). The logical structure is identical to radioactive decay.

Notable difference. Unlike radioactive decay, Poincaré recurrence has no computable return time. Theorem 4.1 gives an explicit BISH detection time for decay. The return time for Poincaré recurrence depends on Diophantine properties of the orbit and is generally not computable. Yet the logical cost is the same: Cournot + MP. The non-computability of the return time adds nothing to the logical cost. The obstacle is witness quality (no bound available), not the principle needed (still MP).

6.3 False Vacuum Decay

The false vacuum tunnelling rate Γ/V is computable from the bounce action via Picard iteration (BISH). The survival probability $P(T) = \exp(-(\Gamma/V) \cdot V \cdot T)$ is computable for all finite T . The detection time is computable. The probability of eternal metastability is zero.

The actualisation assertion—“the false vacuum eventually decays somewhere”—is Cournot +MP. Structurally identical to radioactive decay. In the LEAN 4 formalization, `vacuum_decays_mp` is defined as `atom_decays_mp` with the tunnelling rate in place of the decay rate.

6.4 The Pattern

System	Math. prediction	Physical actualisation
Radioactive decay	BISH (detection time)	Cournot +MP
Poincaré recurrence	BISH ($\mu = 0$)	Cournot +MP
False vacuum decay	BISH (detection time)	Cournot +MP

Table 2: Three physically distinct systems, one logical mechanism, the same axiom cost.

7 Three Readings of the Calibration Table

7.1 The Strict Bishopian Reading

Physics = computable predictions only. Every quantity an experiment can check to finite precision is BISH. LPO enters through the thermodynamic limit, which is a mathematical idealisation—no experiment measures an infinite system. Under this reading, the logical constitution of measured physics is **BISH alone**. LPO is the cost of a useful idealisation. MP is irrelevant.

This reading is defensible but radical. It says phase transitions do not “really” happen—there is no sharp Curie temperature, just a very steep crossover. Many physicists would object. But the objection is physical, not logical.

7.2 The Standard Reading (Paper 40)

Physics = computable predictions + thermodynamic limits. The infinite-volume limit is part of physics because physicists use it, its predictions are confirmed, and the alternative (working only with finite systems) is computationally intractable. LPO is genuinely required. Under this reading, the logical constitution is BISH + LPO. MP is subsumed (since $LPO \Rightarrow MP$).

This is Paper 40’s position and the programme’s default reading.

7.3 The Inclusive Reading

Physics = computable predictions + thermodynamic limits + physical actualisation. The assertion “this atom decays” is an empirical prediction, confirmed trillions of times. Cournot’s Principle is a physical commitment. MP is part of the logical constitution. Under this reading: BISH + LPO + MP. But $LPO \Rightarrow MP$, so this reduces to BISH + LPO. The MP content is present but not independent—automatically subsidized by the thermodynamic limit.

This reading adds nothing to the ceiling but makes explicit that actualisation is a distinct physical commitment with a distinct logical signature.

7.4 What the Programme Contributes

The programme does not choose between these readings. It provides the measurements that make the choice precise. Before the programme, “how much non-constructive reasoning does physics need?” was a vague philosophical question. After the programme, it is a question with three precise answers—BISH, BISH+LPO, or BISH+LPO+MP—corresponding to three precise demarcation choices. The measurements are the same regardless of which reading you adopt. This is the paper’s central contribution: the meta-mathematical precision of the question, not the answer.

8 The Fine Structure of the Ceiling

8.1 Three Universal Mechanisms

Principle	Mechanism	Physical context
LPO	Fekete’s Subadditive Lemma	Finite \rightarrow infinite volume
LLPO	Intermediate Value Theorem	Root-finding, measurement
MP	Cournot $+\neg\forall \rightarrow \exists$	Probability \rightarrow actuality

Table 3: Each principle enters physics through a single mechanism across all calibrations examined.

8.2 Nature at the Disputed Border

Of all principles in the constructive hierarchy, MP is the one the three schools disagree about. And MP governs the most basic physical process imaginable: a single unstable thing decaying. Not a phase transition (LPO). Not a quantum foundation result (LLPO). Not a compactness argument (FT). Just: a thing falls apart, eventually.

The programme cannot determine whether this is a deep fact or a coincidence. But it can state precisely what the coincidence is: the physical process of stochastic actualisation—the passage from “probability says this will happen” to “it actually happens”—sits at exactly the principle where the constructive schools part company. The structure of the MP step—from $\neg\forall$ to \exists for outcomes of a random process—is identical to a well-studied phenomenon in constructive probability theory. A Martin-Löf random binary sequence cannot be identically zero (BISH, since $\{000\dots\}$ has measure zero). But asserting that a specific random sequence has a 1 somewhere requires MP. The literature on constructive measure theory (Bishop [1]; Spitters; Chan) has explored this boundary from the mathematical side. The programme adds the physical side.

9 Relation to the Programme

9.1 Paper 22 (Markov Decay)

Paper 22 established the formal equivalence between eventual decay (binary-sequence encoding) and MP. Paper 43 corrects the framing: the mathematical prediction is BISH; MP enters only through physical actualisation. Paper 22’s formal results are correct and not retracted. Six interpretive edits are specified in the proof document. The $LPO \Rightarrow MP$ proof was always implicit in the hierarchy but not previously stated in the programme.

9.2 Paper 23 (Fan Theorem)

Paper 23 [9] established that the Fan Theorem is equivalent to CompactOptimization and independent of LPO, MP, WLPO, and LLPO. Paper 43 completes the logical map: the four distinct roles in mathematical physics are LPO (thermodynamic limits), LLPO (quantum foundations), MP (actualisation), and FT (scaffolding). Of these, FT and DC are dispensable. The three indispensable principles—LPO, LLPO, MP—sit in a single partial order with LPO at the top.

9.3 Paper 40 (The Ceiling)

Paper 40 [11] declared BISH + LPO as the ceiling. Paper 43 does not change this verdict. The three readings of the calibration table (§7) show that Paper 40’s position is one of three defensible choices—but all three yield the same formal ceiling (BISH + LPO), since MP is subsumed.

9.4 Paper 29 (Fekete/LPO)

Paper 29 [10] established that Fekete’s Subadditive Lemma is equivalent to LPO. Since $LPO \Rightarrow MP$, every system calibrated at LPO via Fekete automatically has MP available. The actualisation cost is always subsidized by the thermodynamic limit cost. This is why the ceiling does not extend.

10 Lean 4 Formalization

10.1 Code Architecture

```
P43_Actualisation/  
  Defs/           Principles.lean, Cournot.lean, Decay.lean  
  Hierarchy/      LPOImpliesMP.lean  
  BISHContent/    ExponentialWitness.lean, PoincareMeasure.lean  
  Actualisation/  RadioactiveDecay.lean, PoincarePointwise.lean,  
                  FalseVacuum.lean  
  Assembly/       FineStructure.lean, AxiomAudit.lean  
  Main.lean
```

Twelve source files, approximately 770 lines. Builds with `lake build` on LEAN 4 4.28.0 with MATHLIB4. Zero errors, zero `sorry`, zero warnings.

AI-assisted formalization methodology. The LEAN 4 code was developed with AI assistance (Claude, Anthropic). All proofs are machine-checked by the LEAN 4 4 type checker. The AI assistant proposed proof strategies; the type checker verified correctness. No proof step relies on AI judgment alone.

10.2 Bridge Axioms

Two custom axioms:

1. **cournot**—Cournot’s Principle, encoding the physical postulate that measure-zero events do not occur in single realisations.
2. **survival_prob_zero**—a bridge from the exponential probability model to the measure-space formulation.

Markov’s Principle appears as a *hypothesis* in theorem statements, not as an axiom—this is by design. The programme takes principles as hypotheses, allowing the formalization to remain agnostic about which school is adopted.

10.3 Code Vignette: The Actualisation Chain

```

1 theorem atom_decays_mp
2   {0 : Type*} [MeasurableSpace 0] {u : Measure 0}
3   (hMP : MarkovPrinciple)
4   (decayed : 0 -> N -> Bool)
5   (undecayed : 0 -> N -> Prop)
6   (h_equiv : forall w t, undecayed w t <=> decayed w t = false)
7   (rate : R) (hr : 0 < rate)
8   (h_model : forall t, u {w | undecayed w t} =
9     ENNReal.ofReal (survivalProb rate t))
10  (w : 0) :
11    exists t, decayed w t = true := by
12  apply hMP (fun n => decayed w n)      -- Step 3: MP
13  intro h_all_false
14  apply not_eternal_survival undecayed rate hr h_model w
15                                     -- Step 2: Cournot
16  intro t
17  rw [h_equiv]                        -- Step 1: BISH encoding
18  exact h_all_false t

```

Listing 1: The three-step actualisation chain for radioactive decay (RadioactiveDecay.lean).

The three-step chain is visible in the proof term: MP is applied first (outermost), then Cournot (via `not_eternal_survival`), then the BISH encoding (rewriting via `h_equiv`).

10.4 CRM Audit

Module	Custom axioms	Infrastructure
Hierarchy (LPO \rightarrow MP, etc.)	None	<code>propext</code>
BISH content (Thms. 2, 3)	None	<code>propext</code> , <code>Classical.choice</code>
Actualisation (decay, rec., vac.)	<code>cournot</code> , <code>survival_prob_zero</code>	<code>propext</code> , <code>Classical.choice</code>
Assembly (fine structure)	None	<code>propext</code> , <code>Classical.choice</code>

Table 4: CRM axiom audit summary. `Classical.choice` and `Quot.sound` appear through MATHLIB4’s real number infrastructure (Cauchy completion), not through proof content. Constructive stratification is established by proof content, not by axiom checker output (Paper 10, §Methodology).

11 Reproducibility

The complete LEAN 4.4 formalization is archived at [doi:10.5281/zenodo.18665418](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18665418).

- **Toolchain:** `leanprover/lean4:v4.28.0`.
- **Dependency:** MATHLIB4 (pinned via `lake-manifest.json`).
- **Build:** `cd P43_Actualisation && lake exe cache get && lake build`.
- **Result:** 0 errors, 0 sorry, 0 warnings. Twelve source files, ~ 770 lines.
- All theorems verified by the LEAN 4.4 type checker. The axiom audit (`Assembly/AxiomAudit.lean`) confirms that BISH theorems use only MATHLIB4 infrastructure, hierarchy theorems use `propext` only, and actualisation theorems add exactly the two declared bridge axioms.

References

- [1] E. Bishop, *Foundations of Constructive Analysis*, McGraw-Hill (1967).

- [2] D. Bridges and F. Richman, *Varieties of Constructive Mathematics*, Cambridge University Press (1987).
- [3] D. Bridges and L. Vita, *Techniques of Constructive Analysis*, Springer (2006).
- [4] A. A. Markov, *Theory of Algorithms*, Trudy Mat. Inst. Steklov **42** (1954).
- [5] A. A. Cournot, *Exposition de la Théorie des Chances et des Probabilités*, Hachette (1843).
- [6] H. Ishihara, “Constructive reverse mathematics: compactness properties,” in *From Sets and Types to Topology and Analysis*, Oxford Logic Guides 48, Oxford University Press (2005), pp. 245–267.
- [7] G. Shafer and V. Vovk, *Probability and Finance: It’s Only a Game!*, Wiley (2001).
- [8] P. C.-K. Lee, “Paper 10: Calibration table and methodology,” CRM Programme (2026).
- [9] P. C.-K. Lee, “Paper 23: The Fan Theorem and the constructive cost of optimization,” CRM Programme (2026).
- [10] P. C.-K. Lee, “Paper 29: Fekete’s Subadditive Lemma is equivalent to LPO,” CRM Programme (2026). doi:10.5281/zenodo.18632776.
- [11] P. C.-K. Lee, “Paper 40: Defending the BISH+LPO ceiling,” CRM Programme (2026). doi:10.5281/zenodo.18654773.
- [12] P. C.-K. Lee, “Paper 41: Axiom calibration of the AdS/CFT correspondence,” CRM Programme (2026). doi:10.5281/zenodo.18654780.
- [13] P. C.-K. Lee, “Paper 42: Axiom calibration of the cosmological constant problem,” CRM Programme (2026). doi:10.5281/zenodo.18654789.
- [14] V. Brattka, G. Gherardi, and A. Marcone, “The Bolzano–Weierstrass theorem is the jump of weak König’s lemma,” *Annals of Pure and Applied Logic* **163**(6), 623–655 (2012).
- [15] M. Fekete, “Über die Verteilung der Wurzeln bei gewissen algebraischen Gleichungen mit ganzzahligen Koeffizienten,” *Mathematische Zeitschrift* **17**, 228–249 (1923).