SQL代码 次日/3日/7日/14日/29日留存率计算

```
select new_3.new_date as 新增日期,
      new 3.s2 as 日新增用户,
      sum(if(new 3.cmu day=2,new 3.s1,0)) as 次日留存用户,
      sum(if(new_3.cmu_day=4,new_3.s1,0)) as 3日留存用户,
      sum(if(new_3.cmu_day=8,new_3.s1,0)) as 7日留存用户,
      sum(if(new_3.cmu_day=15,new_3.s1,0)) as 14日留存用户,
       sum(if(new 3.cmu day=30,new 3.s1,0)) as 29日留存用户,
      concat(round(100*sum(if(new_3.cmu_day=2,new_3.s1,0))/new_3.s2,2),'%') as 次日留存率,
      concat(round(100*sum(if(new_3.cmu_day=4,new_3.s1,0))/new_3.s2,2),'%') as 3日留存率,
      concat(round(100*sum(if(new_3.cmu_day=8,new_3.s1,0))/new_3.s2,2),'%') as 7日留存率,
      concat(round(100*sum(if(new_3.cmu_day=15,new_3.s1,0))/new_3.s2,2),'%') as 14日留存率,
       concat(round(100*sum(if(new_3.cmu_day=30,new_3.s1,0))/new_3.s2,2),'%') as 29日留存率
from
(
     select new_1.new_date,
           new 1.act date,
           new 1.cmu day,
           new 1.s1, new 2.s2
     from
         select new_date,
                act_date,
                cmu_day,
                sum(`number`)as s1
         from 数据库新.baidu
     group by new_date,act_date
     having cmu day =1 or cmu day =2 or cmu day =4
           or cmu_day =8 or cmu_day =15 or cmu_day =30
     ) as new 1
     inner join
     (
          select new date,
                cmu day,
                sum(`number`) as s2
                from 数据库新.baidu
                group by new_date,act_date
                having cmu_day =1
     )as new_2
    on new 1.new date = new 2.new date
)as new 3
group by new_3.new_date
```