

**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC** 



# MechaChain

# Audit

Security Assessment 11. February, 2022

For



MECHACHAIN

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Version	Date	Description
1.0	11. February 2022	<ul><li>Layout project</li><li>Automated-/Manual-Security Testing</li><li>Summary</li></ul>

#### Network

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

#### Website

https://mechachain.io/en/

# **Telegram**

https://t.me/mechachain

# **Twitter**

https://twitter.com/mechachain

#### Discord

https://discord.gg/kMJCNaWaNz

# **Description**

MechaChain is a 3D play-to-earn video game about robot combat and space conquest. Each robot, called "Mecha", is a collection of NFT composed of robot parts, which can be purchased online with the game cryptocurrency called Mechanium, Ethereum, or by card. These parts once assembled give birth to a robot in a PvP fighting video game.

The player earns Mechanium by winning battles, and can trade and buy new parts to become the best MechaChain pilot.

# **Project Engagement**

During the 9th of February 2022, **MechaChain Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

# Logo



# Contract Link

- · Github
  - https://github.com/thibautvdu/MechaChain-Smart-Contracts/ tree/develop/contracts
  - · Commit: 678acde6e82a5c049c8e0707cb8095cfa8c3218e

# **Vulnerability & Risk Level**

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

# Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

# Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
  - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
  - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
  - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

# **Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)**

### Imported packages:

Dependency / Import Path	Count
@openzeppelin/contracts/access/AccessControl.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/utils/SafeERC20.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/math/SafeMath.sol	1



# **Tested Contract Files**

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

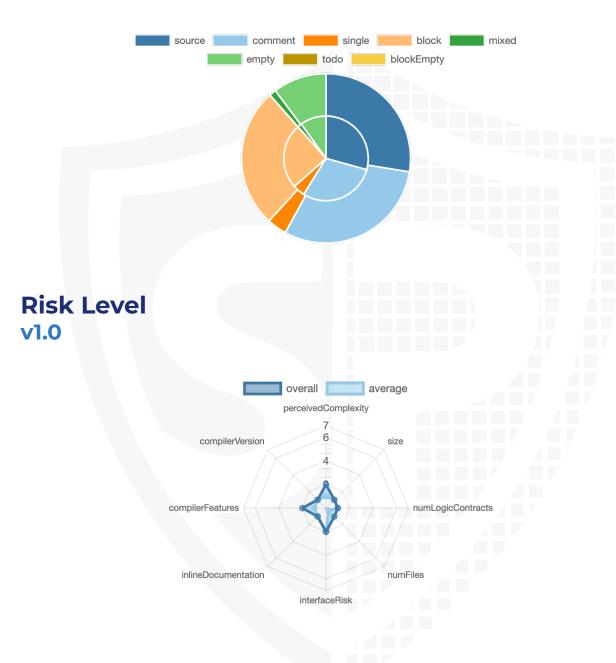
A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

#### **v1.0**

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/MechaniumVestingWallet.sol	007f9143ba862fdf36b492154d551760f29fc58b
contracts/IMechaniumVestingWallet.sol	44c81af9534c74f4d64ddf09fe768ee88e2782cf
contracts/MechaniumGrowthVestingWallet.sol	5be660fffeccd17bf46e803b1fdac01311a3be6e

# **Metrics**

# Source Lines v1.0



# **Capabilities**

# Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	2	0	1	0

# **Exposed Functions**

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Version	Public	Payable
1.0	20	0

Version	External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
1.0	10	4	0	0	18

# **State Variables**

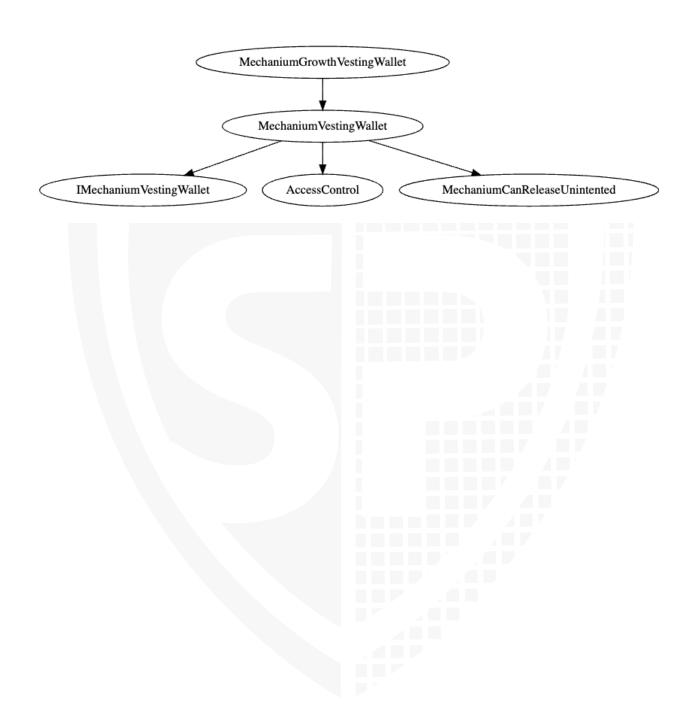
Version	Total	Public
1.0	7	1

# **Capabilities**

Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experim ental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembl Y	Has Destroya ble Contract s
1.0	^0.8.2				

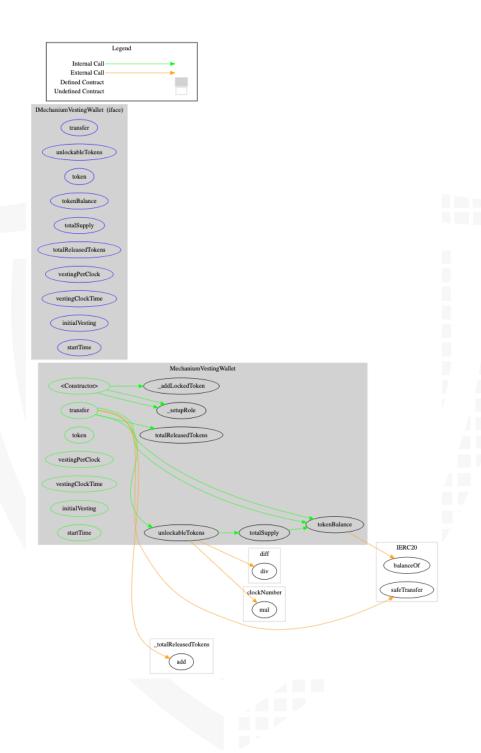
Version	Transfer s ETH	Low- Level Calls	Deleg ateCa II	Uses Hash Function s	EC Rec ove r	New/ Create/ Create2
1.0				yes		

# Inheritance Graph v1.0



# CallGraph

# v1.0



# **Scope of Work/Verify Claims**

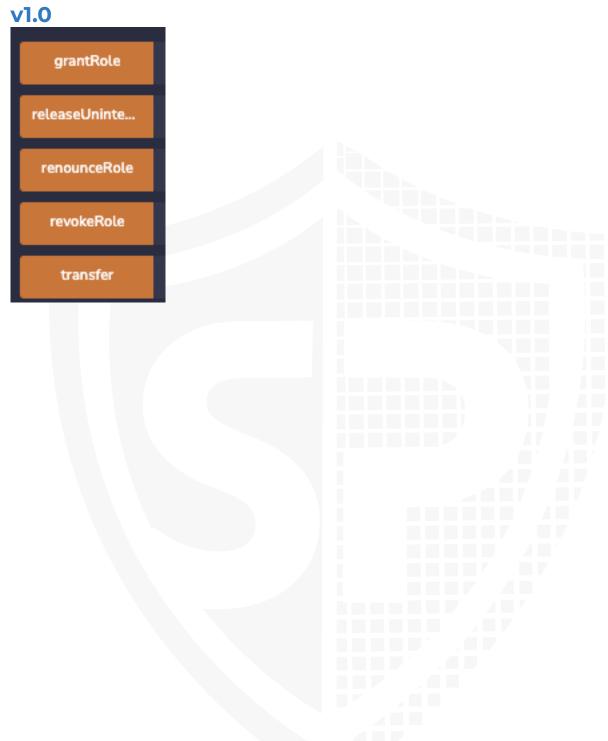
The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

1. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)



# Write functions of contract v1.0



# **Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)**

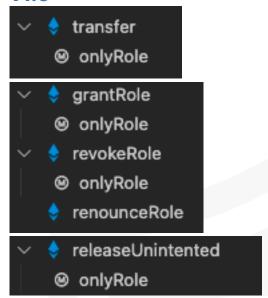


#### Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verfified / Checked	$\checkmark$
Partly Verified	<b>P</b>
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	-

# **Modifiers and public functions**

#### **v1.0**



#### **Comments**

- Only addresses with
  - TRANSFER\_ROLE
    - can use transfer function
  - DEFAULT\_ADMIN\_ROLE
    - · Can use releaseUnintented function

# **Source Units in Scope**

# v1.0

Туре	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
2	contracts/MechaniumVestingWallet.sol	1		214	209	94	86	67	HH
Q	contracts/IMechaniumVestingWallet.sol		1	61	15	3	37	21	
9	contracts/MechaniumGrowthVestingWallet.sol	1		26	26	12	14	4	
Q	Totals	2	1	301	250	109	137	92	뙚

# Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)

# **Audit Results**

# **AUDIT PASSED**

# **Critical issues**

# No critical issues

# **High issues**

# No high issues

# **Medium issues**

# No medium issues

# Low issues

Issue	File	Туре	Line	Description
#1	IMecha niumCa nReleas eUninte nted	A floating pragma is set	2	The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.2"".
#2	IMecha niumVe stingWa llet	A floating pragma is set	2	The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.2"".
#3	Mechan iumCan Release Uninten ted	A floating pragma is set	2	The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.2"".
#4	Mechan iumGro wthVest ingWall et	A floating pragma is set	2	The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.2"".

#5 Mechan A float iumVest ingWall et	ing pragma is set	2	The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.2"".
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# Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	IMecha niumVe stingWa Ilet	Misspelling	See description	<ul> <li>Change following:</li> <li>Mechanim to Mechanium L5</li> <li>MechaniumCanReleaseUnintented to MechaniumCanReleaseUnintended L19, L8</li> <li>transfered to transferred L74</li> <li>Change variables/functions/interfaces/imports etc. everywhere else</li> </ul>
#2	IMecha niumCa nReleas eUninte nted	MIsspelling	See description	Change following:  - Mechanim to Mechanium L5  - IMechaniumCanReleaseU nintented to IMechaniumCanReleaseU nintended L10  - unintented to unintended L12, L12, L13  - releaseUnintented to releaseUnintended L18  Change variables/functions/interfaces/imports etc. everywhere else

#3	Mechan iumCan Release Uninten ted	MIsspelling	See description	<ul> <li>Change following:</li> <li>IMechaniumCanReleaseU nintented to IMechaniumCanReleaseU nintended L6, L14</li> <li>ReleaseUintentedTokens to ReleaseUnintendedTokens L23, L83</li> <li>unintented to unintended L21, L47</li> <li>releaseUnintented to releaseUnintended L52</li> <li>Change variables/functions/interfaces etc. everywhere else</li> </ul>
#4	Mechan iumVest ingWall et	MIsspelling	See description	<ul> <li>Change following:</li> <li>IMechaniumCanReleaseU nintented to         IMechaniumCanReleaseU nintended L8, L19</li> <li>transfered to transferred L74</li> <li>Change variables/functions/interfaces etc. everywhere else</li> </ul>

# **Testing Protocol**

## MechaniumGrowthVestingWallet

- √ Smart contract should be deployed (153ms)
- ✓ DAO account should not have TRANSFER\_ROLE yet
- ✓ Admin should be able to set TRANSFER\_ROLE
- 6) Random user should not be able to set TRANSFER\_ROLE
- > No events were emitted
- 7) Admin should not be able to release unintented \$MECHA
- > No events were emitted
- ✓ Admin should be able to release unintented \$MECHABIS
- 8) Admin should not be able to release unintented ETH (Reason: insufficient balance)
  - > No events were emitted
  - ✓ Admin should be able to release unintented ETH
  - 9) DAO account should not be able to set TRANSFER\_ROLE
  - > No events were emitted

- 10) DAO account should not be able to set DEFAULT\_ADMIN\_ROLE
- > No events were emitted
- ✓ Anyone can see the current balance (equal to 8 000 000 after deployment)
  - ✓ Anyone can see the vesting Per Clock (15%)
  - ✓ Anyone can see the vesting Clock Time (6 months)
  - ✓ Anyone can see the initial vesting (40%)
  - ✓ Anyone can see the start Time (days of deployment)
- ✓ Anyone can see the number of tokens that have been transferred (0 for now)
- ✓ Anyone can see the current balance of unlocked tokens (3 200 000 after deployment)
  - 11) Random user should not be able to transfer tokens
  - > No events were emitted
  - 12) DAO can't transfer more tokens than the schedule allows
  - > No events were emitted
- ✓ DAO can transfer 40% of the tokens after deployment on multiple transactions and to any address
  - ✓ DAO can transfer +15% of the tokens (after 6 months)
  - ✓ DAO can transfer 100% of the tokens (after 18 new months)
  - 13) DAO can't transfer more tokens now
  - > No events were emitted
  - ✓ Anyone can see the total supply (always equal to 8 000 000)
  - ✓ [BONUS] The owner can add new tokens (+1 000 \$MECHA)
  - √ [BONUS] can transfer the new tokens (related to the first calendar)

## **Audit Comments**

## 11. February 2022:

· Read whole report for more information

# **SWC Attacks**

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>36</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>35</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>34</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>33</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>32</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>31</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>30</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>29</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>28</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
SW C-1 25	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>24</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>23</u>	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
SW C-1 21	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
SW C-1 20	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>7</u>	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-1 09	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-1 07	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>06</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>05</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
SW C-1 04	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
SW C-1 03	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>02</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>00</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED



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