# MPC in DSGE models

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### **Summary**

- Developed a DSGE model environment
- Implemented a way to control the system via the interest rate
- Analysed simple policies
- Developed MPC for the setting

#### **DSGE** in brief

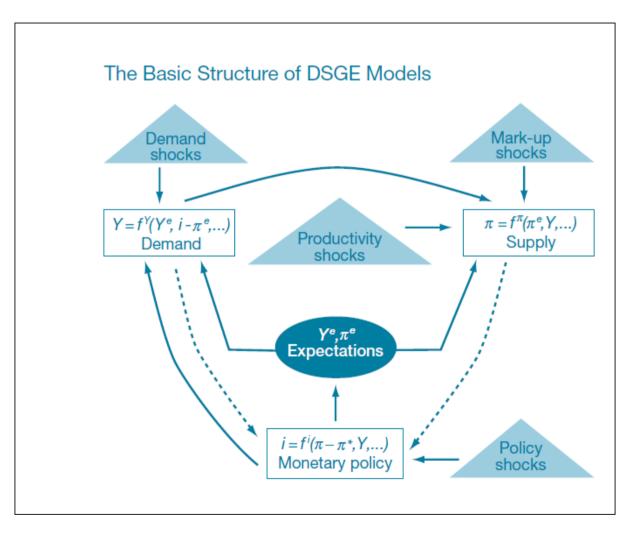
- Allows for explicit simulation of agents' actions
- Stochastic, dynamic, general
- Can be linearized to get less computationally intensive solution:

$$y_{t} = E_{t}y_{t+1} - (r_{t} - \bar{r}) + g_{t}$$

$$i_{t} = r_{t} + E_{t}\pi_{t+1}$$

$$i_{t} = \bar{r} + \pi^{T} + \phi_{\pi}(\pi_{t} - \pi^{T}) + \phi_{y}(y_{t} - \bar{y}) + v_{t}$$

$$\pi_{t} - \pi^{T} = \beta \left(E_{t}\pi_{t+1} - \pi^{T}\right) + \kappa(y_{t} - \bar{y}) + u_{t},$$



Source: Sbordon et. al. 2010

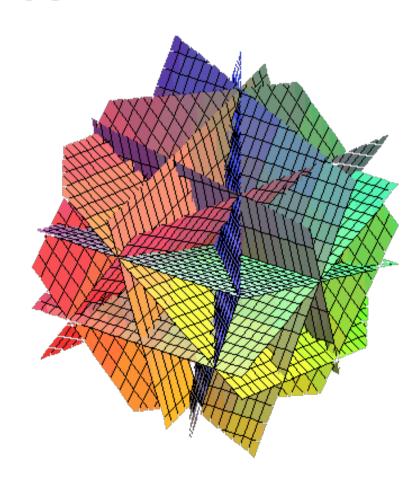
#### Problem studied: main issues

- This is a linear system: convergence depends on the initial condition
- How to optimally conduct monetary policy?
- Is it possible to use MPC at all?

$$\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} (\pi_i - \pi^T)^2 + (y_i - y^T)^2 \to \min_i$$
s.t.
$$y_t = E_t y_{t+1} - (r_t - \bar{r}) + g_t$$

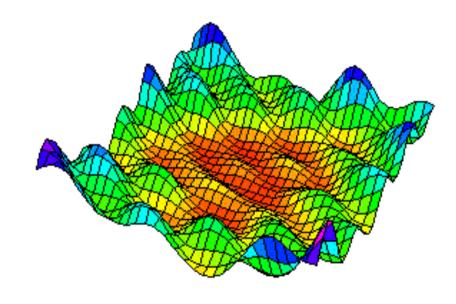
$$i_t = \bar{r} + \pi^T + \phi_\pi (\pi_t - \pi^T) + \phi_y (y_t - \bar{y}) + v_t$$

$$\pi_t - \pi^T = \beta (E_t \pi_{t+1} - \pi^T) + \kappa (y_t - \bar{y}) + u_t,$$

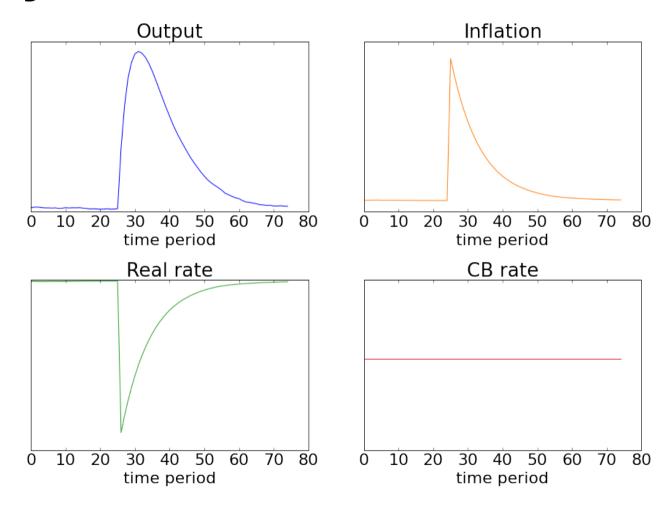


#### Methods used

- Combinatorial selection of coefficients
- Forward and current estimation of coefficients
- Automatic and manual minimisation of the loss function
- MPC



### No policy:

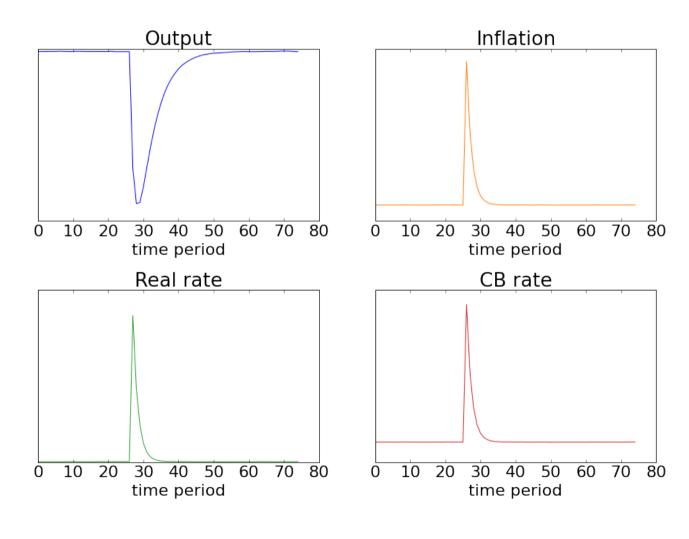


#### **Results**

- Model converges and works
- Policy works
- Control is implemented

Type	Loss
No policy	142.16
Simple policy	47.66
Control	40.23

## With policy:



#### **Conclusion:**

- DSGE model environment works and converges
- Several control methods implemented
- MPC is developed for this setting
- MPC works slightly better than standard policy