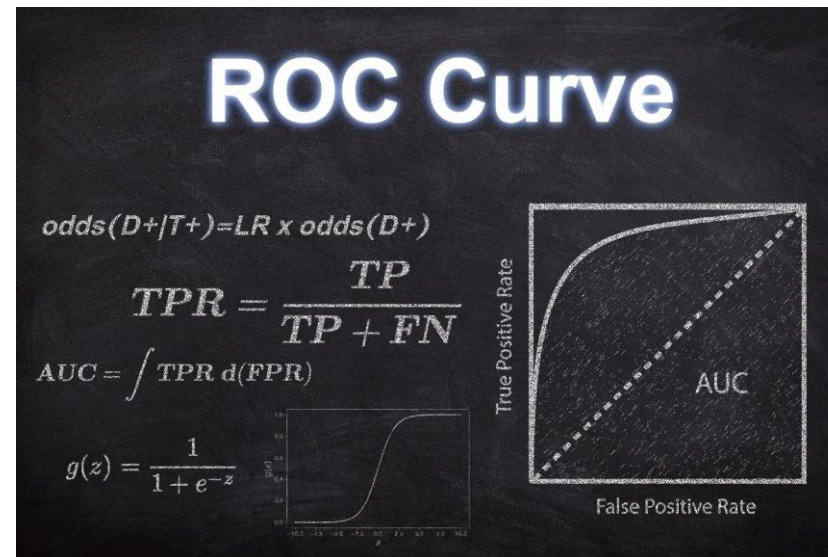


# ROC AUC Curve

- **What is ROC AUC Curve?**

- ROC: Receiver Operating Characteristic
- AUC: Area Under the Curve
- Used to evaluate the performance of binary classification models



# Key Terms

- **True Positive Rate (TPR):** Also known as Recall or Sensitivity
- **False Positive Rate (FPR):** The proportion of negative instances that are incorrectly classified as positive
- **Threshold:** The value at which the decision changes from negative to positive

# ROC Curve

- **Definition:** A plot of TPR vs. FPR at various threshold settings
- **Purpose:** To visualize the trade-off between sensitivity and specificity

# AUC - Area Under the Curve

- **Definition:** The area under the ROC curve
- **Interpretation:**
  - AUC = 1: Perfect model
  - AUC = 0.5: Model with no discrimination ability
  - Higher AUC indicates better model performance

# How to Interpret ROC AUC

- **High AUC:** Indicates a good measure of separability
- **Low AUC:** Indicates poor model performance
- **Example:** AUC of 0.7 means there is a 70% chance that the model will distinguish between positive and negative classes correctly

# Practical Example

- **Example Scenario:** Medical diagnosis model
  - **Objective:** To predict whether a patient has a particular disease (binary classification: disease vs. no disease)
  - **Dataset:** Contains features such as age, blood pressure, cholesterol levels, etc.
- **ROC Curve Plot:**
  - **True Positive Rate (TPR):** Proportion of actual positives correctly identified (e.g., patients with the disease correctly diagnosed)
  - **False Positive Rate (FPR):** Proportion of actual negatives incorrectly identified as positive (e.g., healthy patients incorrectly diagnosed with the disease)

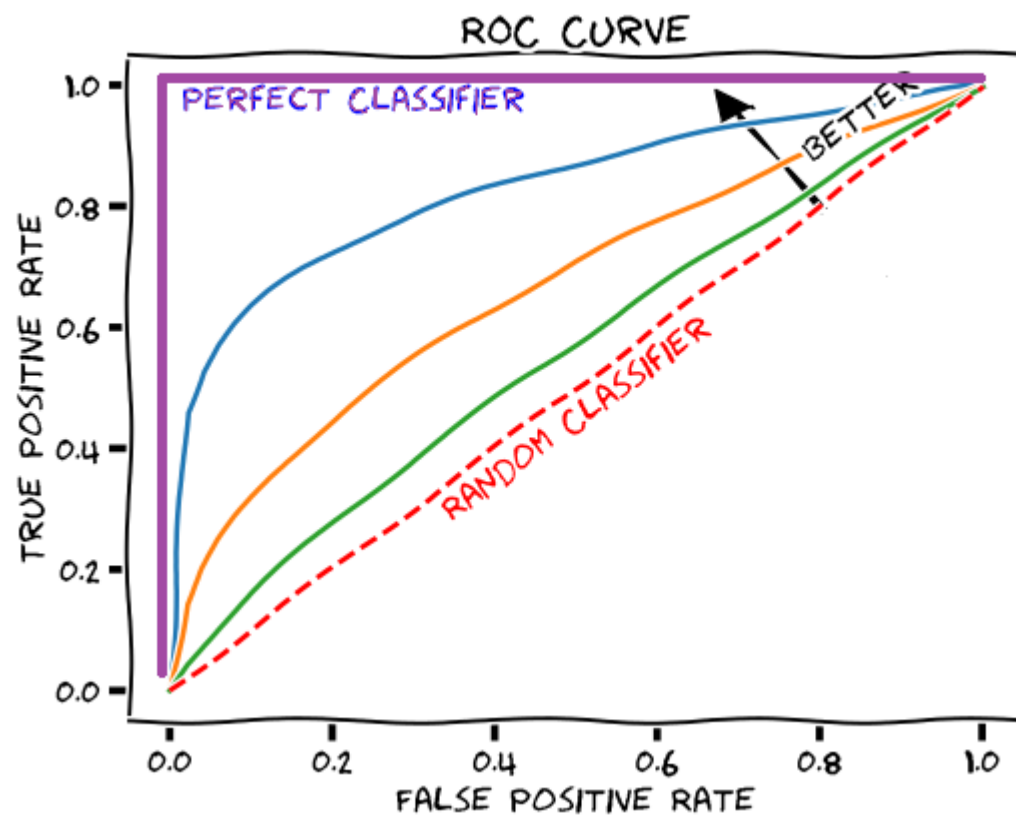
- **Plot Explanation:**

- **X-Axis:** False Positive Rate (FPR)
- **Y-Axis:** True Positive Rate (TPR)
- **Curve:** Shows the performance of the model at different threshold levels
- **Diagonal Line:** Represents a random classifier ( $AUC = 0.5$ )

- **Interpretation:**

- **Point A:** High TPR and low FPR, indicating good model performance
- **Point B:** High FPR, indicating many false positives
- **AUC Value:** The area under the ROC curve, which quantifies the overall ability of the model to discriminate between positive and negative classes

# Graph





# Advantages of ROC AUC

- **Threshold Invariance:** Measures the quality of the model's predictions irrespective of the classification threshold
- **Scale Invariance:** Measures how well predictions are ranked, not their absolute values