```
| ?- movement([[2,2,0,0], [1,4,0,0]], 2, 2).
Winning path
Initial state: [[2,2,0,0],[1,4,0,0]]
Max number of Hexagons: 2
Max number of Moves : 2
Path: [[[2,2,0,0],[1,2,0,0]],[[2,2,0,0],[1,0,0,0]],[[2,2,0,0],[1,5,0,0]],[[2,2,0,0],[1,4,0,0]]]
Number of steps: 3

Winning path
Initial state: [[2,2,0,0],[1,4,0,0]]
Max number of Hexagons: 2
Max number of Moves : 2
Path: [[[2,5,1,0],[1,0,0,0]],[[2,2,0,0],[1,0,0,0]],[[2,2,0,0],[1,5,0,0]],[[2,2,0,0],[1,4,0,0]]]
Number of steps: 3
```

Figure 8: *FightHPV*-Ep.1: Output example of our constraint model.

amount of playing time allocated to each Ep. According to Tab.1, 'Zero' winning paths simply means that the Ep. cannot be solved and hence is intractable. In the other cases, the guidelines estimate the difficulty based on how hard it was for a computational approach to solve an Ep. This information can then be used to guide the designer in his choices to order the various Ep.

This approach however does not guarantee playability or pleasure. Both these factors should ideally be objectively evaluated through user testing, but gameplay design is still a craftman's activity and large-scale experiments are difficult and costly to set up. Using the number of winning paths and the average time required to find a winning state with an automated procedure, to evaluate the difficulty of an episode is discussable. On the one hand, human reasoning is not comparable and reductible to these numbers, but on the other hand, adopting this methodology while the game is not yet deployed at the larger scale (i.e., worldwide) accelerates its development and analysis. For FightHPV, using the proposed constraint model, it is possible to evaluate objectively the computational difficulty and thus to use the proposed guidlines to improve the gaming experience in further releases of the game.

| Nb. of winning paths | Av. Time to find a win. path | Ep. Difficulty |
|----------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| Zero                 | N/A                          | Intractable    |
| Low                  | Low                          | Easy/Medium    |
| Low                  | High                         | Hard           |
| High                 | Low                          | Easy           |
| High                 | High                         | Medium/Hard    |

Table 1: Guideline for determining the difficulty of an Ep.

Our experimental analysis aimed at evaluating the level of difficulty of each Ep. and compare them.

## **Evaluating Each Episode**

For each episode, the constraint model was exhaustively explored up to a certain boundary to evaluate its difficulty. The results for Ep.3 are given in Tab.2. Given a maximum number of actions  $(1^{st} \text{ col.})$ , i.e., rotation and translations, we computed the number of paths leading to one winning condition of the game  $(2^{nd} \text{ col.})$ . We also measured the total runtime required to compute all these paths  $(3^{rd} \text{ col.})$  and computed the average runtime to find one such path  $(4^{th} \text{ col.})$ .

We computed these tables for each episode up to Ep.10. In

| Max. num. of act. | Num. of win. pat. | Runtime       | Average<br>Runtime |
|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| 1                 | 0                 | Omin Osec 02  |                    |
| 2                 | 5                 | Omin Osec 01  | 2.00ms             |
| 3                 | 27                | Omin Osec 04  | 1.48ms             |
| 4                 | 265               | Omin Osec 29  | 1.09ms             |
| 5                 | 1654              | 0min 1sec 92  | 1.16ms             |
| 6                 | 12810             | 0min 14sec 66 | 1.14ms             |
| 7                 | 84805             | 1min 44sec 98 | 1.24ms             |
| 8                 | 615719            | 12min 4sec 96 | 1.18ms             |

Table 2: *FightHPV*-Ep.3: Number of winning paths, runtime to find all solutions, average runtime to find one solution.

fact, computing these tables for Ep. higher than 7 already required more than 4 hours.

## Comparing the Difficulty of Episodes

We compared the tables computed for each episode when the maximum number of actions was set up to 7. This arbitrary number was selected because it corresponds to a reasonable effort of the player. By reasonable effort, we meant an appropriate level of effort to find one solution path.

Tab.3 shows the comparison for all episodes of the game up to Ep.10.



Table 3: Number of winning paths and runtime to find solutions for all levels (MaxMove = 7).