

Figure 3: Average utility as a function of the number of UCT iterations (nodes touched in the tree) for effector T cell production. Top left: 36 total time steps, top right: 72 total time steps, bottom left: 360 total time steps, bottom right: 1080 total time steps.



Table 1: Generated plans for regulatory cell development. For depth 2, omitted rows denote configurations that are never reached. In the "action to apply" column, TCR, 1/0 denotes high/low respectively; for other variables 1/0 denotes activate/inhibit, respectively.

and computational effort, and the latter also affects testing

costs. With the ability to do those and other experiments first *in silico*, significant time and cost savings can be obtained by reducing the needed *in vitro* and *in vivo* experimentation.

Future work also involves using our multi-step steering approach for steering other biological entities beyond T cells, such as steering the evolution of bacteria or viruses into states where they can be effectively tackled, steering cancer cell populations to states where they can be destroyed without leaving persistors, or, in synthetic biology, steering bacteria into states where they perform useful tasks (such as consuming oil spills) without introducing foreign genetic material into the bacteria, which is costly and risky.

Finally, there are opportunities for better performance by considering other, more sophisticated, planning algorithms. For example, algorithms such as POMCP [Silver and Veness, 2010] or DESPOT [Somani *et al.*, 2013] could allow better scalability, and thereby enable analysis of larger models.

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References

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