# Analysis

Since we are expected to solve the problem in the assignment this way, the ADTs in this assignment are a stack and a queue. Two queues will be used but their implementation is the same, so one ADT is enough for both. Therefore we’ll be defining a stack and a queue.

-Stack specification:

Spec STACK[ITEM]

genre stack, item

operations

push: stack item -> stack

pop: stack -> item

giveTop: stack -> item

empty: stack -> boolean

endspec

-Queue specification:

Spec QUEUE[ITEM]

genre queue, item

operations

enqueue: queue item -> queue

dequeue: queue -> item

giveFront: queue -> item

empty: queue -> boolean

listQueue: void -> void

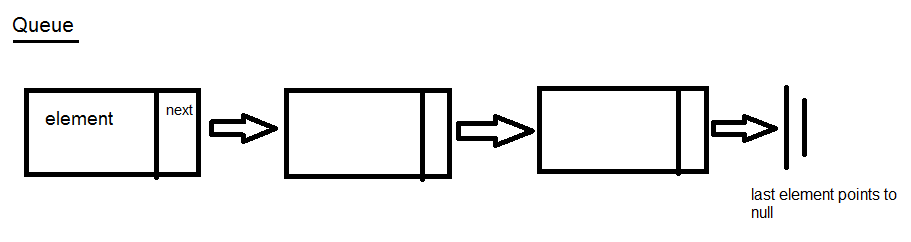
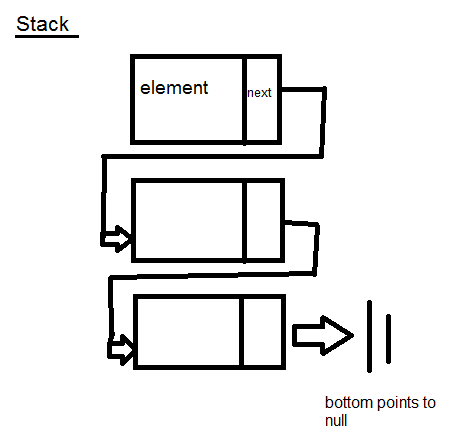
endspec

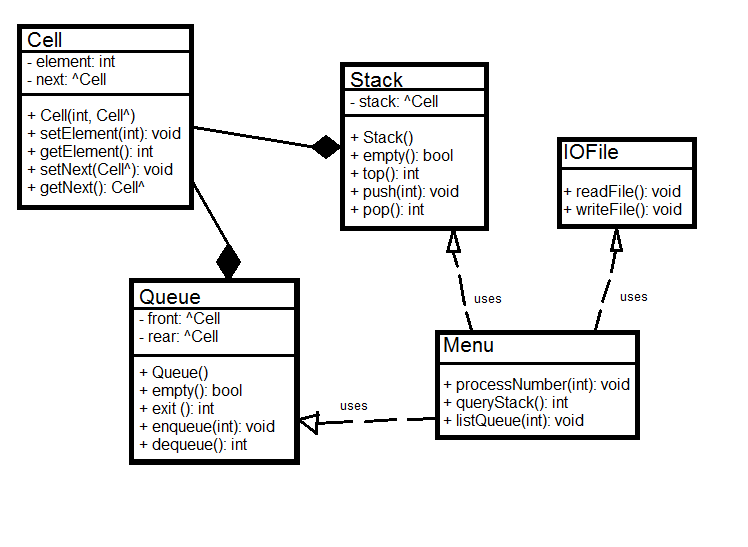
The ADT operations we will use are the basic ones (*pop*, *push*, *dequeue*, *enqueue*, etc) but in printing all elements in the queue at that moment. In both stacks and queues, we have decided the queue ADT we have added an operation called *listQueue* that will be used as output, that we won’t be using the *makeNull* operation, so we won’t be listing or implementing it.

giveFront and giveTop returns front and top attributes, are name in this way because CodeLite does not let you call attribute and method with the same name.

# Design

The diagrams of the ADTs in memory should be as the following:

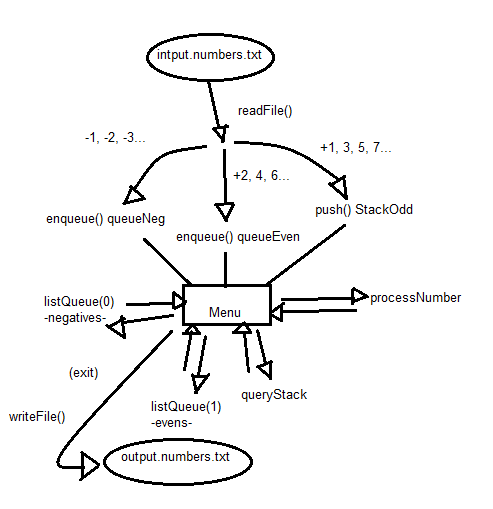


As for the classes themselves, we will be using the following class diagram. It lists the classes themselves as well as the attributes and the methods used by them.

In this section, we explain the roles of each class:

* Cell class: Represents the items of the stack and the queue and because of that they will be a separated class, but common between them. It contains a Cell pointer (next) and an integer (element) as attributes, since we’ll be storing integer numbers and the pointer will lead to the next cell. As they are private, we use a method to set and to get the value for both for operations in the queue and stack.
* Queue class: This class is going to use the pointer implementation of the ADT because is easier to implement and to understand. The operations in the ADT will be the methods of the class and *front* and *rear* pointers to Cells will be private attributes. Since we’re not using these outside their own class, they don’t need get and set methods.
* Stack class: In this class we’ll be using the pointer implementation of the ADT as seen in the Queue class. The attribute will be the *top* Cell pointer and the ADT operations will be the methods.
* Main: The main file will contain the manu related part, which has a while loop to print the menu and wait for input option. This option is used in a switch to make the corresponding operations.
* FileIO class: Input and output class to manage the files I/O. Has methods to read and write a file with the classification specified for both the input and output files. It consists only of *readFile* and *writeFile*. In the readFile method the file is read and each number is classificated and stored in one of the three ADTs and the writeFile one writes each ADT in different lines of the file.

We are implementing this number of classes because we believe is better for the portability of the code, some of it can be used in future assignments to avoid wasting time implementing the same code.

The program works reading a .txt file, then its content is classified in the stack and queues depending on the type of the number. Next, the menu will be shown to the user, letting them choose between the options we were specified to add. If the user presses the exit option the program will finish after saving the queues and the list in a new .txt file, then closing. The following diagram gives an idea of the flow of the program itself.