



Useful Links



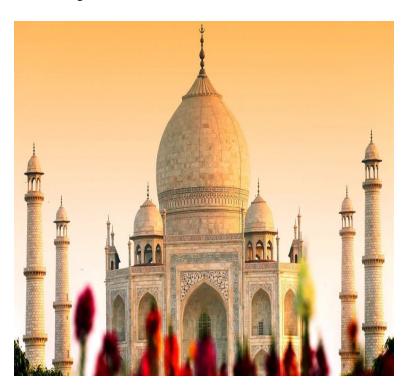


FAMOUS HISTORICAL MONUMENTS OF INDIA





1. Taj mahal



Taj Mahal, Agra, Uttar Pradesh

Taj Mahal is famous as 7th Wonder of the World. It was built by Mughal emperor Shahjahan in the memory of his beloved wife, Mumtaz Mahal (Arjumand Banu Begum). The Indian architect of Persian descent, Ustad Ahmed Lahori has been named for constructing the building. The construction started in 1630 and finally completed in the year It is made of a white marble initially known as Pietra Dura. It is also a UNESCO's World Heritage Site.

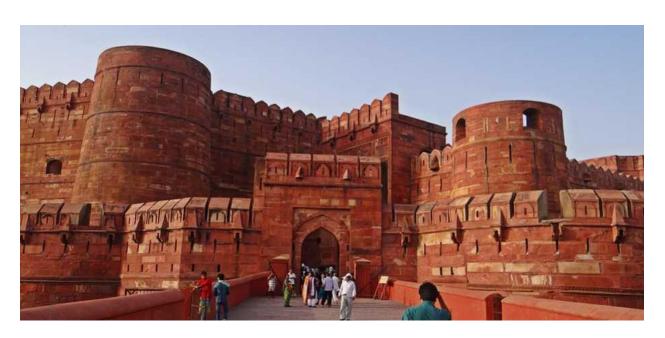








2.AGRA FORT



Agra Fort, Agra, Uttar Pradesh

Agra Fort was built by the Great Mughal Emperor Akbar in 1565-75 AD on the banks of the Yamuna river. It is enclosed with 70 feet high wall of red sandstone. It contains Jahangir Mahal, Khass Mahal, Diwan-i-Khas, Diwan-i-Am, Machchhi Bhawan and Moti Masjid. This fort is said to be the symbol of power, strength and resilience. It encompasses the imposing Mughal style of art and architecture. It is also a UNESCO's World Heritage Site.









3. Qutub Minar, Delhi



Qutub Minar, Delhi

Qutub Minar was built by Qutub-Ud-Din-Aibak in early 13th century with red sandstone. It is recognized as the tallest brick minaret in India. The unique feature of this pillar is- its high corrosion resistant nature due to which there is no sign of rust in this pillar till now. It has 4 houses-Quwwatu'l-Islam Mosque, The Iron Pillar, Alai Minar & Alai Darwaza. It is also a UNESCO's World Heritage Site.





4. Fatehpur Sikri, Agra



Fatehpur Sikri, Agra, Uttar Pradesh

Fatehpur Sikri was built by the great Mughal emperor Akbar in 1571-1585 and was later established as the capital of Mughal Empire. It is made of red sandstone. It consists of beautiful palaces, halls, and mosques. Some of the major Historical Places in Fatehpur Sikri are: Buland Darwaza, Diwan-i-Khas, Panch Mahal, Tomb of Salim Chisti. In addition to these, there are other important Historical Monuments in Fatehpur Sikri like the Palace of Jodha Bai, Birbal Bhawan, Diwan-i-Aam and Karawan Serai. It is also a UNESCO's World Heritage Site in India.