Functions for EFP0700 Database Servers



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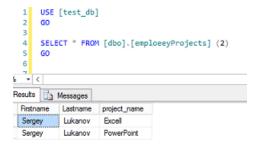
1 SQL Server Functions

1.1 The first function

The first function should return a table with all project of the employee whose number was send to the function as an argument.

```
USE [test_db]
      GO
      /****** Object: UserDefinedFunction [dbo].[emploeeyProjects]
                                                                                  Script Date: 10.11.2014 23:03:51 ******/
      SET ANSI_NULLS ON
      SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
    □ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[emploeeyProjects]
10
           @emp_n INT
11
12
13
14
      RETURNS TABLE
      RETURN
15
16
           SELECT
          (SELECT emp_fname FROM employee WHERE emp_no=@emp_n) AS 'Firstname', (SELECT emp_lname FROM employee WHERE emp_no=@emp_n) AS 'Lastname', project name
17
18
19
           FROM project WHERE project no IN (SELECT project no FROM works no WHERE emp no=@emp_n)
20
```

The output of the function for argument equal 2 is like that:



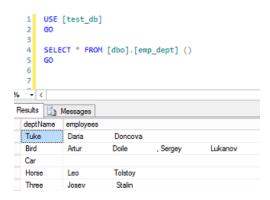
1.2 The second function

The second task was the most advanced one, which I have made during whole the course, because it requires to use two cursors at the same time. The code you can see below.

There is also very tricky moment with string summering, because the statements like a=a+b does not work, but a=b+a works well and actually return the output which should be produced by the first kind of statements.

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```
USE [test_db]
1
    SET ANSI_NULLS ON
    SET QUOTED IDENTIFIER ON
8 ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[emp_dept] ()
    @results TABLE
11
12
        deptName CHAR(25),
13
        employees CHAR(1000)
14
15
    BEGIN
16
        DECLARE @deptName CHAR(25), @deptNO CHAR(4), @employeeCell CHAR(1000), @fname CHAR(20), @lname CHAR(20)
17
18
        DECLARE @employees CURSOR
        DECLARE deptName CURSOR FOR SELECT dept name, dept no FROM department;
19
20
        OPEN deptName;
21
        FETCH NEXT FROM deptName INTO @deptName,@deptNo
22
          WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS=0
23
          BEGIN
24
            SET @employees = CURSOR FOR SELECT emp fname, emp lname FROM employee WHERE dept no-@deptNO;
25
            OPEN @employees;
            SET @employeeCell="
26
27
            FETCH NEXT FROM @employees INTO @fname,@lname
                WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS=0
28
29
                BEGIN
                SET @employeeCell=@fname+' '+@lname+@employeeCell
30
31
                 FETCH NEXT FROM @employees INTO @fname,@lname
32
                   BEGIN
34
                   SET @employeeCell=', '+@employeeCell
35
                   END
36
                 END
37
                 CLOSE @employees
38
                 INSERT INTO @results VALUES(@deptName,@employeeCell)
39
            FETCH NEXT FROM deptName INTO @deptName,@deptNo
40
          END
41
          CLOSE deptName
42
        RETURN
43
```



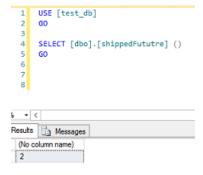
The output of the function follows task requirements.

1.3 The third function

The third task was really easy and the code is very short.

```
USE [test_db]
1
     GO /****** Object: UserDefinedFunction [dbo].[shippedFututre] Script Date: 10.11.2014 23:10:23 ******/
SET ANSI_NULLS ON
     SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
   ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[shippedFututre]()
     RETURNS int
10
11
     AS
BEGIN
         DECLARE @result INT
12
13
14
15
16
         SELECT @result=count(*) FROM orders WHERE shipdate>CONVERT(date,GETDATE())
17
18
         RETURN @result
19
20
21
    END
```

And the output is correct.



2 Tables

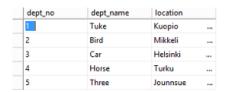


Figure 1: department table

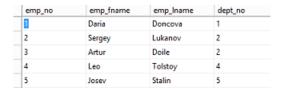


Figure 2: employee table



Figure 3: orders table



Figure 4: works_no