Sentiment Analysis within Reddit

W266 - Natural Language Processing Matthew Nelson | Dan Wald

The Internet is Dark and Full of Terrors Trolls

Trolls have taken over social media

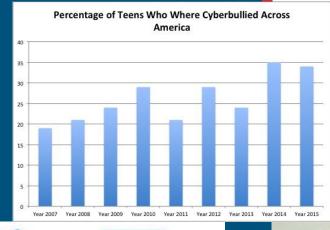
Russian Interference

Cyberbullying

Political Influence

Depression

Lack of parental controls



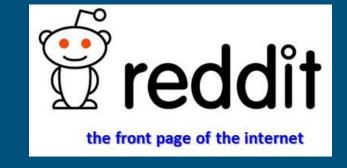
Why we're losing the Internet

to the culture

of hate



Where to Start?



Design Question:

- Can we create a Sentiment Classifier which predicts the overall sentiment for a single Reddit page?
 - Could serve as a potential parental warning
 - Google Chrome Extension to block / warn users as they view a page
 - Could provide a useful overview for daily browsing activity
 - Ability to produce a visualized network showing how negative comments can breed more negative comments, and vice versa

Many papers published that analyze positive / negative sentiment of tweets

Train a model with tweets and move into sub-reddits that have clear and complex parent/child relationships, bounded by a title

Training Corpora

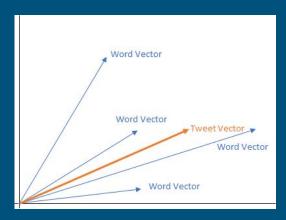
We attempted to leverage two different corpora in the Social Media domain

- Sentiment140 Corpus
 - o 1.6 Million Tweet Corpus
 - Machine Annotated by linking positive emoticons [:), =)] to positive sentiment & negative emoticons [:(, =(]to negative sentiment
 - Labeled Positive/Negative
 - Easily accessed in entirety
- SemEval Twitter Challenge Corpus (2012 through 2017)
 - o Human annotated, but substantially smaller
 - o 16667 Total Tweets
 - Labeled Positive/Neutral/Negative
 - o Tweets had to be extracted via Twitter API with many having since been deleted

Considered the SemEval labels more accurate but required a larger dataset to improve accuracy, so both corpora were combined

Feature Engineering

- Tokenizing & Filtering
 - a. Filtered out some unnecessary links, mentions, retweets, handles, and emoticons
- 2. Convert Tokens into Vector Representation
 - a. Leveraged GenSim's Word2Vec model to convert our vocabulary into a vocabulary of word vectors.
 - b. 128 dimensional embeddings
- Convert Tweets into Vector Representation
 - a. Tweet Vector = Avg(Word Vector * TFIDF Weight)
- 4. Scaled Tweet Vectors



Model Selection / Application

Fit a Convolutional Neural Network:

- Layers = 2x ReLU with dropout, 1x softmax
- Features = Scaled Tweet Vectors
- Labels = Positive/Neutral/Negative
- Accuracy = 77.17%

Baseline model:

- Single layer CNN softmax
- Accuracy = 76.80%
- Multi-layer improves model by +0.36%

keras : making neural networks boring since 2015

Fit a Convolutional Neural Network Model using the Tweet Vectors as Features

Using Keras & Tensorflow backend.

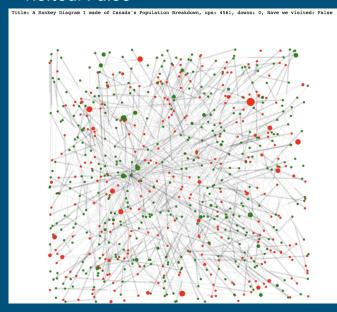
```
In [17]: # Keras Model w/ Two Affine Layers
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu', input dim=vector dim))
         model.add(Dropout(0.2))
         model.add(Dense(16, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.2))
         model.add(Dense(3, activation='softmax')) # softmax for multi-class
         model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',
                       loss='categorical crossentropy', # categorical crossentropy
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         model.fit(X train tweet vecs, y train, epochs=3, batch size=32, verbose=2)
         Epoch 1/3
          - 78s - loss: 0.5285 - acc: 0.7549
         Epoch 2/3
          - 78s - loss: 0.5199 - acc: 0.7619
         Epoch 3/3
          - 79s - loss: 0.5190 - acc: 0.7639
Out[17]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x152f89ef0>
```

Evaluate Model on Test Set

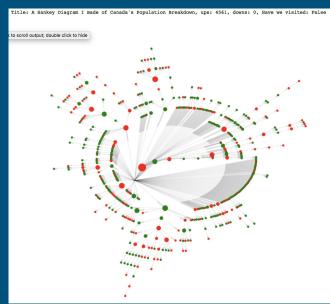
```
In [18]: accuracy = model.evaluate(X_test_tweet_vecs, y_test, batch_size=32, verbose
    print("Accuracy: %.2f%%" % (accuracy[1]*100))
    Accuracy: 77.17%
```

Model Output

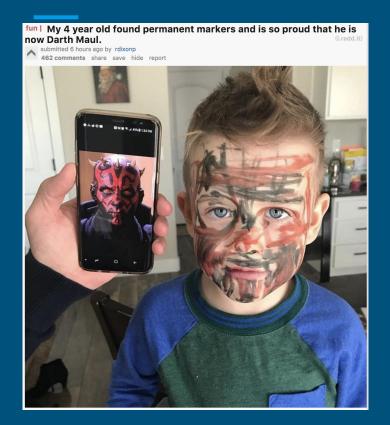
Title: A Sankey Diagram I made of Canada's Population Breakdown, ups: 4587, downs: 0, Have we visited: False



Tree Structure



Example 1: Positive



Good thing his favorite character isn't mace windu. Original Page Post i just made the mistake of showing this to my 4yr old boy, Overall Page Positivity Score: 62.03% Overall Weighted Page Positivity Score: 61.00% who's sitting right next me.

Title: My 4 year old found permanent markers and is so proud that he is now Darth Maul., ups

: 24586, downs: 0, Have we visited: False

Example 2: Negative - people *hate* bedbugs

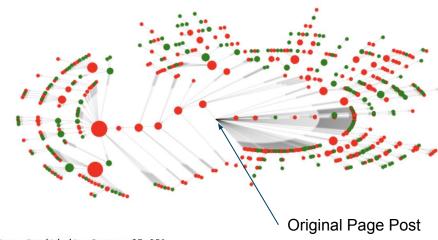
CBS/AP / December 9, 2017, 5:32 PM

Woman burns down Cincinnati, Ohio, home trying to kill bedbugs



Authorities said that three people were injured and 10 people were left homeless after a woman accidentally started a fire while trying to kill bed bugs in Cincinnati. / **WKRC**

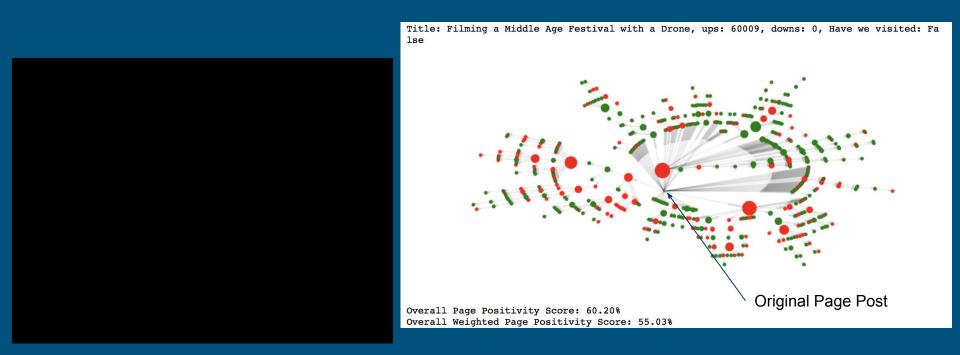
Title: Woman burns down home trying to kill bedbugs, ups: 14891, downs: 0, Have we visited: False



Overall Page Positivity Score: 37.05% Overall Weighted Page Positivity Score: 34.13%

f Share / > Tweet / ⊗ Reddit / F Flipboard / @ Email

Example 3: Complex embedded positive / top comments negative



Model Accuracy / Exploration of Error

Model predicts corpus with 77.25% accuracy

Corpus	Entries	NN Accuracy
SemEval2017	10,000	52%
SemEval2012-2017	23,000	45%
Sentiment 140	1,600,000	77%
Concatenated Corpuses	1,623,000	76.8%

Mechanical Turk Analysis of 300 tweets/comments:

- Corpus: 69% accuracy (10% model loss)
- Sample Reddit (r/portland): 59% accuracy (15% overfit)

Sources of error:

- Model Loss
- Inaccurate corpus categorization
- Inaccurate categorization exposure (50/50)



Corpora Challenges

- 1. Mislabeling Some Sentiment 140 tweets are miscategorized. For example: 'I love my sister a.k.a brianna!!! Missing her..we might be away by distance,never in heart..' is labeled Negative due to the presence of a :(in the original tweet. The accuracy of any model trying to predict Positive/Negative Sentiment on this corpus will consistently struggle to approach perfection due to these types of labels.
- 2. Domain adjustments General tweet sentence structure is grammatically awful and doesn't necessarily translate well to Reddit where individuals tend to hold more long-form conversation.
- Human biases reflected in positive/negative assessments while averaging shows similar assessments, the 'neutral' category is in practice the most common. Ignoring 'neutral' from corpus training is one major source of model loss (10%)

Potential Future Improvements

Corpus Improvements

- Human annotate all 1.6million tweets into three categories instead of two
- Randomize sample such that positive / neutral / negative tweets match frequency of occurrence in the wild
- Create and annotate a large Reddit corpus to account for differences in media
- Increase the sample size 10x

Model Improvements

- Incorporate a feed forward model that inherits context from parent to child (RNN)
- Concatenate all word vectors from a tweet into a 2x2 matrix and feed into a CNN (similar to an image)

Close the loop

- Incorporate findings into a chrome extension for seamless reddit browsing (js->python->js)
- Submit paper for publish failing publication, self publish on medium

References

- Corpora
 - o <u>SemEval</u>
 - Sentiment140

Reference Papers

- Recursive Deep Models for Semantic Compositionality Over a Sentiment Treebank
- Sentiment analysis of Twitter data
- o BB twtr at SemEval-2017 Task 4: Twitter Sentiment Analysis with CNNs and LSTMs
- TwiSe at SemEval-2017 Task 4: Five-point Twitter Sentiment Classification ar Quantification
- <u>Twitter Sentiment Classification using Distant Supervision</u>

Reference Blogs

- https://ahmedbesbes.com/sentiment-analysis-on-twitter-using-word2vec-and-keras.html
- https://medium.com/@thoszymkowiak/how-to-implement-sentiment-analysis-using-word-e
 mbedding-and-convolutional-neural-networks-on-keras-163197aef623

Github Repo

https://github.com/dswald/sentiment_analysis.git