

Arch Linux

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1. Flash USB

1.1 Download Arch ISO

1. Download Arch ISO from:
<https://archlinux.org/download/>

2. Verify Download:

```
user$ sha1sum <archlinux-YYYY.MM.DD-x86_64.iso>
```

1.2 USB Preparation

1. Create Partition Table

```
root# parted -s </dev/sdX> mktable gpt
```

2. Print change:

```
root# parted </dev/sdX> (p)rint [free]
```

1.3 Flash ISO to USB

1. Unmount any mounted FS on HARD DRIVE!
2. Flash to USB (/dev/sdX):

```
root# dd if=<./archlinux-YYYY.MM.DD-x86_64.iso> of=</dev/sdX>  
[bs=4M | status=progress]
```

1.4 Boot Live Installer

1.4.1 Secure Boot

Make sure, that Secure Boot is Disabled!

1. During POST press Key to access BIOS/UEFI:
[BIOS/UEFI Menu Keys For All Vendors](#)

2. **Disable Secure Boot**
3. **Poweroff/Restart**

1.4.2 Boot

1. **Plug in Flashed USB**
2. **During POST press Key to access Boot Menu:**
Boot Menu Keys For All Vendors
3. **Select USB entry.**

2. Pre-Installation

2.1 Check Disk for bad sectors

2.1.1 Theory

- **Block:** group of sectors, every file must occupy at least 1 block. 0b file occupy whole block.
 - **512b** = good for lot of small files. More blocks = more metadata.
 - **4096b** = good for larger files, less metadata. Waste if there are small files.

2.1.2 Disk Info gathering

- Find disks (block devices):

```
user$ lsblk [-ap | -apf]
root# fdisk -l [/dev/sdX]
root# blkid
```

- Get raw disk info:

- Disk size in bytes:

```
root# blockdev [-v] --getsize64 </dev/sdX[Y]>
```
- Disk block size in bytes:

```
root# blockdev [-v] --getbsz </dev/sdX[Y]>
```
- Check if disk is readonly (1 = ro, 0 = rw):

```
root# blockdev [-v] --getro </dev/sdX[Y]>
```

2.1.3 Check Disk for bad sectors

1. Unmount FS!
2. Check disk for bad blocks:

```
root# badblocks [-b 4096] [-w [-t 0xaa]] [-v] [-s]
</dev/sdX[Y]> | tee -a <OUTPUT_FILE>
```

3. Installation

3.1 ISO specific

3.1.1 Remove pcspkr

- Remove pcspkr module:

```
root# modprobe -r pcspkr
```

3.1.2 Connect to WiFi

1. Enable WiFi:

```
root# rfkill unblock wlan
```

2. Start services:

```
root# systemctl start wpa_supplicant.service dhcpcd.service
```

3. Configure WiFi:

File (/etc/wpa_supplicant/wpa_supplicant.conf):

```
ctrl_interface=/run/wpa_supplicant
update_config=1
country=<2-LETTER-ISO-CODE>

# WPA-PSK protected:
network={
    ssid="<ESSID>"
    scan_ssid=1 # Find hidden network
    key_mgmt=WPA-PSK
    psk="<PLAINTEXT-PASSWD>"
    #psk=<32byte-HEX-NUMBER>
    priority=1 # To which WiFi connect first
}

# WPA-EAP protected::
network={
```

3. INSTALLATION

```
    ssid="<ESSID>"
    scan_ssid=1 # Find hidden network
    key_mgmt=WPA-EAP
    #eap=PEAP
    identity="<USERNAME>@<DOMAIN>"
    password="<PLAINTEXT-PASSWD>"
    #psk=<32byte-HEX-NUMBER>
    #ca_cert="/etc/cert/ca.pem"
    #phase1="peaplabel=0"
    phase2="auth=MSCHAPV2"
    priority=2 # To which WiFi connect first
}

# Unprotected:
network={
    ssid="<ESSID>"
    scan_ssid=1 # Find hidden network
    key_mgmt=NONE
    priority=3 # To which WiFi connect first
}
```

4. Connect to WiFi:

```
root# wpa_supplicant -B -D wext -i <wlan0>
-c </etc/wpa_supplicant/wpa_supplicant.conf>
```

3.2 Disk Partitioning

3.2.1 GPT UEFI

1. Get info about disks:

See section [2.1.2](#).

2. Create GPT Partition Table

```
root# parted -s </dev/sdX> mktable gpt
```

3. Create Partitions:

(a) Enter cfdisk:

```
root# cfdisk </dev/sdX>
```

(b) Create EFI Partition (max 512MiB):

```
cfdisk> n
cfdisk> 512MiB
```

```
cfdisk> t
cfdisk> EFI System
```

(c) **Create Root Partition:**

```
cfdisk> n
cfdisk> (Enter)
```

(d) **Write Changes:**

```
cfdisk> W
cfdisk> yes
```

(e) **Quit cfdisk:**

```
cfdisk> Q
```

4. **Print change:**

```
root# parted </dev/sdX> (p)rint [free]
root# fdisk -l [</dev/sdX>]
```

5. **Create filesystems:**

(a) **Create FAT32 for EFI:**

```
root# mkfs.fat [-F 32] [-n "EFI"] </dev/sdX1>
```

(b) **Create Encrypted filesystem:**

i. **Encrypt root partition:**

```
root# cryptsetup [--label "LUKS"] luksFormat </dev/sdX2>
> YES
> <PASSWORD>
> <PASSWORD (VERIFY)>
```

ii. **Open Encrypted root partition:**

```
root# cryptsetup open --type luks </dev/sdX2> <luks_root>
> <PASSWORD>
```

iii. **Create EXT4 for Root:**

```
root# mkfs.ext4 [-L "LUKS_ROOT"] </dev/mapper/luks_root>
```

6. **OPTIONAL LUKS stuff:**

• **Close LUKS:**

```
root# cryptsetup close <luks_root>
```

• **LUKS header:**

(a) **See LUKS header:**

```
root# cryptsetup luksDump </dev/sdX2>
```

(b) **Make LUKS header backup:**

```
root# cryptsetup luksHeaderBackup </dev/sdX2>
--header-backup-file <FILE>
```

(c) **Destroy LUKS header :**


```
root# cryptsetup luksErase </dev/sdX2>
```

- (d) restore LUKS header:

```
root# cryptsetup luksHeaderRestore </dev/sdX2>  
--header-backup-file <FILE>
```

3.3 Mount FS

1. Mount Root filesystem:

```
root# mount </dev/mapper/luks_root> </mnt/>
```

2. Create boot dir:

```
root# mkdir </mnt/boot/>
```

3. Mount boot partition:

```
root# mount </dev/sdX1> </mnt/boot/>
```

3.4 Install Arch

1. Check Mirrors:

```
root# cat /etc/pacman.d/mirrorlist
```

2. Download Arch:

This installs BASE packages, LINUX kernel and common LINUX-FIRMWARE for common hardware:

```
root# pacstrap </mnt/> base linux linux-firmware
```

3. Generate fstab:

```
root# genfstab -U </mnt/> >> /mnt/etc/fstab
```

4. Chroot into arch:

- (a) Mount filesystems:

```
root# mount -t proc /proc/ </mnt/proc/>  
root# mount --rbind /sys/ </mnt/sys/>  
root# mount --make-rslave </mnt/sys/>  
root# mount --rbind /dev/ </mnt/dev/>  
root# mount --make-rslave </mnt/dev/>
```

- (b) Chroot to root filesystem:

```
root# chroot </mnt/> /bin/bash
```

5. Set up DNS for chrooted environment:

```
[root#] echo "nameserver 1.1.1.1" > /etc/resolv.conf
```

6. Install packages:

- Install VFAT fs support:

```
[root#] [yes |] pacman -S dosfstools
```

- Install vim:

```
[root#] [yes |] pacman -S vim
```

7. Add encrypted support to mkinitcpio:

File (`/etc/mkinitcpio.conf`):

```
...
HOOKS=(base udev autodetect modconf block encrypt filesystems
keyboard fsck)
...
```

8. Recreate initramfs with encrypted support:

```
[root#] mkinitcpio -P
```

3.5 Customize settings

3.5.1 Time

1. Select timezone:

```
[root#] ln -sf </usr/share/zoneinfo/Europe/Copenhagen> /etc/localtime
```

2. Update HW clock (generate: `/etc/adjtime`):

```
[root#] hwclock --systohc
```

3.5.2 Locales

1. Select locales:

File (`/etc/locale.gen`):

```
...
en_US.UTF-8 UTF-8
en_US ISO-8859-1
...
```

2. Generate locales:

```
[root#] locale-gen
```

3. Set language:

File (`/etc/locale.conf`):

```
LANG=en_US.UTF-8
```

4. Set keyboard:

File (`/etc/vconsole.conf`):

```
KEYMAP=us
```

3.5.3 Network

1. Set hostname:

File (`/etc/hostname`):

```
<HOSTNAME>
```

2. Install network packages:

- Install WiFi control:

```
[root#] [yes |] pacman -S wpa_supplicant
```

- Install DHCP client:

```
[root#] [yes |] pacman -S dhcpcd
```

3.6 Install bootloader

1. Download packages:

```
[root#] [yes |] pacman -S efibootmgr grub
```

2. Make sure EFI partition is mounted!

See section [3.3](#).

3. Install GRUB:

```
[root#] grub-install --target=x86_64-efi [--boot-directory=</boot/>]
--efi-directory=</boot/> --bootloader-id=<ArchLinux>
```

4. Find UUID of encrypted luks fs:

```
[root#] blkid | grep "crypto_LUKS"
```

5. Edit GRUB config for encryption:

File (`/etc/default/grub`):

```
GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX="cryptdevice=UUID=<UUID>:<luks_root> \
root=</dev/mapper/luks_root>"
```

6. Make/Update GRUB config file:

```
[root#] grub-mkconfig -o /boot/grub/grub.cfg
```

3.7 Finish installation

3.7.1 Root Password

1. Create root password:

```
[root#] passwd root
> <PASSWORD>
> <PASSWORD-VERIFY>
```

3.7.2 Finish installation

1. Exit chroot:

```
[root#] exit
```

2. Umount disk partitions:

```
root# umount -R </mnt/>
```

3. Reboot:

```
root# reboot
```

4. References

- **Boot Procedure:**
https://wiki.archlinux.org/title/Arch_boot_process
- **Partition Optimal:**
[Partitioning](#)
- **Booted from UEFI:**

```
root# ls /sys/firmware/efi/efivars
```

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