

# **Artix Linux**

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## 1. Flash USB

### 1.1 Download Arch ISO

1. Download Arch ISO from:  
<https://archlinux.org/download/>
2. Verify Download:

```
user$ sha1sum <archlinux-YYYY.MM.DD-x86_64.iso>
```

### 1.2 USB Preparation

1. Create Partition Table

```
root# parted [-a optimal] </dev/sdX>  
(parted) mktable <gpt>
```

2. Print change:

```
(parted) (p)rint [free]
```

3. Quit parted:

```
(parted) (q)uit
```

### 1.3 Flash ISO to USB

1. Unmount any mounted FS on HARD DRIVE!
2. Flash to USB (/dev/sdX):

```
root# dd if=<./archlinux-YYYY.MM.DD-x86_64.iso> of=</dev/sdX>  
[bs=4M | status=progress]
```

## 1.4 Boot Live Installer

### 1.4.1 Secure Boot

Make sure, that Secure Boot is Disabled!

1. **During POST press Key to access BIOS/UEFI:**  
BIOS/UEFI Menu Keys For All Vendors
2. **Disable Secure Boot**
3. **Poweroff/Restart**

### 1.4.2 Boot

1. **Plug in Flashed USB**
2. **During POST press Key to access Boot Menu:**  
Boot Menu Keys For All Vendors
3. **Select USB entry.**

## 2. Pre-Installation

### 2.1 Check Disk for bad sectors

#### 2.1.1 Theory

- **Block:** group of sectors, every file must occupy at least 1 block. 0b file occupy whole block.
  - **512b** = good for lot of small files. More blocks = more metadata.
  - **4096b** = good for larger files, less metadata. Waste if there are small files.

#### 2.1.2 Disk Info gathering

- Find disks (block devices):

```
user$ lsblk [-ap | -apf]
root# fdisk -l [/dev/sdX]
root# blkid
```

- Get raw disk info:

- Disk size in bytes:

```
root# blockdev [-v] --getsize64 </dev/sdX[Y]>
```
- Disk block size in bytes:

```
root# blockdev [-v] --getbsz </dev/sdX[Y]>
```
- Check if disk is readonly (1 = ro, 0 = rw):

```
root# blockdev [-v] --getro </dev/sdX[Y]>
```

#### 2.1.3 Check Disk for bad sectors

1. Unmount FS!
2. Check disk for bad blocks:

```
root# badblocks [-b 4096] [-w [-t 0xaa]] [-v] [-s]
</dev/sdX[Y]> | tee -a <OUTPUT_FILE>
```

## 3. Installation

### 3.1 ISO specific

#### 3.1.1 Remove pcspkr

- Remove pcspkr module:

```
root# modprobe -r pcspkr
```

#### 3.1.2 Connect to WiFi

1. Enable WiFi:

```
root# rfkill unblock wlan
```

2. Start services:

```
root# systemctl start wpa_supplicant.service dhcpcd.service
```

3. Configure WiFi:

File (/etc/wpa\_supplicant/wpa\_supplicant.conf):

```
ctrl_interface=/run/wpa_supplicant
update_config=1
country=<2-LETTER-ISO-CODE>

# WPA-PSK protected:
network={
    ssid="<ESSID>"
    scan_ssid=1 # Find hidden network
    key_mgmt=WPA-PSK
    psk="<PLAINTEXT-PASSWD>"
    #psk=<32byte-HEX-NUMBER>
    priority=1 # To which WiFi connect first
}

# WPA-EAP protected::
network={
```

### 3. INSTALLATION

---

```
    ssid="<ESSID>"
    scan_ssid=1 # Find hidden network
    key_mgmt=WPA-EAP
    #eap=PEAP
    identity="<USERNAME>@<DOMAIN>"
    password="<PLAINTEXT-PASSWD>"
    #psk=<32byte-HEX-NUMBER>
    #ca_cert="/etc/cert/ca.pem"
    #phase1="peaplabel=0"
    phase2="auth=MSCHAPV2"
    priority=2 # To which WiFi connect first
}

# Unprotected:
network={
    ssid="<ESSID>"
    scan_ssid=1 # Find hidden network
    key_mgmt=NONE
    priority=3 # To which WiFi connect first
}
```

#### 4. Connect to WiFi:

```
root# wpa_supplicant -B -D wext -i <wlan0>
-c </etc/wpa_supplicant/wpa_supplicant.conf>
```

## 3.2 Disk Partitioning

### 3.2.1 GPT UEFI

#### 1. Get info about disks:

See section [2.1.2](#).

#### 2. Create Partition Table:

```
root# parted [-a optimal] </dev/sdX>
(parted) mktable <gpt>
```

#### 3. Set Unit Size (sectors):

```
(parted) unit <s>
```

#### 4. Create Partitions

- (a) See partitions and free space:

```
(parted) (p)rint [free]
```

- (b) Partition - EFI ( $\geq 300\text{MB}$  ->  $512\text{MB}$ ):

```
(parted) mkpart primary <2048s> <1050623s>
```

```
(parted) name 1 efi
```

```
(parted) set 1 boot on
```

```
(parted) set 1 esp on
```

- (c) Partition - LVM

```
(parted) mkpart primary <1050624s> 100%
```

```
(parted) name 2 crypt
```

- (d) Quit parted:

```
(parted) (q)uit
```

#### 5. Create filesystems:

- (a) Create EFI filesystem:

```
root# mkfs.vfat </dev/sdX1>
```

- (b) Encrypted root filesystem:

- i. Encrypt root partition:

```
root# cryptsetup luksFormat </dev/sdX2>
```

```
> YES
```

```
> <PASSWORD>
```

```
> <PASSWORD (VERIFY)>
```

- ii. Open Encrypted root partition:

```
root# cryptsetup open --type luks </dev/sdX2> <cryptroot>
```

```
> <PASSWORD>
```

- iii. Create Root filesystem:

```
root# mkfs.ext4 </dev/mapper/cryptroot>
```

#### 6. OPTIONAL LUKS stuff:

- Close LUKS:

```
root# cryptsetup close <lvm>
```

- LUKS header:

- (a) See LUKS header:

```
root# cryptsetup luksDump </dev/sdX2>
```

- (b) Make LUKS header backup:

```
root# cryptsetup luksHeaderBackup </dev/sdX2>
```

```
--header-backup-file <FILE>
```

- (c) Destroy LUKS header :

```
root# cryptsetup luksErase </dev/sdX2>
```

- (d) restore LUKS header:

```
root# cryptsetup luksHeaderRestore </dev/sdX2>
```

```
--header-backup-file <FILE>
```



## 3.3 Mount FS

1. Mount Root filesystem:

```
root# mount </dev/mapper/cryptroot> </mnt/>
```

2. Create EFI dir:

```
root# mkdir </mnt/efi/>
```

3. Mount EFI partition:

```
root# mount </dev/sdX1> </mnt/efi/>
```

## 3.4 Install Arch

1. Check Mirrors:

```
root# cat /etc/pacman.d/mirrorlist
```

2. Download Arch:

This installs BASE packages, LINUX kernel and common LINUX-FIRMWARE for common hardware:

```
root# pacstrap </mnt/> base linux linux-firmware  
[intel-ucode|amd-ucode]
```

3. Generate fstab:

```
root# genfstab -U </mnt/> >> /mnt/etc/fstab
```

4. Chroot into arch:

- (a) Mount filesystems:

```
root# mount -t proc /proc/ </mnt/proc/>  
root# mount --rbind /sys/ </mnt/sys/>  
root# mount --make-rslave </mnt/sys/>  
root# mount --rbind /dev/ </mnt/dev/>  
root# mount --make-rslave </mnt/dev/>
```

- (b) Chroot to root filesystem:

```
root# chroot </mnt/> /bin/bash
```

- (c) Set DNS for chrooted environment:

```
root# echo "nameserver 1.1.1.1" > /etc/resolv.conf
```

5. Install packages:

- Install VFAT fs support:

```
[root#] [yes |] pacman -S dosfstools
```

- Install vim:

```
[root#] [yes |] pacman -S vim
```

6. Add LVM support to mkinitcpio:

File (`/etc/mkinitcpio.conf`):

```
...  
HOOKS=(base udev autodetect modconf block encrypt filesystems  
keyboard fsck)  
...
```

7. Recreate initramfs for LVM:

```
[root#] mkinitcpio -P
```

## 3.5 Customize settings

### 3.5.1 Time

1. Select timezone:

```
[root#] ln -sf </usr/share/zoneinfo/Europe/Copenhagen> /etc/localtime
```

2. Update HW clock (generate: `/etc/adjtime`):

```
[root#] hwclock --systohc
```

### 3.5.2 Locales

1. Select locales:

File (`/etc/locale.gen`):

```
...  
en_US.UTF-8 UTF-8  
...
```

2. Generate locales:

```
[root#] locale-gen
```

3. Set language:

File (`/etc/locale.conf`):

```
LANG=en_US.UTF-8
```

4. Set keyboard:

File (`/etc/vconsole.conf`):

```
KEYMAP=us
```

### 3.5.3 Network

1. Set hostname:  
File (`/etc/hostname`):

```
<HOSTNAME>
```

2. Install network packages:

```
[root#] [yes |] pacman -S dhcpcd wpa_supplicant
```

## 3.6 Install bootloader

1. Download packages:

```
[root#] [yes |] pacman -S efibootmgr grub
```

2. Make sure EFI partition is mounted!  
See section [3.3](#).

3. Install GRUB:

```
[root#] grub-install --target=x86_64-efi  
--efi-directory=</efi/> --bootloader-id=GRUB
```

4. Find UUID of encrypted root fs:

```
[root#] blkid | grep "<cryptsetup>"
```

5. Edit GRUB config for encryption:  
File (`/etc/default/grub`):

```
GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX="cryptdevice=UUID=<UUID>:<cryptroot> root=</dev/mapper/cryptroot>"
```

6. Make/Update GRUB config file:

```
[root#] grub-mkconfig -o /boot/grub/grub.cfg
```

## 3.7 Finish installation

### 3.7.1 Root Password

1. Create root password:

```
[root#] passwd root  
> <PASSWORD>  
> <PASSWORD-VERIFY>
```

### 3.7.2 Finish installation

1. Exit chroot:

```
[root#] exit
```

2. Umount disk partitions:

```
root# umount -R </mnt/>
```

3. Reboot:

```
root# reboot
```

## 4. Easy Installation

```
PARTITIONING:
cfdisk:
gpt
/dev/sda1 * 2048 ? 512M
/dev/sda2 ? END REST

mkfs.ext4 /dev/sda1
mkfs.ext4 /dev/sda2

mount /dev/sda2 /mnt
mkdir /mnt/boot
mount /dev/sda1 /mnt/boot

pacstrap /mnt base linux linux-firmware vim

genfstab -U /mnt >> /etc/fstab

arch-chroot /mnt /bin/bash

pacman -S grub

grub-install /dev/sda
grub-mkconfig -o /boot/grub/grub.cfg

passwd root

vim /etc/locale.gen

locale-gen

vim/etc/locale.conf
LANG=en-US.UTF-8

echo archlinux > /etc/hostname
```

#### 4. EASY INSTALLATION

---

```
exit
umount -R /mnt
reboot
```

WIKI

## 5. References

- **Boot Procedure:**  
[https://wiki.archlinux.org/title/Arch\\_boot\\_process](https://wiki.archlinux.org/title/Arch_boot_process)
- **Partition Optimal:**  
[Partitioning](#)
- **Booted from UEFI:**

```
root# ls /sys/firmware/efi/efivars
```