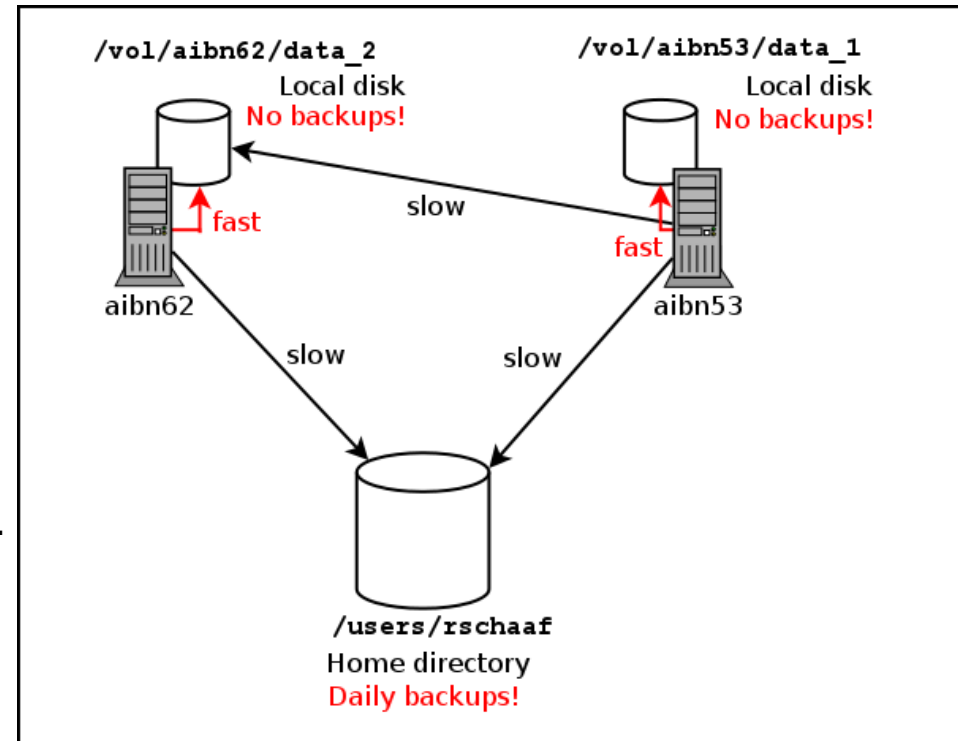


Anaconda:

but first, Where to install it? 🤔



- Bloated **home** (/users/username/) directory → 😞
- User directory quota limit of 25 GB !!
- `/anaconda3` dir takes up space very quickly and grows !!
- users have local directories on the disks of their assigned PC
- e.g., `/vol/aibn49/data1/adev`
In this directory, adev has full read and write permission.





- Anaconda Individual Edition :
 - free, easy-to-install package manager, environment manager, Python distribution
 - Anaconda is platform-agnostic: Windows, macOS, or **Linux**.
- **Installation**
 - Suggested loc : `/vol/computername/diskname/username/anaconda3/`
 1. *download the software with wget*
 2. *assign execution rights* `chmod +x`
 3. *execute and follow the instructions* `./...sh`
 4. *change default install path*
 5. *load .bashrc to update PATH environment variable* `source ~/.bashrc`
`conda config --set auto_activate_base False`
 6. *update conda and verify everything.*
 7. *Create an enviroment*
 - Show demo : [capture-conda-install.log](#)
 - Ref: <https://docs.anaconda.com/anaconda/install/linux/>

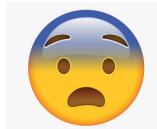
Conda Basics

- Always *should* use Environments !!
- Creating envs: `conda create --name test-env1`
`conda create --name test-env2 python=2.7`
`conda create --clone base --name test-env3`
- `conda info --envs`
- `conda activate <envName>`
- `python --version` ; which python
- `conda list` – list all packages with versions in activated Env
- `conda search package_name`
- `conda install package_name=1.0` (fuzzy constraint)
- `conda install package_name=0.7.7=py34_0` (exact)
- `conda update package_name`
- `conda remove package_name`
- To remove an environment:
• `conda remove --name test-env1 --all`
- Use **Conda Cheat-Sheet** :
https://docs.conda.io/projects/conda/en/4.6.0/_downloads/52a95608c49671267e40c689e0bc00ca/conda-cheatsheet.pdf
- Show demo : **capture-env-create.log**

Saving Environments / Re-Creating Environments

- Export a yml spec file, containing the detailed dependencies of your environment, and save this in a file called, *environment.yml*
- first activate and enter the environment to export
`[test-env1] $ conda env export > environment.yml`
- Used to re-create the environment later on another system:
`conda env create -f environment.yml`
- Show demo : [capture-env-export.log](#)
- [capture-env-restore.log](#)
- ref:
<https://medium.com/data-science-in-practice/saving-the-environment-with-anaconda-ad68e603d8c5>
- <https://conda.io/projects/conda/en/latest/user-guide/tasks/manage-environments.html>

Deleting Anaconda



- *Install the Anaconda-Clean package from Conda Prompt:*
`conda install anaconda-clean`
- *Remove all Anaconda-related files and directories with a confirmation prompt before deleting each one:*
`anaconda-clean`
- *Caution , double check* and --> `rm -rfi ~/anaconda3`
- *Removing Anaconda path from .bash_profile // .bashrc*

Finally !

ssh tunnelling



- Needed to run *jupyter-notebook* on any of the AlfA servers
- *Double port forwarding using ssh*
- `$ conda activate your_env`
- `cd your_project_dir`
- `username@arc10:$ jupyter-notebook --no-browser --port=YYYY`
- `username@aibnPC:$ ssh -NfL localhost:XXXX:localhost:YYYY`
- In your favourite browser in aibnPC : `localhost:XXXX/`