## Homework: Formal Relational Languages

Emp (eid: integer, ename: string, age: integer, salary: real)

Works (<u>eid</u>: integer, <u>did</u>: integer, pc\_time: integer)

Dept (did: integer, dname: string, budge: real, managerid: integer)

1. Return names of every employee who works in the "Hardware", "Software", and "Research" departments.

```
Relational Algebra:
π(ename)(σ(dname = "Hardware" V dname = "Software" V dname = "Research")(Dept)
ω Works ω Emp)
```

```
Relational Calculus:

Q1(eid,ename,age,salary) = \existseid(Emp(eid,ename,age,salary) \land
Works(eid,did,pc_time) \land Dept(did,dname,budge,managerid) \land (dname = "Hardware" \lor
dname = "Software" \lor dname = "Research"))
```

2. Return the names of every department without any employee.

```
Datalog:
Q2(dname) :- Dept(did, dname, _, _), Not Works(_, did, _)
```

```
Relational Algebra: \pi(\text{dname}) \; (\text{Dept}) \; - \; \pi(\text{dname}) \; (\sigma(\text{did} = \text{did}) \; (\text{Dept} \; \bowtie \; \text{Works}))
```

```
Relational Calculus:

Q2(did,dname,budge,managerid) = Dept(did,dname,budge,managerid) \(\Lambda\)
not(\(\mathbf{B}\)eid(\(\mathbf{W}\)orks(\(\mathbf{e}\)id,\(\mathbf{d}\)id,\(\mathbf{p}\)c_time)))
```

3. Print the managerid of managers who manage only departments with budgets greater than \$1.5 million.

```
Datalog:
Q3(managerid) :- Dept(_, _, budge, managerid), budge > 1500000
```

```
Relational Algebra:
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```
\pi (managerid) (\sigma (budge > 1500000) (Dept))
```

```
Relational Calculus:
Q3(managerid) = ∀did(Dept(did,dname,budge,managerid) → budge > 1.5 million)
```

4. Print the name of employees whose salary is less than or equal to the salary of every employee.

```
Datalog:

Q4(ename) :- Emp(_, ename, _, salary), not (Emp(_, _, _, salary2), salary > salary2).
```

```
Relational Algebra:
π(ename)(σ(salary <= σ(π(salary)(Emp)))(Emp))
```

```
Relational Calculus:

Q4(eid,ename,age,salary) = Emp(eid,ename,age,salary) ∧

∀eid2(Emp(eid2,ename2,age2,salary2) → salary ≤ salary2)
```

## Notes:

```
Datalog:
Movie(mid, title, year, earned)
Actor(aid, aname, b-year)
Plays(mid, aid)
actor who played in a movie whose earned = $20
    Q1(aname) :- Actor(aid, aname, _), Plays(mid, aid), Movie(mid, _, _, 20)
actors who played in a movie whose earned = 20 AND movies made in 1998
    Q2(aname) :- Actor(aid, aname, ), Plays(mid1, aid), Movie(mid1, , , 20),
                                       Plays (mid2, aid), Movie (mid2, _, 1998, _)
actors who played in a movie whose earned = 20 OR movies made in 1990
    Q3(aname) :- Actor(aid, aname, _), Plays(mid, aid), Movie(mid, _, _, 20)
actors who played in a movie with earned >= 20 OR a movie made after 1990
   Q4(aname) :- Actor(aid, aname, _), Plays(mid, aid), Movie(mid, _, _, earned),
earned > 20
   Q4(aname) :- Actor(aid, aname, ), Plays(mid, aid), Movie(mid, , year, ), year >
1990
all actors who did NOT play in a movie with "Rob"
```

```
UQ5(aid, aname, b-year) :- Actor(aid1, aname, _), Plays(mid, aid1), Plays(mid,
aid2), Actor(aid2, "Rob", _) # make a table with all actors who did play with Rob
Q5(aname) :- Actor(_, aname, _), NOT UQ5(aid, aname, b-year) # select all actores
not in table UQ5
```

```
Relational Algebra (RA):
Selection: \sigma = SELECT rows
Projection: \pi = SELECT columns
Cross-product: X = combines two relations in all combinations
Set-difference: - = tuples in table1 but not in table 2
Union: U = tuples in table 1 and in table 2
Join: \bowtie = cross product but on an id
Movie(mid, title, year, earned)
Actor(aid, aname, b-year)
Plays (mid, aid)
Actor:
Plays:
1. select actor who birth year is greater than 1990
    \sigma(b-year > 1990) Actor
2. select only actors names
3. make a single table out of Actor and Plays
4. make a single table out of Actor and Plays, match on aid
```

```
Relactional Calculus (RC):

Atom: Actor(_, _, _)

Conjunction: P ^ P

Disjunction: P V P

Implication: P → P

Negaction: not(P)

For all x P holds: ∀x.P

For an x P holds: ∃x.P = existential(not used, = _)
```

```
    actors who played in a movie with earned = 2000
        Q1(_, _, _) = ∃_.(Actor(aid, _, _) ^ Plays(mid, aid) ^ Movie(mid, _, _, 2000))
    actors who played only in movies produced in 1990
        Q2(x) = ∀y.Play(y, x) → ∃z.∃t.Movie(y,z,1990,t)
    actors who played in some movies with only one actor
        Q3(x) = ∃y.Play(y, x) ^ ∀z.∀t(Play(y, z) ^ Play(y, t) → z = t)
```