Single Pedulum Comparison

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2 Solving single pendulums by DifferentialEquations.jl

In this notebook, we shall solve the single pendulum equation:

$$\ddot{q} = -\sin q$$
,

where q means the angle.

Hamiltonian:

$$H(q,p) = \frac{1}{2}p^2 - \cos q + 1.$$

Canonical equation:

$$\dot{q} = p$$
, $\dot{p} = -\sin q$.

Initial condition:

$$q(0) = 0, \quad p(0) = 2k.$$

Exact solution:

$$q(t) = 2\arcsin(k\sin(t,k)).$$

Maximum of q(t):

```
\sin(q_{\text{max}}/2) = k, \quad q_{\text{max}} = \max\{q(t)\}.
```

Define y(t) by

```
y(t) = \sin(q(t)/2) = k \sin(t, k), \quad y_{\text{max}} = k.
# Single pendulums shall be solved numerically.
using OrdinaryDiffEq, Elliptic, Printf, DiffEqPhysics, Statistics
sol2q(sol) = [sol.u[i][j] for i in 1:length(sol.u), j in 1:length(sol.u[1]) ÷ 2]
sol2p(sol) = [sol.u[i][j] for i in 1:length(sol.u), j in
   length(sol.u[1]) \div 2+1:length(sol.u[1])]
sol2tqp(sol) = (sol.t, sol2q(sol), sol2p(sol))
# The exact solutions of single pendulums can be expressed by the Jacobian elliptic
   functions.
sn(u, k) = Jacobi.sn(u, k^2) # the Jacobian sn function
# Use PyPlot.
using PyPlot
colorlist = [
    "#1f77b4", "#ff7f0e", "#2ca02c", "#d62728", "#9467bd",
    "#8c564b", "#e377c2", "#7f7f7f", "#bcbd22", "#17becf",
cc(k) = colorlist[mod1(k, length(colorlist))]
# plot the sulution of a Hamiltonian problem
function plotsol(sol::ODESolution)
    local t, q, p
    t, q, p = sol2tqp(sol)
    local d = size(q)[2]
    for j in 1:d
        j_str = d > 1 ? "[\$j]" : ""
        plot(t, q[:,j], color=cc(2j-1), label="q$(j_str)", lw=1)
        plot(t, p[:,j], color=cc(2j), label="p$(j_str)", lw=1, ls="-")
    grid(ls=":")
    xlabel("t")
    legend()
end
# plot the solution of a Hamiltonian problem on the 2D phase space
function plotsol2(sol::ODESolution)
    local t, q, p
   t, q, p = sol2tqp(sol)
    local d = size(q)[2]
    for j in 1:d
        j_str = d > 1 ? "[$i]" : ""
        plot(q[:,j], p[:,j], color=cc(j), label="(q$(j_str),p$(j_str))", lw=1)
    end
    grid(ls=":")
    xlabel("q")
```

```
ylabel("p")
   legend()
end
# plot the energy of a Hamiltonian problem
function plotenergy(H, sol::ODESolution)
   local t, q, p
   t, q, p = sol2tqp(sol)
   local energy = [H(q[i,:], p[i,:], nothing) for i in 1:size(q)[1]]
   plot(t, energy, label="energy", color="red", lw=1)
   grid(ls=":")
   xlabel("t")
   legend()
   local stdenergy_str = @sprintf("%.3e", std(energy))
   title(" std(energy) = $stdenergy_str", fontsize=10)
end
# plot the numerical and exact solutions of a single pendulum
# Warning: Assume q(0) = 0, p(0) = 2k. (for the sake of laziness)
function plotcomparison(k, sol::ODESolution)
   local t, q, p
   t, q, p = sol2tqp(sol)
   local y = sin.(q/2)
   local y_exact = k*sn.(t, k) # the exact solution
   plot(t, y,
                     label="numerical", lw=1)
   plot(t, y_exact, label="exact", lw=1, ls="-")
   grid(ls=":")
   xlabel("t")
   ylabel("y = sin(q(t)/2)")
   legend()
    local error_str = @sprintf("%.3e", maximum(abs.(y - y_exact)))
   title("maximum(abs(numerical - exact)) = $error_str", fontsize=10)
end
# plot solution and energy
function plotsolenergy(H, integrator, \Delta t, sol::ODESolution)
    local integrator_str = replace("$integrator", r"^[^.]*\." => "")
   figure(figsize=(10,8))
   subplot2grid((21,20), ( 1, 0), rowspan=10, colspan=10)
   plotsol(sol)
   subplot2grid((21,20), (1,10), rowspan=10, colspan=10)
   plotsol2(sol)
   subplot2grid((21,20), (11, 0), rowspan=10, colspan=10)
   plotenergy(H, sol)
   suptitle("===== $integrator str, \Delta t = $\Delta t =====")
end
# Solve a single pendulum
```

```
function singlependulum(k, integrator, \Delta t; t0 = 0.0, t1 = 100.0)
    local \ H(p,q,params) = p[1]^2/2 - cos(q[1]) + 1
    local q0 = [0.0]
    local p0 = [2k]
    local prob = HamiltonianProblem(H, p0, q0, (t0, t1))
    local integrator_str = replace("$integrator", r"^[^.]*\." => "")
    @printf("%-25s", "$integrator_str:")
    Otime local sol = solve(prob, integrator, dt=\Delta t)
    sleep(0.1)
    figure(figsize=(10,8))
    subplot2grid((21,20), ( 1, 0), rowspan=10, colspan=10)
   plotsol(sol)
    subplot2grid((21,20), (1,10), rowspan=10, colspan=10)
   plotsol2(sol)
    subplot2grid((21,20), (11, 0), rowspan=10, colspan=10)
   plotenergy(H, sol)
    subplot2grid((21,20), (11,10), rowspan=10, colspan=10)
   plotcomparison(k, sol)
    suptitle("===== \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta t} = \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta t}
end
```

singlependulum (generic function with 1 method)

2.1 Tests

http://docs.juliadiffeq.org/latest/types/dynamical_types.html#Hamiltonian-Problems-1 http://docs.juliadiffeq.org/latest/solvers/dynamical_solve.html

```
# Single pendulum
k = rand()
integrator = VelocityVerlet()
\Delta t = 0.1
singlependulum(k, integrator, \Delta t, t0=-20.0, t1=20.0)
                            1.541034 seconds (3.14 M allocations: 159.335 Mi
VelocityVerlet():
PyObject Text(0.5, 0.98, '=====
                                    VelocityVerlet(), \Delta t = 0.1
                                                                     =====')
# Two single pendulums
H(q,p,param) = sum(p.^2/2 .- cos.(q) .+ 1)
q0 = pi*rand(2)
p0 = zeros(2)
t0, t1 = -20.0, 20.0
prob = HamiltonianProblem(H, q0, p0, (t0, t1))
integrator = VelocityVerlet()
\Delta t = 0.1
Otime sol = solve(prob, integrator, dt=\Delta t)
```

2.2 Comparison of symplectic Integrators

http://docs.juliadiffeq.org/latest/solvers/dynamical_solve.html#Symplectic-Integrators-1 SymplecticIntegrators = [SymplecticEuler(), VelocityVerlet(), VerletLeapfrog(), PseudoVerletLeapfrog(), McAte2(), Ruth3(), McAte3(), CandyRoz4(), McAte4(), CalvoSanz4(), McAte42(), McAte5(), Yoshida6(), KahanLi6(), McAte8(), KahanLi8(), SofSpa10(),] k = 0.999 $\Delta t = 0.1$ for integrator in SymplecticIntegrators singlependulum(k, integrator, Δt) end SymplecticEuler(): 1.353551 seconds (2.75 M allocations: 139.078 Mi VelocityVerlet(): 0.001053 seconds (17.13 k allocations: 936.938 K VerletLeapfrog(): 1.382036 seconds (2.95 M allocations: 146.229 Mi PseudoVerletLeapfrog(): 1.352417 seconds (2.91 M allocations: 144.421 Mi B) McAte2(): 1.369248 seconds (2.91 M allocations: 144.120 Mi B) Ruth3(): 1.650907 seconds (3.05 M allocations: 149.776 Mi B) McAte3(): 1.420511 seconds (3.03 M allocations: 148.310 Mi B) CandyRoz4(): 1.479580 seconds (3.17 M allocations: 153.728 Mi B) McAte4(): 1.453108 seconds (3.14 M allocations: 152.235 Mi 1.502208 seconds (3.24 M allocations: 156.492 Mi CalvoSanz4():

McAte42():

1.490374 seconds (3.25 M allocations: 156.116 Mi

```
B)
McAte5():
                            1.564355 seconds (3.40 M allocations: 162.134 Mi
R)
                            2.294495 seconds (3.58 M allocations: 168.476 Mi
Yoshida6():
B, 26.82% gc time)
KahanLi6():
                            1.885492 seconds (3.81 M allocations: 176.420 Mi
B, 7.60% gc time)
McAte8():
                            2.184856 seconds (4.49 M allocations: 200.254 Mi
B, 7.37% gc time)
KahanLi8():
                            2.576592 seconds (4.72 M allocations: 208.294 Mi
B, 17.52% gc time)
                            3.318507 seconds (6.79 M allocations: 280.692 Mi
SofSpa10():
B, 7.25% gc time)
k = 0.999
\Delta t = 0.01
for integrator in SymplecticIntegrators[1:4]
    singlependulum(k, integrator, \Delta t)
SymplecticEuler():
                            0.026864 seconds (170.11 k allocations: 8.627 Mi
B, 78.80% gc time)
VelocityVerlet():
                            0.005964 seconds (170.11 k allocations: 8.627 Mi
B)
VerletLeapfrog():
                            0.006256 seconds (180.11 k allocations: 8.780 Mi
B)
                            0.022612 seconds (180.11 k allocations: 8.780 Mi
PseudoVerletLeapfrog():
B, 71.11% gc time)
k = 0.999
\Delta t = 0.001
singlependulum(k, SymplecticEuler(), \Delta t)
SymplecticEuler():
                            0.263267 seconds (1.70 M allocations: 86.218 MiB
, 79.29% gc time)
                                                                          =====
PyObject Text(0.5, 0.98, '=====
                                    SymplecticEuler(),
                                                           \Delta t = 0.001
')
k = 0.999
\Delta t = 0.0001
singlependulum(k, SymplecticEuler(), \Delta t)
SymplecticEuler():
                            2.818312 seconds (17.00 M allocations: 862.127 M
iB, 71.08% gc time)
PyObject Text(0.5, 0.98, '=====
                                    SymplecticEuler(),
                                                           \Delta t = 0.0001
                                                                           ====
=')
using DiffEqBenchmarks
DiffEqBenchmarks.bench_footer(WEAVE_ARGS[:folder],WEAVE_ARGS[:file])
```

2.3 Appendix

These benchmarks are a part of the DiffEqBenchmarks.jl repository, found at: https://github.com/JuliaDenter.gl/github.com/github.c

```
using DiffEqBenchmarks
DiffEqBenchmarks.weave_file("DynamicalODE","single_pendulums.jmd")
```

Computer Information:

```
Julia Version 1.1.0

Commit 80516ca202 (2019-01-21 21:24 UTC)

Platform Info:

OS: Linux (x86_64-pc-linux-gnu)

CPU: Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2680 v4 @ 2.40GHz

WORD_SIZE: 64

LIBM: libopenlibm

LLVM: libLLVM-6.0.1 (ORCJIT, haswell)
```

Package Information:

```
Status: `/home/crackauckas/.julia/environments/v1.1/Project.toml`
[c52e3926-4ff0-5f6e-af25-54175e0327b1] Atom 0.7.15
[bb2cbb15-79fc-5d1e-9bf1-8ae49c7c1650] DiffEqBenchmarks 0.1.0
[459566f4-90b8-5000-8ac3-15dfb0a30def] DiffEqCallbacks 2.5.2
[f3b72e0c-5b89-59e1-b016-84e28bfd966d] DiffEqDevTools 2.7.2
[055956cb-9e8b-5191-98cc-73ae4a59e68a] DiffEqPhysics 3.1.0
[Oc46a032-eb83-5123-abaf-570d42b7fbaa] DifferentialEquations 6.3.0
[b305315f-e792-5b7a-8f41-49f472929428] Elliptic 0.5.0
[e5e0dc1b-0480-54bc-9374-aad01c23163d] Juno 0.5.5
[7f56f5a3-f504-529b-bc02-0b1fe5e64312] LSODA 0.4.0
[c030b06c-0b6d-57c2-b091-7029874bd033] ODE 2.4.0
[54ca160b-1b9f-5127-a996-1867f4bc2a2c] ODEInterface 0.4.5
[09606e27-ecf5-54fc-bb29-004bd9f985bf] ODEInterfaceDiffEq 3.1.0
[1dea7af3-3e70-54e6-95c3-0bf5283fa5ed] OrdinaryDiffEq 5.3.0
[65888b18-ceab-5e60-b2b9-181511a3b968] ParameterizedFunctions 4.1.1
[91a5bcdd-55d7-5caf-9e0b-520d859cae80] Plots 0.23.1
[d330b81b-6aea-500a-939a-2ce795aea3ee] PyPlot 2.8.0
[90137ffa-7385-5640-81b9-e52037218182] StaticArrays 0.10.3
[c3572dad-4567-51f8-b174-8c6c989267f4] Sundials 3.2.0+
[92b13dbe-c966-51a2-8445-caca9f8a7d42] TaylorIntegration 0.4.1
[44d3d7a6-8a23-5bf8-98c5-b353f8df5ec9] Weave 0.9.0
```